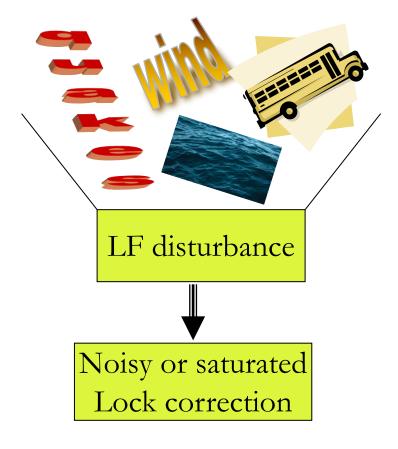
G1700891-v1



Global Inverted Pendulum Control

E. Majorana for the SUSP commissioning group



outline

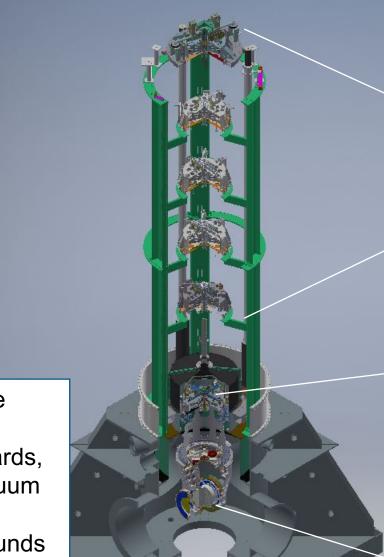
☐ A quick report on GIPC, the Global Inverted Pendulum Control, developed at Virgo in the past years by P. Ruggi et Al.

☐ In terms of operation configurations, GIPC is the last strategy implemented, as the stable operation of the whole interferometer is achieved.

☐ The work to set again GIPC operation in Advanced Virgo are going on.



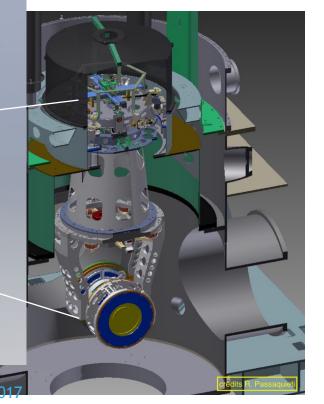
Monolithic suspensions: overall system



GWDAW - Hamilton Island, Ma

In AdV the first 5 stages (hor and ver) of the Super-Attenuator are the same as in initial Virgo.

The last filter of the Super attenuator, prolonged downwards, is in the same vacuum environment of the payload and surrounds it: the "actuation cage".





Overall Suspension Attenuator: Virgo → AdV

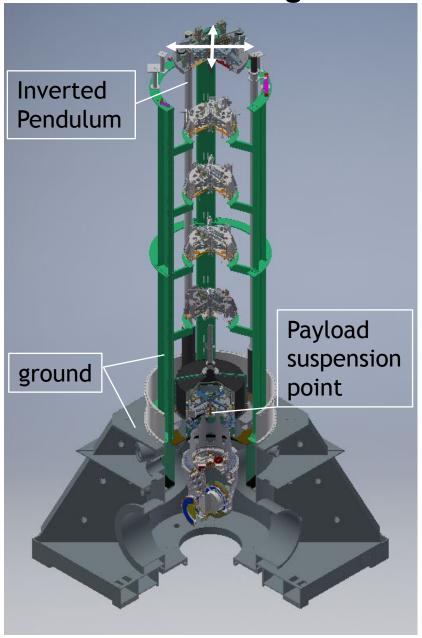
Top-stage floating body: 4D (3H+Vertical), **position ctrl** VS ground (or gbl) and **damping** (acceleration).

Bottom ring: 3D (tilts+Vertical), position ctrl VS ground actuated from ground

SA last stage: 6D, position damping VS ground

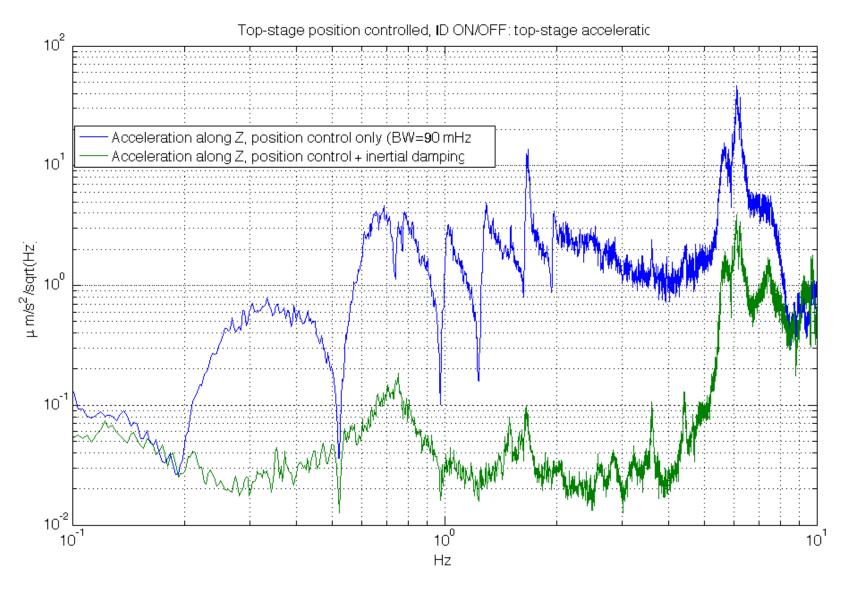
Payload: 6D, position ctrl VS ground (or gbl) actuated from SA last stage

No tilt sensor (so far)





SuperAttenuator: Inertial Damping ON/OFF



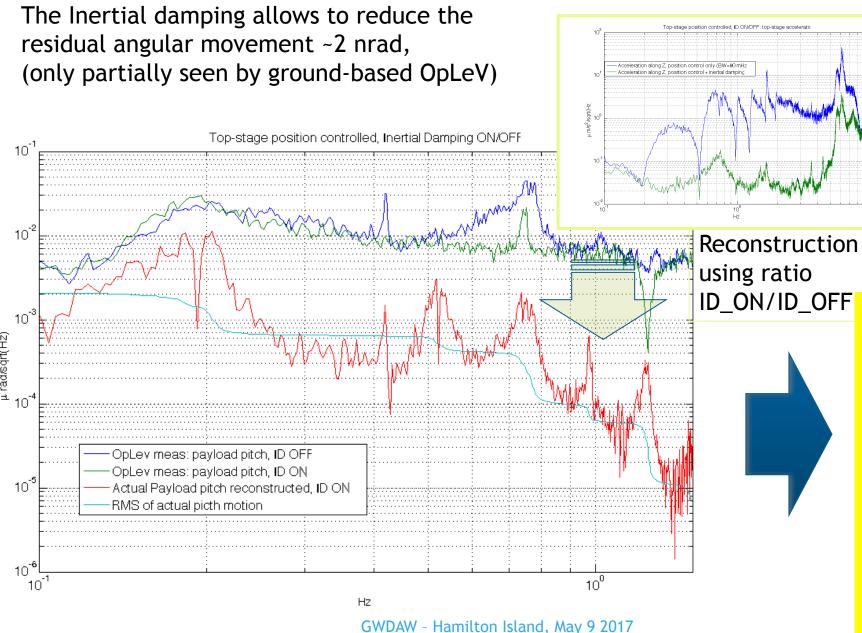


Scheme Last filter + Payload :Virgo → AdV

to the 5° filter of seismic isolator last filter, auxiliary damped from ground Virgo AdV suspension point marionette control driving, isolated by 6H and 5V AdV actuation cage mirror control mirror control driving, isolated driving, isolated by 8H and 6V by 6H and 5V relevant for thermal noise GWDAW - Hamilton Island, May 9 2017



Payload angular accuracy VS ID

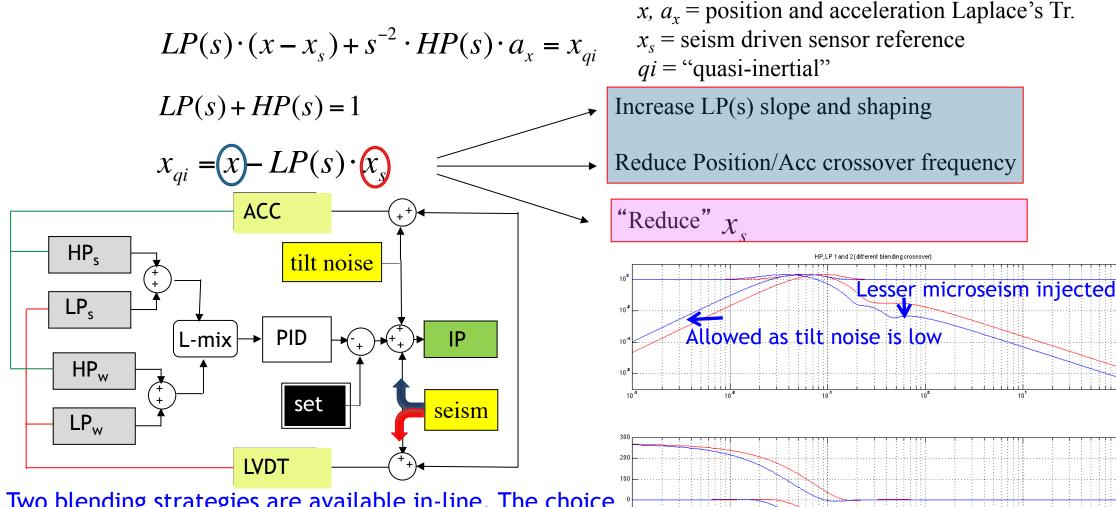


Reducing microseism through Top stage control is crucial

AdV payloads have no or just few resonances in microseism region

Reducing microseism contamination through position sensors in standalone is crucial.





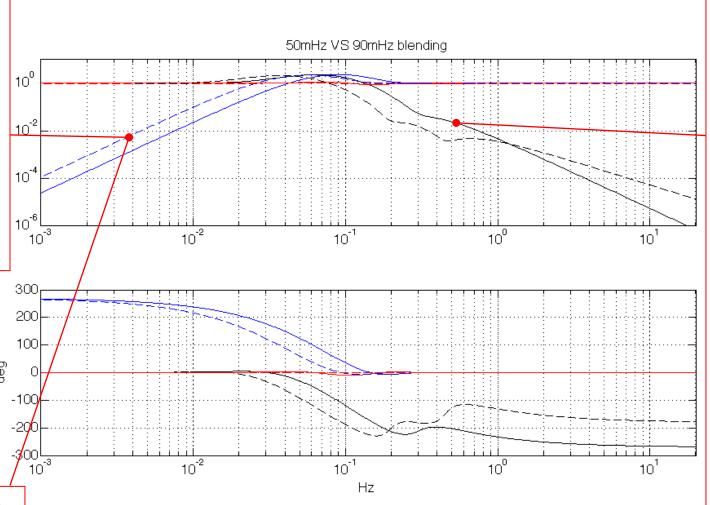
Two blending strategies are available in-line. The choice is presently enabled manually upon weather condition (wind, microseism). In AdV an optimized design strategy to minimize background noise through the sensors to chose properly the blending is applied (L. Trozzo). Hamilton Island, May 9 2017



ITM S_ATTENUATOR more "inertial", reduced position sensor background noise (µseism)

BUT

more affected by background "tilt noise"



Top-stage is expected to be shaken more by tilt noise (lock saturation below)

ETM S_ATTENUATOR lesser "inertial": Using local top stage position sensor injects μseism noise

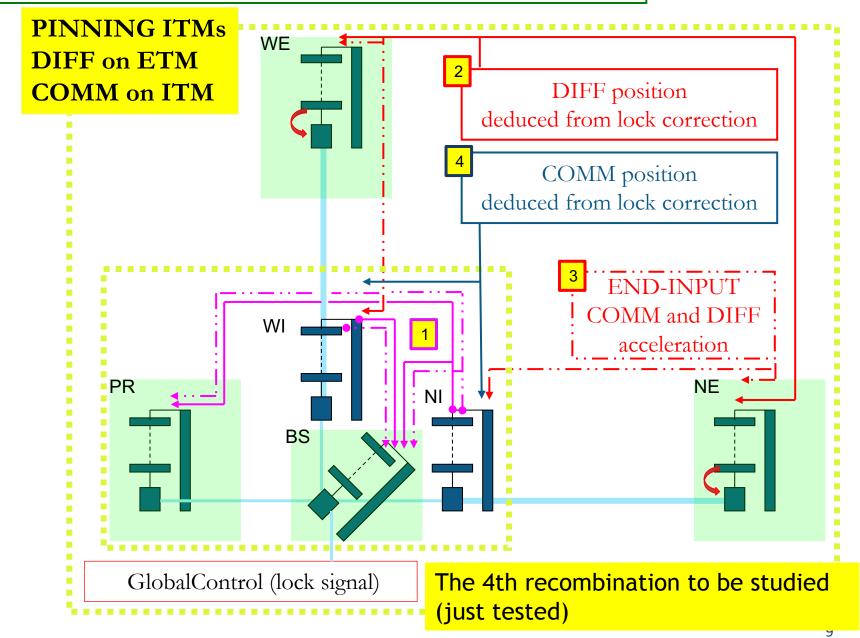
IP passive attenuation provides FP a cavity correction signal "cleaned" (~ 0.2) µseism region



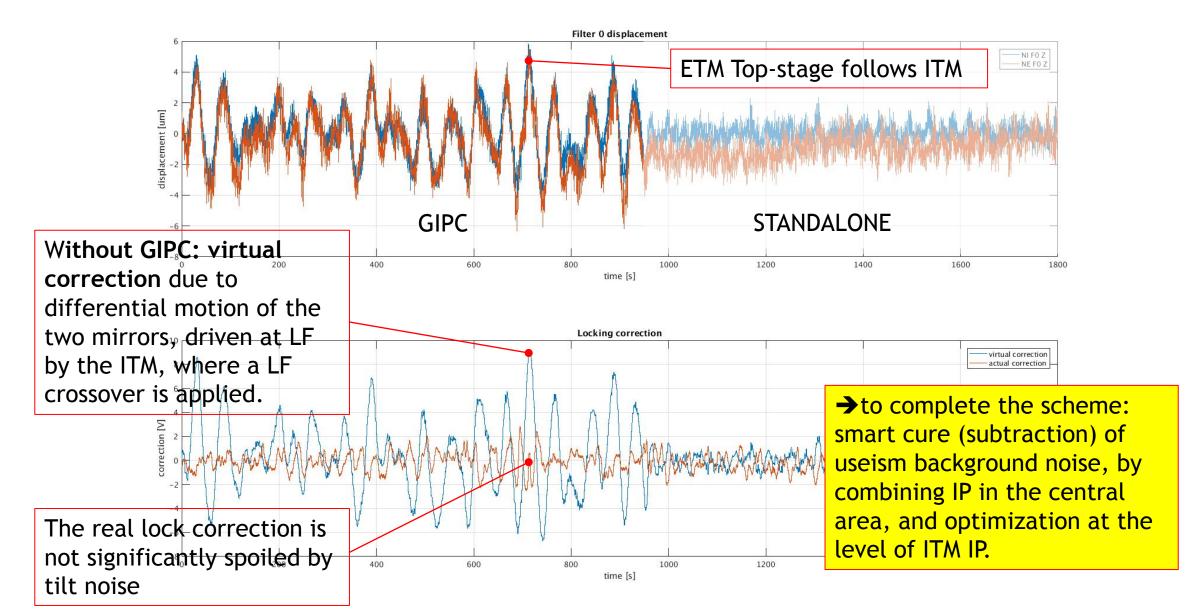
- Blending at higher frequency at ETM is feasible
- "tilt noise"
 through ETM
 accelerometer
 negligible



μSeism-Free platform AND Global Inverted Pendulum Control

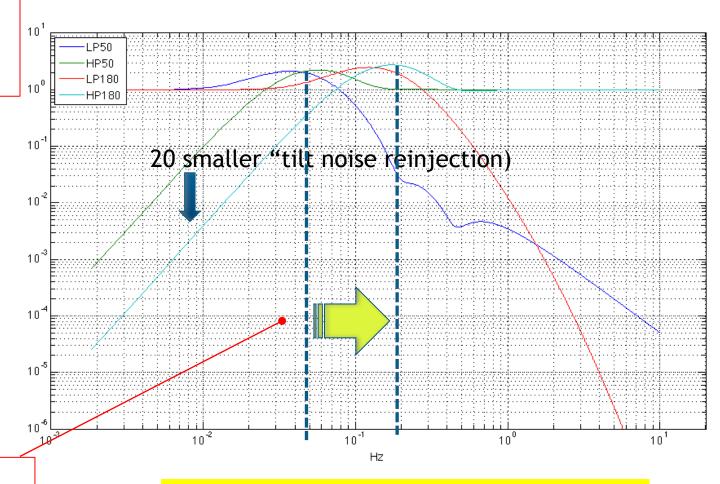








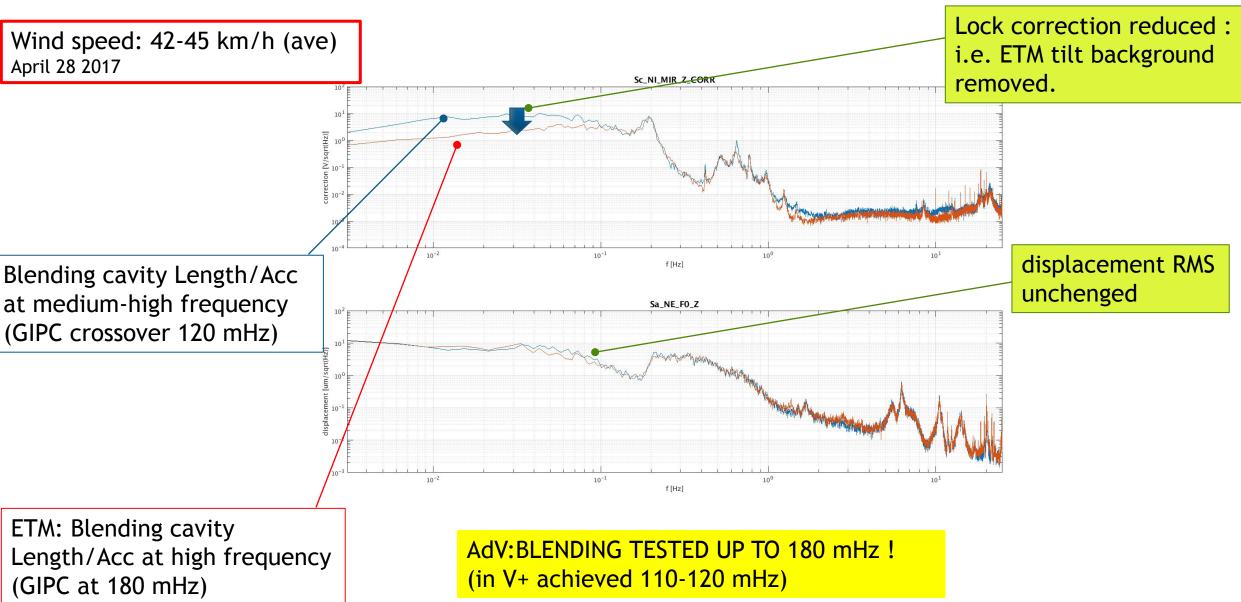
Is it possible (and meaningful) to further increase the blending blending frequency?



standalone control of IP with such high crossover would be meaningless!

AdV:BLENDING TESTED UP TO 180 mHz! (in V+ achieved 110-120 mHz)

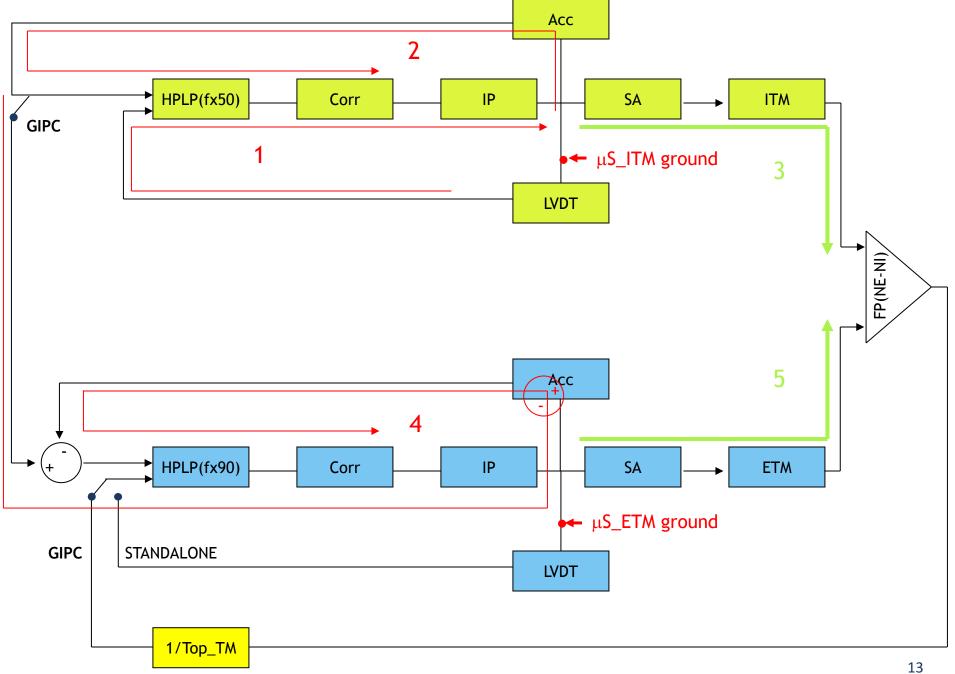






HPLP(fx50) = Sensor blending ~50 mHz

HPLP(fx90) = Sensor blending ~90 mHz



Pics from the past: potentially with AdV we can do even better

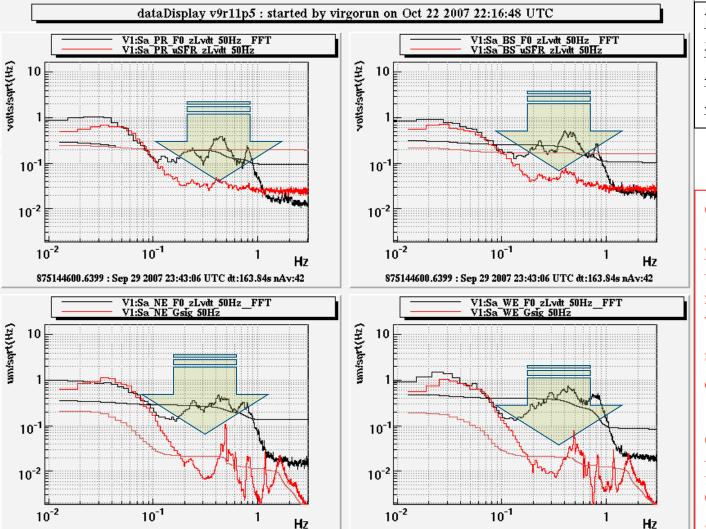
- Better payloads,
- Optimized study

Central area ITM as reference

ETM

µSeism evasion strategy: an example

INPUT mirror suspensions used as drift controlled reference



875144600.6399 : Sep 29 2007 23:43:06 UTC dt:163.84s nAv:42

local LVDTs, used in-loop sense and re-inject µseismic noise

Combined channels: µSFR (µSeism-Free Reconstruction, the noise is coherent because central area suspensions are close each other)

+

GIPC (Global-Inverted-Pendulum Control, for 3-km-separated susp.)

875144600.6399 : Sep 29 2007 23:43:06 UTC dt:163.84s nAv:42

Pics from the past: potentially with AdV we can do even better

SPA

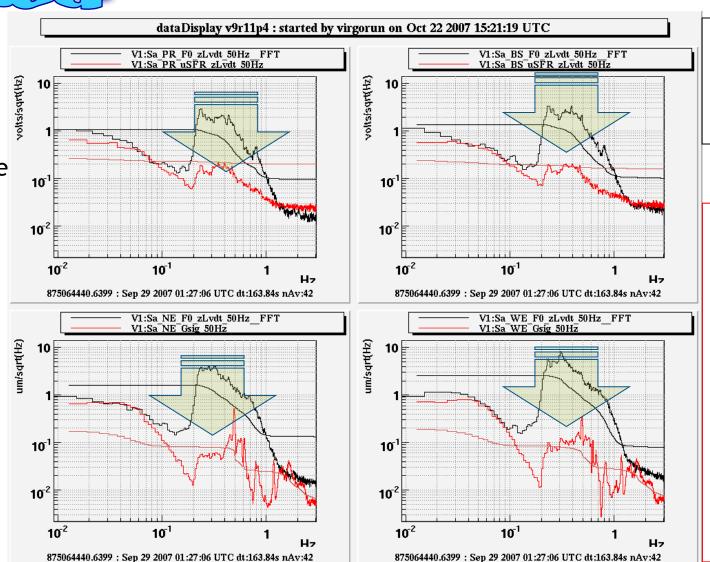
µseism: rejection VSR1start-VSR1stop

INPUT mirror suspensions used as drift controlled reference

- Better payloads,
- Optimized study

Central area ITM as reference





local LvDTs, used in-loop sense and re-inject µseismic noise

Combined channels:

µSFR (µSeism-Free
Reconstruction, the
noise is coherent
because central area
suspensions are close
each other)

GIPC (Global-Inverted-Pendulum Control, for 3-km-separated susp.)

Pics from the past: potentially with AdV we can do even better

- Better payloads,
- Optimized study

MSC VS robustness: earthquakes/stable GIPC

Comparison of two events with similar local ample the data Display v9r11p4: started by virgorun on Sep 20 2007 10:41:55 UTC

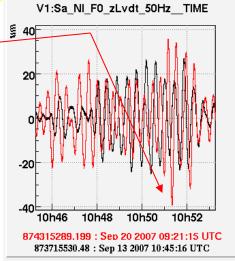
A "lucky" occurrence!*

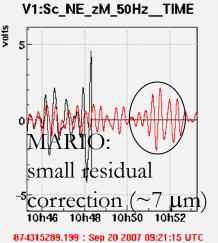
40 µm peak

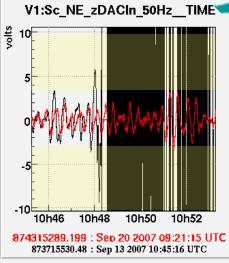
Previously we had saturation as the amplitude was less than **20 µm**

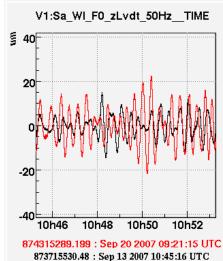
The system is much more robust.

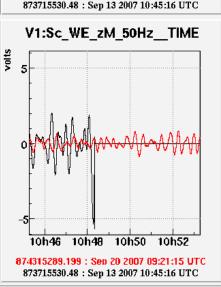
Correction dynamics more than doubled.

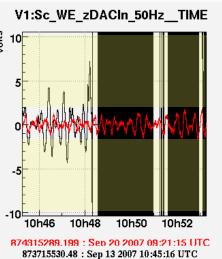














Conclusions

Global Inverted pendulum control is a way to evade indirect microseism contamination due to the sensors (both Pos and Acc) used in top stage SuperAttenuator control.

The blending at the ETM should be at higher frequency with respect to the standalone

→ no accelerometer "wind noise" contamination there

In absence of Tiltmeter, "wind noise" remains, but it is quite reduced, in case of HQ the lock is more robust.

The scheme was used intensively in Virgo.

AdV news:

- Better payloads (pitch/roll very LF, even below 50 mHz, reduced the impact of microseism on residual tilt.)
- Higher frequency Pos/Acc-blending for ETM SuperAttenuators (up to 180 mHz !!) tested.
- Common mode reallocation at ITM top-stages, just tested: the advantage of full diagonalization isn't clear yet.
- In case of background noise with different properties along the two arms, the blending at the ITMs can be specified using an optimized strategy that exploits direct measurement of seismic noise (P. Ruggi, L. Trozzo).