

GWpy

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CARDIFF
UNIVERSITY

PRIFYSGOL
CAERDYDD

Why Python?

It's free

It's easy to read (most of the time)

It's already available on most machines

Widely used in astronomy and astrophysics already

It's free

What is GWpy?

A python package for gravitational-wave astrophysics

<https://gwpy.github.io>

Heavily dependent on numpy, scipy, astropy, matplotlib

Provides intuitive object-orientated methods to access GW observatory data (public and restricted), process, and visualise them

Nothing really specific to GW data other than data access routines

LIGO-Virgo Summary Pages

GWpy used heavily to produce daily summary pages for internal use

- One-stop shop for information on detector status
- ~800 figures of merit for each LIGO interferometer every day
- Detector sensitivity, operating time, calibration
- Environmental sensor displays, transient noise analysis

LIGO-Virgo Summary Pages

GWOSC hosting public Summary Pages

- Power Spectral Density for LIGO and Virgo
- Sensitive range for binary neutron star inspiral
- Operating segments
- Trends of ground motion, internal/external temperature
- https://gw-openscience.org/detector_status/

GWpy Quickstart

Install:

Import the class that represents the data you want to study

Fetch some open data from the OSC

Make a plot:

Display the plot:

GWpy Quickstart

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$ pip install gwpy
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```
>>> data = TimeSeries.fetch_open_data('L1', 'Sep 14 2015 09:50:29', 'Sep 14 2015 09:51:01')
```

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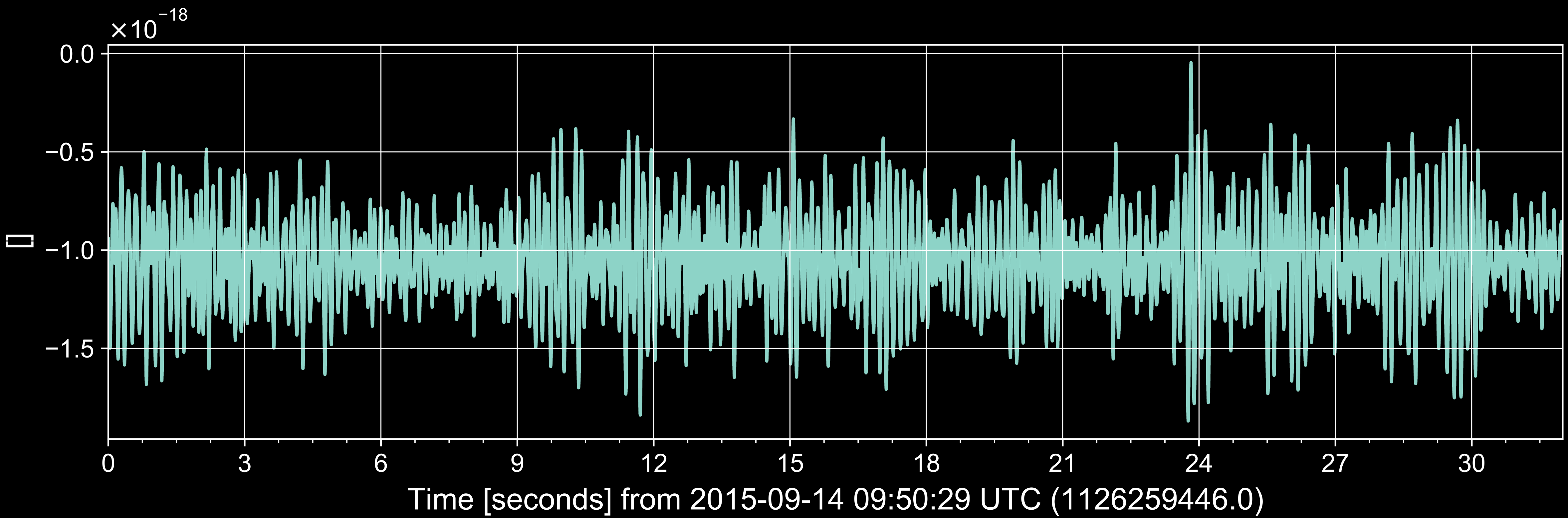
detector start time of request end time of request

Make a plot:

```
>>> plot = data.plot()
```

Display the plot:

```
>>> plot.show()
```



Data access with GWpy

Read directly from files:

```
>>> data = TimeSeries.read('mydata.gwf')
```

Query for open data:

[LIGO/Virgo members can] query available data by 'channel' name

(provides access to all LIGO/Virgo data, including auxiliary instrumental and environment sensors)

Data access with GWpy

Read directly from files:

```
>>> data = TimeSeries.read('mydata.txt')
```

Query for open data:

[LIGO/Virgo members can] query available data by 'channel' name

(provides access to all LIGO/Virgo data, including auxiliary instrumental and environment sensors)

Data access with GWpy

Read directly from files:

```
>>> data = TimeSeries.read('mydata.h5')
```

Query for open data:

[LIGO/Virgo members can] query available data by 'channel' name

(provides access to all LIGO/Virgo data, including auxiliary instrumental and environment sensors)

Data access with GWpy

Read directly from files:

```
>>> data = TimeSeries.read('mydata.h5')
```

Query for open data:

```
>>> data = TimeSeries.fetch_open_data('H1', 1126259446, 1126259478)
```

[LIGO/Virgo members can] query available data by 'channel' name

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Data access with GWpy

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Query for open data:

```
>>> data = TimeSeries.fetch_open_data('H1', 1126259446, 1126259478)
```

[LIGO/Virgo members can] query available data by 'channel' name

```
>>> data = TimeSeries.get('H1:GDS-CALIB_STRAIN', 1126259446, 1126259478)
```

(provides access to all LIGO/Virgo data, including auxiliary instrumental and environment sensors)

Signal processing with GWpy

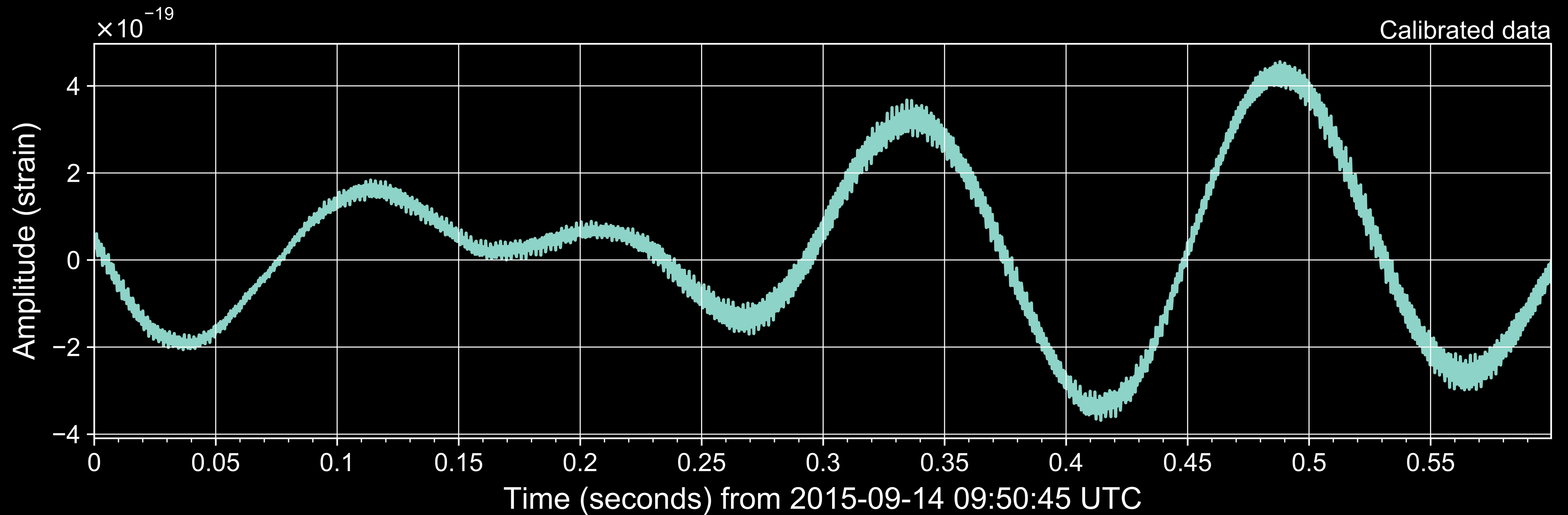
‘Raw’ gravitational-wave strain isn’t very useful for making pretty plots

GWpy provides simple signal-processing methods to filter data

- bandpass, lowpass, highpass
- notch
- arbitrary zero-pole-gain format definition

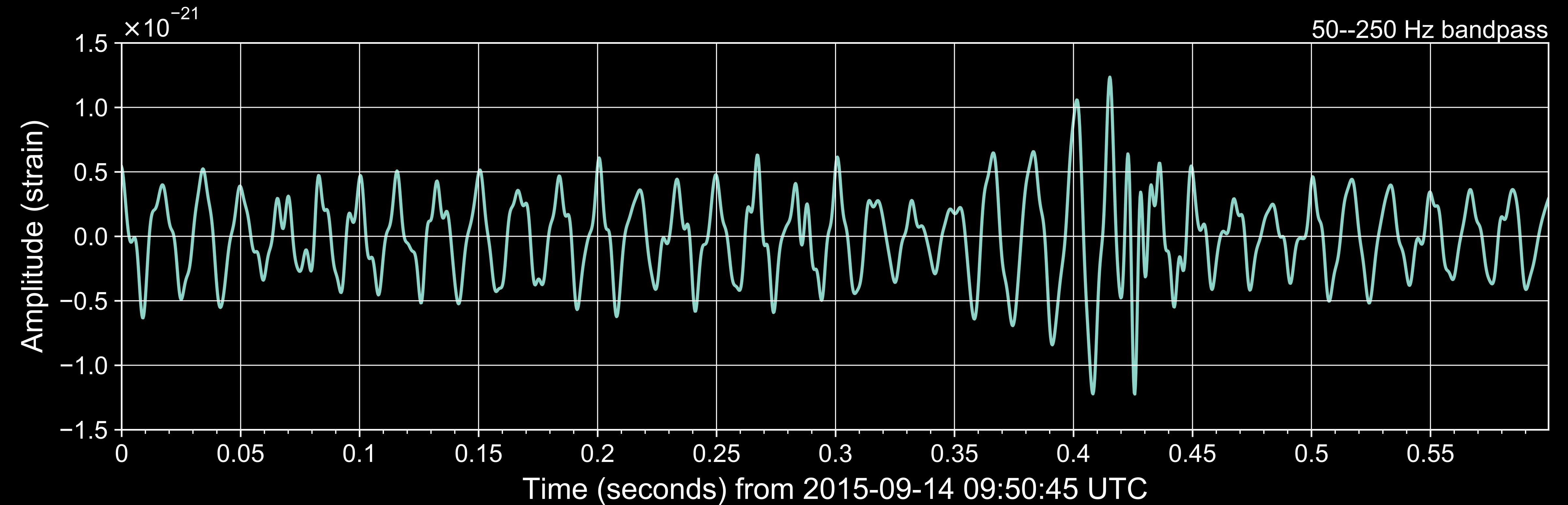
Signal processing with GWpy

```
>>> data = TimeSeries.fetch_open_data('H1', 1126259446, 1126259478)
```



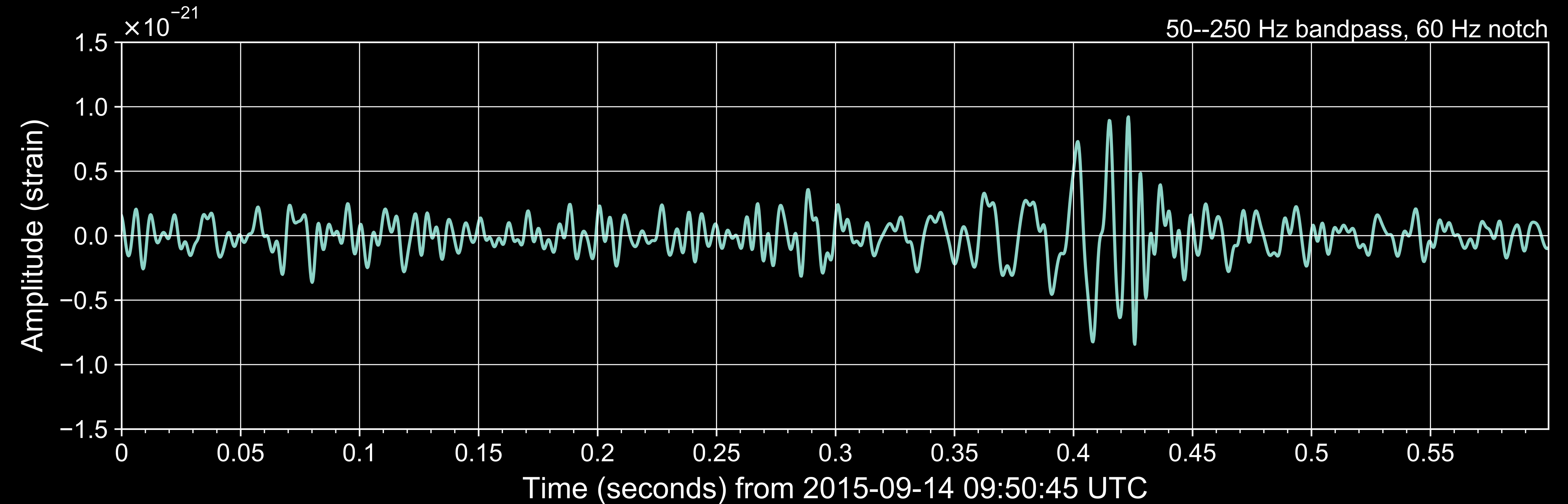
Signal processing with GWpy

```
>>> data = data.bandpass(50, 250)
```



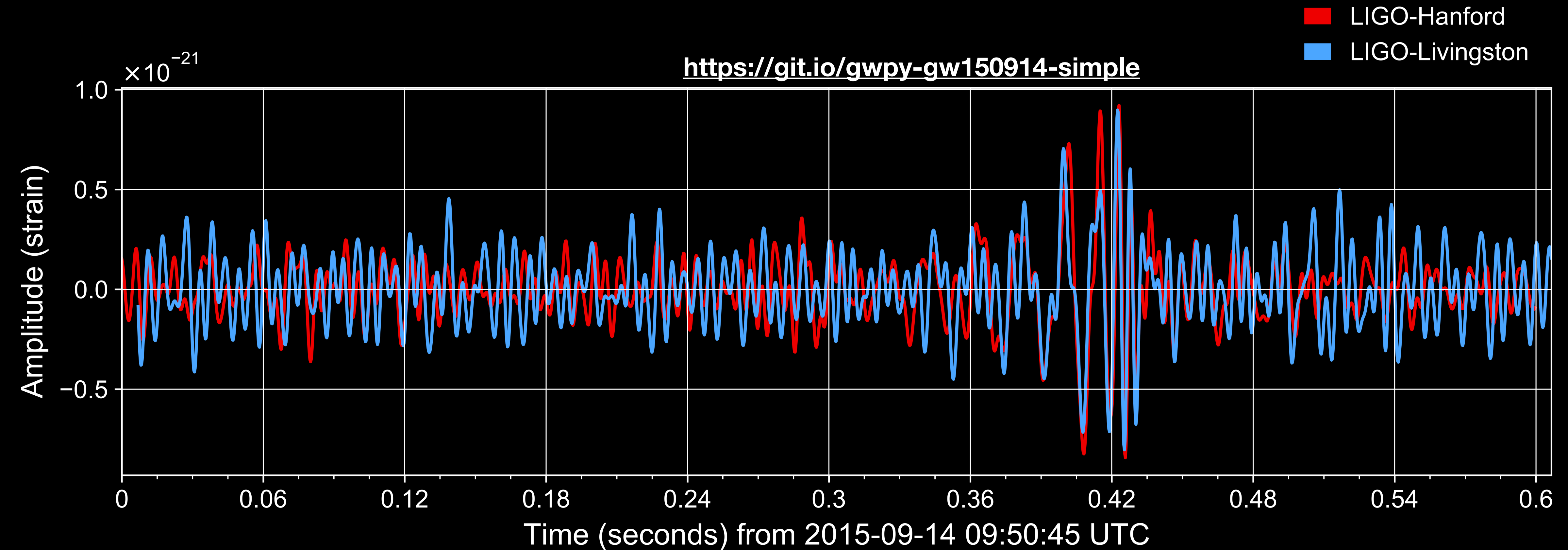
Signal processing with GWpy

```
>>> data = data.notch(60)
```



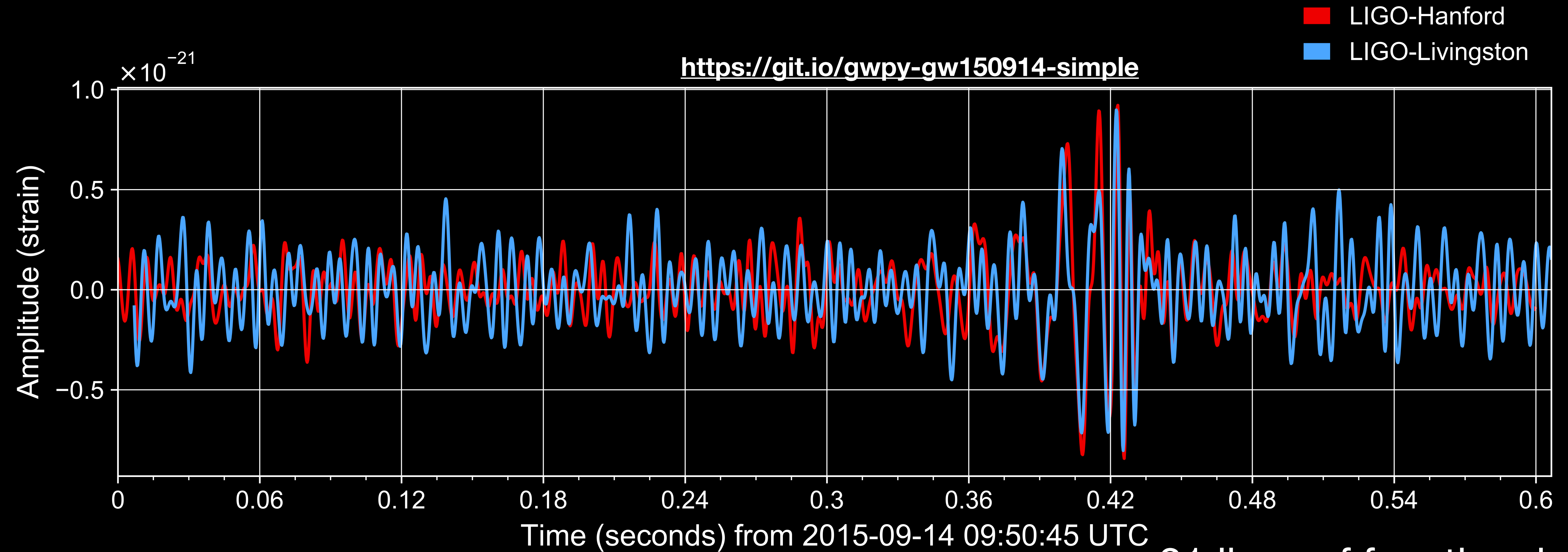
Signal processing with GWpy

A few extra lines (mainly figure formatting) give:



Signal processing with GWpy

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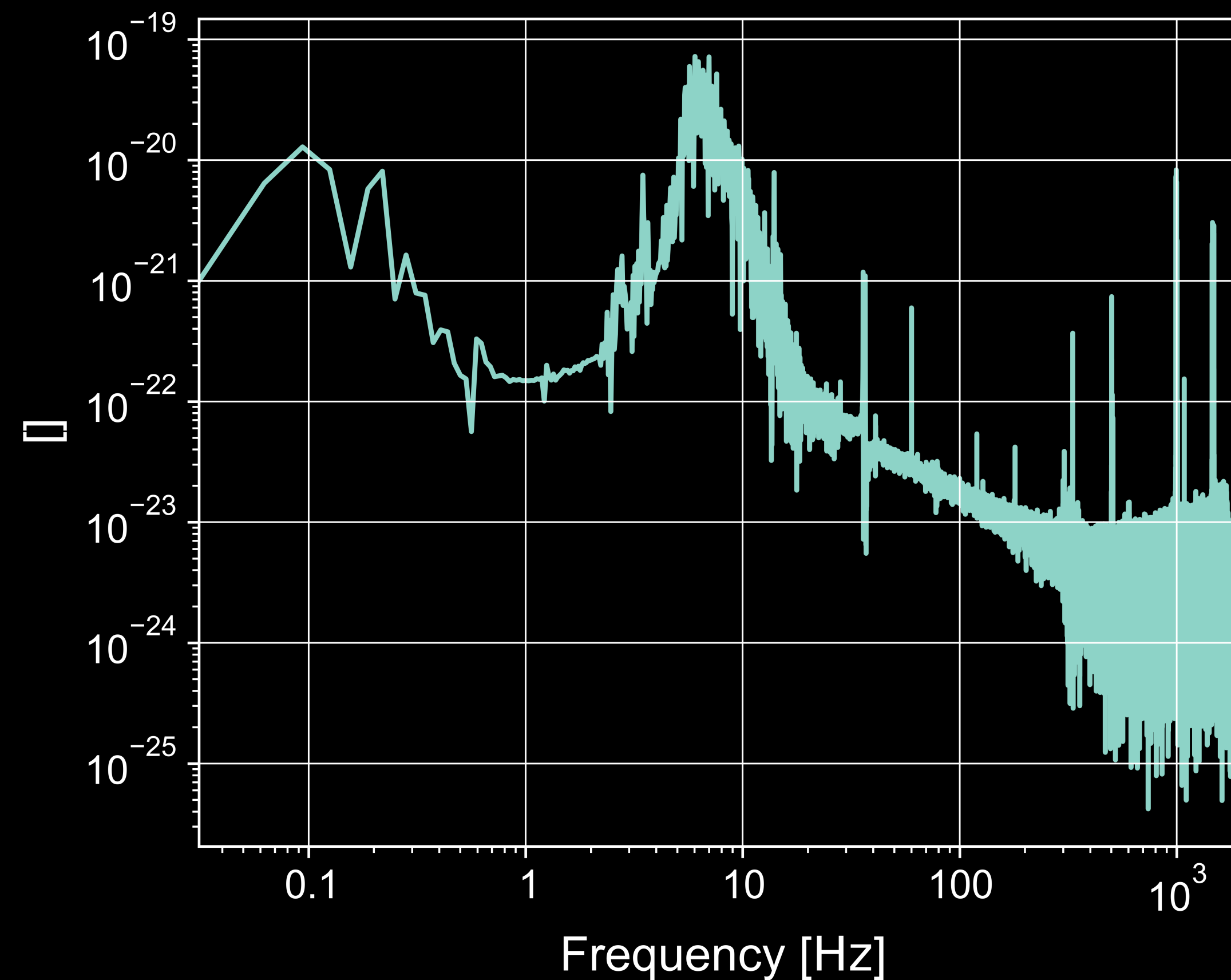


21 lines of functional code
I/O: 3 SP: 8 Plot: 10

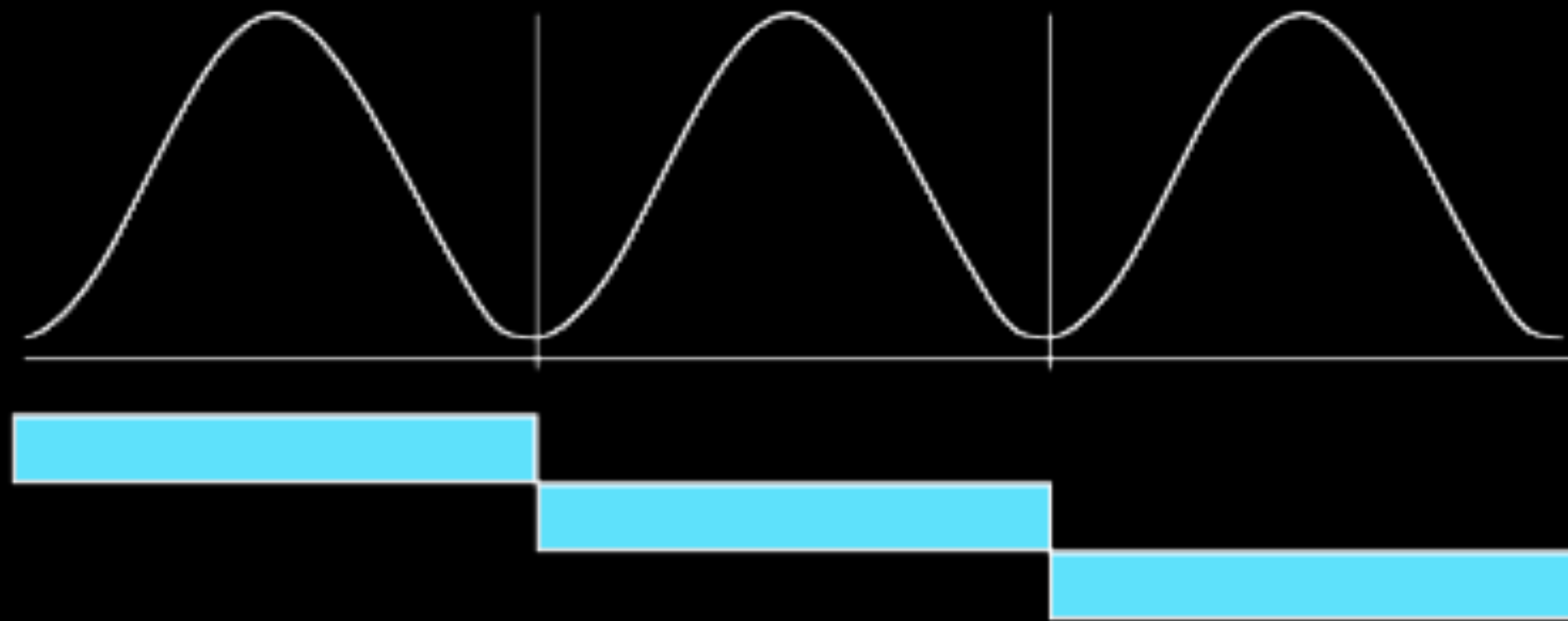
Signal processing with GWpy

GWpy provides wrappers around FFT to estimate frequency-domain content of data:

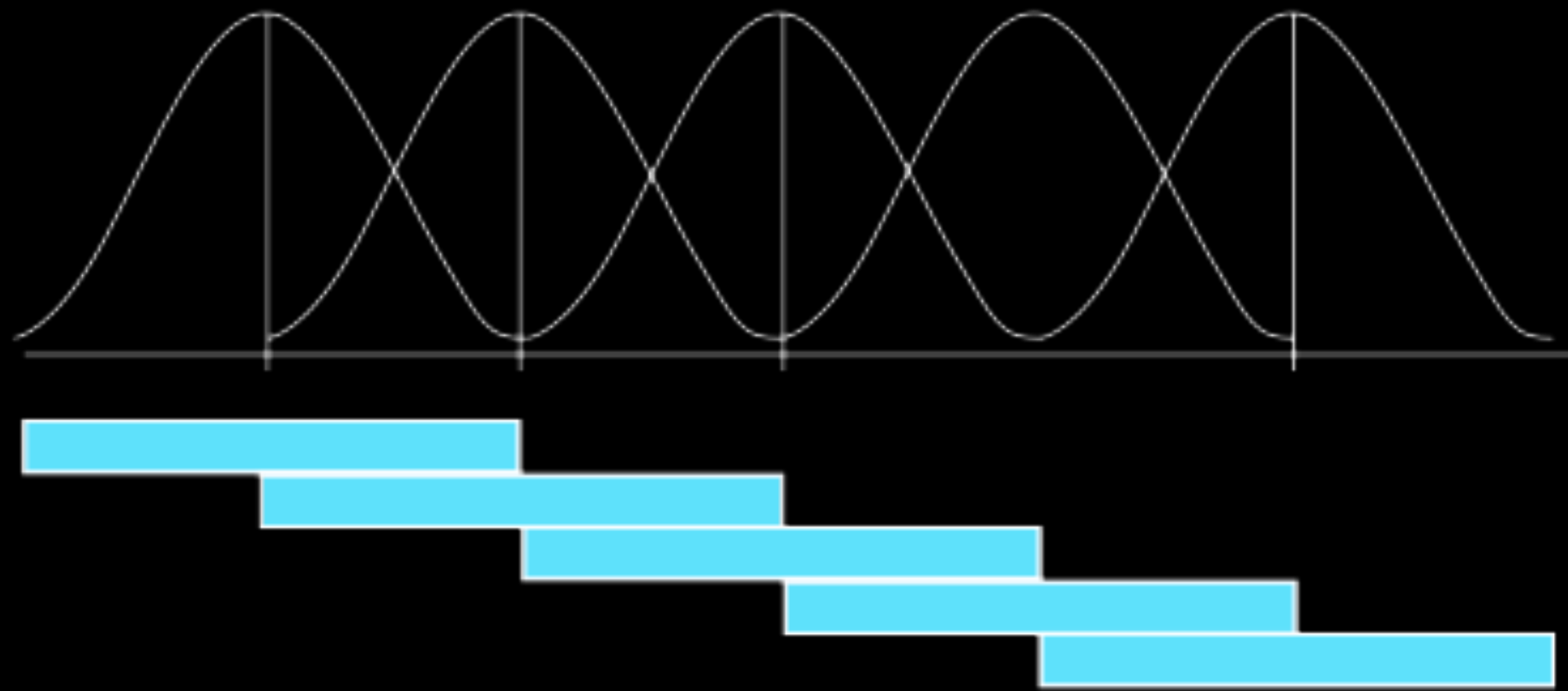
```
>>> fft = data.fft()
```



Signal processing with GWpy



WINDOWING AND AVERAGING WITH
0% OVERLAP

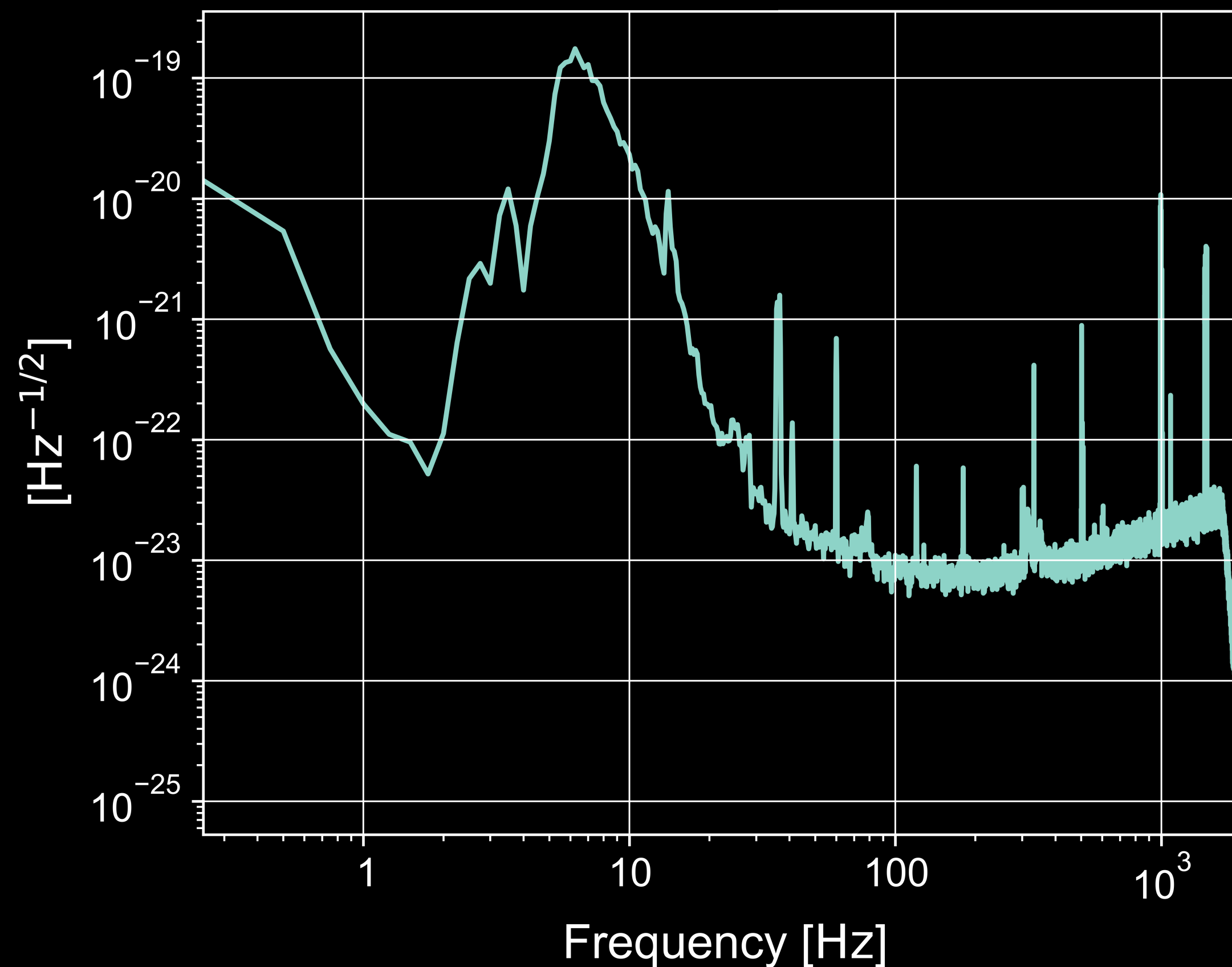


WINDOWING AND AVERAGING WITH
50% OVERLAP

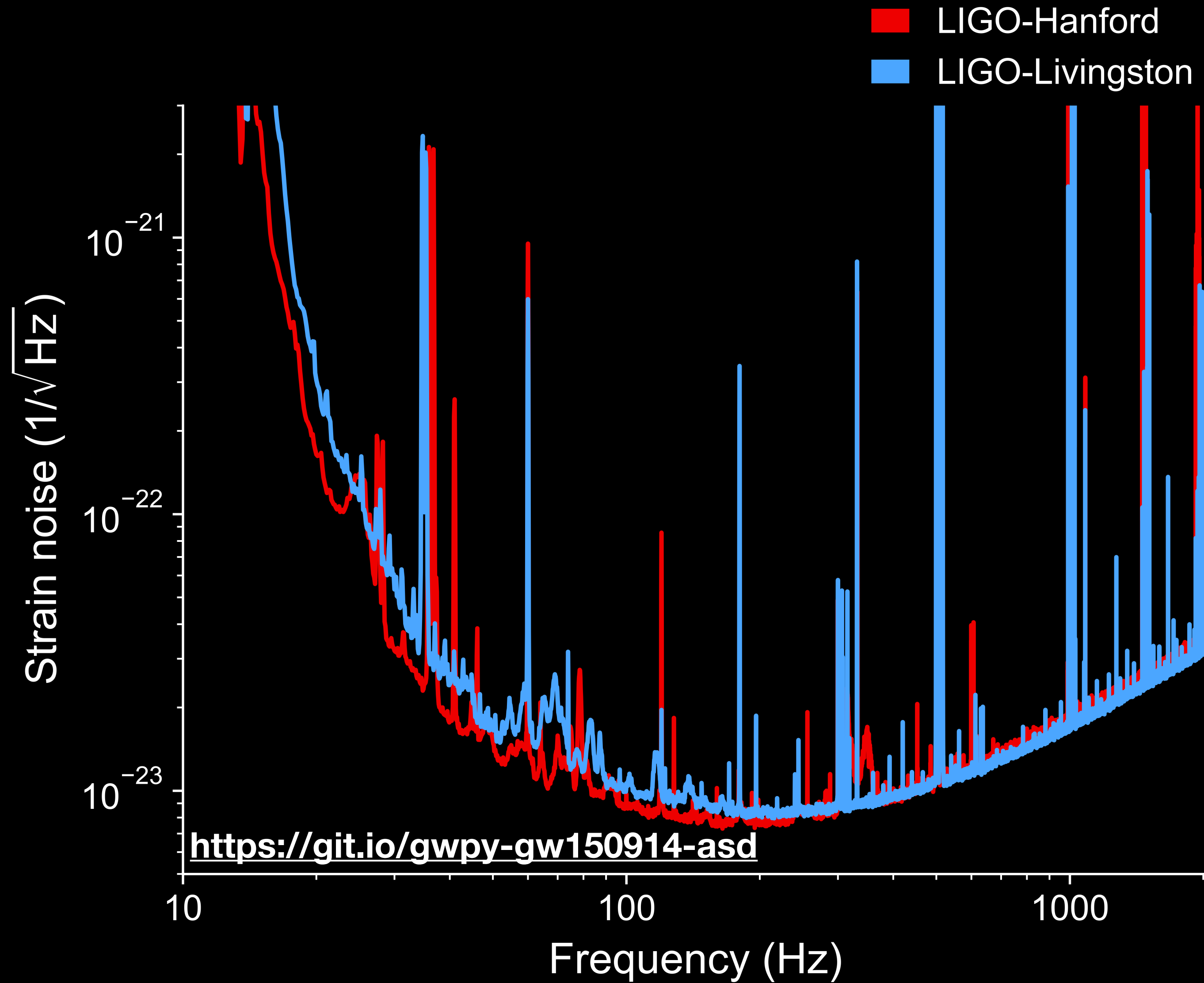
Signal processing with GWpy

GWpy provides wrappers around FFT to estimate frequency-domain content of data:

```
>>> asd = data.asd(fftlength=4)
```



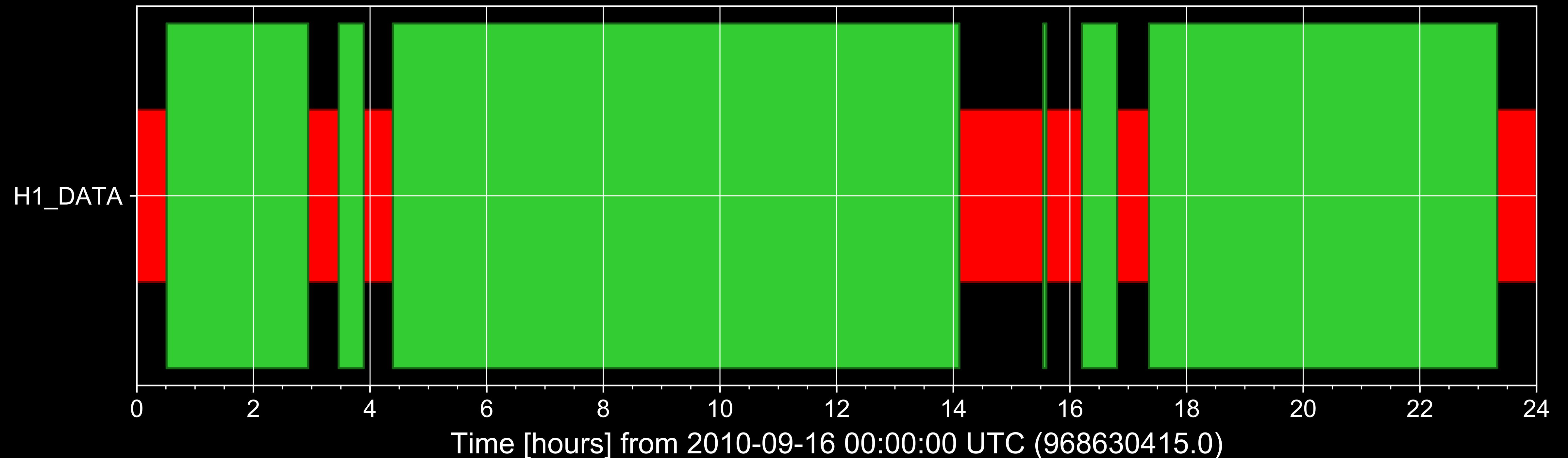
Signal processing with GWpy



Observing segments in GWpy

GWpy provides an interface to the LIGO Timeline segments:

```
>>> from gwpy.segments import DataQualityFlag
>>> segments = DataQualityFlag.fetch_open_data('H1_DATA', 'Sep 16 2010', 'Sep 17 2010')
>>> plot = segments.plot()
>>> plot.show()
```



Data tables in GWpy

GWpy builds upon Astropy's excellent `Table` object to provide simple routines to read, filter, and plot tabular data

Consider the following `catalogue.csv` file:

```

event, gps, mass1, mass2, distance
GW150914, 1126259462, 36, 29, 410
LVT151012, 1128678900, 23, 12, 1000
GW151226, 1135136350, 14, 8, 440
GW170104, 1167559936, 31, 19, 880
GW170608, 1181786494, 12, 7, 340
GW170814, 1186741861, 31, 25, 540
GW170817, 1187008882, 1.48, 1.27, 40

```

Data tables in GWpy

```

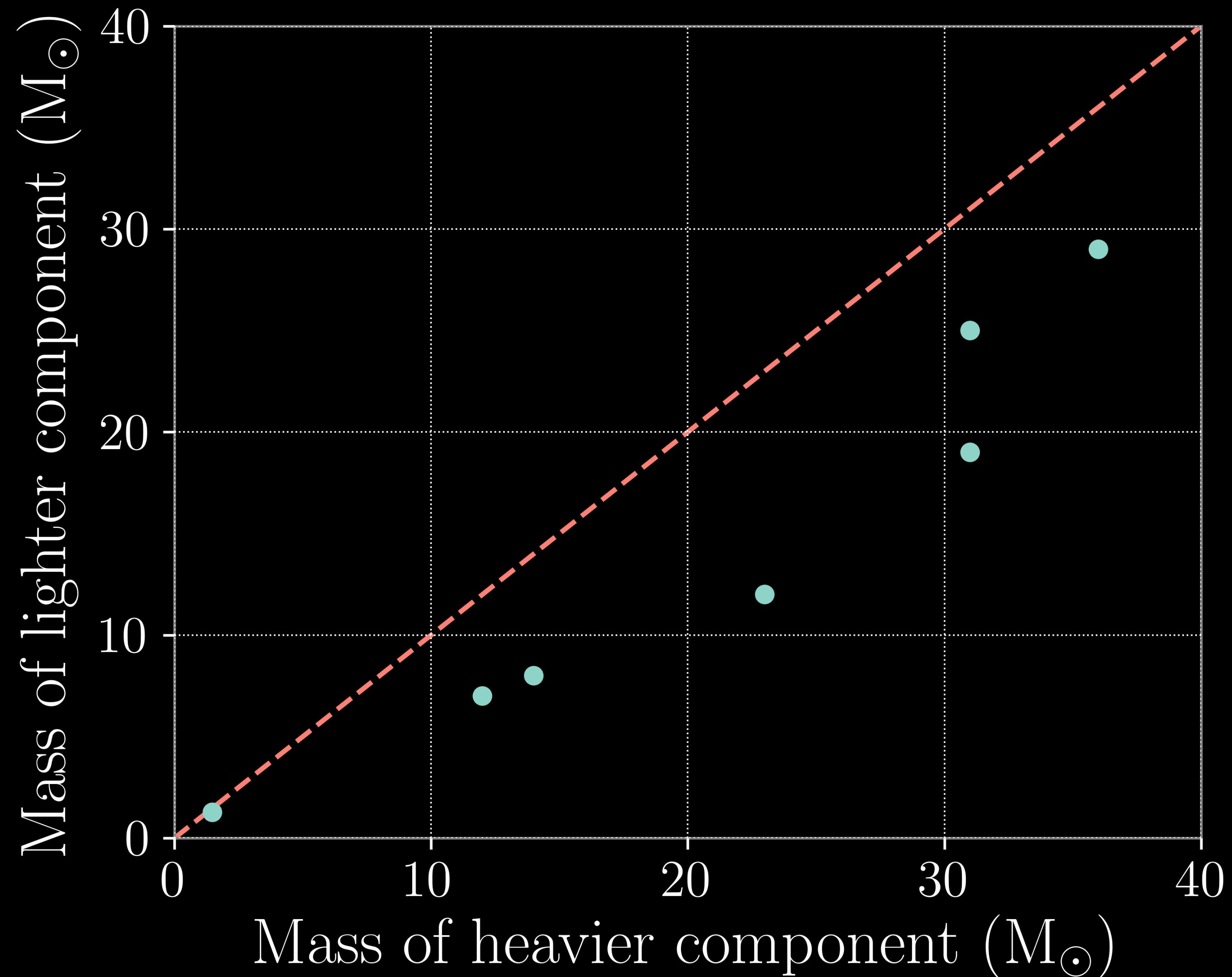
>>> from gwpy.table import EventTable

>>> table = EventTable.read('catalogue.csv', format='ascii')
>>> plot = table.plot('mass1', 'mass2')

>>> ax = plot.gca()
>>> ax.set_xlim(0, 40)
>>> ax.set_xlabel(r'Mass of heavier component ( $M_{\odot}$ )')
>>> ax.set_ylim(0, 40)
>>> ax.set_ylabel(r'Mass of lighter component ( $M_{\odot}$ )')
>>> ax.plot((0, 40), (0, 40), color='C3', linestyle='--', zorder=0)
>>> plot.show()

```

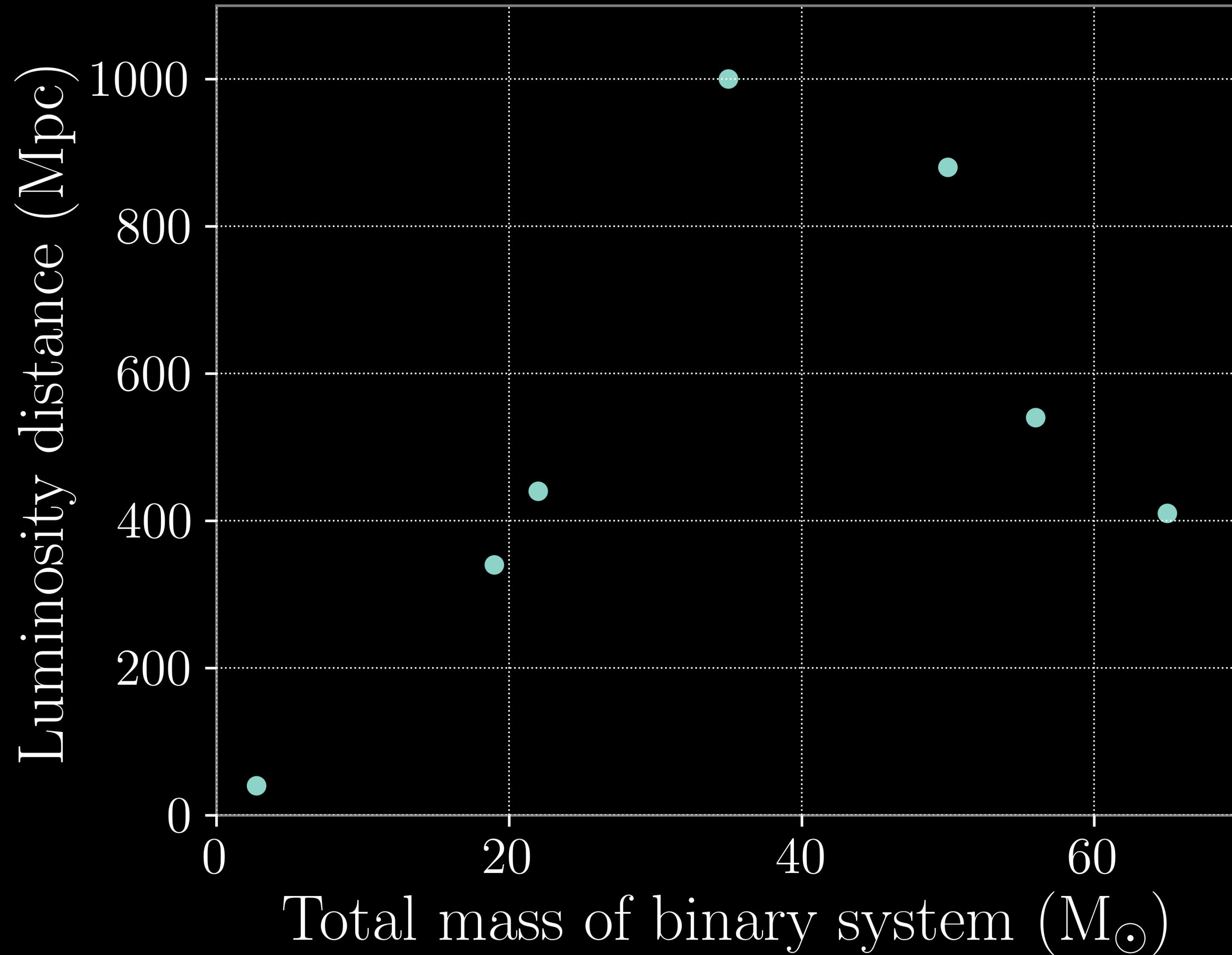
Data tables in GWpy



Data tables in GWpy

```
>>> table.add_column(table['mass1'] + table['mass2'], name='mtotal')
>>> plot = table.plot('mtotal', 'distance')
>>> ax = plot.gca()
>>> ax.set_xlim(0, 70)
>>> ax.set_ylim(0, 1100)
>>> ax.set_xlabel(r'Total mass of binary system ( $M_{\odot}$ )')
>>> ax.set_ylabel('Luminosity distance (Mpc)')
>>> plot.show()
```

Data tables in GWpy



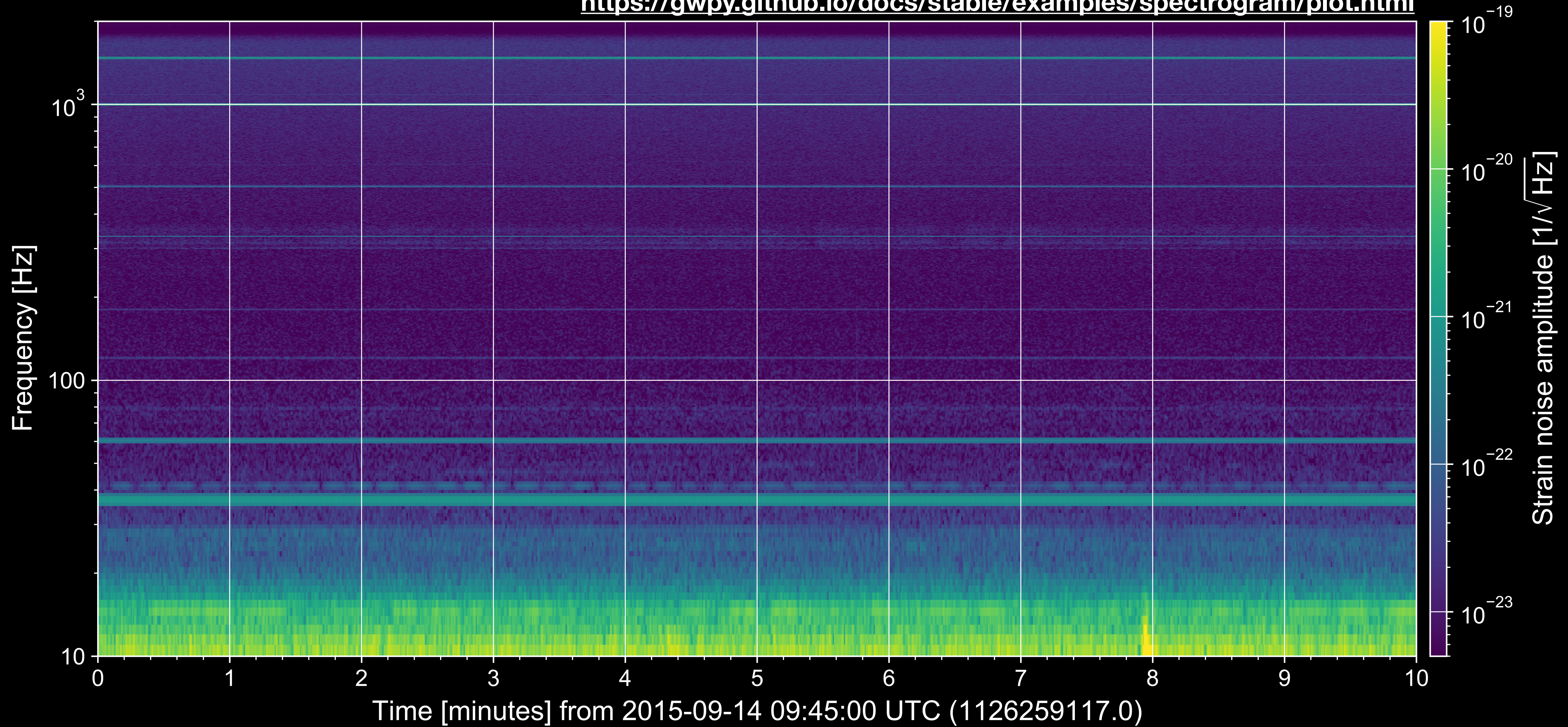
GWpy

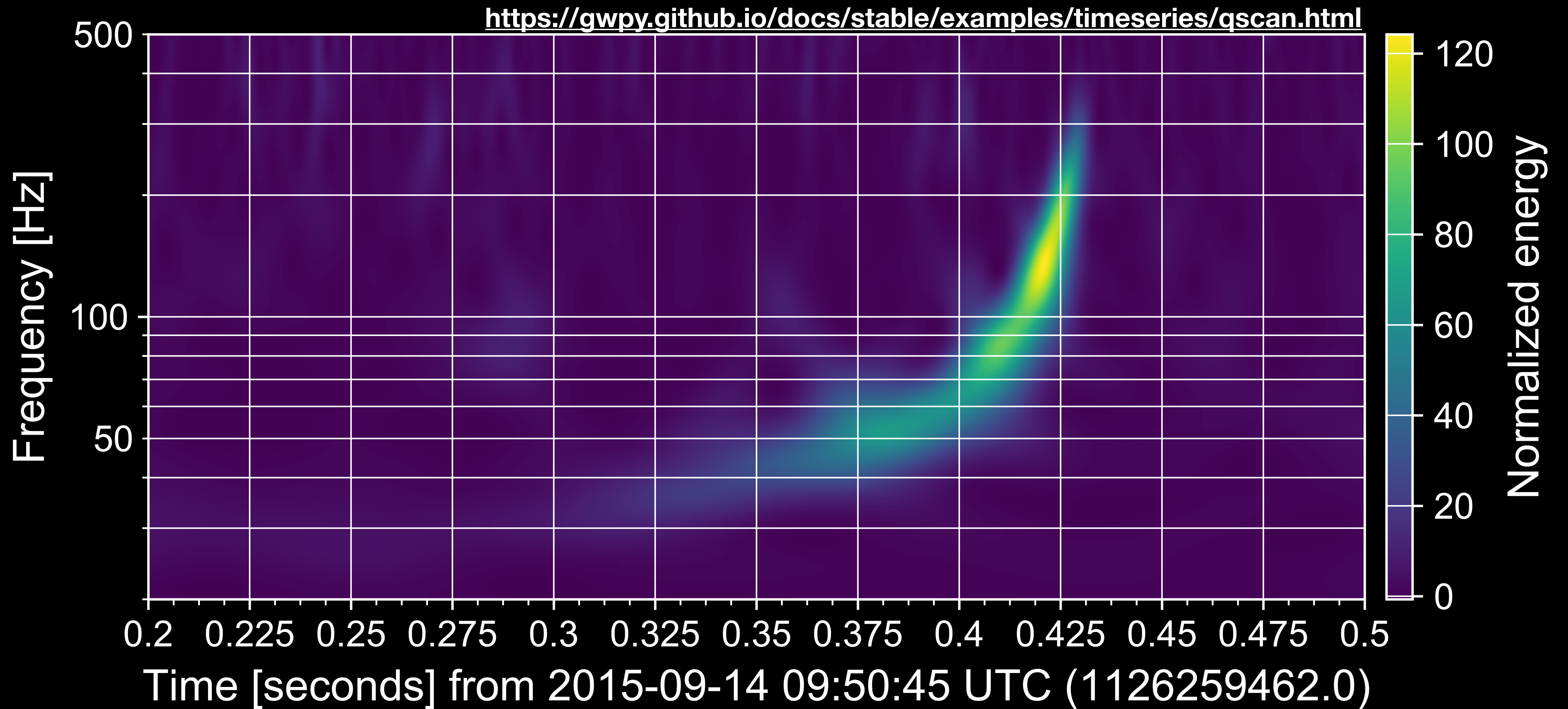
Many examples available from

<https://gwpy.github.io/docs/stables/examples/>

- Spectrograms
- Q-transforms

<https://gwpy.github.io/docs/stable/examples/spectrogram/plot.html>





Contributing to GWpy

GWpy is an open-source library, hosted on GitHub, which means

- Anyone can see the code
- Anyone can copy the code and play around with it
- Anyone can report problems, post questions, or suggest new features
- Anyone can post bug fixes, improvements, or new additions

If you want to use gwpy in your own code, please review and respect the License

There's no such thing as a 'silly question' or a 'trivial contribution'

<https://github.com/gwpy/gwpy/>