

# LIGO Laboratory / LIGO Scientific Collaboration

LIGO-E1300591-v3

ADVANCED LIGO

3/19/15

# HAUX L1-IM3 test report

Giacomo Ciani

Distribution of this document: LIGO Science Collaboration

This is an internal working note of the LIGO Project.

California Institute of Technology LIGO Project – MS 18-34 1200 E. California Blvd. Pasadena, CA 91125 Phone (626) 395-2129 Fax (626) 304-9834 E-mail: info@ligo.caltech.edu

LIGO Hanford Observatory P.O. Box 1970 Mail Stop S9-02 Richland WA 99352 Phone 509-372-8106 Fax 509-372-8137 Massachusetts Institute of Technology LIGO Project – NW17-161 175 Albany St Cambridge, MA 02139 Phone (617) 253-4824 Fax (617) 253-7014 E-mail: info@ligo.mit.edu

LIGO Livingston Observatory P.O. Box 940 Livingston, LA 70754 Phone 225-686-3100 Fax 225-686-7189

http://www.ligo.caltech.edu/

# Contents

1	Int	troduction					
	1.1	Suspension data					
	1.2	Applicable Documents					
	1.2	2.1 LIGO Documents					
2	Su	immary of tests					
3	Te	ests results					
	3.1	OSEMs OLV					
	3.2	DC Pointing					
	3.3	OSEMs range and linearity					
	3.3	3.1 Mirror rotation Vs Actuation					
	3.3	3.2 OSEMs readout Vs Displacement					
	3.4	Linear spectra, no ECDs	7				
	3.5	Measured resonances	7				
	3.6	Transfer functions, no ECDs					
	3.6	5.1 Length excitation	9				
	3.6	5.2 Pitch excitation					
	3.6	5.3 Yaw excitation					
	3.7	Linear spectra, with ECDs					
	3.8	Transfer functions, with ECDs					
	3.8	8.1   Length excitation					
	3.8	8.2   Pitch excitation					
	3.8	3.3 Yaw excitation					
	3.9	Quality factors with ECDs					
	3.9	9.1 Bounce					
	3.9	9.2 Trans					
	3.9	P.3 Roll					
	3.10	Structural resonances					

## 1 Introduction

This document summarizes the results of tests conducted to verify L1 HAM Auxiliary suspensions' compliance with requirements, as well as other useful information.

## 1.1 Suspension data

IFO: L1 Suspension name: IM3 Suspension SN: 004 Installed optics: PMMT2-01 UL OSEM SN: 435 LL OSEM SN: 297 UR OSEM SN: 462 LR OSEM SN: 415

https://ics-redux.ligo-la.caltech.edu/JIRA/browse/ASSY-D1000120-003

## **1.2 Applicable Documents**

#### 1.2.1 LIGO Documents

LIGO-T1200469, "HAUX test procedure and acceptance criteria"

## 2 Summary of tests

The following table helps to quickly identify in which condition the results of the tests reported in this document refer to.

Gray cells represent the minimum required condition for final testing. "X" indicates the conditions of the test which results are reported in this document.

	Table		Electronics		Cables		Pressure		Result
	Test	HA M	Test	Final	Test	Final	Air	Vac	
OSEMs OLV		Х		X		X	Х		Passed
DC pointing	Х		Х		Х		Х		Passed
OSEMs calibr.	Х		X		Х		Х		Passed
PSDs, no ECDs	Х		X		Х		Х		Passed
TFs, no ECDs	Х		X		Х		Х		Pending
PSDs, with ECDs		Х		Х		Х	Х		Passed
TFs, with ECDs		Х		X		X	Х		Passed
Q measurements									Pending
B&K Hammering		Х					Х		Failed (but given a pass with SYS waiver)

## 3 Tests results

## 3.1 OSEMs OLV

These measurements are the one in use as of 03-Jul-2013, based on measurements performed on HAM table with final electronics and cables.

	UL Channel	LL Channel	UR Channel	LR Channel
UL OSEM	27000			
LL OSEM		24700		
UR OSEM			25800	
LR OSEM				26500

Requirements (from <u>T1200469</u>, § 2.2.4):

• >25k optimal, >20K acceptable

## 3.2 DC Pointing

This has been measured and corrected chamber-side in date 22-Jun-2012. See LLO aLog 3600.

*Measured value:*  $0 \sim 0.5$  mrad

Requirements (from T1200469, § 2.1.1):

• Nominal value (0)  $\sim$  1 mrad

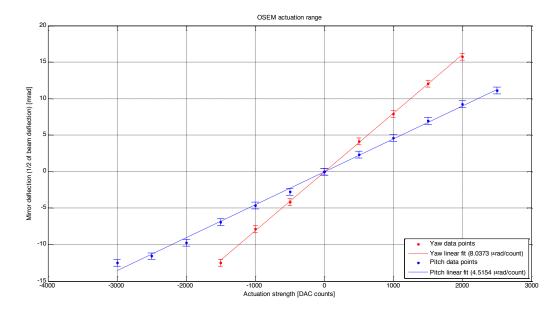
## 3.3 OSEMs range and linearity

These measurements have been taken in April 2012 with a test setup using production-style electronics, although not the one to be installed in aLIGO). See LLO aLog 2962.

Please note: the employed electronics was a preliminary version with different actuation gain from the production units. In addition, during commissioning, proposals have been made to reduce the electronics output gain such that the actuation range of the HAUX would better correspond to what is actually needed (see for example LLO aLog 5213). However, as of the time of writing this document, modifications have not yet been definitively approved or applied to all coil driver boxes and are not considered part of these acceptance tests.

<u>Passed</u>

Passed



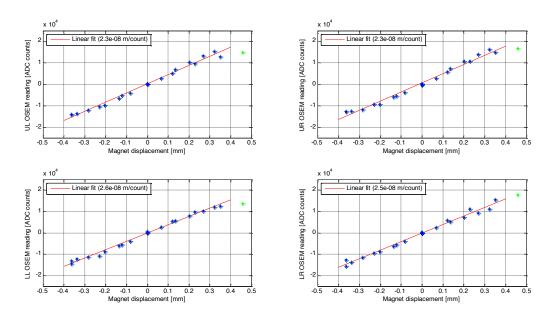
#### 3.3.1 Mirror rotation Vs Actuation

Requirements (from <u>T1200469</u>, § 2.1.1):

• > 10 mrad for full actuation (32000 counts)

<u>Passed</u>

## 3.3.2 OSEMs readout Vs Displacement



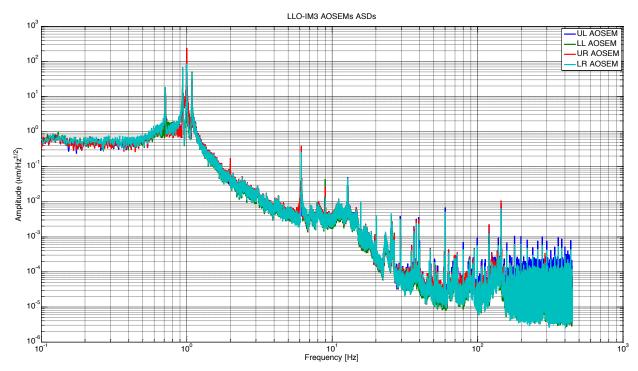
There are no requirements associated with this measurement. It is rather intended to be a sanity check looking for strange (e.g. non linear) behaviors and differences between OSEMs. **Passed** 

#### 3.4 Linear spectra, no ECDs

These measurements have been taken in the LBR in April 2012. See LLO aLog 2962.

Data is stored in the SUS SVN repository:

HAUX/X2/PMMT2/dtt\_data/1017309615\_X2PMMT2\_PSD\_1mHz\_ECDno\_DampNo\_Shadow\_SoftAlCover.xml



There are no requirements associated with this measurement. It is rather intended to be a sanity check looking for strange behaviors and differences between OSEMs. As a reference, high frequency electronic noise is expect to be  $\sim 10^{-4} \,\mu m/Hz^{1/2}$ .

#### 3.5 Measured resonances

These have been measured in the LBR in April 2012. See LLO aLog 2962.

 Yaw:
 0.714 Hz

 Pitch/Length 1:
 0.939 Hz

 Pitch/Length 2:
 1.001 Hz

 Transverse:
 1.089 Hz

 Bounce:
 6.20 Hz

 Roll:
 8.97 Hz

Requirements (from T1200469, § 2.1.1):

- Pitch, Yaw, Length < 10 Hz (mandatory)
- Transverse, Bounce, Roll < 10 Hz (recommended)

<u>Passed</u> Passed

### 3.6 Transfer functions, no ECDs

These measurements have been taken in the LBR in April 2012. See LLO aLog 2962.

Data is stored in the SUS SVN repository:

HAUX/X2/PMMT2/dtt\_data/1017280215\_X2PMMT2\_TFL1e4\_1mHz\_ECDno\_DampNo\_Shadow\_SoftAlCover\_PostP rocess.xml

HAUX/X2/PMMT2/dtt\_data/1017287415\_X2PMMT2\_TFP3e2\_1mHz\_ECDno\_DampNo\_Shadow\_SoftAlCover.xml HAUX/X2/PMMT2/dtt\_data/1017291615\_X2PMMT2\_TFY3e2\_1mHz\_ECDno\_DampNo\_Shadow\_SoftAlCover.xml

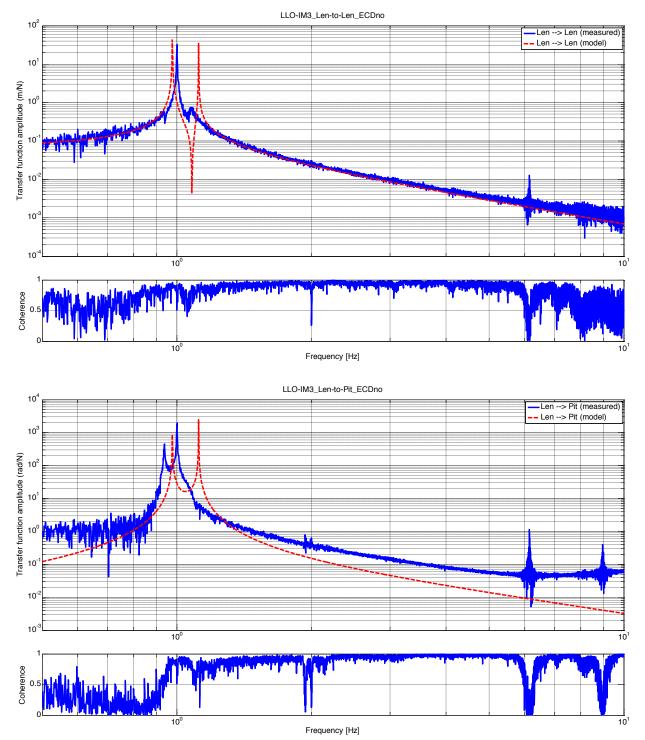
Please note:

- Proper diagonalization of AOSEMs actuation and readout had not been performed at this stage; thus, cross-coupling between different DoF is visible.
- The "model" curve represents the TF obtained from the Mathematica model using nominal values for all parameters.
- We have been unable to properly reconstruct calibration data for the test electronics used at the time. The measured data has thus been scaled to approximately match the model.
- Due to the small weight of the HAUX optics and the need to perform testing in a clean environment under flowing filtered air, many TFs are affected by a comparatively high level of noise.

There is no quantitative requirement associated with this measurement. TFs are expected to be consistent with the model (see, <u>T1200469</u>, § 2.1.5), although close matching of resonances is not necessarily expected.

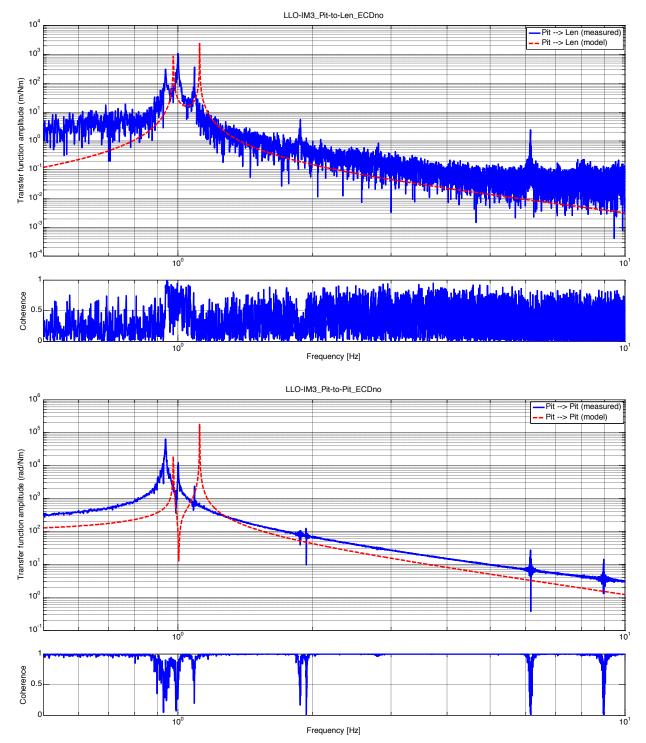
In general, all resonances appear to be lower than predicted by the model. This is common to all HAUX instances and does not pose a problem from a performance point of view. The TFs are considered acceptable as long as they do not show abnormal behaviors that can suggest rubbing or similar problems.

## 3.6.1 Length excitation



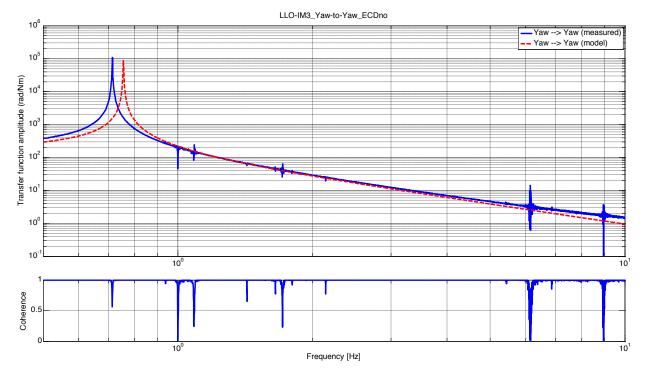
Evidence of rubbing or otherwise abnormal behavior. This is however not evident in the much more recent TFs with ECDs, and might not be a problem. *Pending* 

## 3.6.2 Pitch excitation



Evidence of rubbing or otherwise abnormal behavior. This is however not evident in the much more recent TFs with ECDs, and might not be a problem. *Pending* 

## 3.6.3 Yaw excitation



No abnormal behavior observed.

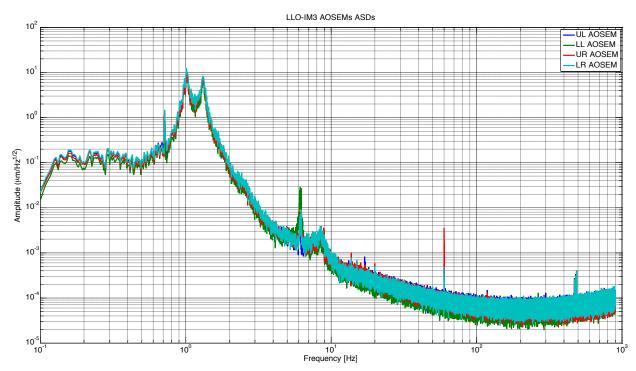
Passed

#### 3.7 Linear spectra, with ECDs

These measurements have been in vacuum in April 2012.

Data is stored in the SUS SVN repository:

HAUX/L1/Common/dtt\_templates/Review/1017309615\_IM3inLBR\_PSD\_1mHz\_noECD\_unDAMPed.txt



There are no requirements associated with this measurement. It is rather intended to be a sanity check looking for strange behaviors and differences between OSEMs. As a reference, high frequency electronic noise is expect to be  $\sim 10^{-4} \,\mu m/Hz^{1/2}$ .

#### 3.8 Transfer functions, with ECDs

These measurements have been taken on the HAM table, with purge air on, in date 26-Jul-2012. See LLO aLog 4011.

Data is stored in the SUS SVN repository:

HAUX/L1/Common/dtt\_templates/1027378807\_IMall\_TF-L\_100000\_10mHz\_ECD\_unDAMPed.xml

HAUX/L1/Common/dtt\_templates/1027383286\_IMall\_TF-Y\_10000\_10mHz\_ECD\_unDAMPed.xml

HAUX/L1/Common/dtt\_templates/1027384091\_IMall\_TF-P\_10000\_10mHz\_ECD\_unDAMPed.xml

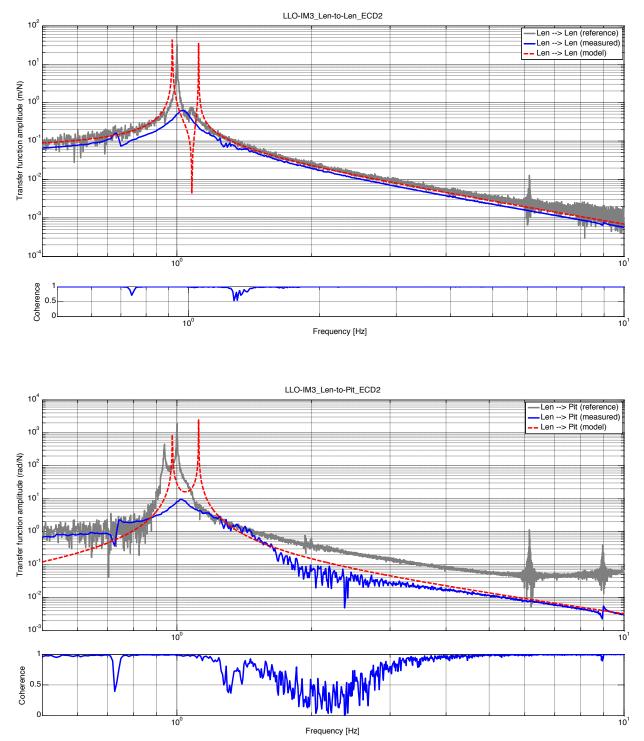
#### These measurements need to be repeated in vacuum when the occasion arises.

Please note:

- Although a preliminary diagonalization of AOSEMs actuation and readout has been performed, it has not been fully optimized and cross-coupling between different DoF can be visible.
- The "reference" curve represents the TF measured with no ECDs; it is the same plotted in section 3.6.
- In principle, we are not interested in any passive damping of yaw, pitch and length, as they can be controlled actively. However, coupling with these DoFs is a known issue of the ECD system designed to damp the other DoFs.

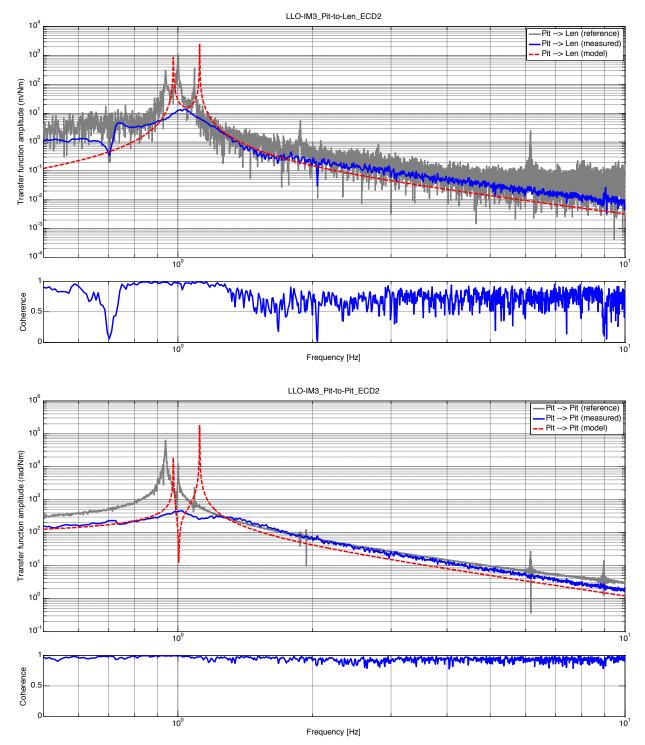
There is no quantitative requirement associated with this measurement, which is mostly intended as a sanity check.

## 3.8.1 Length excitation

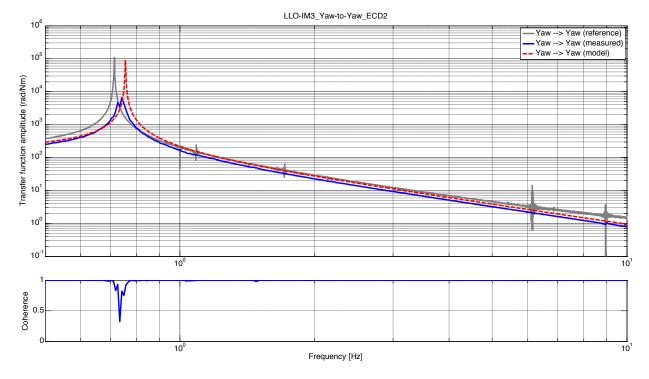


Evident cross-talk with yaw (probably a sensing issue, since coherence is low); otherwise no abnormal behavior observed. <u>Passed</u>

### 3.8.2 Pitch excitation



Evident cross-talk with yaw (probably a sensing issue, since coherence is low); otherwise no abnormal behavior observed. <u>Passed</u>



#### 3.8.3 Yaw excitation

Resonance seems to be somewhat shifted with respect to previous measurements, but it s difficult to exactly tell by how much; we don't anticipate any problem related to this.

Passed

## 3.9 Quality factors with ECDs

Data for these measurements have been taken with different techniques and yielded mixed results. They need to be measured again in a more controlled and uniform way. This can be easily repeated without physically accessing the suspensions, but requires waiting for the right window of opportunity while the IFO is being commissioned.

#### 3.9.1 Bounce

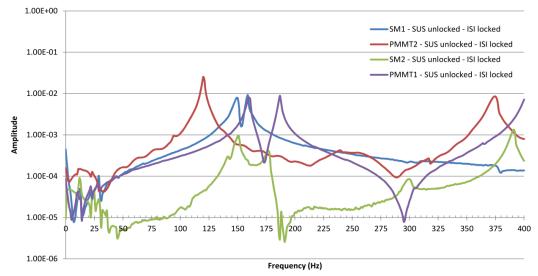
- 3.9.2 Trans
- 3.9.3 Roll

#### 3.10 Structural resonances

Measurements have been taken on the HAM table, in final clamping configuration, on 22-Jul-2012. See LLO aLog <u>3948</u>.

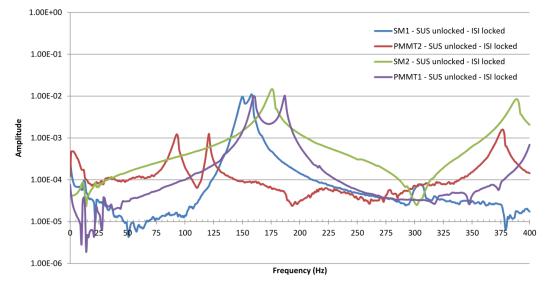
Suspected cause of low resonance peak of PMMT2 due to loose dog clamps. All dog clamps checked and retightened and results repeated (LLO <u>alog: 7349</u>). Problem persists. Left unresolved.

- Later discovered on HTTS (OM3) in HAM6 a similar symptom. Discovered loose structural bolts and tightening these and redoing tests (LLO alogs: <u>8357</u> & <u>8362</u>, comparing red trace to cyan trace) showed the issue has been resolved. Suspect this may be the problem with IM3.
- SYS have granted a waiver on IM3 not meeting the 150Hz requirement due to the assumed low modal mass of this item. An inspection for loose structural bolts should be performed at next available opportunity though.



#### HAM2 HAUX X Data (+Y Impact)

#### HAM2 HAUX X Data (+X Impact)



Requirements (from <u>T1200469</u>, § 2.1.4):

• All resonances >150 Hz

Failed but given a pass with SYS waiver