

# Heterogeneous Detector Networks Sky Localization with 3G Detectors

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Heterogeneous Detector Networks



### Issue

- Sky localization is vital
  - EM counter parts (maybe)
  - Full waveform reconstruction
  - Distance determination (z goes into source frame mass)
- Full Sky Coverage
- Advanced detectors:
  - Network with 4-5 detectors of similar sensitivity
  - Sky localization by triangulation
- □ 3G detectors:
  - Network probably much smaller
  - Sky localization by polarization?
  - Heterogeneous network with Advanced detectors?

Heterogeneous Detector Networks

## Basics

#### □ Inverse problem solved: Gürsel, Tinto 1989

- Requires 3 detectors: not collinear, not coplanar (can be collocated)
- > For example: 3 L's randomly on Earth, or 1  $\Delta$  & 1 L, or 2  $\Delta$ 's
- With similar detectors combined SNR matters (detector null fine)
- Sky location by polarization and antenna pattern

#### □ Triangulation:

LIGO

- Need 3 facilities minimum
- Base length matters & high frequency signals give better timing
- Tends to be superior (on Earth approx. factor of 10 in angle)
- SNR of worst detector determines resolution (detector null bad)
- Monte Carlo code combines both methods



# Advanced Detector Network

 $\Omega \propto \frac{1}{SNR^2}$ 

#### Low SNR events dominate in plot!





### **Triangulation Error**



Time Resolution

$$\sigma_t = \frac{g(\rho_1, \rho_2)}{\pi \sigma_f \rho}$$
  
with  $g(\rho_1, \rho_2) = \frac{\rho_1^2 + \rho_2^2}{2\rho_1 \rho_2}$ 

Effective Bandwidth

 $\sigma_{\!f}$ 

Fairhurst

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### Heterogeneous Networks

- 1-2 3G detector facilities + advanced detectors
- □ Cut on high SNR events in 3G detector
- □ Solid angle reduction (SNR 3G/AD ~ 10)
  - ➢ Add one 3G facility: ~2
  - Add two 3G facilities: ~10
  - Three 3G facilities: ~70 (due to reduced bandwidth)
- □ Will allow for distance measurements
- □ Two 3G facilities on their own?



# **Double Trigon Configuration**

Measure both polarization at both observatories
Try to locate 90° apart on Earth
Detector normals:







## **Open Questions**

- How important is accurate sky localization?
- Is the sky localization of the advanced detector network good enough for 3G physics?
  - If not, need more than one 3G facility
- □ How important is full sky coverage?
  - If you can see all binary inspiral events, you can subtract/veto them from the stochastic background!
- □ How many facilities can we afford?
  - > Trade off: 3 L's vs 2  $\Delta$ 's ?
- Need MC code simulations