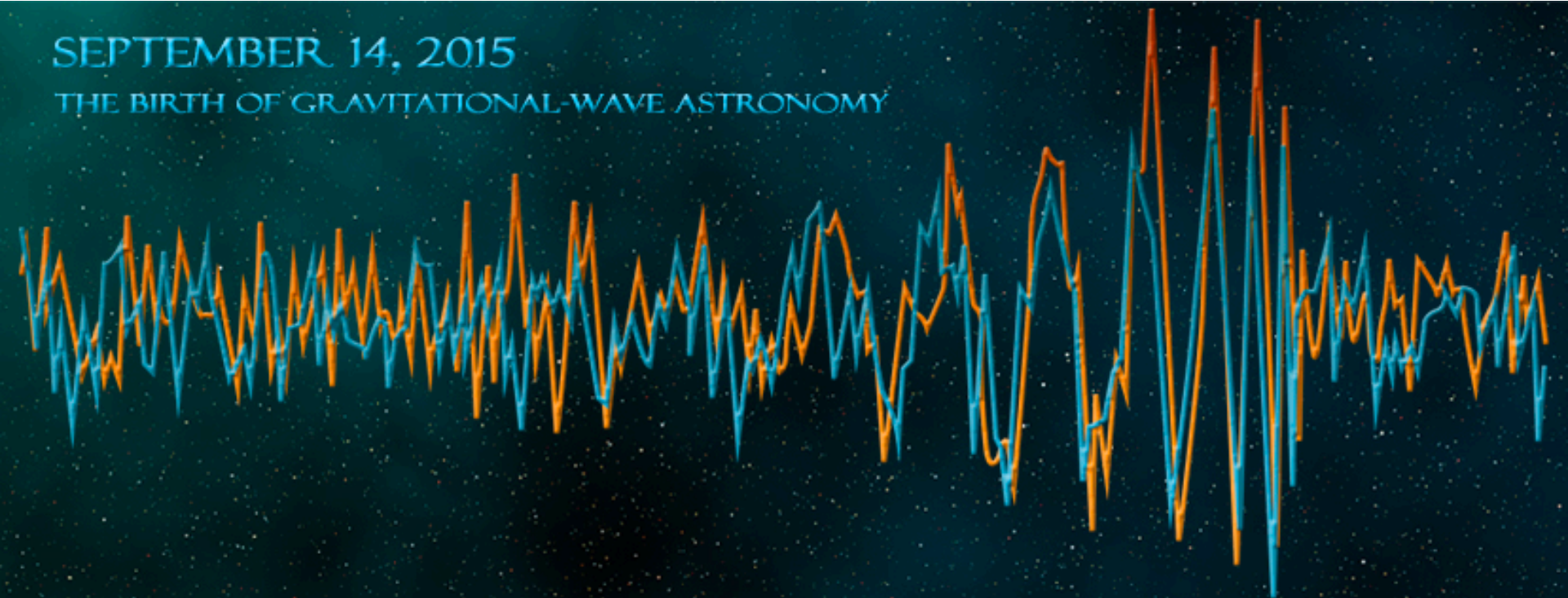


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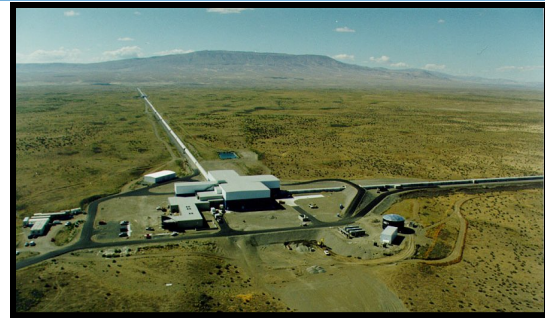


GariLynn Billingsley, Hiro Yamamoto, Liyuan Zhang

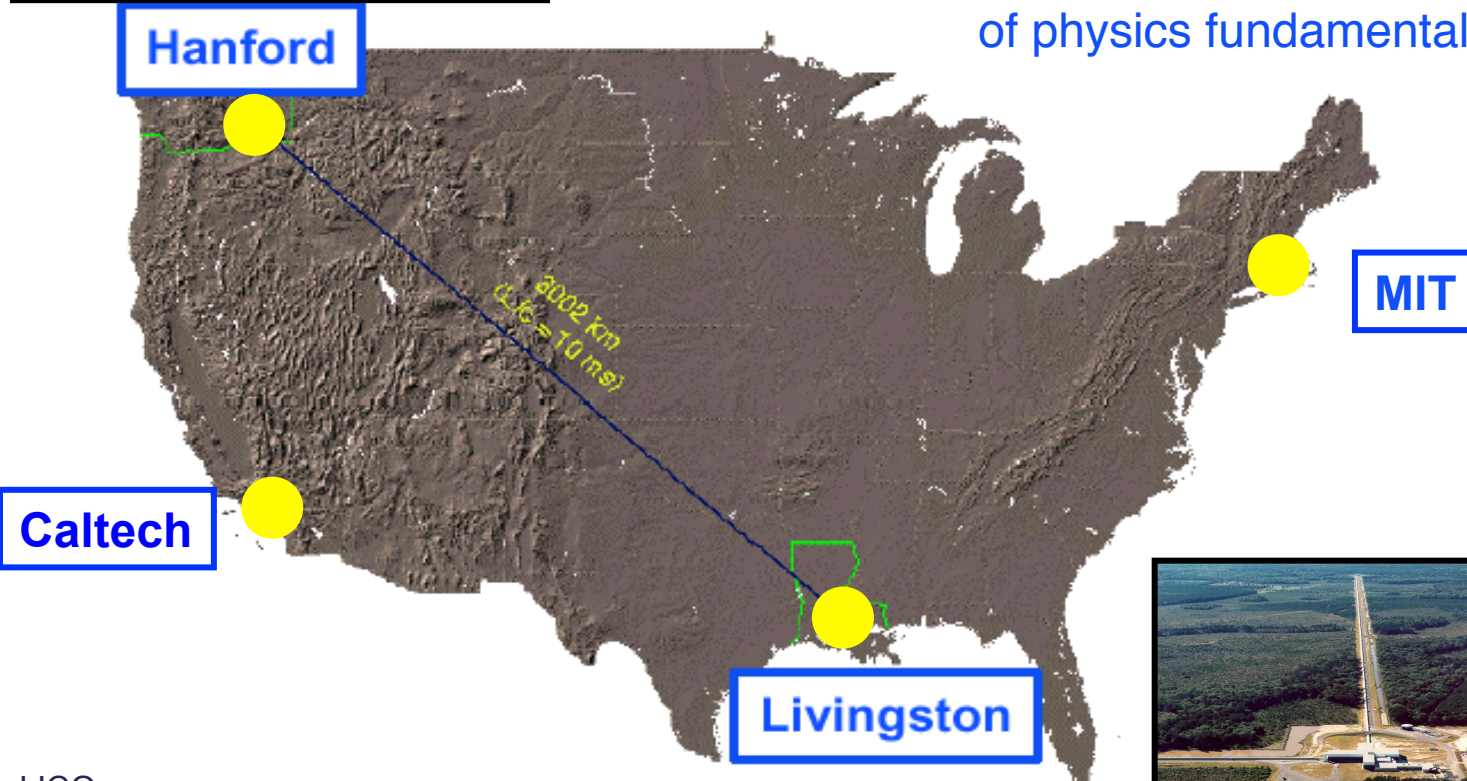
ASPE Topical Meeting
Precision Engineering and Optics
April 24-25, 2017

LIGO Laboratory: two Observatories and Caltech, MIT campuses

- Mission: to develop gravitational-wave detectors, and to operate them as astrophysical observatories
- Jointly managed by Caltech and MIT
- Requires instrument science at the frontiers of physics fundamental limits



Hanford

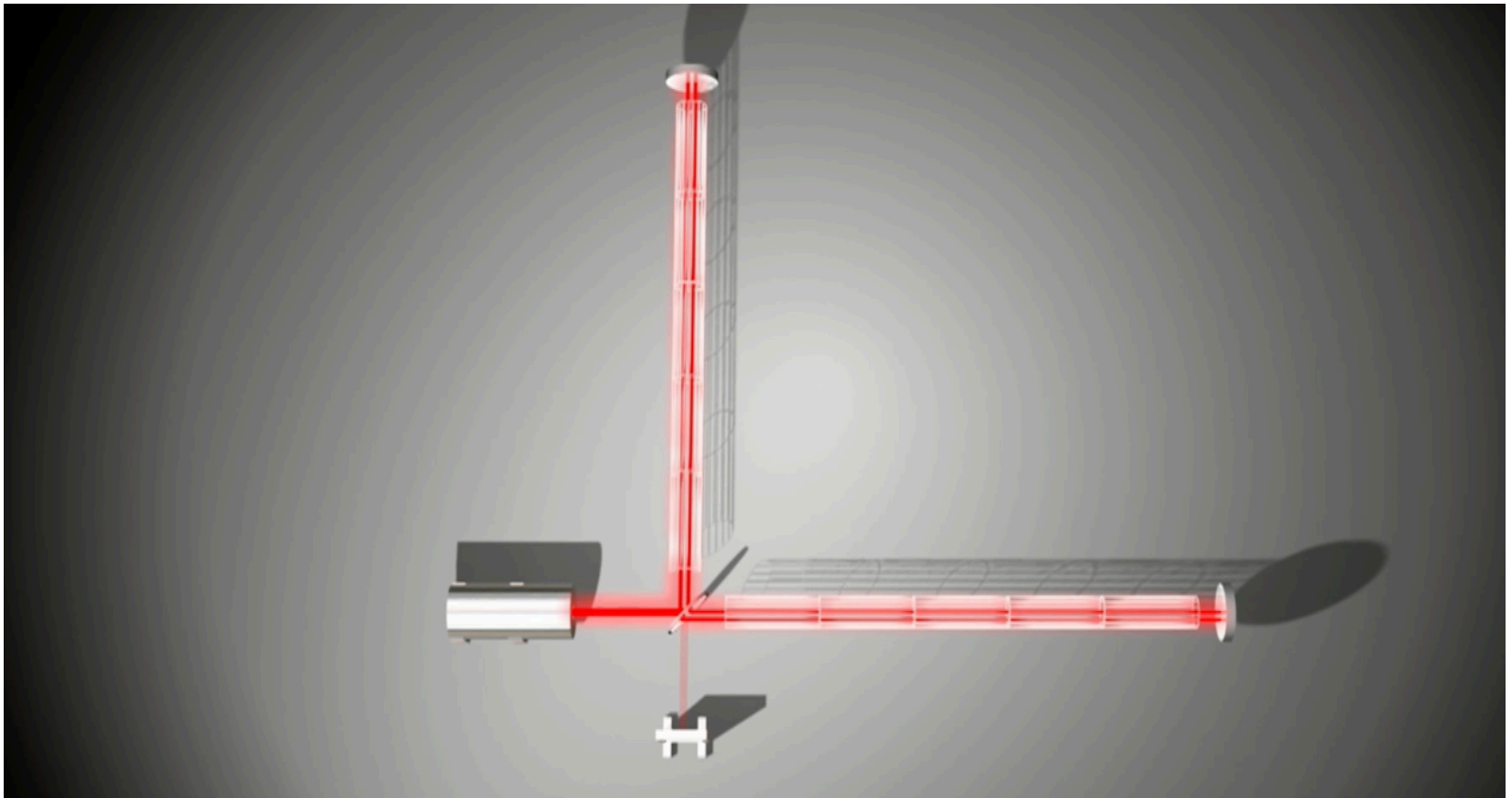


MIT

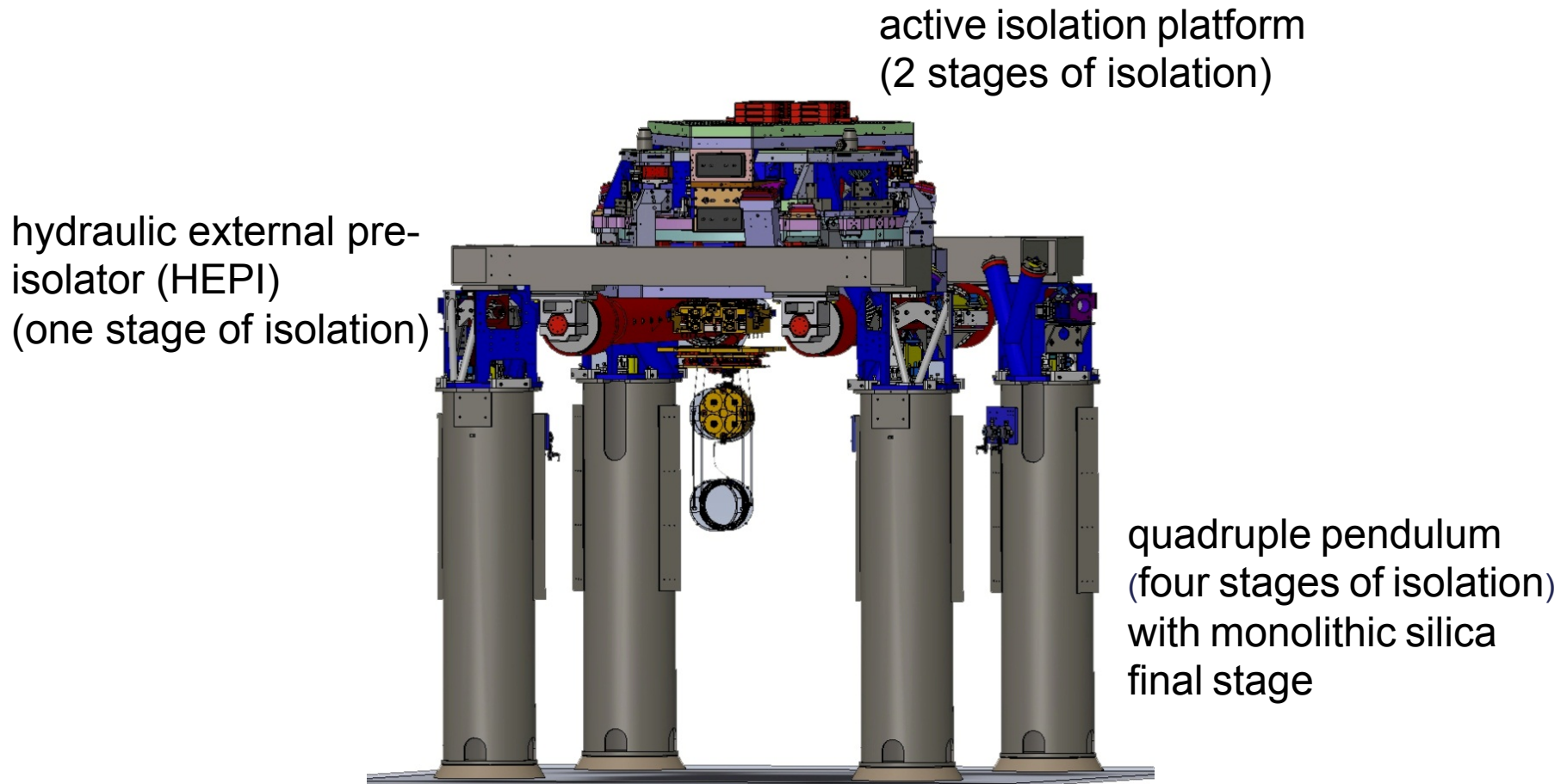


Livingston

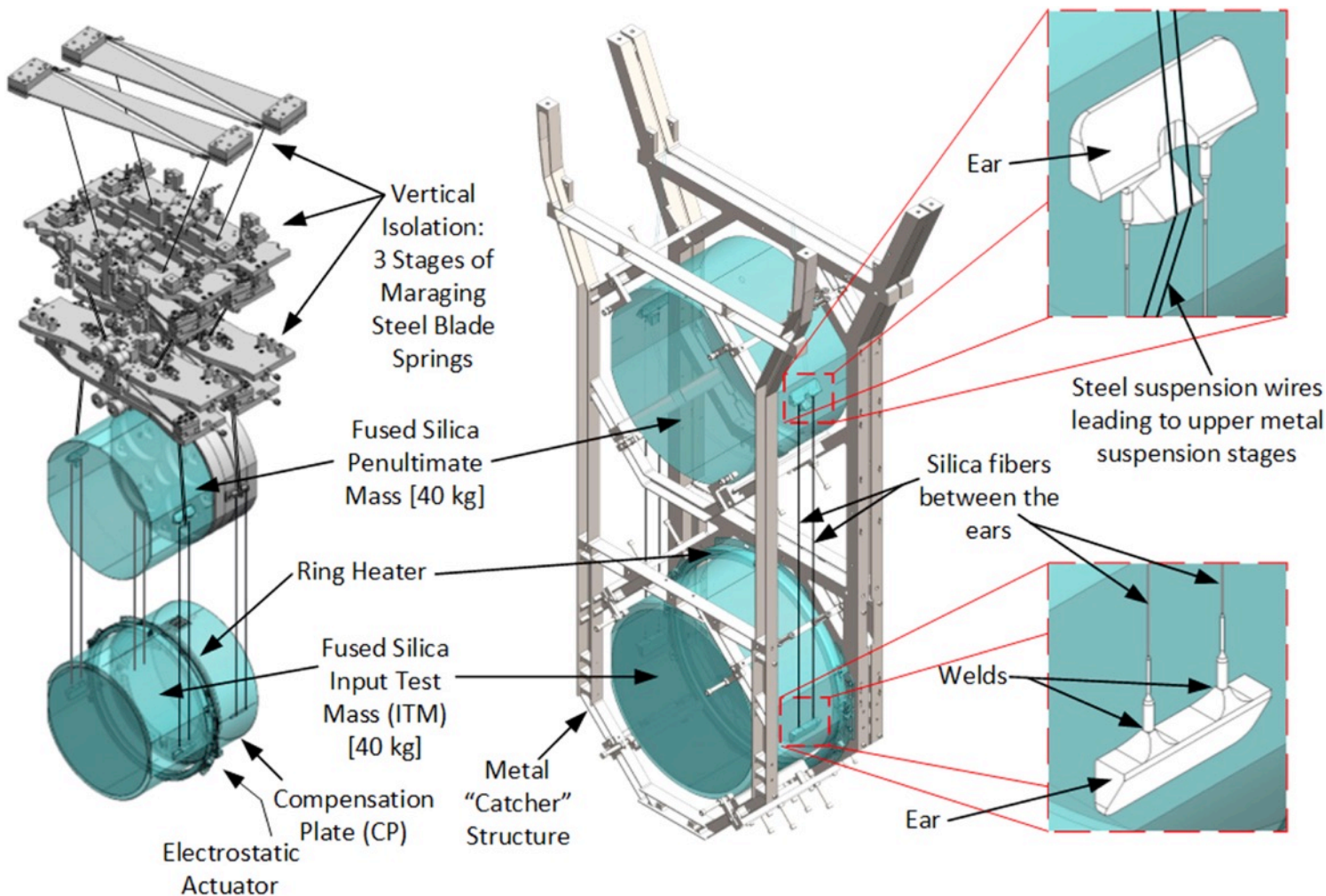
The basic LIGO layout



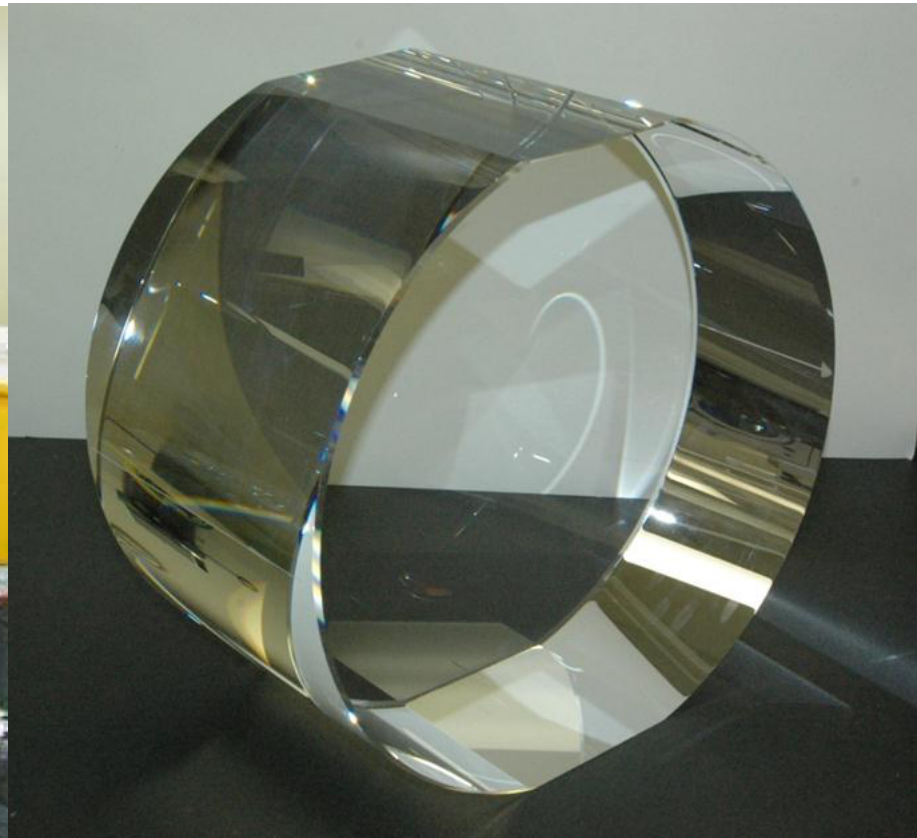
A close approximation of floating



Advanced LIGO Suspensions

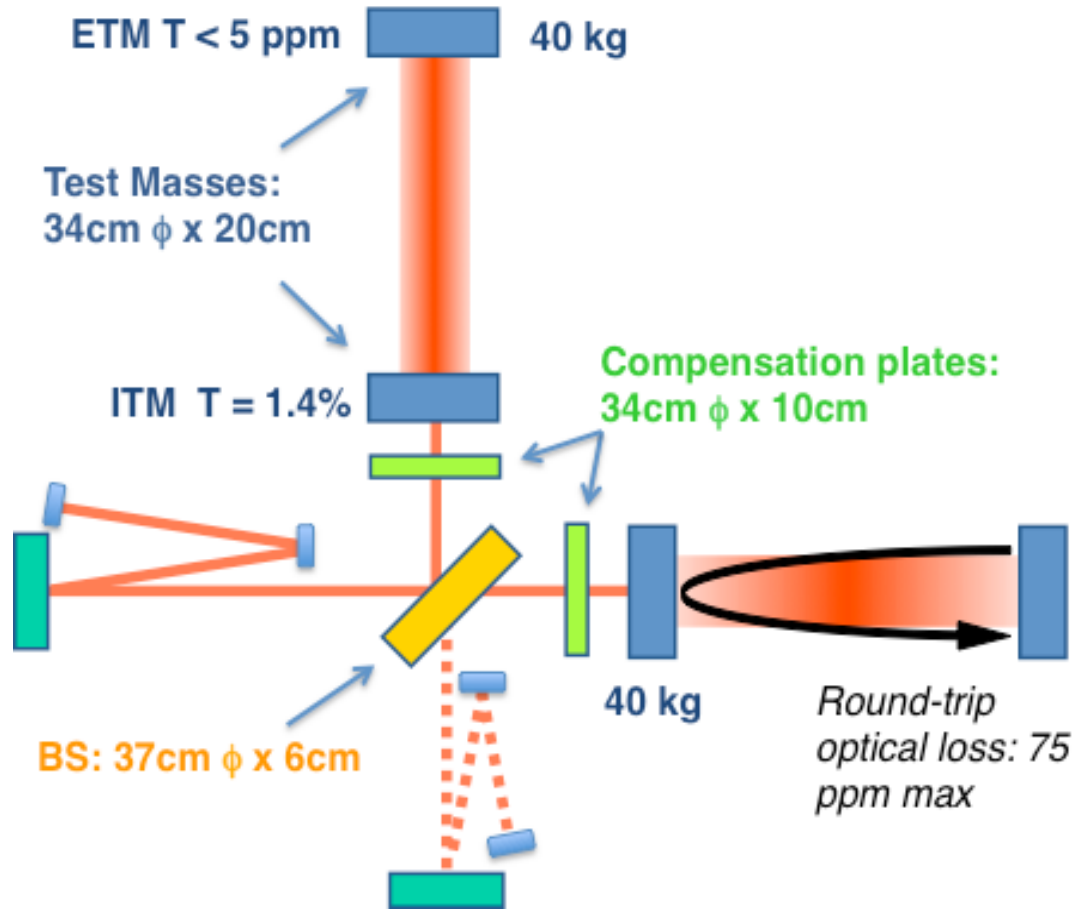


340 mm \varnothing , 200 mm thick 40 Kg Fused Silica



Core Optics

And
Much
More

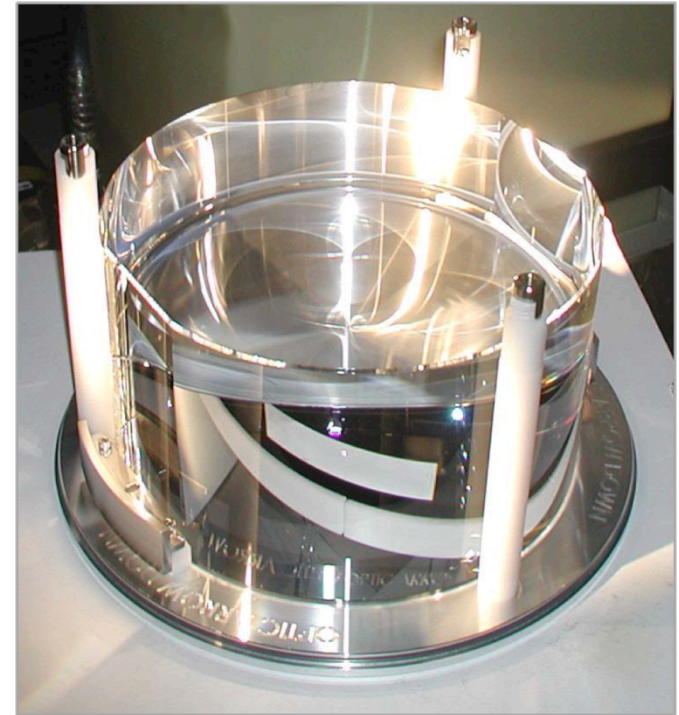


Arm Cavity Loss details: Results are within budget

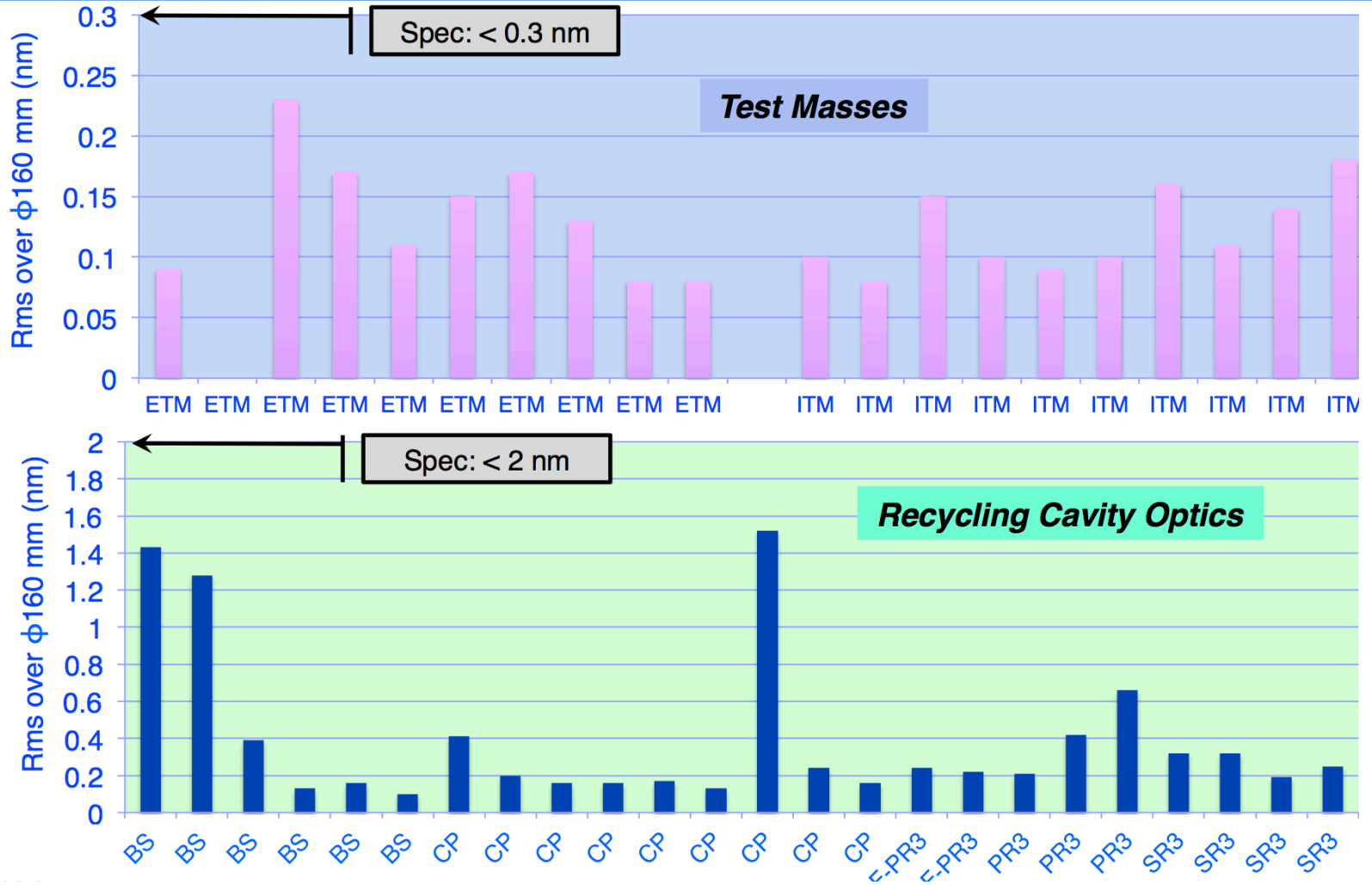
Round Trip Cavity loss 2 surfaces (ppm)	Design Budget (ppm)	Actuals (modeled) based on average of completed pieces in 2013 (ppm)
Microroughness scatter (>1/mm)	8	4.4; 2.2 Per mirror
Defects (Polish, Coating, Contamination)	26	20; 10 per mirror includes polish and coating
Coating Absorption	1	0.6; 0.3 per mirror
Surface Figure Error & Diffraction	24	16.2
ETM Transmission	5	4.2
Total (required < 75 ppm)	64	45.4

Design approach

- Fused silica substrates
 - » Low OH Fused silica used for in-cavity optics:
 - Beam Splitter
 - Compensation Plate
 - Input Test Mass
- Two step polish:
 - » Superpolish: $\sim 1 \text{ \AA}$ microroughness, within 100nm of figure
 - » Ion Beam Figuring: Corrects figure, maintains microroughness
- Ion Beam sputtered coating
 - » Test Masses coated at LMA
 - Lyon France
 - » Recycling Cavity optics coated at CSIRO
 - Lindfield Australia



Figure, as polished Tilt, Power and Astigmatism removed

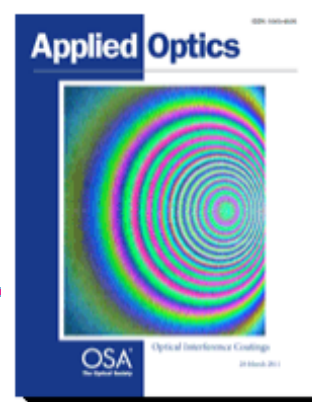


LIGO Figure measurement: Fizeau Interferometer

- Zygo interferometer installed at Caltech, 1064 nm
- 4 magnifications; 1X, 2X, 10X, 20X
- The instrument and environment are quite stable, showing a uniform noise floor of 0.1 to 0.15 nm rms.
 - » Polishing requirement is 0.3 nm rms
 - » Vendor reports some surfaces at 0.08 nm rms
- Good agreement with Polishing vendor measurements

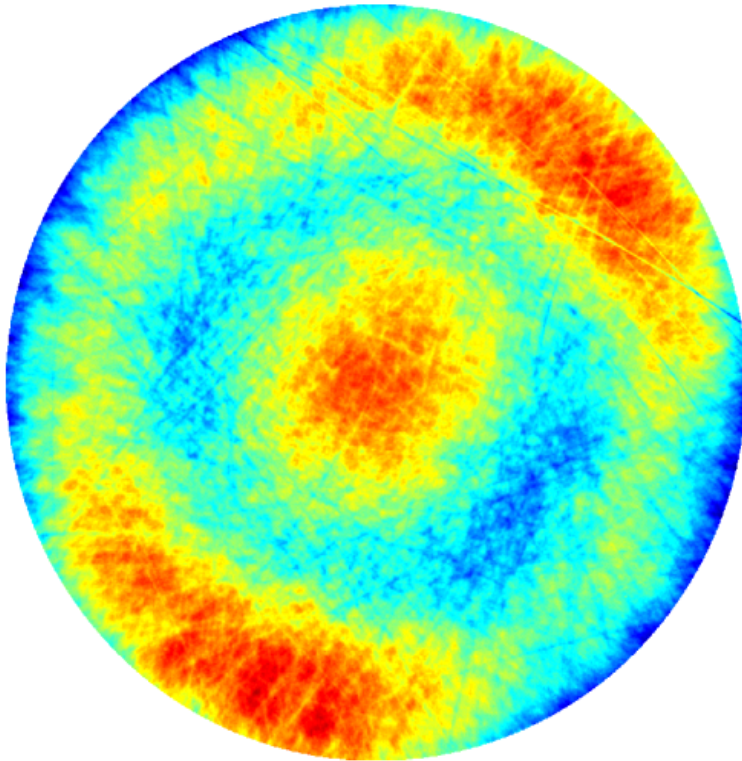


Before and after coating measured on different instruments

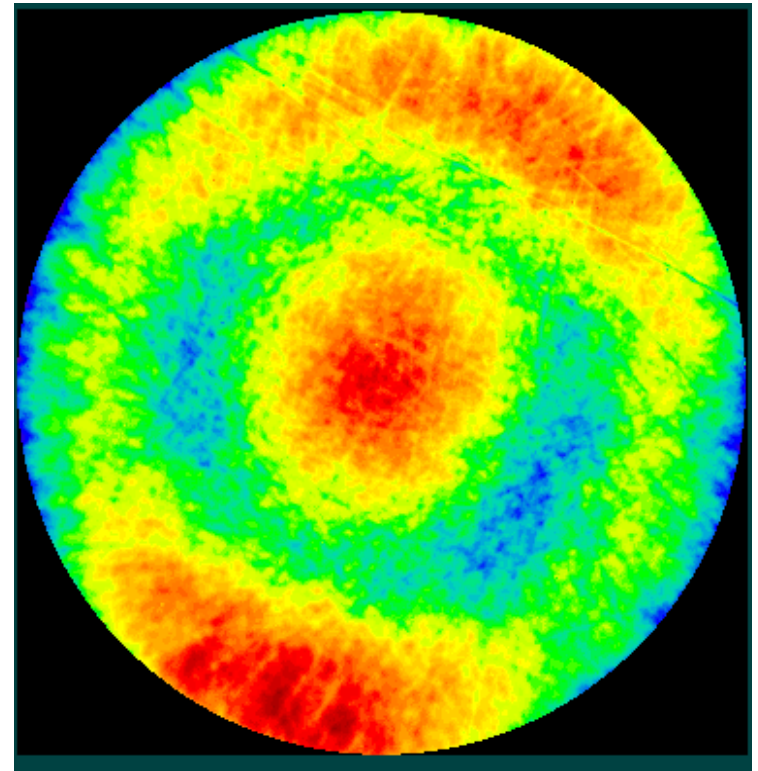


300 mm diameter, same color scale, Power subtracted ($\Delta 3.5\text{nm}$)

Uncoated (Zygo EPO)
11.4 nm PV 1.7 nm rms

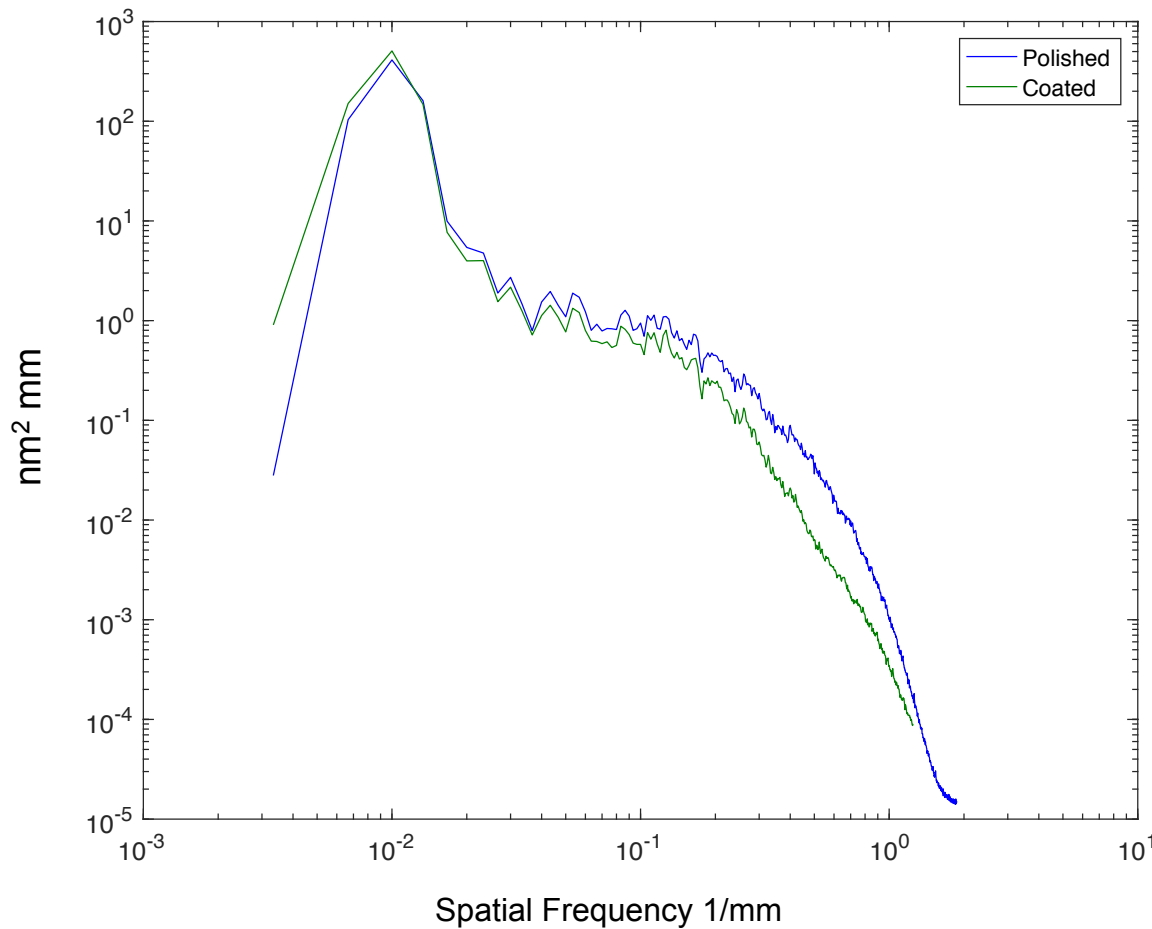


Coated at CSIRO (LIGO)
9.8 nm PV 1.6 nm rms



Mark Gross, Svetlana Dligatch, and Anatoli Chtanov,
"Optimization of coating uniformity in an ion beam sputtering
system using a modified planetary rotation method,"
Appl. Opt. 50, C316-C320 (2011)

Before and after coating measured on different instruments

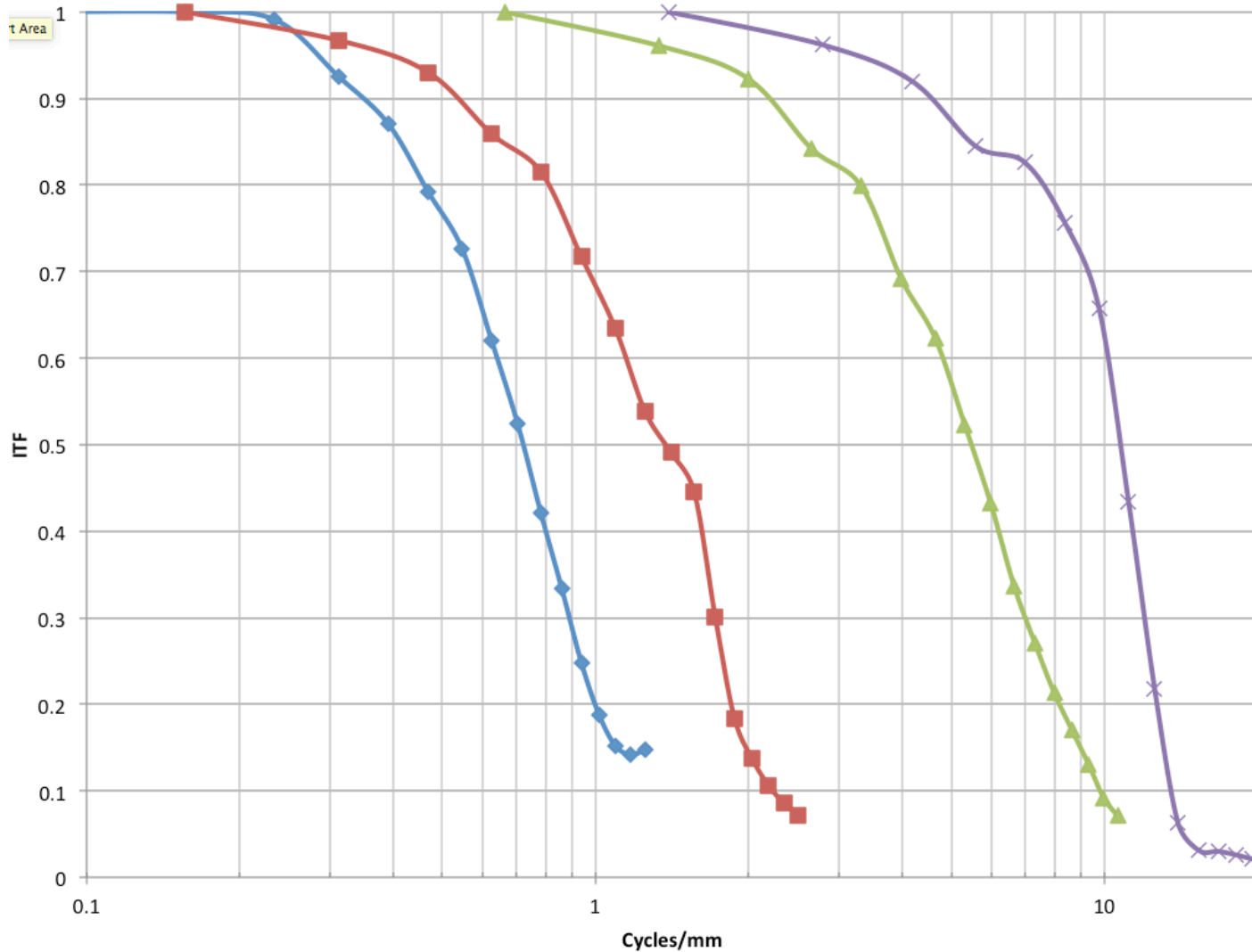


Zygo instrument
 $\lambda = 632 \text{ nm}$
 Res = $267 \mu\text{m}$

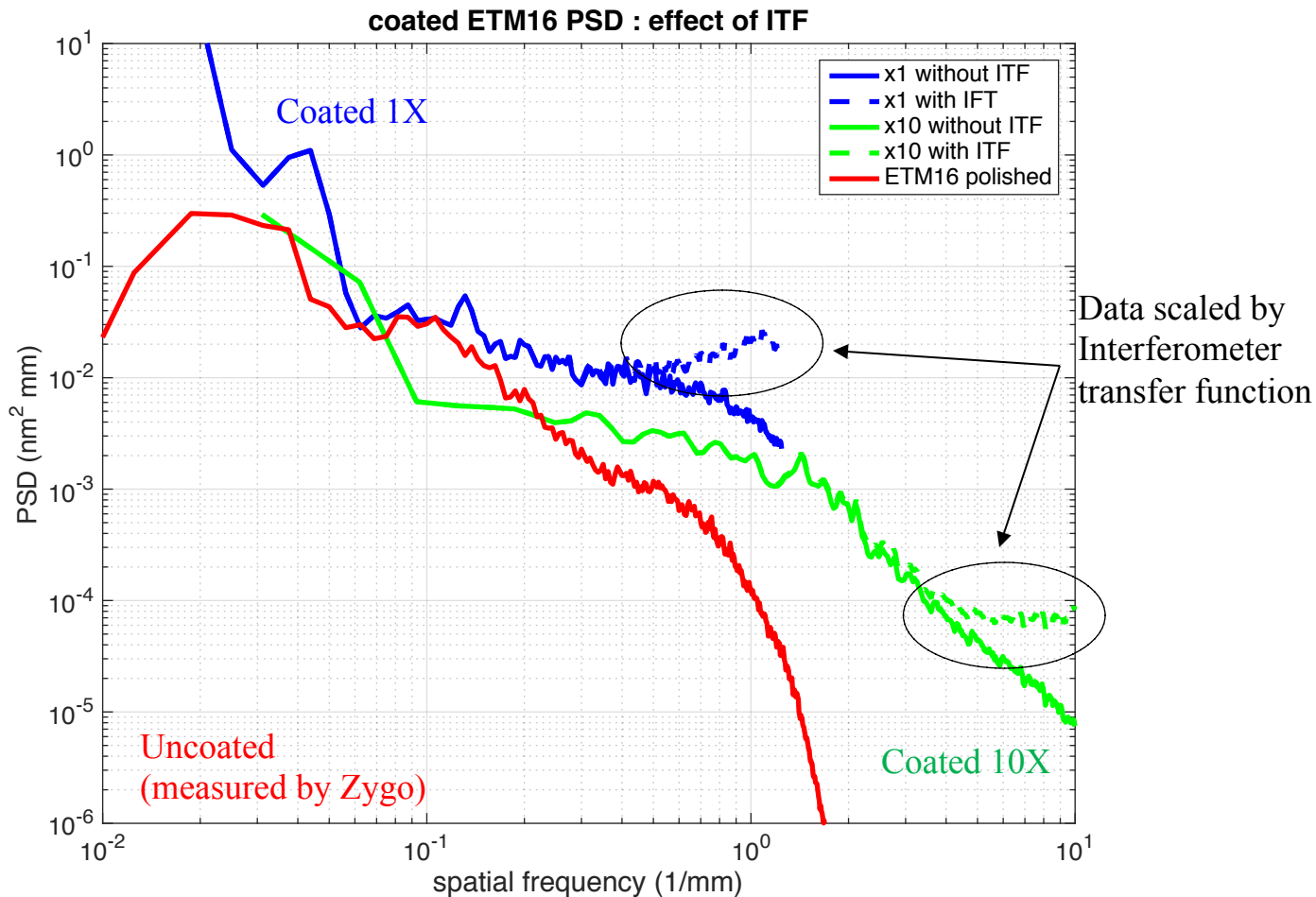
LIGO instrument
 $\lambda = 1064 \text{ nm}$
 Res = $400 \mu\text{m}$

Instrument transfer function

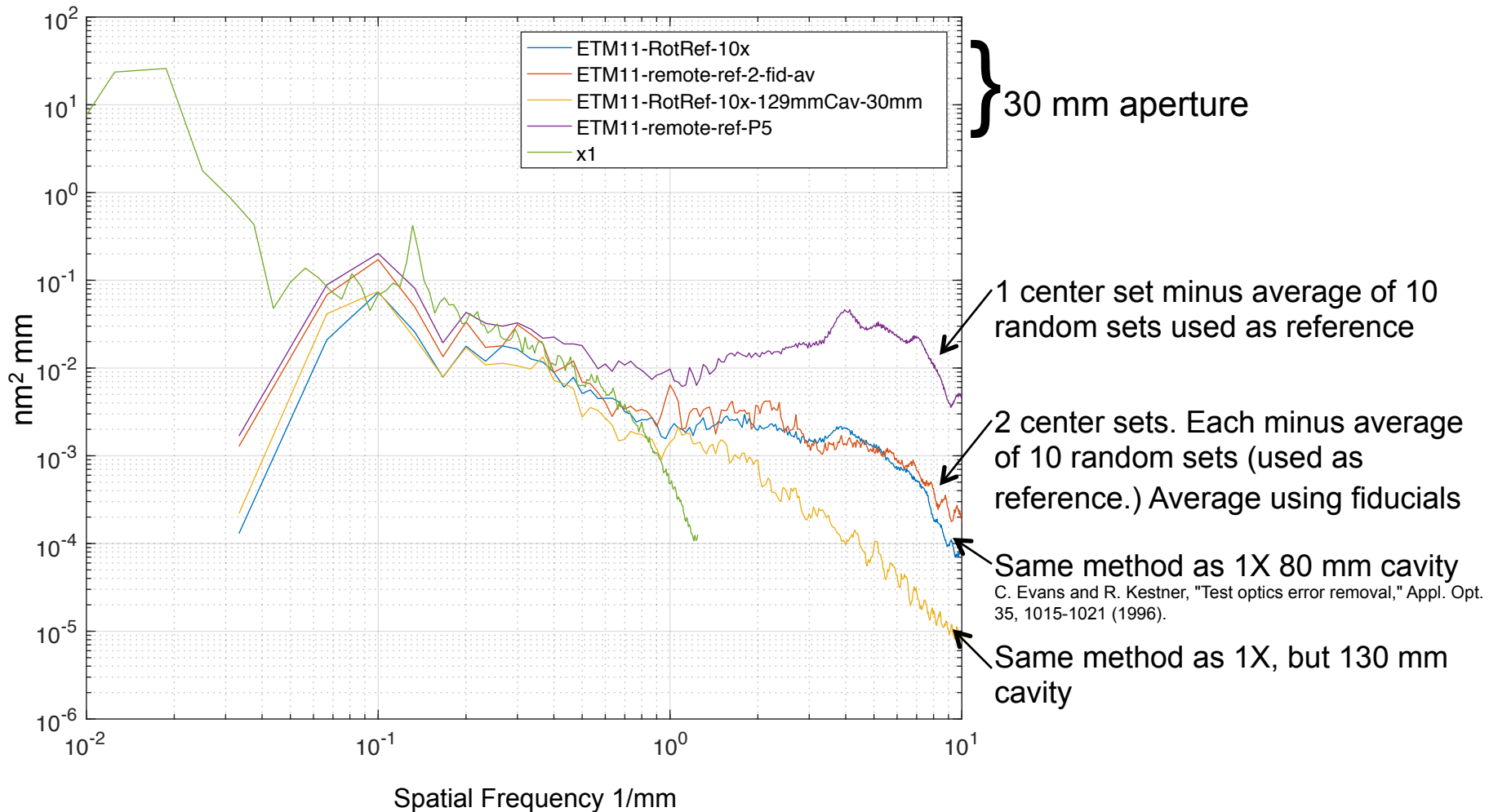
Provided by Zygo Middlefield



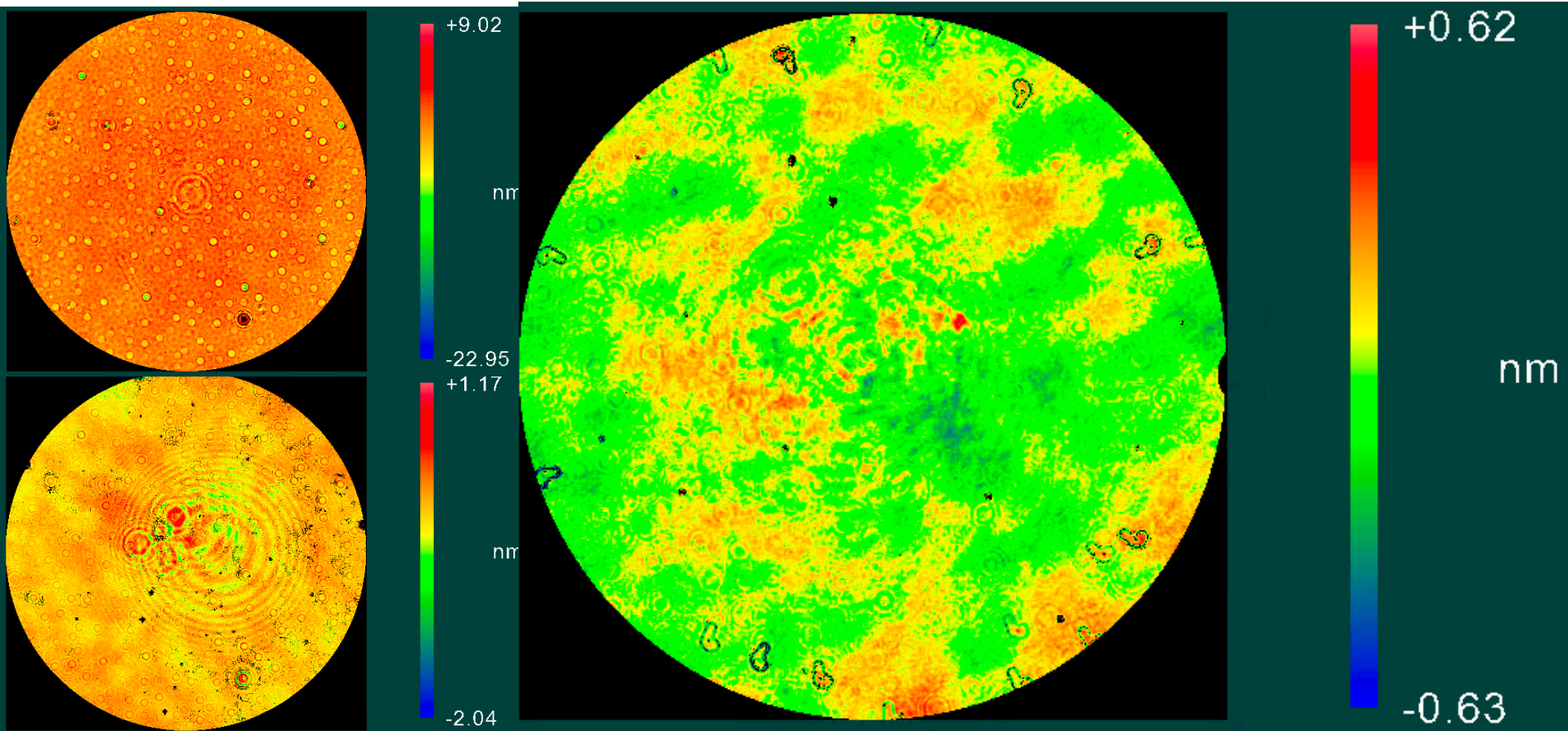
Instrument transfer function Correction?



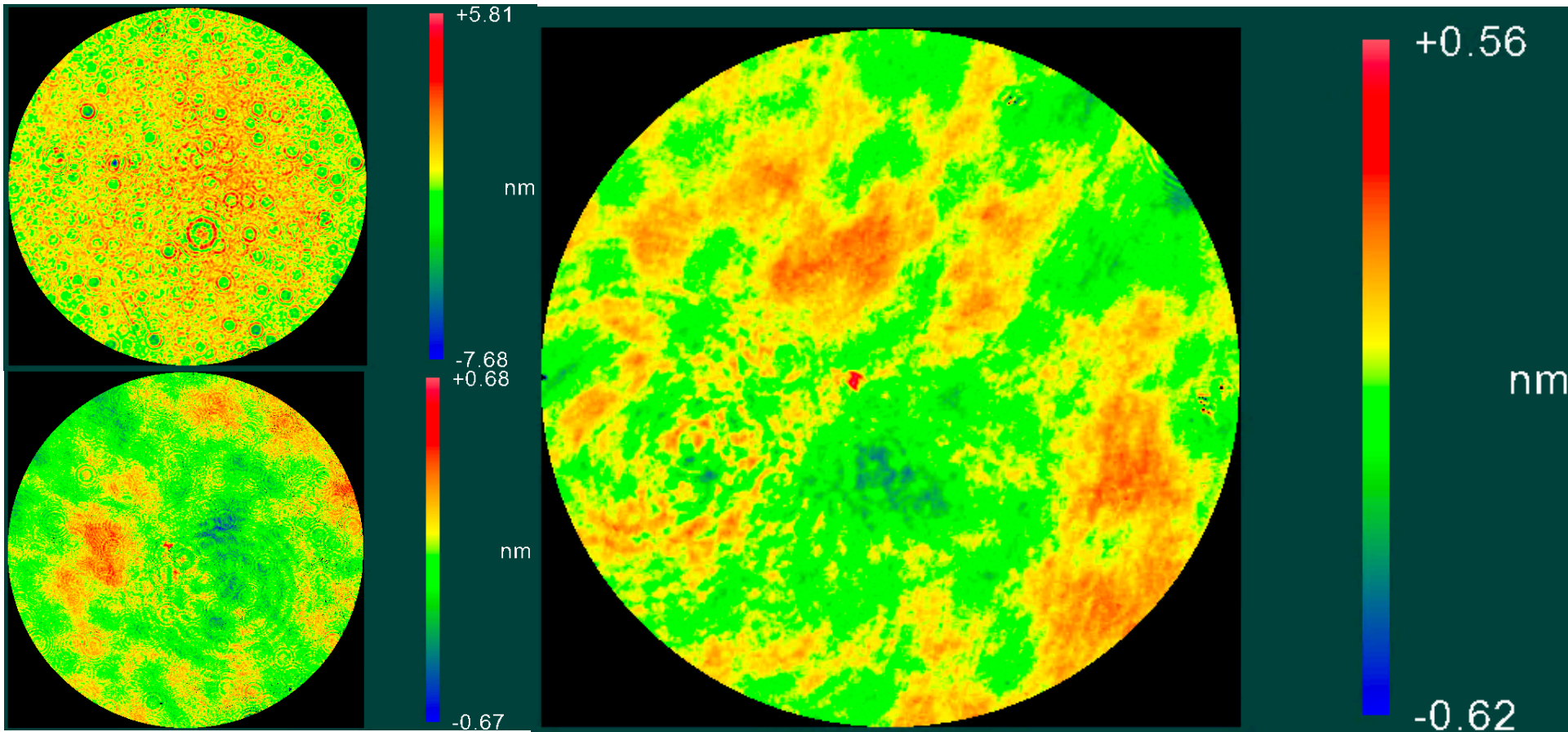
Compare 1x data to 10x using different methods



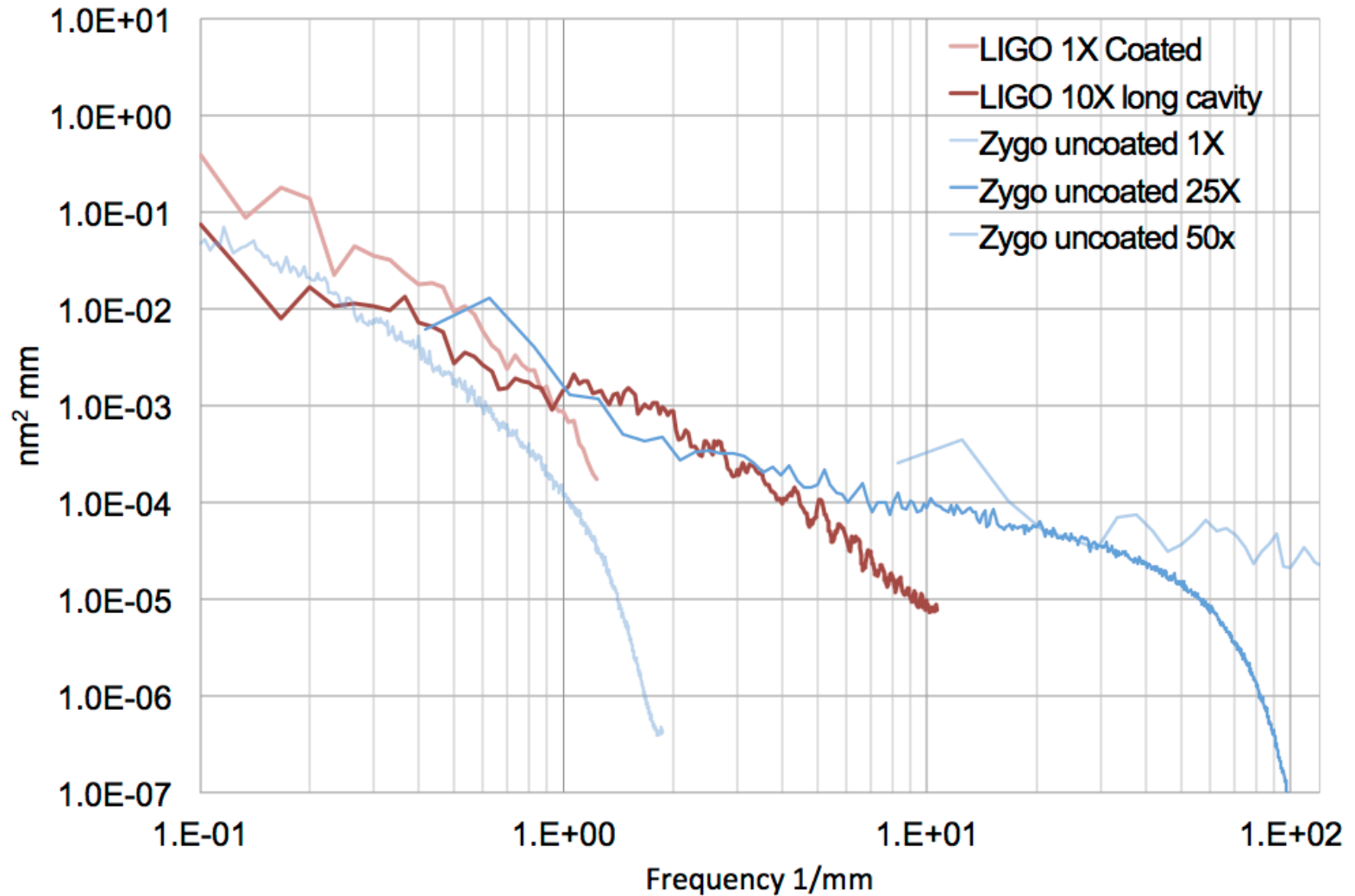
10X taken with a cavity length of 80 mm



10X taken with a cavity length of 130 mm



PSDs of ETM11 Compare Coated and Uncoated



LIGO

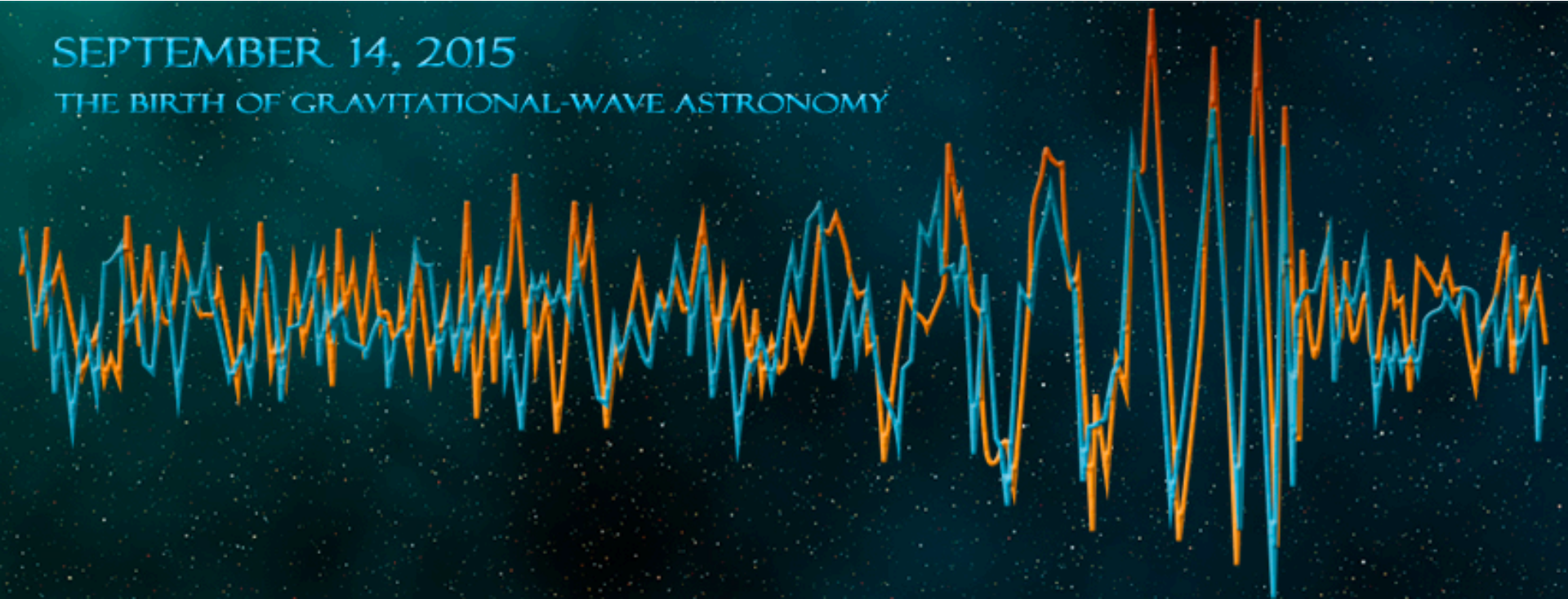
LIGO Scientific Collaboration



Thank you

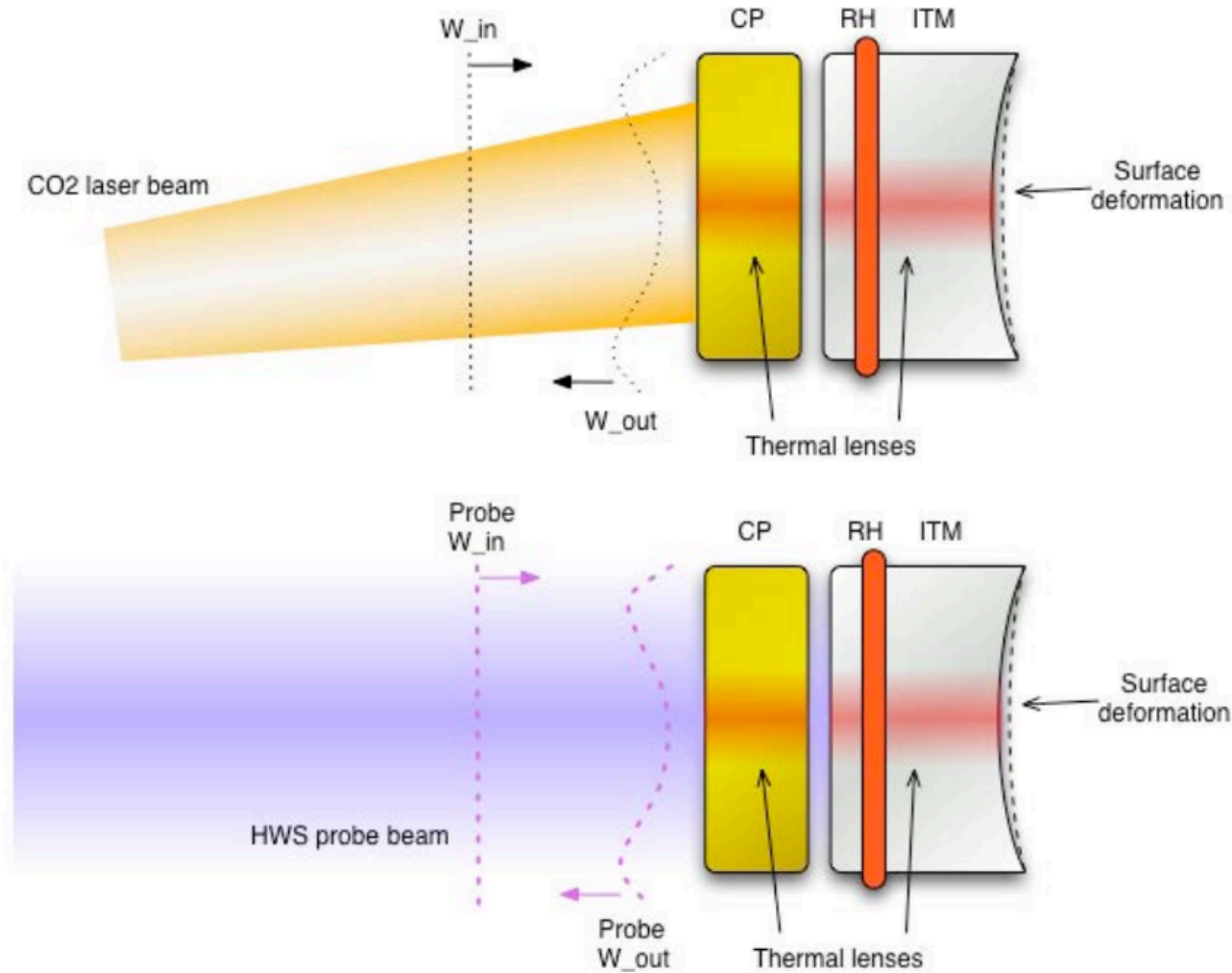
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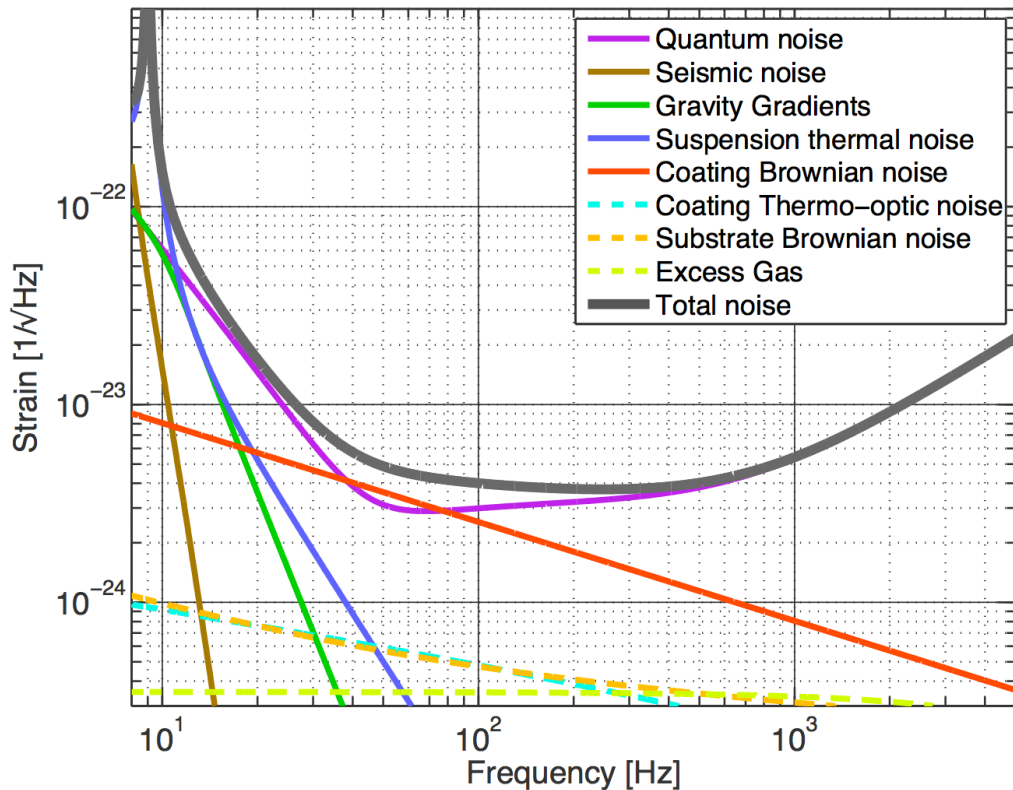
See also
losc.ligo.org dcc.ligo.org

Compensation plate and ITM



Noise summary

Broadband tuning, full input power (125 W)



Limiting noise sources at 40 Hz:

- Quantum noise
 - Shot Noise
 - Radiation Pressure
- Coating Brownian noise