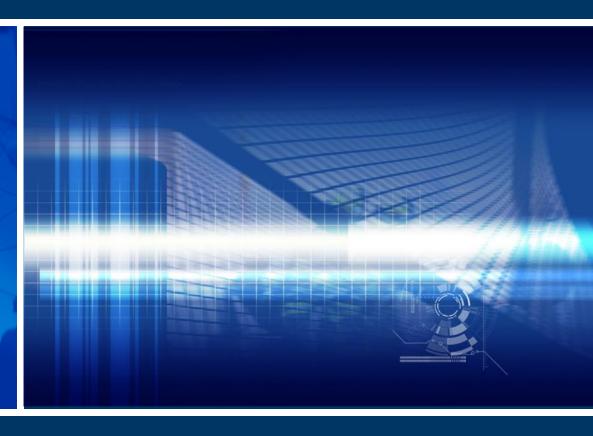
Attack of Stainless Steel Beam Line

Microbially-Induced Corrosion



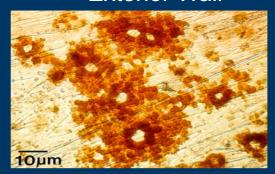
Daniel P. Henkel, Ph.D., P.E.

Principal Consultant
Denver Office



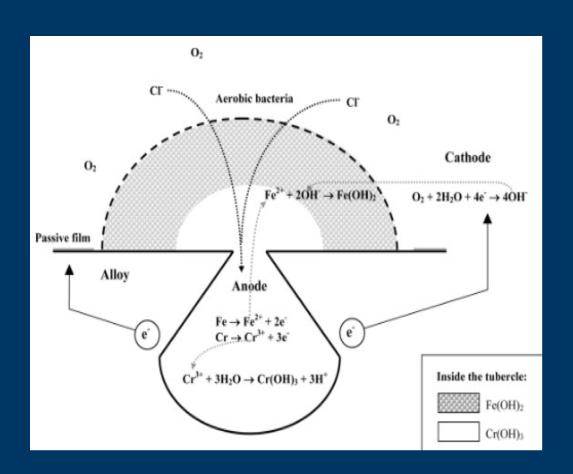
MIC Corrosion Mechanism

Exterior Wall



Interior Wall





Attack of Stainless Steel Beam Line

RIMKUS
CONSULTING GROUP, INC.
www.rimkus.com

Bacteria in Local Waters



Iron Related Bacteria

Acid Producing Bacteria

Sulfate-Reducing Bacteria

Positive, enteric, iron-reducing bacteria

9,000 CFU/mL (High)

Positive

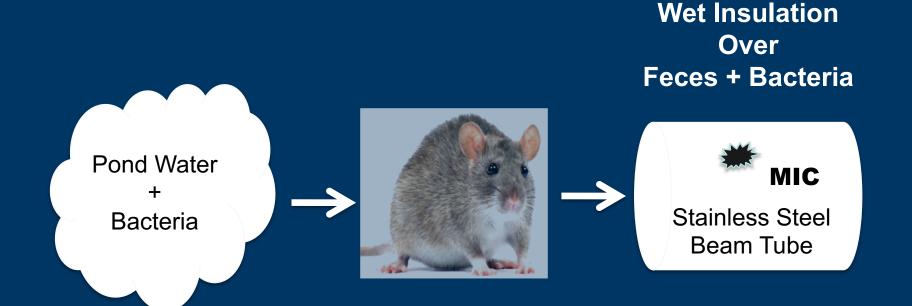
1,500 CFU/mL (Moderate)

Negative

Attack of Stainless Steel Beam Line



Bacterial Transfer to Insulated Beam Tube



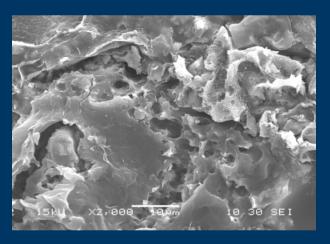
Attack of Stainless Steel Beam Line



Surface Pitting and Leak Path



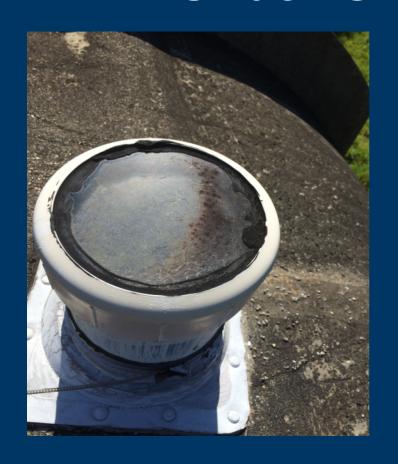




Attack of Stainless Steel Beam Line



MIC on Un-Insulated Beam Tube Under GPS Outlets

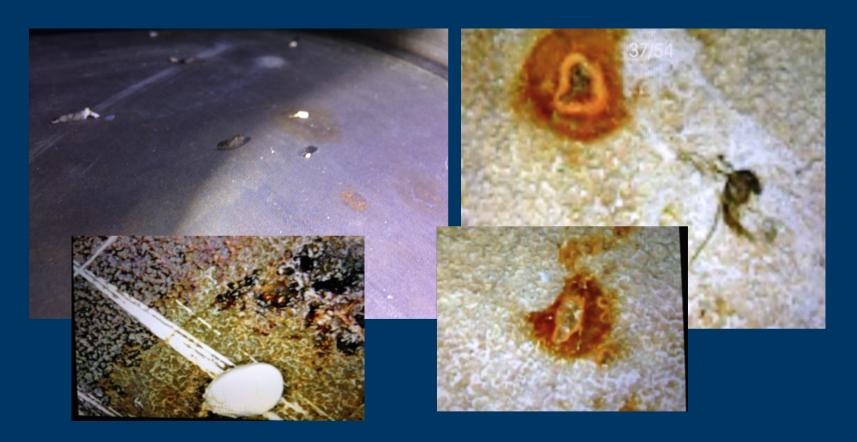




Attack of Stainless Steel Beam Line



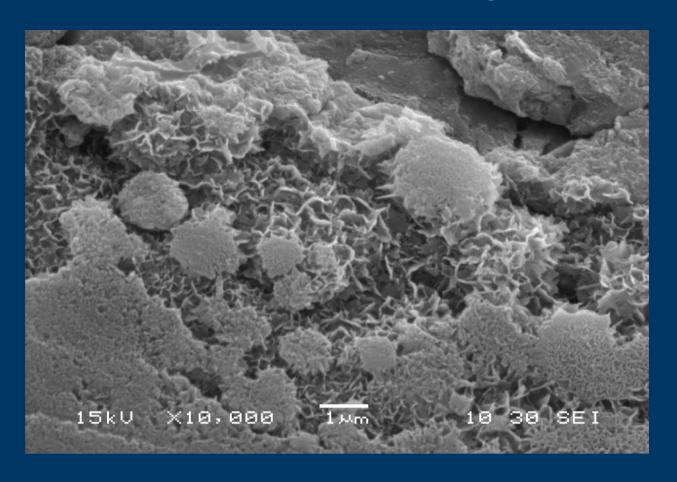
Active Corrosion Under Insect Debris



Attack of Stainless Steel Beam Line



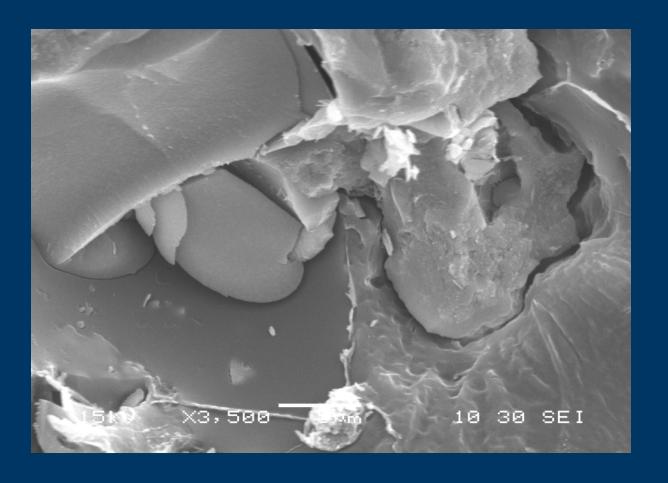
Bacteria Producing Rust



Attack of Stainless Steel Beam Line



High Mag Image of Bacteria Attack



Attack of Stainless Steel Beam Line



Preventing Further Corrosion

- Dry brush to remove any insect debris
- Do not rinse stainless tubes
- No chlorinated solvents inside tunnels
- Maintain less than 60% humidity
- Seal any leaks or drips onto beam tubes