

4Gen TTFFS

Setup

```
Needs["Controls`LinearControl`"]

$TextStyle = {FontFamily -> "Helvetica", FontSize -> 13};

plotopt = Sequence @@ {GridLines -> Automatic, Frame -> True, FrameStyle -> Thickness[0.0025],
    PlotStyle -> {Darker[Green], Blue, Red}, BaseStyle -> {FontSize -> 13}};

plotoptn[n_Integer? (# > 0 & # < 8 &)] :=
    Sequence @@ {GridLines -> Automatic, Frame -> True, FrameStyle -> Thickness[0.0025],
        PlotStyle -> Take[{Gray, Orange, Purple, Brown, Darker[Green], Blue, Red}, -n],
        BaseStyle -> {FontSize -> 13}};
plotoptn[n_Integer? (# ≤ 0 ∨ # ≥ 8 &)] := plotopt

mylegend[labels_List, pos_: Right] :=
    {Placed[LineLegend[labels, LabelStyle -> {FontSize -> 11},
        LegendMargins -> 2, LegendFunction -> (Framed[#, Background -> White] &)], pos]}
```

Equations

Schematics is D1700075-v1.

Parallel and Serial Impedance

```
par[r1_, r2_] :=  $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{r1} + \frac{1}{r2}}$ 
par[r1_, r2_, r3_] :=  $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{r1} + \frac{1}{r2} + \frac{1}{r3}}$ 
par[r1_, r2_, r3_, r4_] :=  $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{r1} + \frac{1}{r2} + \frac{1}{r3} + \text{Plus} @@ \left( \frac{1}{\text{List}[r4]} \right)}$ 
ser[r1_, r2_] := r1 + r2
ser[r1_, r2_, r3_] := r1 + r2 + r3
ser[r1_, r2_, r3_, r4_] := r1 + r2 + r3 + Plus @@ List[r4]
```

Pole/zero

```

pole[s_, s0_] :=  $\frac{1}{1 + \frac{s}{s0}}$ 
zero[s_, s0_] :=  $1 + \frac{s}{s0}$ 
pole[s_, s0_, Q_] :=  $\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{Q} \frac{s}{s0} + (s / s0)^2}$ 
zero[s_, s0_, Q_] :=  $1 + \frac{1}{Q} \frac{s}{s0} + (s / s0)^2$ 

```

Transfer Function of an OpAmp

This function computes the transfer function of an idealized OpAmp circuit
g: +1 for non-inverting configuration or -1 for inverting configuration, 0 for differential configuration
z2: Impedance in feedback path [Ohm]
z1: Impedance of input path (inverting) or impedance to ground (non-inverting) [Ohm]

```

OpAmp[g_, z1_, z2_] :=
Which[g > 0,  $1 + \frac{z2}{z1}$ , g < 0,  $\frac{z2}{z1}$ , True,  $\frac{z2}{z1}$ ]

```

Noise of an OpAmp

This function computes the equivalent input noise of an OpAmp circuit
g: +1 for non-inverting configuration or -1 for inverting configuration, 0 for differential configuration
z1: Impedance of input path (inverting) or impedance to ground (non-inverting) [Ohm]
z2: Impedance over feedback path [Ohm]
en: voltage noise [Volt]
in: current noise [Ampere]

```

FourKT = 1.62*^-20; (* V^2/Hz/Ohm; room temperature 20C *)
OpAmpNoise[g_, z1_, z2_, en_, in_] :=
Which[g > 0, If[z1 == Infinity,  $\sqrt{en^2 + FourKT Abs[z2] + (in Abs[z2])^2}$ ,
 $\sqrt{(en^2 + FourKT Abs[par[z1, z2]] + (in Abs[par[z1, z2]])^2)}$ ],
g < 0,  $\sqrt{\left(Abs\left[1 + \frac{z1}{z2}\right]^2 en^2 + Abs[z1]^2 \left(in^2 + Abs[\frac{FourKT}{z1}] + Abs[\frac{FourKT}{z2}]\right)\right)}$ ],
True,  $\sqrt{\left(Abs\left[1 + \frac{z1}{z2}\right]^2 en^2 + 2 Abs[z1]^2 \left(in^2 + Abs[\frac{FourKT}{z1}] + Abs[\frac{FourKT}{z2}]\right)\right)}$ ]

```

Flicker Noise: The variable \$Flicker determines if flicker noise is added or not. It can also be explicitly

specified with the option Flicker.

```
$Flicker = True;
Clear[OpAmpNoiseFlicker];
Options[OpAmpNoiseFlicker] = {Flicker :> $Flicker};
OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f_, fknee_, opts___] :=
  If[Flicker /. {opts} /. Options[OpAmpNoiseFlicker], Sqrt[(fknee/f) + 1], 1]
OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f_, fknee_, floor_, opts___] := floor OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f, fknee, opts]
```

OpAmp Parameters

```

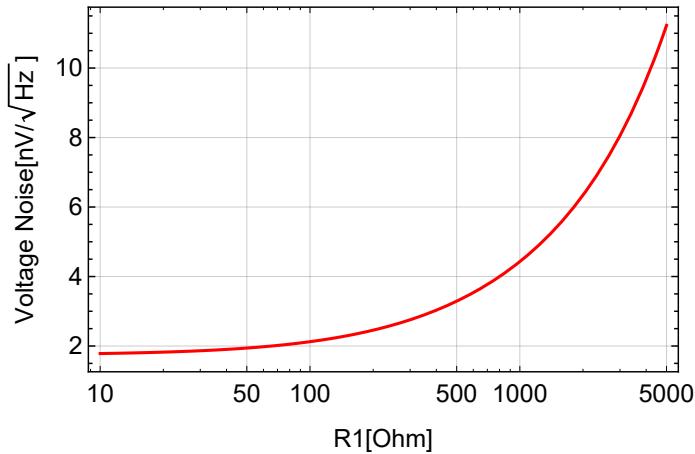
Clear[AD829, OP27]
AD829[f_] := {s → 2 π i f, en → enAD829, in → inAD829,
    enfloor → enfloorAD829, infloor → infloorAD829} //.
    {enAD829 → OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f, ekneeAD829, enfloorAD829],
     inAD829 → OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f, ikneeAD829, infloorAD829],
     ekneeAD829 → 50, ikneeAD829 → 100, (*guess*)
     enfloorAD829 → 1.7*^-9, infloorAD829 → 1.5*^-12};
OP27[f_] := {s → 2 π i f, en → enOP27, in → inOP27,
    enfloor → enfloorOP27, infloor → infloorOP27} //.
    {enOP27 → OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f, ekneeOP27, enfloorOP27],
     inOP27 → OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f, ikneeOP27, infloorOP27],
     ekneeOP27 → 2.7, ikneeOP27 → 140,
     enfloorOP27 → 3.0*^-9, infloorOP27 → 0.4*^-12};
LT1028[f_] := {s → 2 π i f, en → enLT1028, in → inLT1028,
    enfloor → enfloorLT1028, infloor → infloorLT1028} //.
    {enLT1028 → OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f, ekneeLT1028, enfloorLT1028],
     inLT1028 → OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f, ikneeLT1028, infloorLT1028],
     ekneeLT1028 → 3.5, ikneeLT1028 → 250,
     enfloorLT1028 → 0.85*^-9, infloorLT1028 → 1*^-12};
LT1128[f_] := {s → 2 π i f, en → enLT1128, in → inLT1128,
    enfloor → enfloorLT1128, infloor → infloorLT1128} //.
    {enLT1128 → OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f, ekneeLT1128, enfloorLT1128],
     inLT1128 → OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f, ikneeLT1128, infloorLT1128],
     ekneeLT1128 → 3.5, ikneeLT1128 → 250,
     enfloorLT1128 → 0.85*^-9, infloorLT1128 → 1*^-12};
AD797[f_] := {s → 2 π i f, en → enAD797, in → inAD797,
    enfloor → enfloorAD797, infloor → infloorAD797} //.
    {enAD797 → OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f, ekneeAD797, enfloorAD797],
     inAD797 → OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f, ikneeAD797, infloorAD797],
     ekneeAD797 → 50, ikneeAD797 → 100, (*guess*)
     enfloorAD797 → 0.9*^-9, infloorAD797 → 2*^-12};
LT1012[f_] := {s → 2 π i f, en → enLT1012, in → inLT1012,
    enfloor → enfloorLT1012, infloor → infloorLT1012} //.
    {enLT1012 → OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f, ekneeLT1012, enfloorLT1012],
     inLT1012 → OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f, ikneeLT1012, infloorLT1012],
     ekneeLT1012 → 2.5, ikneeLT1012 → 120, (*guess*)
     enfloorLT1012 → 14*^-9, infloorLT1012 → 6*^-15};
PA98A[f_] := {s → 2 π i f, en → enPA98A, in → inPA98A,
    enfloor → enfloorPA98A, infloor → infloorPA98A} //.
    {enPA98A → OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f, ekneePA98A, enfloorPA98A],
     inPA98A → OpAmpNoiseFlicker[f, ikneePA98A, infloorPA98A],
     ekneePA98A → 100 (*guess*), ikneePA98A → 120, (*guess*)
     enfloorPA98A → 4*^-9, infloorPA98A → 1*^-12 (*guess*)};

```

Examples (AD829)

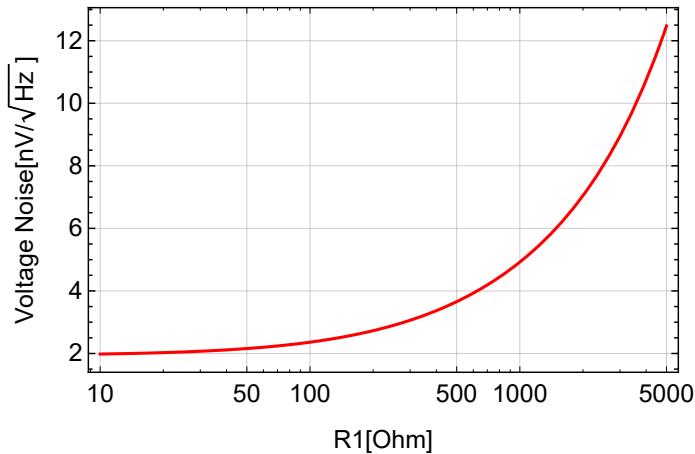
Non-Inverting configuration: input noise w/ gain of 10 as function of r1

```
LogLinearPlot[1*^9 OpAmpNoise[+1, r, 9 r, en, in] /. AD829[1000],  
{r, 10, 5000}, FrameLabel -> {"R1[Ohm]", "Voltage Noise[nV/\sqrt{Hz}]"},  
Frame -> True, GridLines -> Automatic, Evaluate[plotopt]]
```



Inverting configuration: input noise w/ gain of 10 as function of r1

```
LogLinearPlot[1*^9 OpAmpNoise[-1, r, 9 r, en, in] /. AD829[1000],  
{r, 10, 5000}, FrameLabel -> {"R1[Ohm]", "Voltage Noise[nV/\sqrt{Hz}]"},  
Frame -> True, GridLines -> Automatic, Evaluate[plotopt]]
```



Series Product of OpAmps

Computes the transfer function of several OpAmps circuits in series.

```
OpAmpProduct[t_, m_] := Product[t[i], {i, m}]\nOpAmpProduct[t_List] := Product @@ t
```

Computes the equivalent input noise of several OpAmps circuits in series.

```

NoiseSum[prev_, {t_, n_}] := Sqrt[prev^2 + n^2] Abs[t]
OpAmpNoiseProduct[t_, n_, m_] :=
  Fold[NoiseSum, 0, Table[{t[i], n[i]}, {i, m}]] / Abs[OpAmpProduct[t, m]]
OpAmpNoiseProduct[t_List, n_List] := Fold[NoiseSum, 0, Transpose[t, n]] /.
  Abs[OpAmpProduct[t]]

```

Spectrum Math

Propagate noise spectrum

```

SpecProp[prev_, t_] := {#, #/2}, Abs[t /. s → 2. π #[[1]] #[[2]]} & /@ prev
SpecProp[noise_, t_List] := FoldList[SpecProp, noise, t]
SpecProp[noise_, t_, m_] := FoldList[SpecProp, noise, Table[t[i], {i, m}]]

```

RMS of spectrum

```

Clear[SpecRMS];
SpecRMS[l_List? (MatrixQ[#, NumberQ] &)] := Block[{i, sqr = 0},
  For[i = 1, i < Length[l], ++i,
    sqr += (l[[i + 1, 1]] - l[[i, 1]]) (l[[i, 2]] + l[[i + 1, 2]])^2 / 2];
  Sqrt[sqr]]

```

Integrated RMS spectrum

```

Clear[RMSSpec];
RMSSpec[l_List? (MatrixQ[#, NumberQ] &), dir_: (-1)] := Block[{i, sqr = 0, r = N[l]},
  If[dir ≥ 0,
    For[i = 2, i ≤ Length[l], ++i,
      r[[i, 2]] = Sqrt[r[[i - 1, 2]]^2 + r[[i, 2]]^2 (r[[i, 1]] - r[[i - 1, 1]])],
    For[i = Length[l] - 2, i ≥ 1, --i,
      r[[i, 2]] = Sqrt[r[[i + 1, 2]]^2 + r[[i, 2]]^2 (r[[i + 1, 1]] - r[[i, 1]])]];
  r]

```

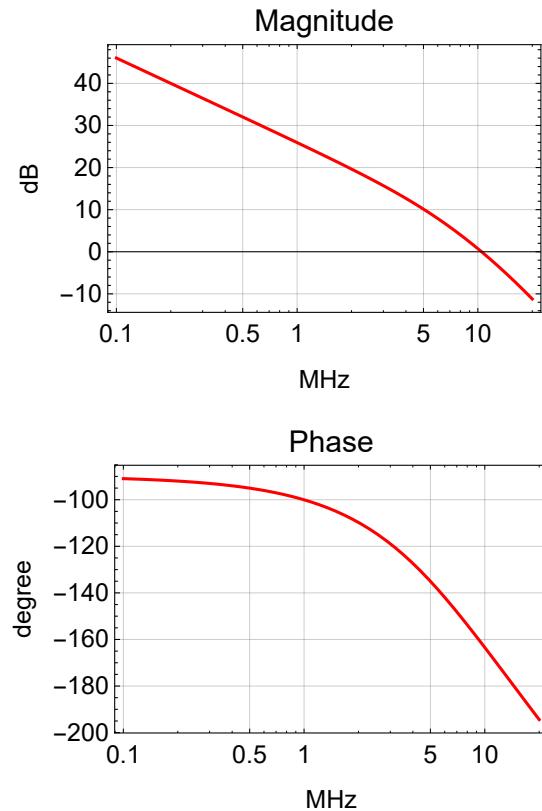
EOM Actuator Path

PA98 Open Loop Gain

Data sheet at www.apexanalog.com.

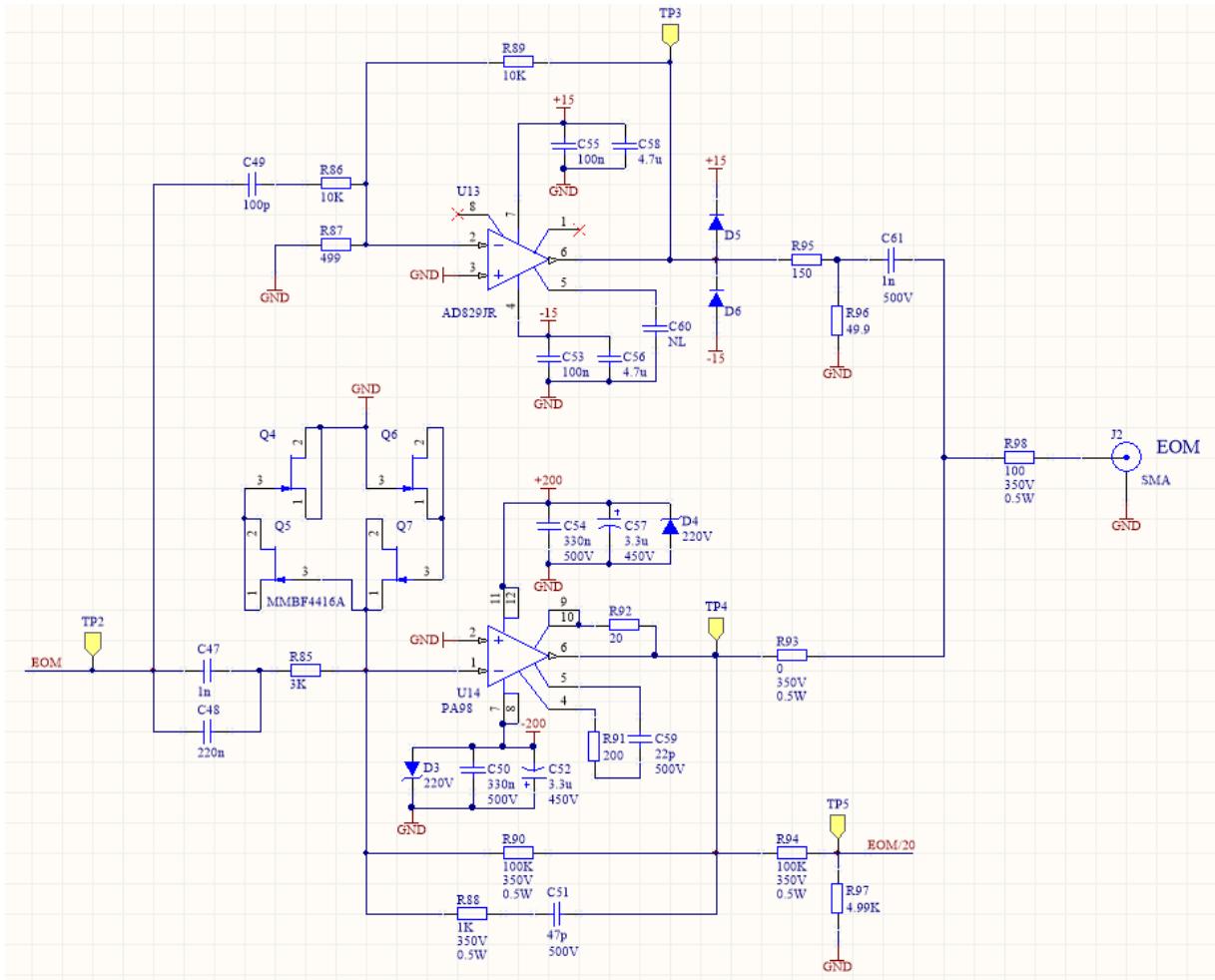
```
prmpa98 = {gpa → 2*^5, spa → 2 π 100, spa2 → 2 π 7*^6, spa3 → 2 π 30*^6, rpa → 50};  
pa98[s_] := gpa pole[s, spa] pole[s, spa2] pole[s, spa3]  
(* heuristic model representing the published curves with Cc = 20 pF *)
```

```
BodePlotEx[pa98[2 π i 1*^6 f] /. prmpa98, {f, 0.1, 20}, Evaluate[plotopt], XAxisLabel → "MHz"]
```



Old Double Path Configuration

Schematics



Transfer Function

```

prmFbEom = {Zin → R85 +  $\frac{1}{s C48}$ , Zfb → par[R90, R88 +  $\frac{1}{s C51}$ ]};

prmActEom2Path = {R90 → 100*^3, R88 → 1*^3, C51 → 47*^-12, R85 → 3*^3,
                  C48 → 220*^-9, C49 → 100*^-12, R86 → 10*^3, R87 → 499, R89 → 10*^3,
                  R93 → 0, R95 → 150, R96 → 50, C61 → 1*^-9, R98 → 100, Ceom → 10*^-12};

```

```

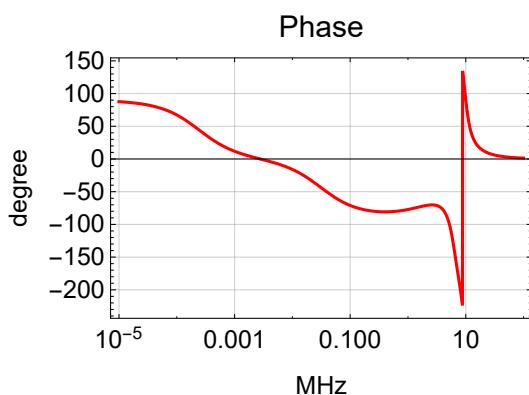
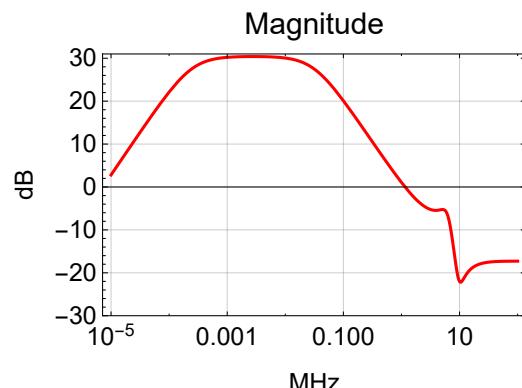
u14[s_] := - Zfb /.
  Zin
u13[s_] := - R89 /.
  R86 + 1 /.
  s C49

```

Pole/zero Determination

Bode Plot

```
BodePlotEx[-eomact2Path[2 \pi i 1*^6 f] /. prmPa98 //.
  prmActEom2Path,
{f, 0.00001, 100}, MagnitudeRange -> {-30, 31}, Evaluate[plotopt], XAxisLabel -> "MHz"]
```

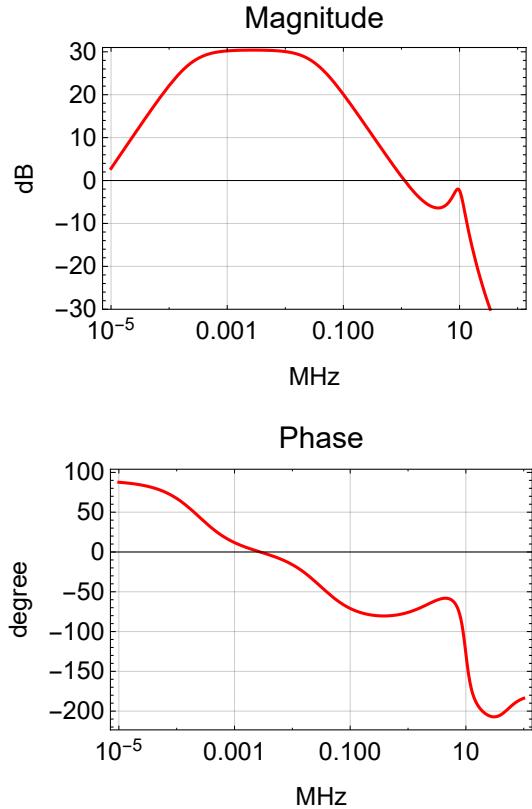


Single Path Configuration with Old Parameters

Remove C61 in AD829 path.

The AD829 path seems to reduce the gain peaking around 10 MHz, but otherwise has little effect below 1 MHz.

```
BodePlotEx[-eomact2Path[ $2\pi i 1 \cdot 10^6 f$ ] /. prmPa98 /. C61 → 0 // . prmActEom2Path,
{f, 0.00001, 100}, MagnitudeRange → {-30, 31}, Evaluate[plotopt], XAxisLabel → "MHz"]
```



New Single Path Configuration (no PMC pole)

We add a passive low pass filter to the output and remove the U13 path all together. C61 has changed to 560 pF and goes to ground with R96 → 0 and R95 → ∞.

Transfer Function

```
prmActEom = {R90 → 100*^3, R88 → 1*^3, C51 → 47*^-12,
R85 → 3*^3, C48 → 220*^-9, C49 → 0, R86 → 10*^3, R87 → 499, R89 → 10*^3,
R93 → 100, R95 → ∞, R96 → 0, C61 → 560*^-12, R98 → 0, Ceom → 10*^-12};

paPole = {gPA →  $\frac{R90}{R85}$ , pPA1 →  $\frac{1}{C48 R85}$ , pPA2 →  $\frac{1}{C51 (R90 + R88)}$ } /. prmActEom;

eomPrm = Join[paPole, {coefEOM → 0.015 (* rad/V *)}];

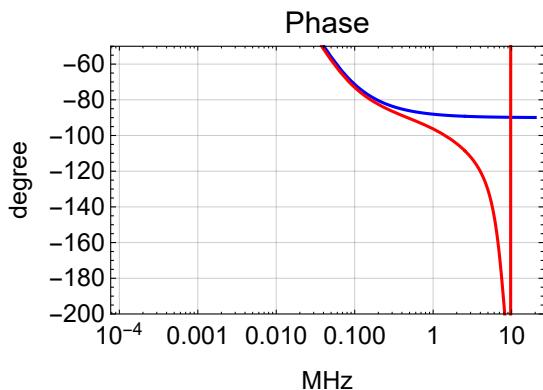
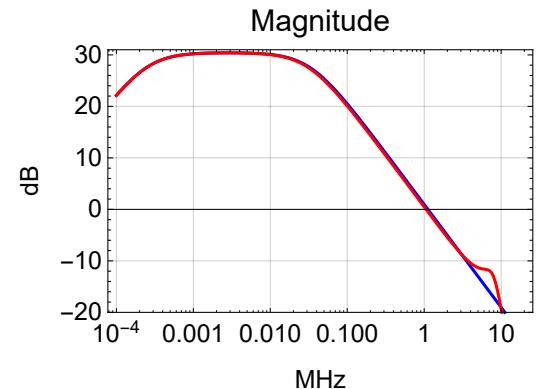
eomActTF[s_] := gPA  $\frac{s}{pPA1}$  pole[s, pPA1] pole[s, pPA2]
eomCoeff[s_] := coefEOM s (* rad/s/V *)
{ $\frac{pPA1}{2 \cdot \pi}$ ,  $\frac{pPA2}{2 \cdot \pi}$ } /. eomPrm

{241.144, 33527.5}
```

Pole/zero Determination

Bode Plot

```
BodePlotEx[{eomActTF[s] /. eomPrm /. s → 2 π i 1*^6 f,
-eomact[s] /. prmActEom /. s → 2 π i 1*^6 f},
{f, 0.0001, 20}, MagnitudeRange → {-20, 31}, PhaseRange → {-200, -50},
Evaluate[plotoptn[2]], XAxisLabel → "MHz"]
```



New Single Path Configuration (with 600 kHz PMC pole)

We limit the gain roll-off above 600 kHz by increasing R88 to 5.62K. We also eliminate C61, since it is not needed.

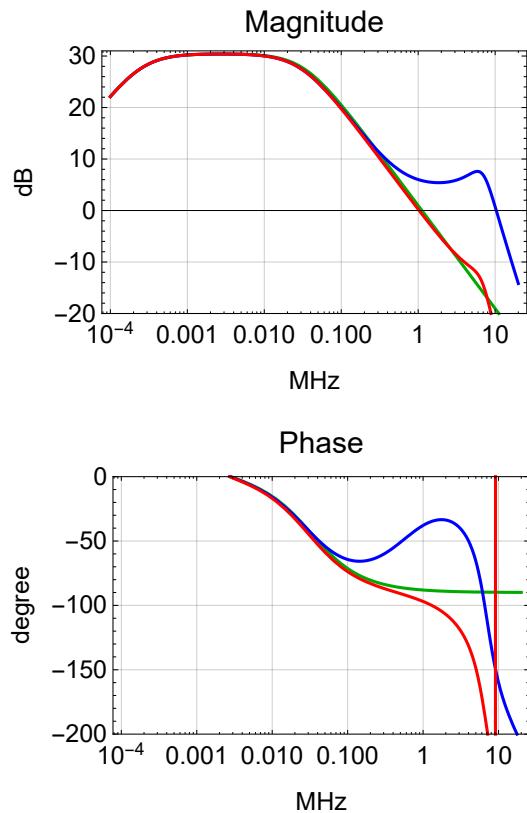
Transfer Function

```
prmActEomPMC = {R90 → 100*^3, R88 → 5.62*^3, C51 → 47*^-12,
R85 → 3*^3, C48 → 220*^-9, C49 → 0, R86 → 10*^3, R87 → 499, R89 → 10*^3,
R93 → 100, R95 → ∞, R96 → 0, C61 → 0*^-12, R98 → 0, Ceom → 10*^-12};

pmcPole = {pPMC → 2 π 600*^3};
```

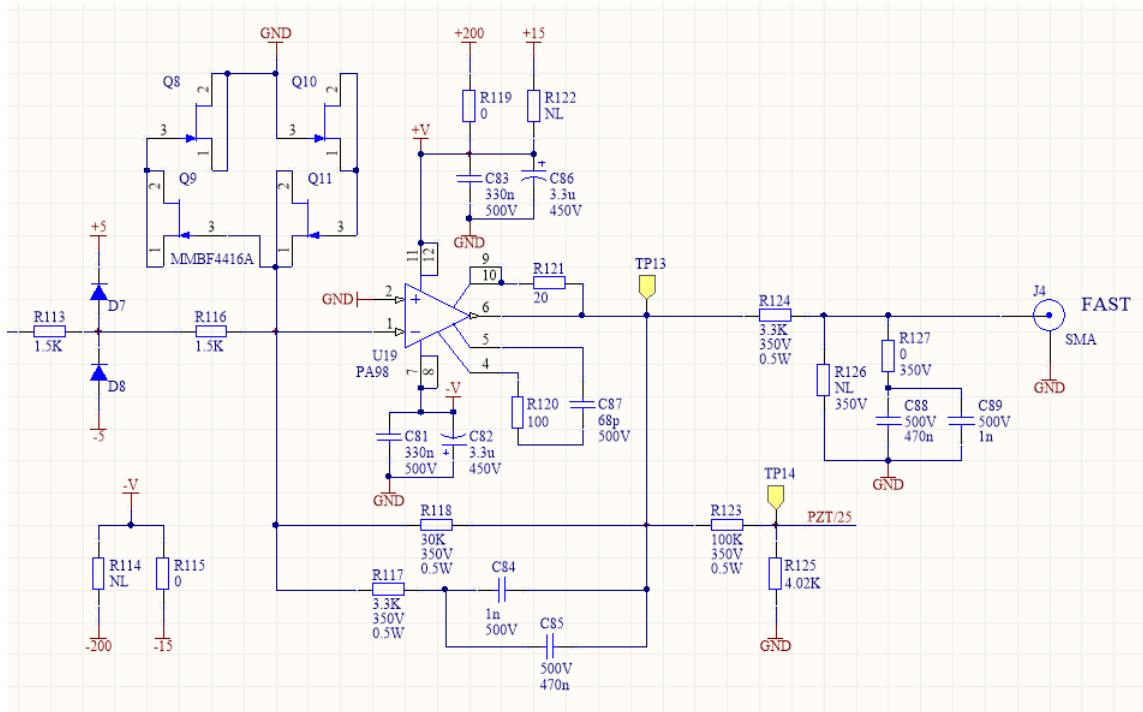
Bode Plot

```
BodePlotEx[{eomTF[s] /. paPole /. s → 2 π i 1*^6 f,
-eomact[s] /. prmpa98 /. prmActEomPMC /. s → 2 π i 1*^6 f,
-eomact[s] pole[s, pPMC] /. prmpa98 /. prmActEomPMC /. pmcPole /. s → 2 π i 1*^6 f},
{f, 0.0001, 20}, MagnitudeRange → {-20, 31}, PhaseRange → {-200, 0},
Evaluate[plotoptn[3]], XAxisLabel → "MHz"]
```



PZT Actuator Path

Schematics



Transfer Function

```

prmFbPZT = {Zin → R113 + R116, Zfb → par[R118, R117 +  $\frac{1}{s C85}$ ]};

prmActPztPath = {R118 → 30*^3, R117 → 3.3*^3, C85 → 470*^-9, R113 → 1.5*^3,
                 R116 → 1.5*^3, C88 → 470*^-9, R124 → 3.3*^3, R127 → 0, Cpzt → 40*^-12};

pztPole = {gPZT →  $\frac{R118}{R113 + R116}$ , pPZT1 →  $\frac{1}{C85 (R117 + R118)}$ } /. prmActPztPath;

pztPrm = Join[pztPole, {coefPZT →  $2\pi 1*^6 (\text{rad/s/V})$ , bwPZT →  $2\pi 100*^3$ }];

pztTF[s_] := gPZT pole[s, pPZT1]
pztCoeff[s_] := coefPZT pole[s, bwPZT] (* rad/s/V *)
 $\left\{ \frac{pPZT1}{2\pi} \right\} /. pztPrm$ 

{10.169}

```

```

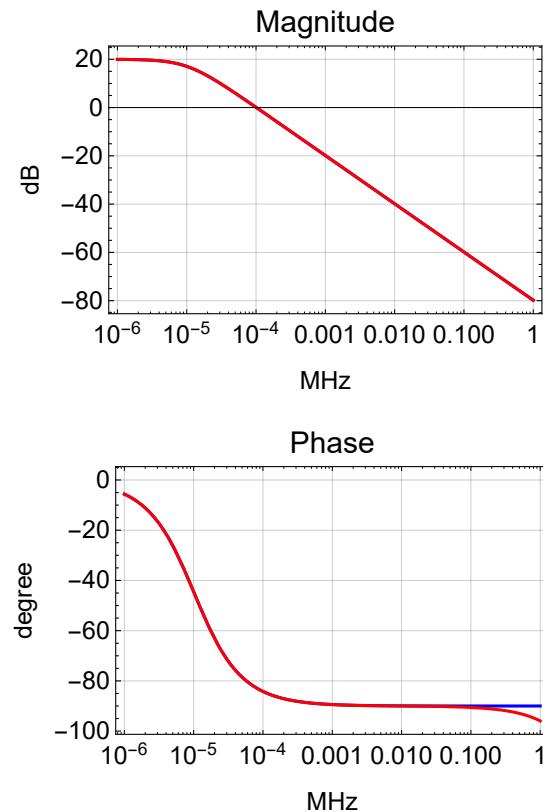
u19[s_] := -  $\frac{Zfb}{Zin}$  /. prmFbPZT

```

Pole/Zero Determination

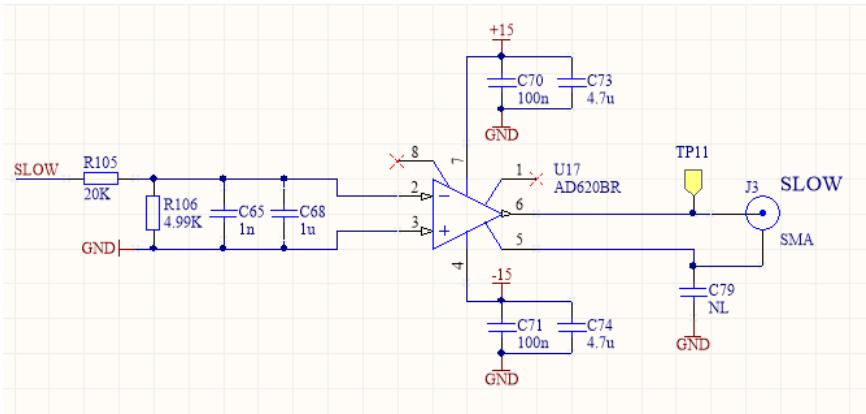
Bode Plot

```
BodePlotEx[
{pzTF[2 π i 1*^6 f] /. pztPole, -pztaclPath[2 π i 1*^6 f] /. prmPa98 /. prmActPztPath},
{f, 0.000001, 1}, Evaluate[plotoptn[2]], XAxisLabel → "MHz"]
```



Slow Actuator Path

Schematics



Transfer Function

```

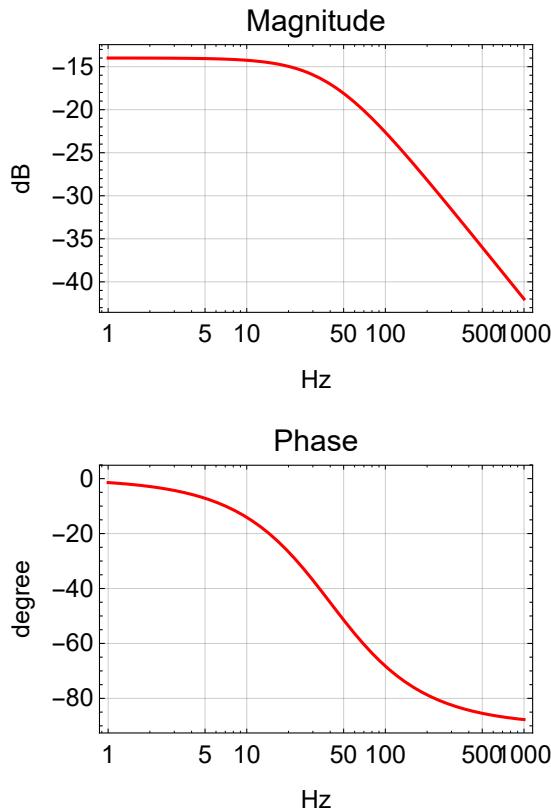
prmActSlowPath = {R105 → 20*^3, R106 → 4.99*^3, C68 → 1*^-6};
slowPole = {gSlow →  $\frac{R106}{R105 + R106}$ , pSlow →  $\frac{1}{C68 \text{ par}[R105, R106]}$ } /. prmActSlowPath;
slowTF[s_] := gSlow pole[s, pSlow]
slowCoeff[s_] :=  $2\pi 3*^9 \text{pole}[s, 2\pi 0.5] (\text{ rad/s/V } *)$ 
{gSlow,  $\frac{pSlow}{2.\pi}$ } /. slowPole
{0.19968, 39.8525}


$$\frac{\text{par}[R106, \frac{1}{s C65}] \text{ // Together}}{\text{par}[R106, \frac{1}{s C65}] + R105} \frac{R106}{R105 + R106 + C65 R105 R106 s}$$


```

Bode Plot

```
BodePlotEx[{slowTF[2 π i f] /. slowPole},  
{f, 1, 1000}, Evaluate[plotoptn[1]], XAxisLabel → "Hz"]
```



Sensing Path

Phase-Frequency Discriminator (Laser Locking)

A phase-frequency discriminator is used for laser locking. The standard LIGO PFD circuit is described in LIGO-E1200114. The PCB LIGO-D1002471 is used with a modification to make it higher bandwidth. This is described in LIGO-E1700100.

Transfer Function

```

prmPFD =
{SPFD1 → 2 π 5.72*^6, SPFD2 → 2 π 7.08*^6, qPFD2 → 1.44, SPFD3 → 169*^6, gPFD → 10/(2 π)};
pfd[s_] := pole[s, SPFD1] pole[s, SPFD2, qPFD2] pole[s, SPFD3]
pfdCoeff[s_] := gPFD 1/(s V/(rad/s))

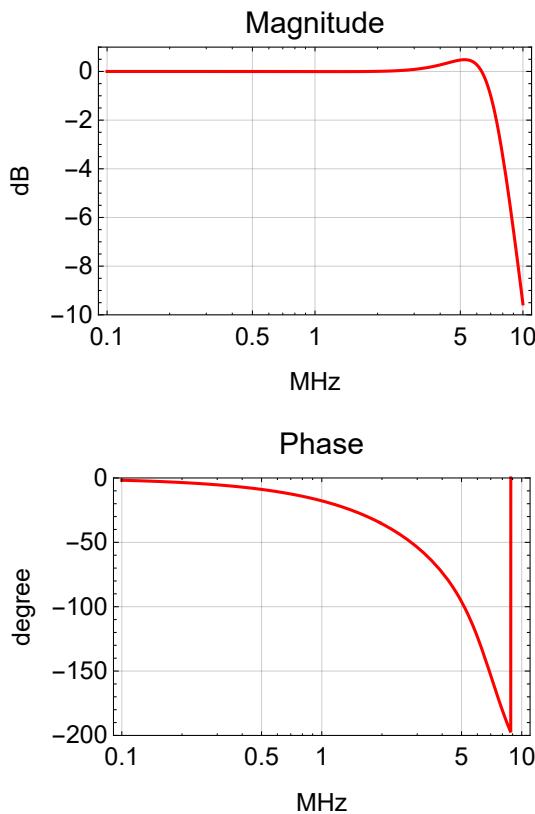
```

Bode Plot

```

BodePlotEx[pfd[2 π f 1*^6] /. prmPFD, {f, 0.1, 10}, MagnitudeRange → {-10, 1},
PhaseRange → {-200, 0}, Evaluate[plotoptn[3]], XAxisLabel → "MHz"]

```



Mixer (Cavity Locking)

The FET IQ demodulator is used for locking to a reference cavity. The standard LIGO FET IQ demodulator circuit is described in LIGO-E1200113. The PCB LIGO-D0902745 is used with a modification to make it ultra-fast bandwidth. This is described in LIGO-E1100044.

Transfer Function

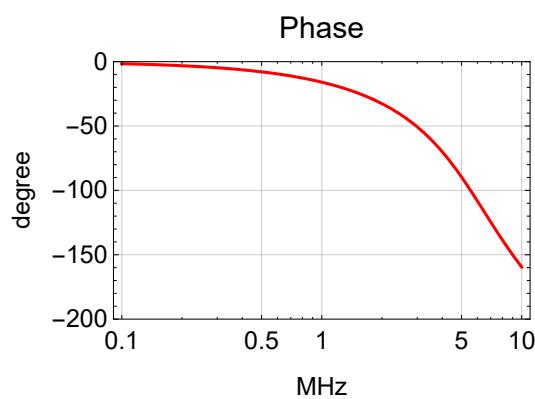
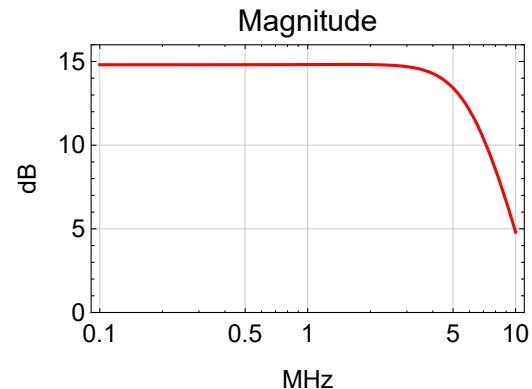
```
prmDemod = {gDemod → 5.5, pDemod1 → 2 π 15.9*^6, pDemod2 → 2 π 6.17*^6, qDemod2 → 0.761};
demod[s_] := gDemod pole[s, pDemod1] pole[s, pDemod2, qDemod2]
```

Reference Cavity

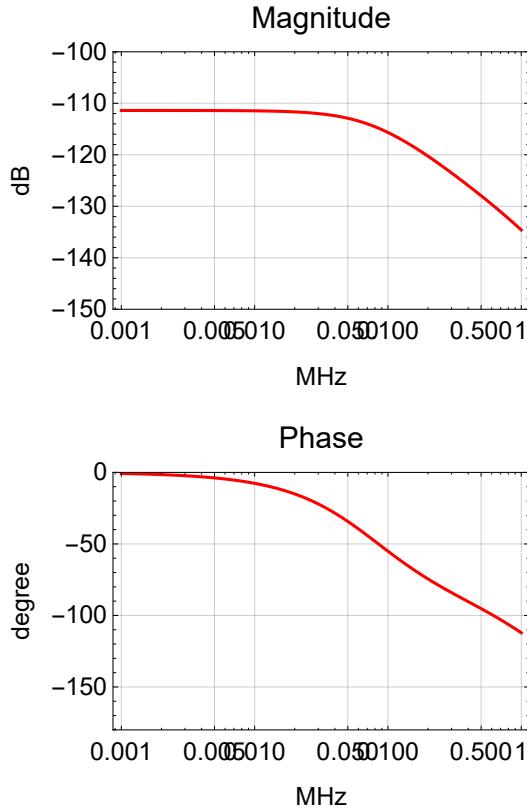
```
prmPDH = {pRefCav → 2 π 77.5*^3, pwrRefCav → 10*^-3, gainRefCav → 1*^-6,
gammaRefCav → 1.0, effPD → 0.8, transPD → 500, pPD → 2 π 2*^6}; (* estimates *)
pdh[s_] := 2 BesselJ[0, gammaRefCav] BesselJ[1, gammaRefCav] pwrRefCav
gainRefCav pole[s, pRefCav] effPD transPD pole[s, pPD]
```

Bode Plot

```
BodePlotEx[demod[2 π I f 1*^6] /. prmDemod, {f, 0.1, 10}, MagnitudeRange → {0, 16},
PhaseRange → {-200, 0}, Evaluate[plotoptn[3]], XAxisLabel → "MHz"]
```



```
BodePlotEx[pdh[ $2\pi f 1^6$ ] /. prmPDH, {f, 0.001, 1}, MagnitudeRange -> {-150, -100},
PhaseRange -> {-180, 0}, Evaluate[plotoptn[3]], XAxisLabel -> "MHz"]
```



Combined Sensing Path

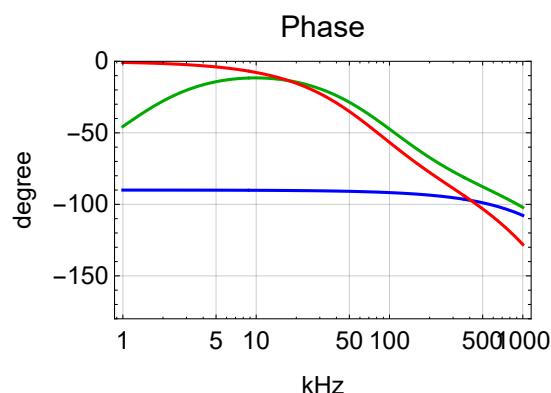
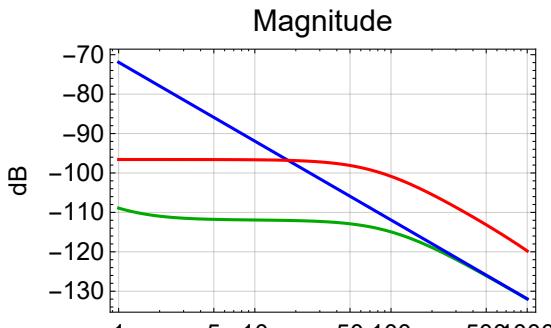
The sensing path transfer function combines one of the sensors, PFD or mixer, with an optional anti-boost. The anti-boost will make the PFD transfer function look more like the mixer one.

Transfer Function

```
prmSensing = {sBoostGain -> 100, sBoostPole ->  $2\pi 100000$ };
allSensing := Join[prmPFD, prmDemod, prmPDH, prmSensing]
sensingTF::unknownsensing = "Unknown sensing parameter `1`; must be PFD or Mixer.";
Options[sensingTF] = {Sensing -> "PFD", sBoost -> False};
sensingTF[s_, opts___] := Switch[Sensing /. {opts} /. Options[sensingTF],
  "PFD", pfdCoeff[s] pfd[s],
  "Mixer", pdh[s] demod[s],
  _, Message[sensingTF::unknownsensing, Sensing]; 0] *
  If[sBoost /. {opts} /. Options[sensingTF],
  1/sBoostGain zero[s, sBoostPole / sBoostGain] pole[s, sBoostPole], 1]
```

Bode Plot

```
BodePlotEx[{sensingTF[ $2\pi i f 1^3$ , Sensing -> "PFD", sBoost -> True] /. allSensing,
sensingTF[ $2\pi i f 1^3$ , Sensing -> "PFD"] /. allSensing,
sensingTF[ $2\pi i f 1^3$ , Sensing -> "Mixer"] /. allSensing}, {f, 1, 1000},
MagnitudeRange -> All, PhaseRange -> {-180, 0}, Evaluate[plotoptn[3]], XAxisLabel -> "kHz"]
```



TTFFS Servo

Common Path

Transfer Function

```

poleCommon = {R89 → 3.16*^3, R87 → 3.16*^3, C101 → 330*^-9,
              R88 → 3.16*^3, R90 → 3.16*^3, C107 → 330*^-9};

prmCommon = {cGain → 106, gCom1 →  $\frac{R87}{R89}$ , zCom1 →  $\frac{1}{C101 R87}$ ,
              gCom2 →  $\frac{R90}{R88}$ , zCom2 →  $\frac{1}{C107 R90}$ } /. poleCommon;
allCommon := prmCommon;

Options[commonTF] = {cBoost1 → False, cBoost2 → False};
commonTF[s_, opts___] := cGain If[cBoost1, gCom1  $\frac{zCom1}{s}$  zero[s, zCom1], gCom1]
                           If[cBoost2, gCom2  $\frac{zCom2}{s}$  zero[s, zCom2], gCom2] /. {opts} /. Options[commonTF]

```

Parameters

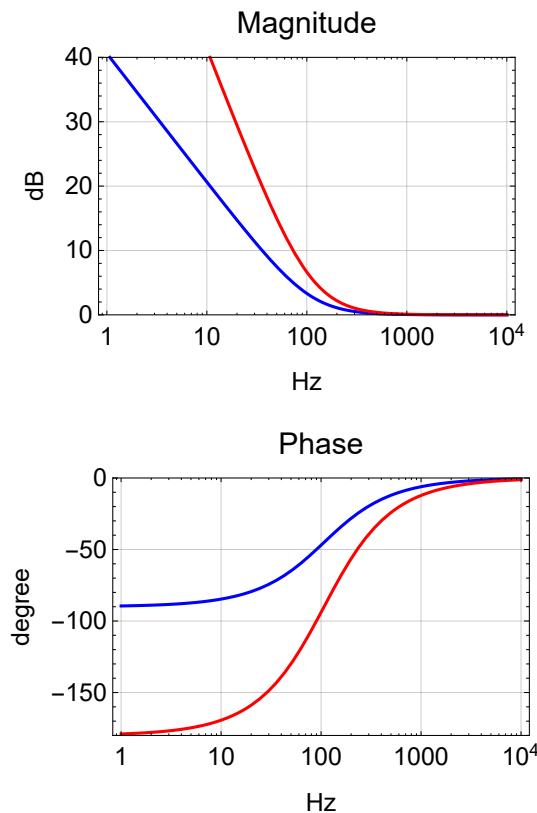
```

N[{gCom1,  $\frac{zCom1}{2\pi}$ } /. allCommon]
N[{gCom2,  $\frac{zCom2}{2\pi}$ } /. allCommon]
{1., 107.161}
{1., 107.161}

```

Bode Plot

```
BodePlotEx[{commonTF[2 π i f, cBoost1 → True] /. prmCommon,
  commonTF[2 π i f, cBoost1 → True, cBoost2 → True] /. prmCommon}, {f, 1, 10000},
  MagnitudeRange → {0, 40}, PhaseRange → {-180, 0}, Evaluate[plotoptn[2]], XAxisLabel → "Hz"]
```



Fast Path

Transfer Function

```

poleFast = {R35 → 1000, R33 → 3.16*^3, C36 → 10*^-12, R30 → 28*^3, C43 → 2.2*^-9,
            R36 → 1000, R31 → 3.16*^3, C37 → 390*^-12,
            R80 → 499, R81 → 1.58*^3, C77 → 330*^-9, R82 → 14.3*^3,
            R83 → 1000, (*R84→66.7*^3,C95→2.2*^-9,*) R85 → 1000, R86 → 100*^3, C79 → 330*^-9
};

prmFast = {fGain → 100/20,
           gFast1 → - $\frac{R30}{R35}$ , pFast1 →  $\frac{1}{C43(R30 + R33)}$ , zFast1 →  $\frac{1}{C43 R33}$ ,
           gFast2 → - $\frac{R31}{R36}$ , pFast2 →  $\frac{1}{C37 R31}$ ,
           gFast3 → - $\frac{R82}{R80}$ , pFast3 →  $\frac{1}{C77(R81 + R82)}$ , zFast3 →  $\frac{1}{C77 R81}$ ,
           gFast4 → - $\frac{R86}{R83}$ , pFast4A →  $\frac{1}{C79(R85 + R86)}$ , zFast4A →  $\frac{1}{C79 R85}$ ,
           (*pFast4B→ $\frac{1}{C95 R83}$ , zFast4B→ $\frac{1}{C95(R83+R84)}$ ,*),
           gFast5 → -1

} /. poleFast;
allFast := Join[pztPrm, prmFast]

Options[fastTF] = {FastOnly → False};
fastTF[s_, opts___] :=
  If[FastOnly /. {opts} /. Options[fastTF],
    gFast3 pole[s, pFast3] zero[s, zFast3] * -1
    (*gFast4 pole[s,pFast4A]zero[s,zFast4A]*),
    fGain gFast1 pole[s, pFast1] zero[s, zFast1] gFast2 pole[s, pFast2]] *
    gFast5 /. {opts} /. Options[fastTF]

```

Parameters

```

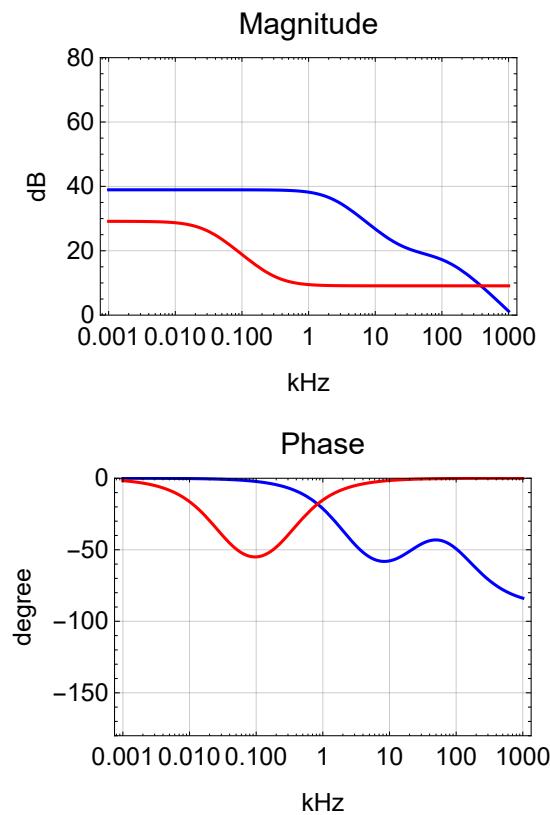
N[{gFast1, pFast1, zFast1} /. allFast]
N[{gFast2, pFast2} /. allFast]
N[{gFast3, pFast3, zFast3} /. allFast]
N[{gFast4, pFast4A, zFast4A (*, pFast4B, zFast4B *)} /. allFast]
{-28., 2321.67, 22893.4}
{-3.16, 129142.}
{-28.6573, 30.3708, 305.245}
{-100., 4.77513, 482.288}

```

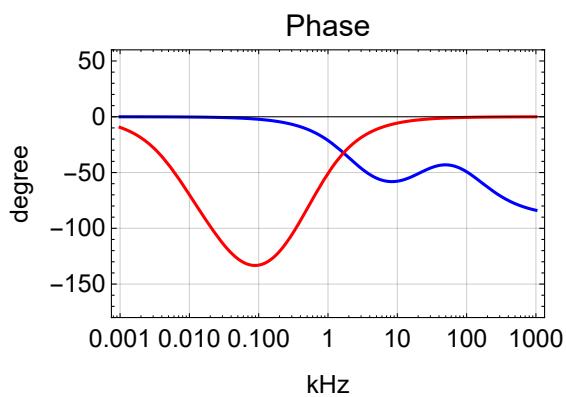
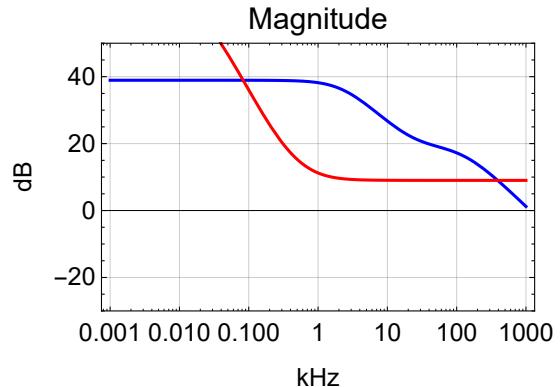
Pole/zero Determination

Bode Plot

```
BodePlotEx[  
  {-fastTF[2 π i f 1*^3] //., allFast, -fastTF[2 π i f 1*^3, FastOnly → True] //., allFast},  
  {f, 0.001, 1000}, MagnitudeRange → {0, 80}, PhaseRange → {-180, 0},  
  Evaluate[plotoptn[2]], XAxisLabel → "kHz"]
```

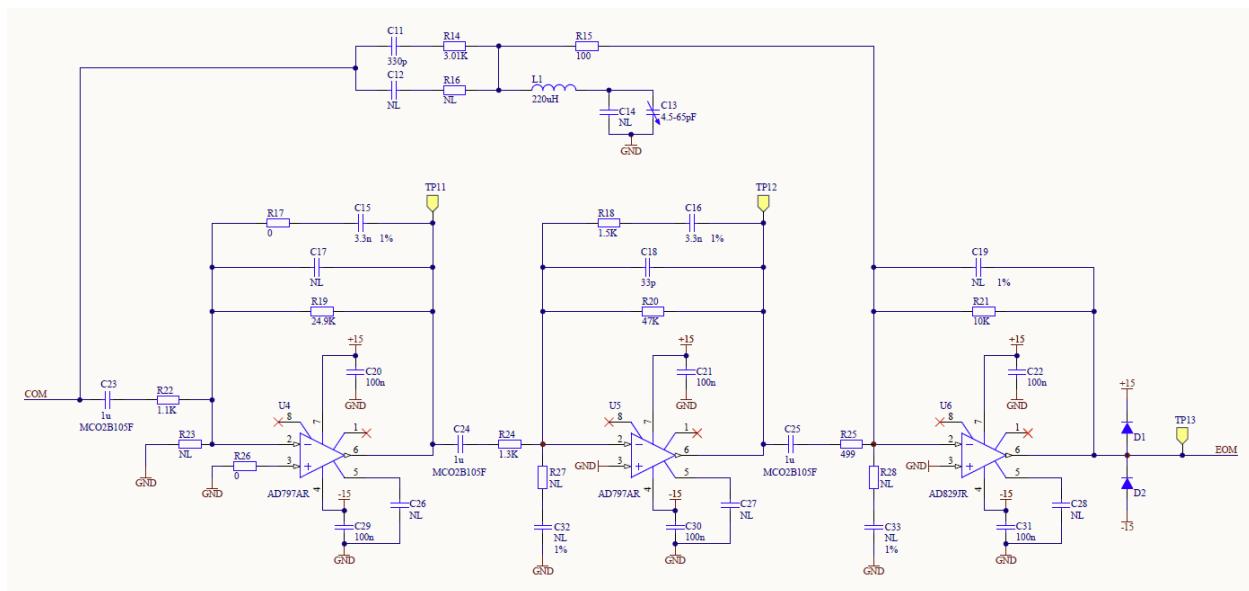


```
BodePlotEx[
{-fastTF[ $2\pi i f_1 s^3$ ] // allFast, -fastTF[ $2\pi i f_1 s^3$ , FastOnly → True] // allFast},
{f, 0.001, 1000}, MagnitudeRange → {-30, 50},
PhaseRange → {-180, 60}, Evaluate[plotoptn[2]], XAxisLabel → "kHz"]
```



EOM Path

Schematics



Transfer Function

```

poleEom = {R22 → 1*^3, C23 → 100*^-9, R17 → 0.1, C15 → 3.3*^-9, R19 → 28*^3,
C17 → 0.5*^-12, R24 → 1.58*^3, C24 → 100*^-9, R18 → 1.58*^3, C16 → 3.3*^-9,
R20 → 48.7*^3, C18 → 47*^-12, R14 → 3.16*^3, C11 → 1*^-9, L1 → 220*^-6,
C13 → 30*^-12, R15 → 100, R25 → 499., C25 → 100*^-9, R21 → 1*^3, C19 → 0.1*^-12};

prmEom = {gEOM1 → - $\frac{R19}{R22}$ , pEOM1a →  $\frac{1}{C23 R22}$ , pEOM1b →  $\frac{1}{C15 (R17 + R19)}$ ,
zEOM1b →  $\frac{1}{C15 R17}$ , pEOM1c →  $\frac{1}{\text{par}[R17, R19] C17}$ ,
gEOM2 → - $\frac{R20}{R24}$ , pEOM2a →  $\frac{1}{C24 R24}$ , pEOM2b →  $\frac{1}{C16 (R18 + R20)}$ ,
zEOM2b →  $\frac{1}{C16 R18}$ , pEOM2c →  $\frac{1}{\text{par}[R18, R20] C18}$ ,
gEOM3 → - $\frac{R21}{R25}$ , pEOM3a →  $\frac{1}{C25 R25}$ , pEOM3b →  $\frac{1}{C19 R21}$ ,
gEOM4 → - $\frac{R21}{R14 + R15}$ , pEOM4a →  $\frac{1}{C11 (R14 + R15)}$ , zEOM4b →  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{C13 L1}}$ ,
pEOM4b →  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{C13 L1}}$ , qEOM4b →  $\frac{\sqrt{C13 L1}}{C13 \text{par}[R14, R15]}$ , pEOM4c →  $\frac{1}{C19 R21}$ } /. poleEom;

allEom := Join[eomPrm, prmEom]

Options[eomTF] = {};
eom1TF[s_, opts___] :=
gEOM1  $\frac{s}{pEOM1a}$  pole[s, pEOM1a] pole[s, pEOM1b] zero[s, zEOM1b] pole[s, pEOM1c] *
gEOM2  $\frac{s}{pEOM2a}$  pole[s, pEOM2a] pole[s, pEOM2b] zero[s, zEOM2b] pole[s, pEOM2c] *
gEOM3  $\frac{s}{pEOM3a}$  pole[s, pEOM3a] pole[s, pEOM3b] /. {opts} /. Options[eomTF]
eom2TF[s_, opts___] :=
gEOM4  $\frac{s}{pEOM4a}$  pole[s, pEOM4a] zero[s, zEOM4b, ∞] pole[s, pEOM4b, qEOM4b] pole[s, pEOM4c] /.
{opts} /. Options[eomTF]
eomTF[s_, opts___] := eom1TF[s, opts] + eom2TF[s, opts]

```

Parameters

```

{gEOM1,  $\frac{pEOM1a}{2\pi}$ ,  $\frac{pEOM1b}{2\pi}$ ,  $\frac{zEOM1b}{2\pi}$ ,  $\frac{pEOM1c}{2\pi}$ } /. prmEom /. poleEom
{gEOM2,  $\frac{pEOM2a}{2\pi}$ ,  $\frac{pEOM2b}{2\pi}$ ,  $\frac{zEOM2b}{2\pi}$ ,  $\frac{pEOM2c}{2\pi}$ } /. prmEom /. poleEom
{gEOM3,  $\frac{pEOM3a}{2\pi}$ ,  $\frac{pEOM3b}{2\pi}$ } /. prmEom /. poleEom
{gEOM4,  $\frac{pEOM4a}{2\pi}$ ,  $\frac{pEOM4b}{2\pi}$ , qEOM4b,  $\frac{pEOM4c}{2\pi}$ } /. prmEom /. poleEom
{-28, 1591.55, 1722.45,  $4.82288 \times 10^8$ ,  $3.18311 \times 10^{12}$ }
{-30.8228, 1007.31, 959.204, 30524.5,  $2.21275 \times 10^6$ }
{-2.00401, 3189.48,  $1.59155 \times 10^9$ }
{-0.306748, 48820.5,  $1.95906 \times 10^6$ , 27.9371,  $1.59155 \times 10^9$ }

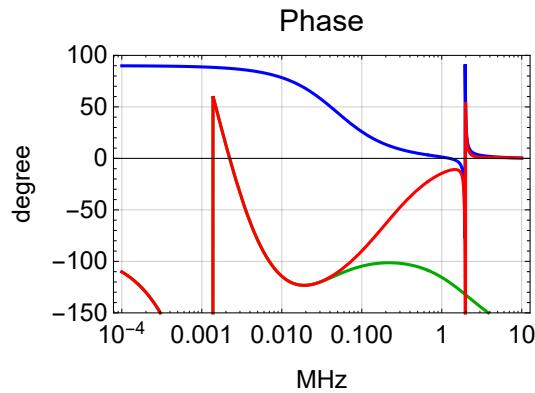
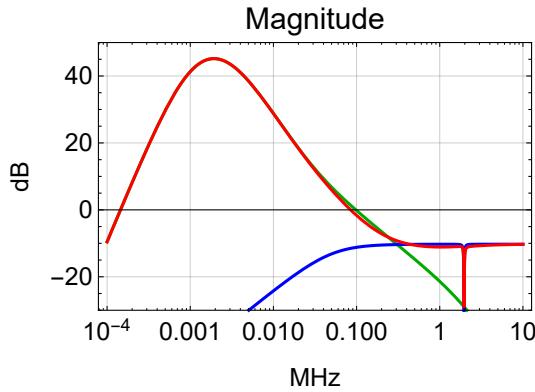
```

Bode Plot

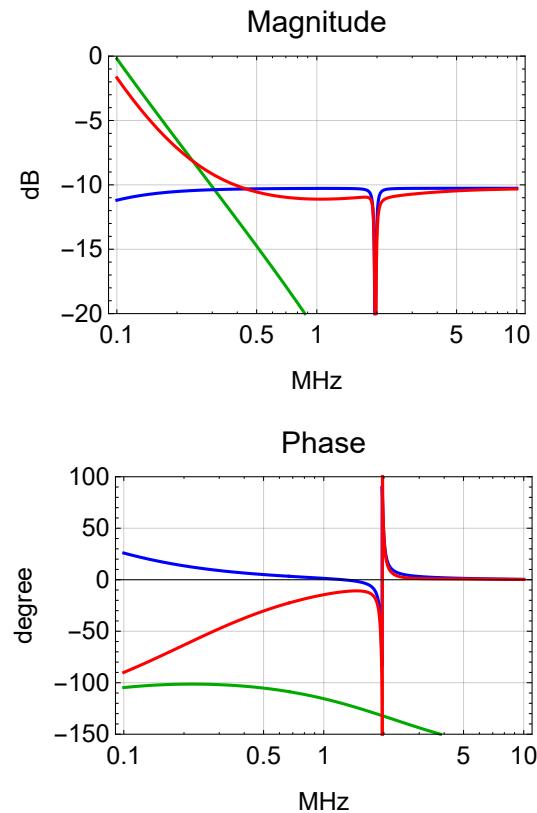
```

BodePlotEx[{-eom1TF[ $2\pi i f 1*^6$ ], -eom2TF[ $2\pi i f 1*^6$ ], -eomTF[ $2\pi i f 1*^6$ ] //.
  allEom, {f, 0.0001, 10}, MagnitudeRange -> {-30, 50},
  PhaseRange -> {-150, 100}, Evaluate[plotoptn[3]], XAxisLabel -> "MHz"]

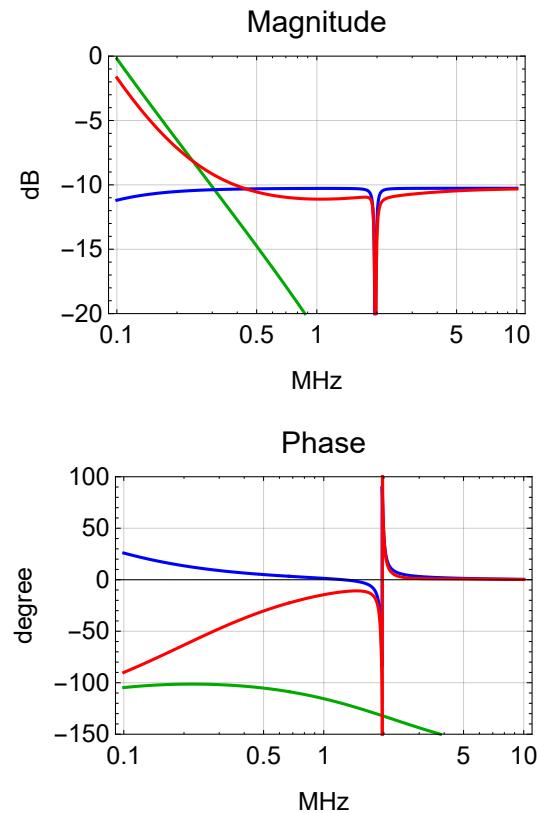
```



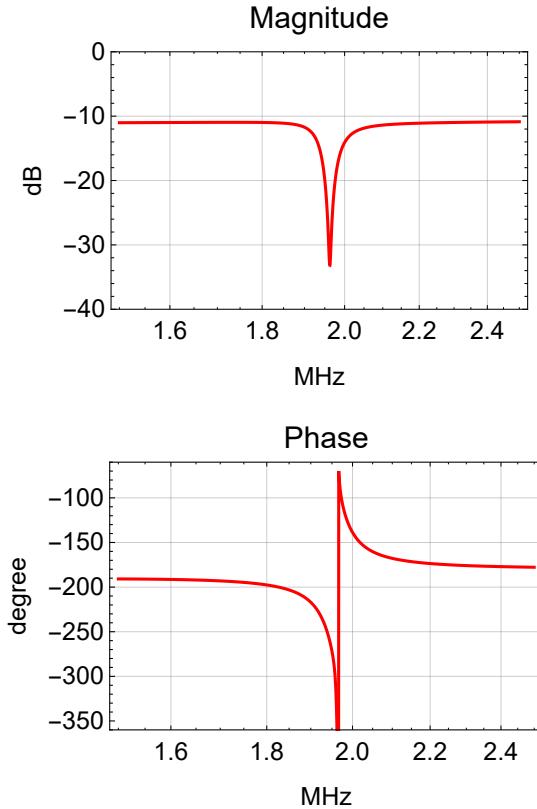
```
BodePlotEx[{-eom1TF[ $2\pi i f 1*^6$ ], -eom2TF[ $2\pi i f 1*^6$ ], -eomTF[ $2\pi i f 1*^6$ ] // . allEom,
{f, 0.1, 10}, MagnitudeRange -> {-20, 0}, PhaseRange -> {-150, 100},
Evaluate[plotoptn[3]], XAxisLabel -> "MHz"]
```



```
BodePlotEx[{-eom1TF[ $2\pi i f 1*^6$ ], -eom2TF[ $2\pi i f 1*^6$ ], -eomTF[ $2\pi i f 1*^6$ ] } // . allEom,
{f, 0.1, 10}, MagnitudeRange → {-20, 0}, PhaseRange → {-150, 100},
Evaluate[plotoptn[3]], XAxisLabel → "MHz"]
```



```
BodePlotEx[eomTF[ $2\pi i f 1^6$ ] /. allEom, {f, 1.5, 2.5}, MagnitudeRange -> {-40, 0},
PhaseRange -> {-360, -60}, Evaluate[plotoptn[1]], XAxisLabel -> "MHz"]
```



Overall Transfer Functions

```
allTTFSS := Join[allSensing, prmCommon, allFast, allEom]
Options[ttfssTF] = Join[Options[sensingTF],
    Options[commonTF], Options[fastTF], Options[eomTF]];

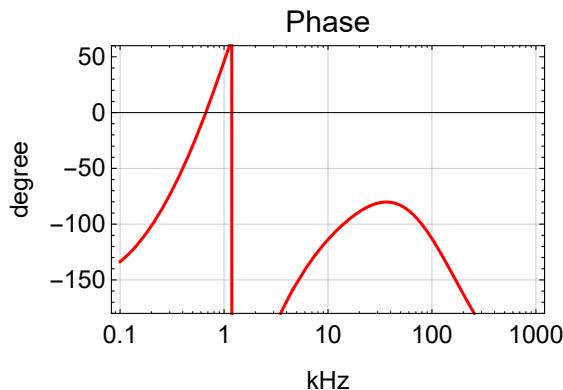
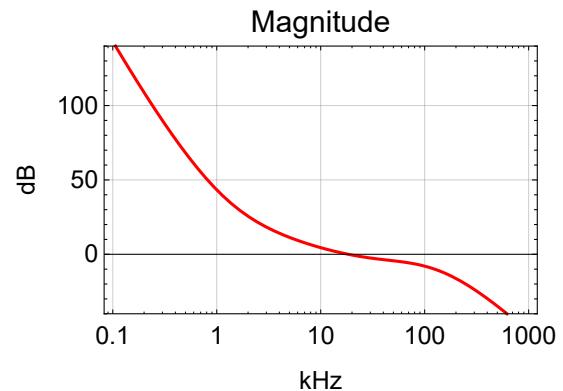
ttfssCom[s_, opts___] := -sensingTF[s, opts] commonTF[s, opts]
ttfssFastSplit[s_, opts___] := fastTF[s, opts] pztTF[s] pztCoeff[s]
ttfssEomSplit[s_, opts___] := 10 eomTF[s, opts] eomActTF[s] eomCoeff[s]
ttfssFast[s_, opts___] := ttfssCom[s, opts] ttfssFastSplit[s, opts]
ttfssEom[s_, opts___] := ttfssCom[s, opts] ttfssEomSplit[s, opts]
ttfssCrossTF[s_, opts___] :=  $\frac{\text{ttfssFastSplit}[s, \text{opts}]}{\text{ttfssEomSplit}[s, \text{opts}]}$ 
```

```
prmTTFSS = {FastOnly -> False};
allTTFSS := Join[allSensing, prmCommon, allFast, allEom]
Options[ttfssTF] = Join[Options[sensingTF],
    Options[commonTF], Options[fastTF], Options[eomTF]];
ttfssTF[s_, opts___] :=
    ttfssFast[s, opts] + If[FastOnly /. {opts} /. allTTFSS, 0, ttfssEom[s, opts]]
```

```
Options[ttfssTF]
{Sensing → PFD, sBoost → False, cBoost1 → False, cBoost2 → False, FastOnly → False}
```

Crossover

```
BodePlotEx[ttfssCrossTF[ $2\pi i f 1^*^3$ , FastOnly → False] /. fGain →  $10^{\frac{2\theta}{2\theta}}$  /. allTTFSS,
{f, 0.1, 1000}, MagnitudeRange → {-40, 140},
PhaseRange → {-180, +60}, Evaluate[plotoptn[1]], XAxisLabel → "kHz"]
```

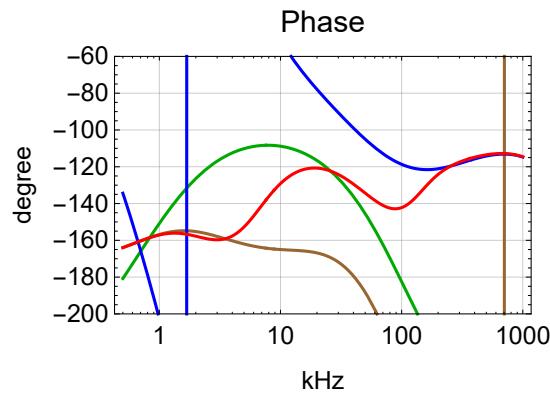
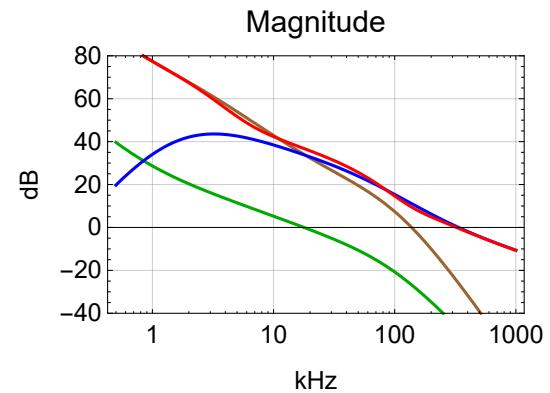


Components

```

opt = Sequence[sBoost -> True];
prm = {cGain -> 1012, fGain -> 1020};
BodePlotEx[{ttfssFast[2 π i f 1*^3, FastOnly -> False, opt] /. prm /. allTTFSS,
  ttfssFast[2 π i f 1*^3, FastOnly -> True, opt] /. prm /. allTTFSS,
  ttfssEom[2 π i f 1*^3, FastOnly -> False, opt] /. prm /. allTTFSS,
  ttfssTF[2 π i f 1*^3, FastOnly -> False, opt] /. prm /. allTTFSS},
{f, 0.5, 1000}, MagnitudeRange -> {-40, 80}, PhaseRange -> {-200, -60},
Evaluate[plotoptn[4]], XAxisLabel -> "kHz"]

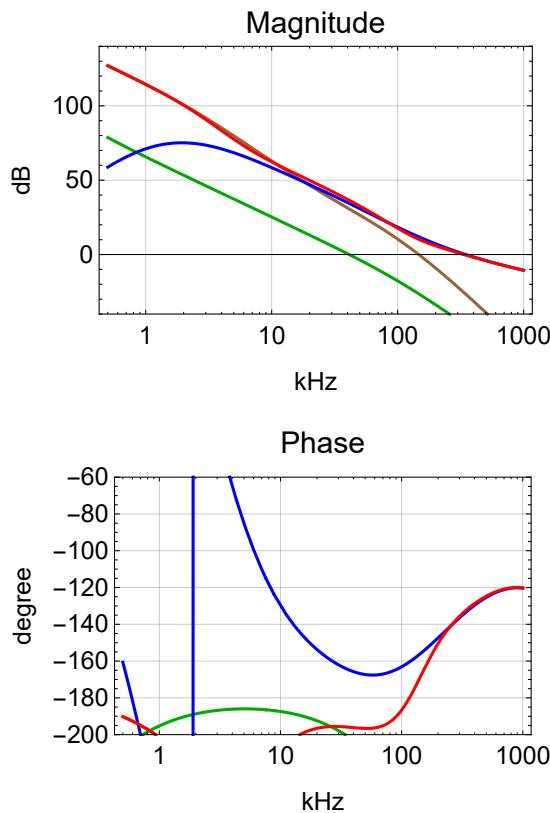
```



```

opt = Sequence[sBoost → False];
prm = {cGain →  $10^{\frac{12}{20}}$ , fGain →  $10^{\frac{20}{20}}$ };
BodePlotEx[{ttfssFast[ $2\pi i f 1^*^3$ , FastOnly → False, opt] /. prm /. allTTFSS,
  ttfssFast[ $2\pi i f 1^*^3$ , FastOnly → True, opt] /. prm /. allTTFSS,
  ttfssEom[ $2\pi i f 1^*^3$ , FastOnly → False, opt] /. prm /. allTTFSS,
  ttfssTF[ $2\pi i f 1^*^3$ , FastOnly → False, opt] /. prm /. allTTFSS},
{f, 0.5, 1000}, MagnitudeRange → {-40, 140}, PhaseRange → {-200, -60},
Evaluate[plotoptn[4]], XAxisLabel → "kHz"]

```

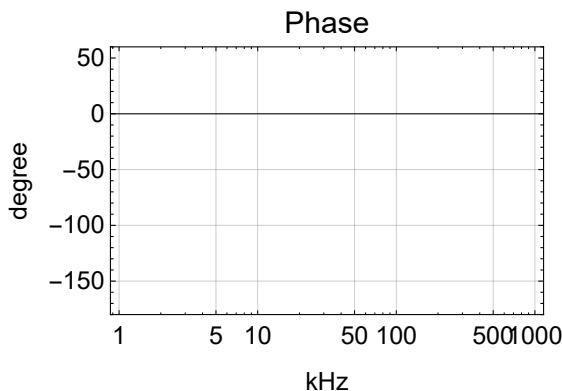
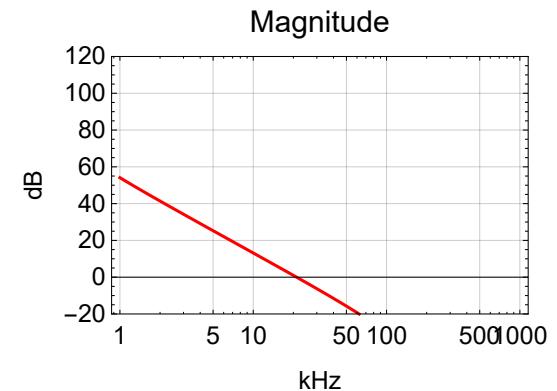


Combined Servo Path

Transfer Function

Bode Plot: PFD & Fast/EOM

```
BodePlotEx[ttfssTF[ $2\pi i f 1^*^3$ , FastOnly → True, sBoost → False] /. fGain →  $10^{\frac{-10}{20}}$  /. allTTFSS,
{f, 1, 1000}, MagnitudeRange → {-20, 120}, PhaseRange → {-180, +60},
Evaluate[plotoptn[1]], XAxisLabel → "kHz"]
```



TTFFS Servo

Additive Offset