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- I. Recent investigations
- II. Suggested PEM hardware projects
- **III.Suggested PEM software projects**
- IV. Sensor distribution changes for
 - **aLIGO**
- V. PEM channel names

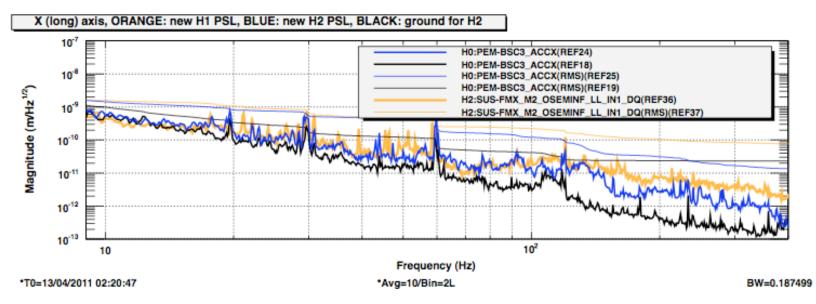
LIGO-G1200282-v1

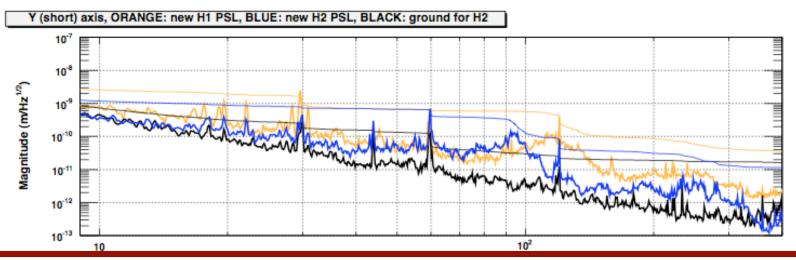




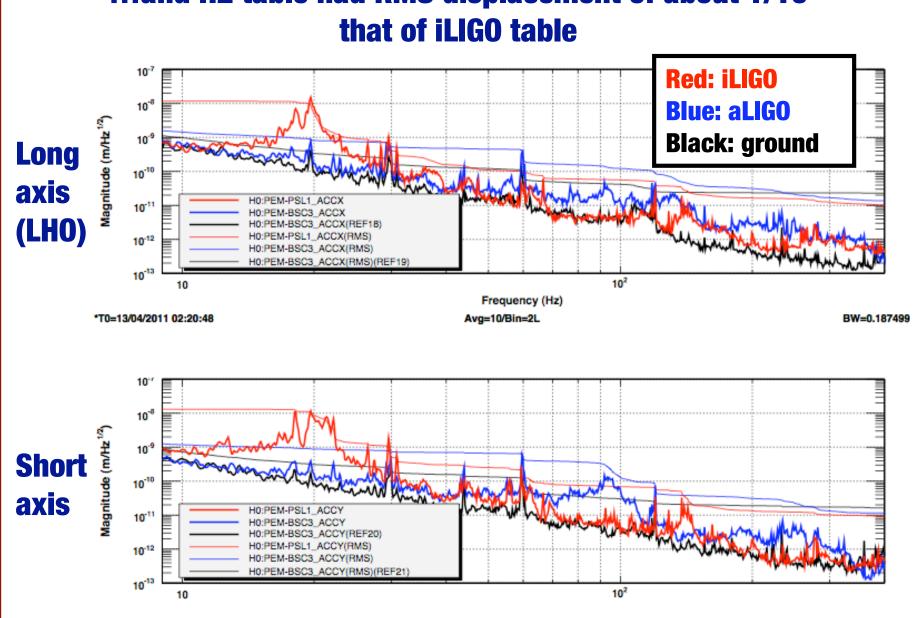


H1 PSL table installation successful: H1 like H2 and...

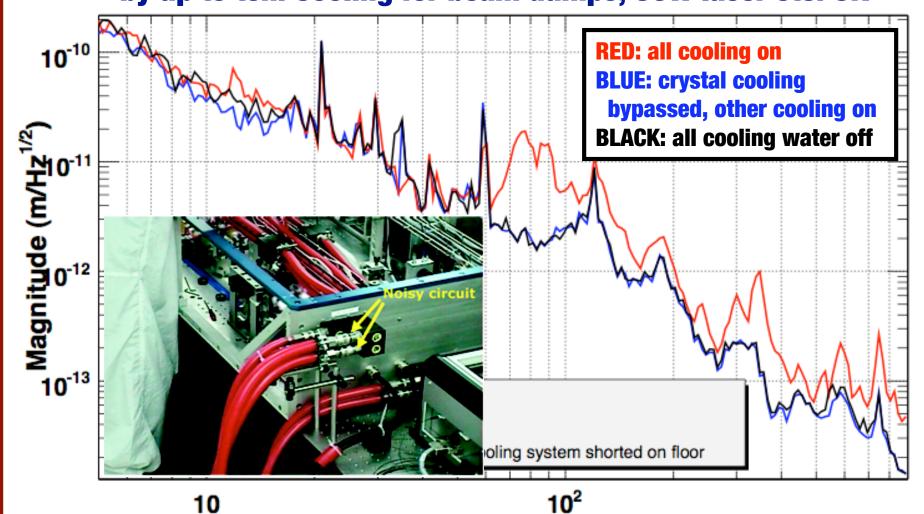




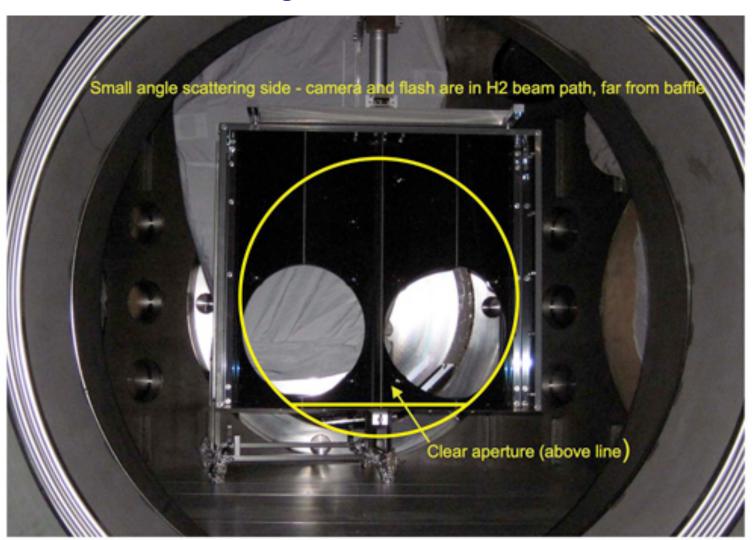
...and H2 table had RMS displacement of about 1/10



PSL amplifier crystal cooling system increases PSL table motion by up to ten. Cooling for beam dumps, 30W laser etc. OK



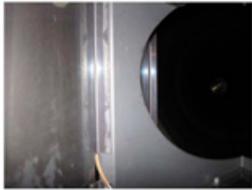
Search for glints associated with ITMX

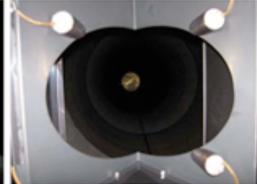


Search for glints associated with ITMX

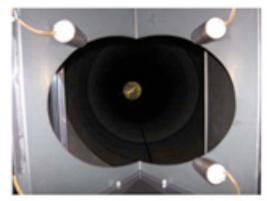
Camera and flash positioned where beam spot would be if test mass were on the left instead of the right side. Shows retro-reflection for wide angle scattering of flash from beam spot position.



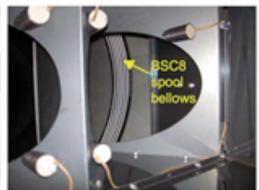




Left side Center







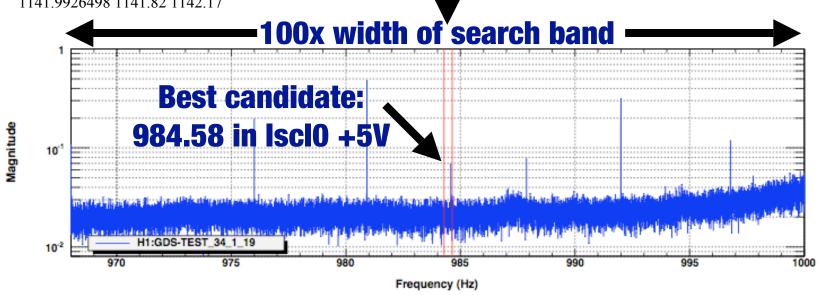
Center Right side

Search for E@H outliers in S5 power supply ripple data and rack magnetometer data

80.8918161866 80.8237 80.9599 96.5810995975 96.5114 96.6508 144.743218107 144.669 144.818 434.098864207 433.995 434.202 677.478827965 677.351 677.607 932.369487035 932.216 932.523 984.442868232 984.284 984.601 1030.16508918 1030 1030.33 1141.9926498 1141.82 1142.17

T0=23/01/2007 09:15:00





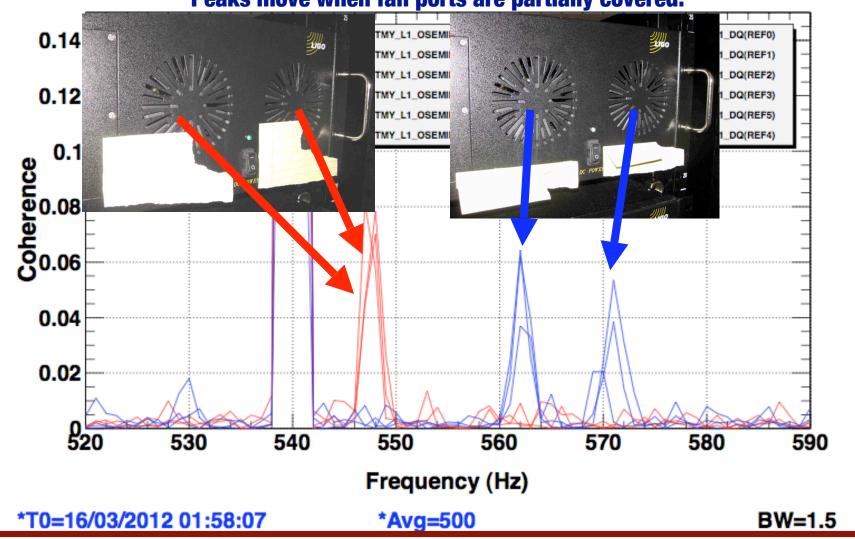
Avg=10

BW=0.00145929

I/O chassis (adc/dac) fans show up in channels

Coherence between magnetometer (signal has fan frequency) and OSEM channel in chasis.

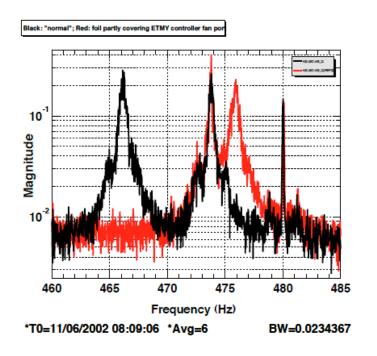
Peaks move when fan ports are partially covered.



Recent investigations Similar situation in \$1!

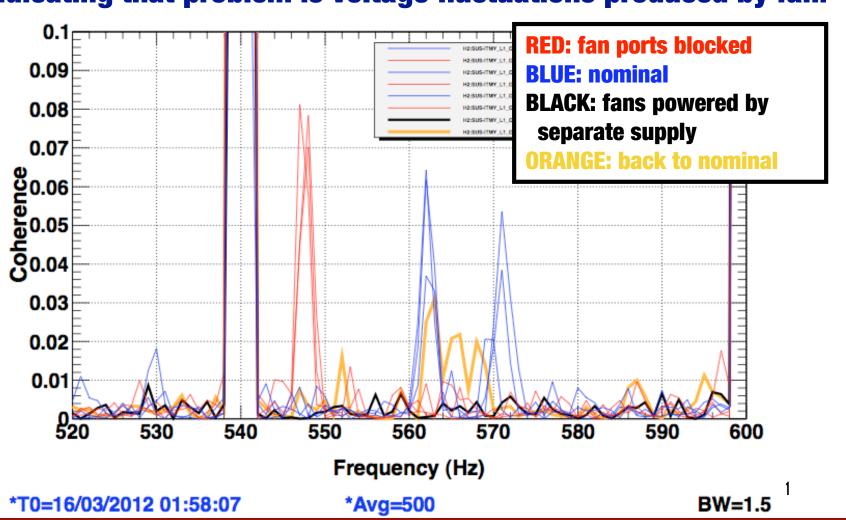
Peaks Movable

by partially covering fan port of test mass controller with foil



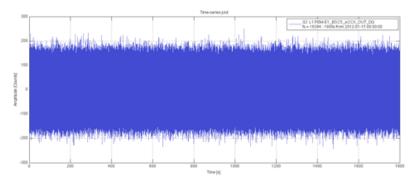
Separate fan power supply removed peaks - fans probably caused power supply ripple

Coherence not evident when fans are run on separate power supply Indicating that problem is voltage fluctuations produced by fan.

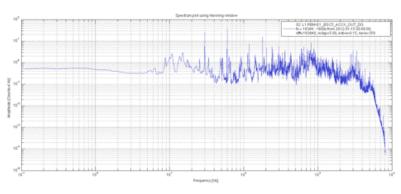


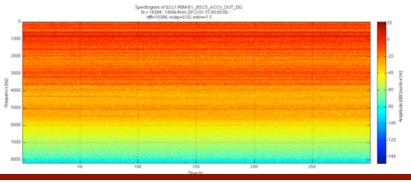
L1: EY Accelerometers

L1:PEM-EY-BSC5_ACCX_OUT_DQ



Channel snapshots, Thomas Abbott (Fullerton)





PEM Hardware Projects

RF

- 1) Power meters for roof radio monitors. Monitor RF in modulation frequency bands (e.g. 9MHz 45MHz) etc. A unit would monitor 6 frequencies at once and output 6 analog signals proportional to the power in the band.
- 2) RF monitors at the main modulation frequencies for inside the LVEA. These would use signals from the RF distribution system as the local oscillators. They would be attached to lamda/2 antennas in the LVEA.
- 3) An RF spectrum monitoring system that sweeps from a few KHz to a couple of GHz. It would monitor the RF environment and output spectrograms using a spectrum analyzer and a laptop. The motivation for this is that coupling can occur at frequencies outside our 100kHz bands (e.g. 10 MHz).
- 4) An audio frequency RF system (1 Hz to 10,000 Hz). Would use a Marconi antenna and audio amp into the DAQ system.

PEM Hardware Projects

Non-RF

- 1) 6 more coil magnetometers. One in each building, would reproduce design of vault coil magnetometers.
- 2) Eotvos infrasound microphones.
- 3) A temporary monitor for electrostatic fields inside the BSCs. Would be connected to a dead-end wire that goes into the BSC.
- 4) Develop mounting system for chamber accelerometers.

PEM Software Projects

- 1) Dead channel monitor (Carleton leads)
- 2) Channel snapshots (Thomas Abbott started)
- 3) Modify DAQ system to produce channels containing the sum in quadrature for all 3-axis sensors. The quadrature channels would each replace 3 single-axis channels in the RDS.
- 4) More sophisticated channel monitor statistical changes. (Started by Carelton, Columbia interest)
- 5) Channel directory entries. Take responsibility for describing channels in channel directory.
- 6) Channel location documentation web page. Enter channel name to light up sensor location on sensor map, also shows photos of sensor in its location.
- 7) Channel calibration documentation (Columbia?)
- 8) Direction to source finder. Uses propagation delays to point in source direction.

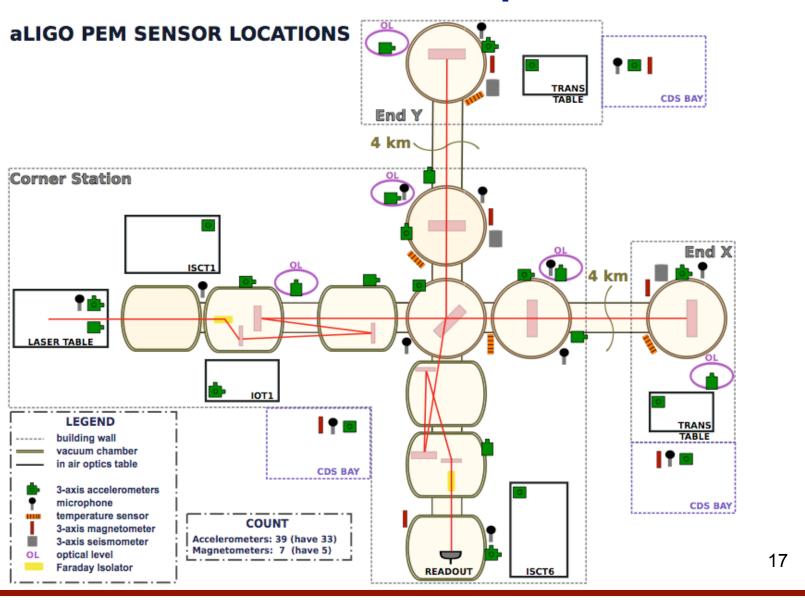
PEM Software Projects

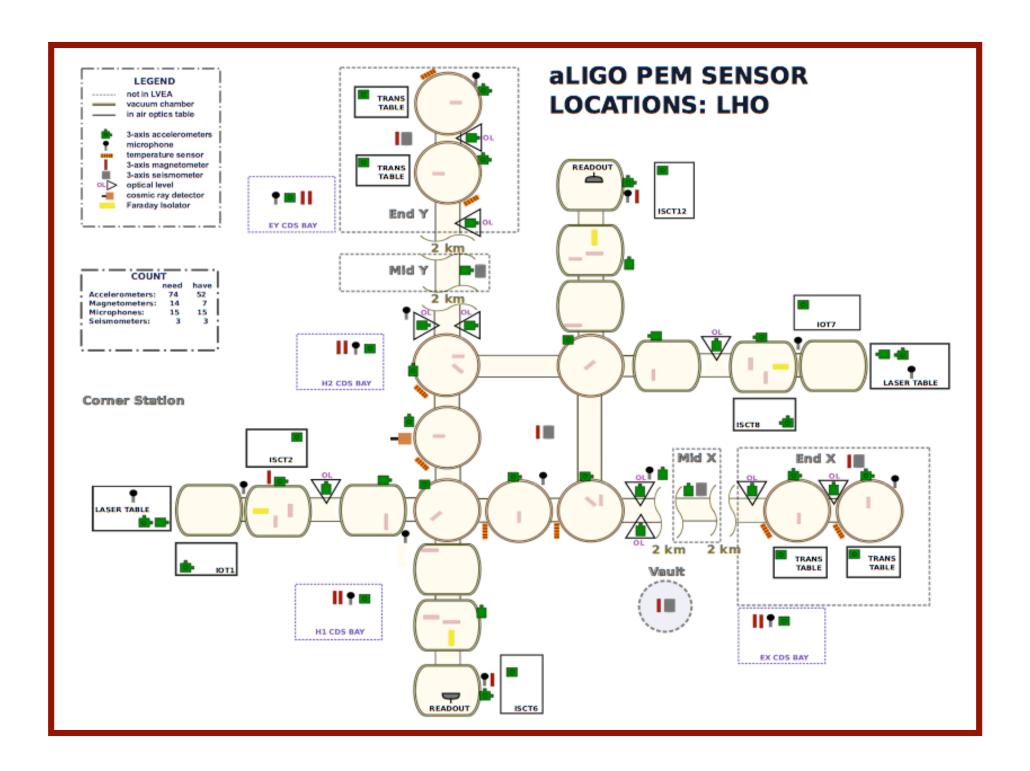
With emphasis on stochastic and CW searches

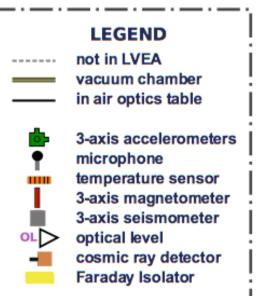
- 9) Search for pulsars in selected auxiliary channels with modified all-sky and/or specific pulsar search code.
- 10) Modify stochastic code to search for signal between aux Channels. Compare empty channels between sites, coil magnetometer channels, and other aux channels.
- 11) Add significance FOM to Carleton DARM-aux coherence line monitor.
- 12) Modify coherence code to look between auxiliary channels instead of just DARM-aux.
- **13) 1Hz (and other) comb monitor.** Searches for combs in DARM and auxiliary channels and monitors f-dependent amplitude.

PEM Sensor Maps

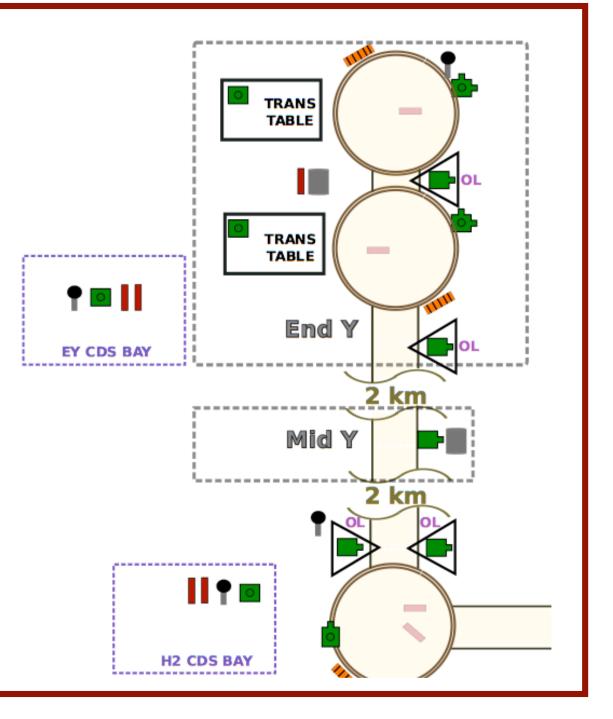
Anamaria's LLO map

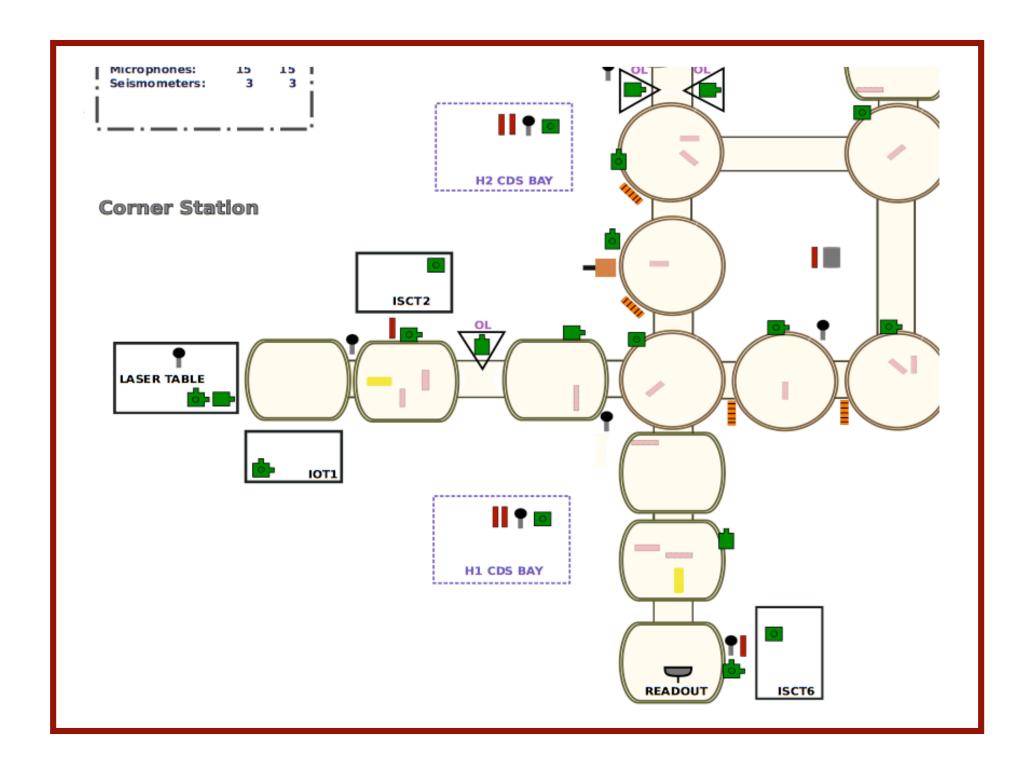






COUNT		
	need	have I
Accelerometers:	74	52 "
Magnetometers:	14	7
Microphones:	15	15
Seismometers:	3	3 •
		.—.





PEM changes

- 1) Electronics rack magnetometers
- 2) Only 1-axis accelerometer on optical tables that are beamfree during science mode, 3-axis on others
- 3) Accelerometers directly on chamber walls, not on support tube plates
- 4) Accelerometers on floor of electronics bays
- 5) Mid-station accelerometers for scattering, seismometers for propagation studies
- 6) Optical lever accelerometers

PEM Channel Names

Up to 55 characters. My favorite:

1) System:subsystem-location_(sublocation_)(explanation_)sensor

H1:PEM-EY_BSC9_ETMX_ACCX H1:PEM-LVEA_ISCT1_REFL_ACCZ

H1:PEM-LVEA_ROOF_RADIO1 H1:PEM-EX_ETMXOPLEV_ACCX

H1:PEM-EX_SEISX H1:PEM-LVEA_HAM2_PR3_ACCX

Alternatives:

2) No chamber names, Anamaria's favorite:

H1:PEM-EY_ETMX_ACCX

H1:PEM-LVEA PR3 ACCX

4) Original

H1:PEM-BSC9 ACCX

H1:PEM-CS_radio1

3) All names 6 parts, none optional

H1:PEM-EX VEA GURALP SEISX

H1:PEM-LVEA ROOF 44.9MHz45.1MHz RADIO1

H1:PEM-EX ETMXOPLEV PD ACCY

5) Combinations or

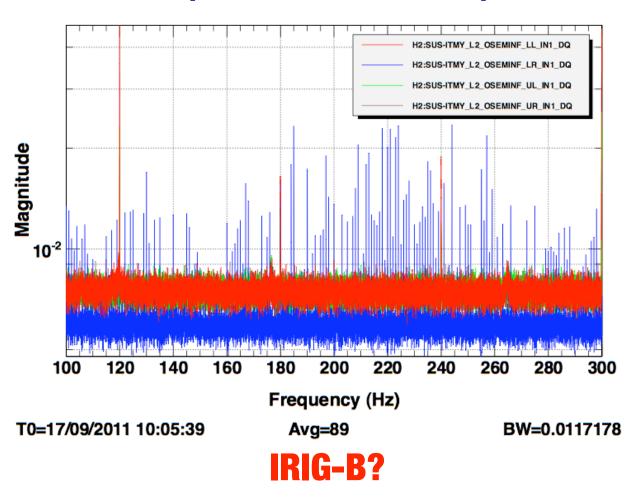
Problems:

No H0: only H1: or H2:

Multiple important objects H1:PEM-LVEA_HAM2_PR3_ACCX or _HAM2_MC1_ACCX₂₂

The first of many future puzzles

Strong 1 Hz comb appearing in only 1 of several close channels (1 ITMY OSEM channel)



PEM: other possibilities

- 1. In-chamber magnetometers
- 2. High-frequency magnetometers and microphones
- 3. Low frequency accelerometers
- 4. Develop mounting system for chamber accelerometers.
- 5. RF coupling at end stations?
- 6. Do we need static electric field sensors? What kind?

ITMY fiber break after 50 minutes of rogue shaking:

Large amplitude ~14 Hz (possibly roll mode) just before break. This large of amplitude not see in 300s examined before break.

