

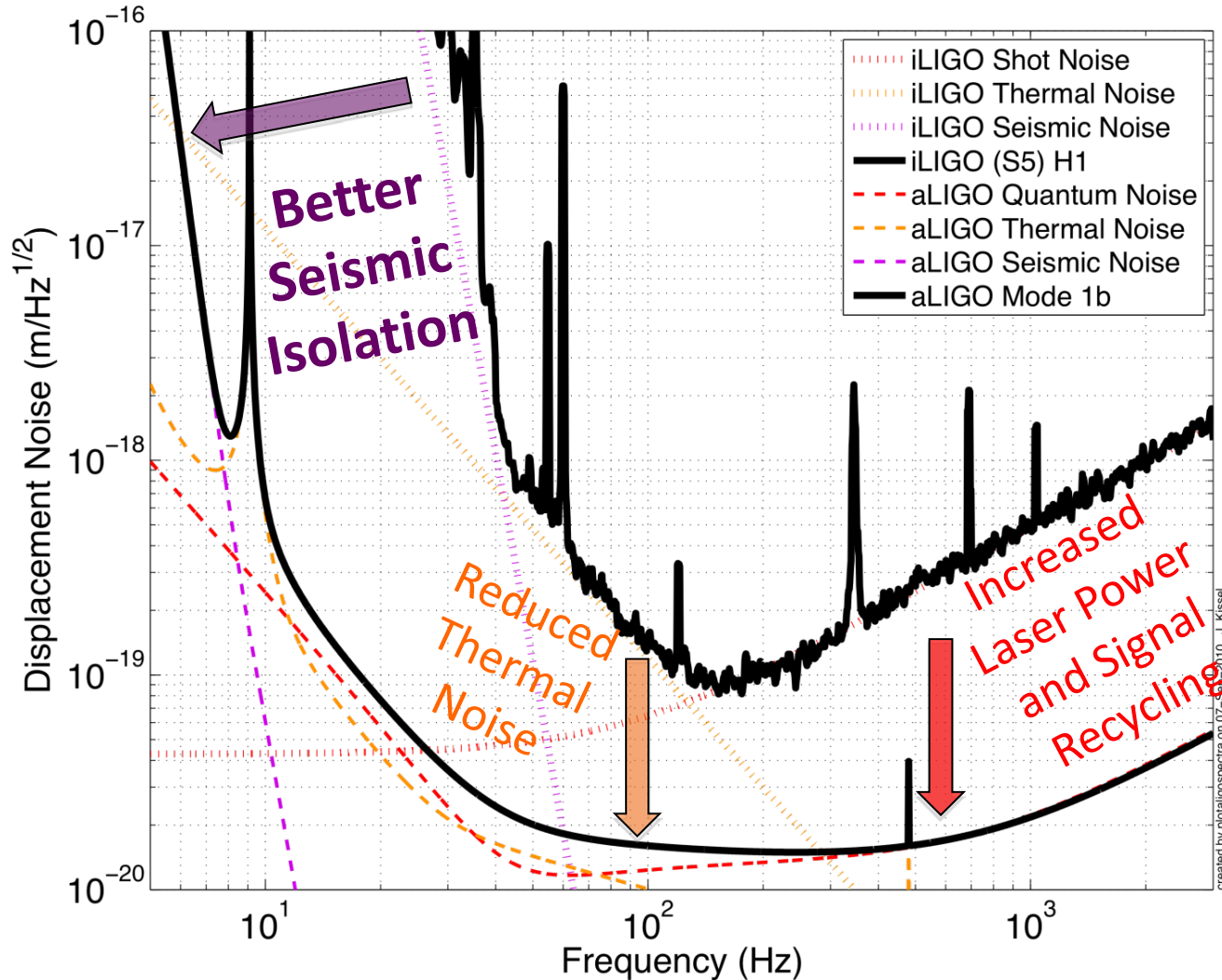
Advanced LIGO Suspensions

Brett Shapiro, for the SUS Group
Detector Characterization Telecon
25 August 2011

Contents

- iLIGO to aLIGO
- Seismic Isolation
- Sensors and Actuators: BOSEMs and AOSEMs
- Suspension Overview
- Signals and Control
- SUS Testing
- What can you do?

iLIGO to aLIGO



created by plotlinalgospectra on 07-08-2010 - J. Kissel

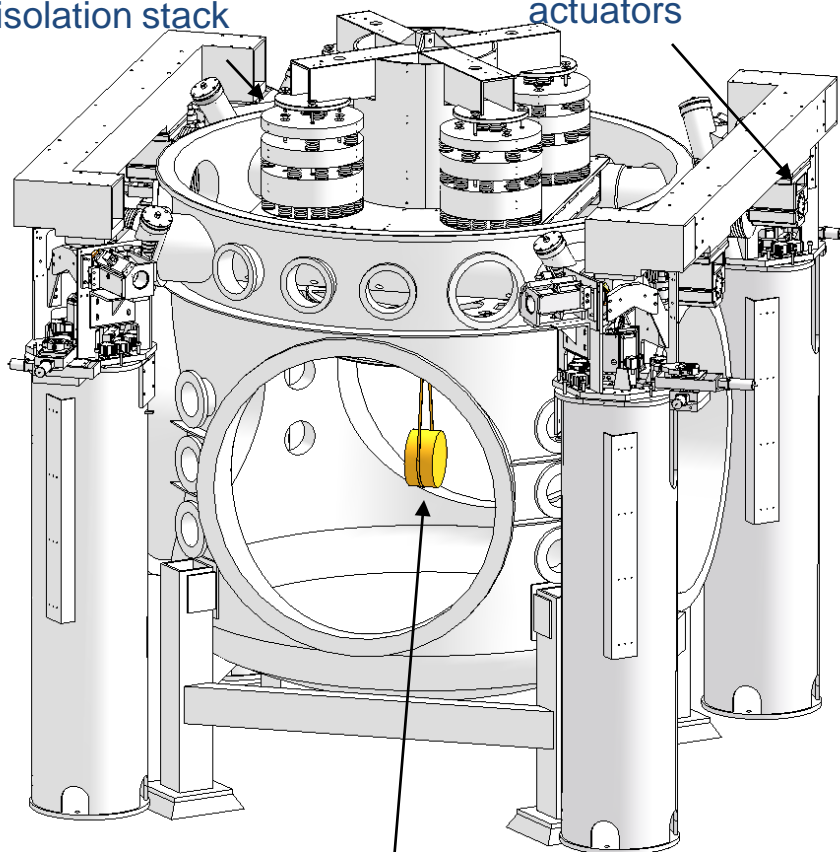
Suspensions and Seismic Isolation – From Initial to Advanced LIGO

LIGO

Advanced LIGO

4 layer passive
isolation stack

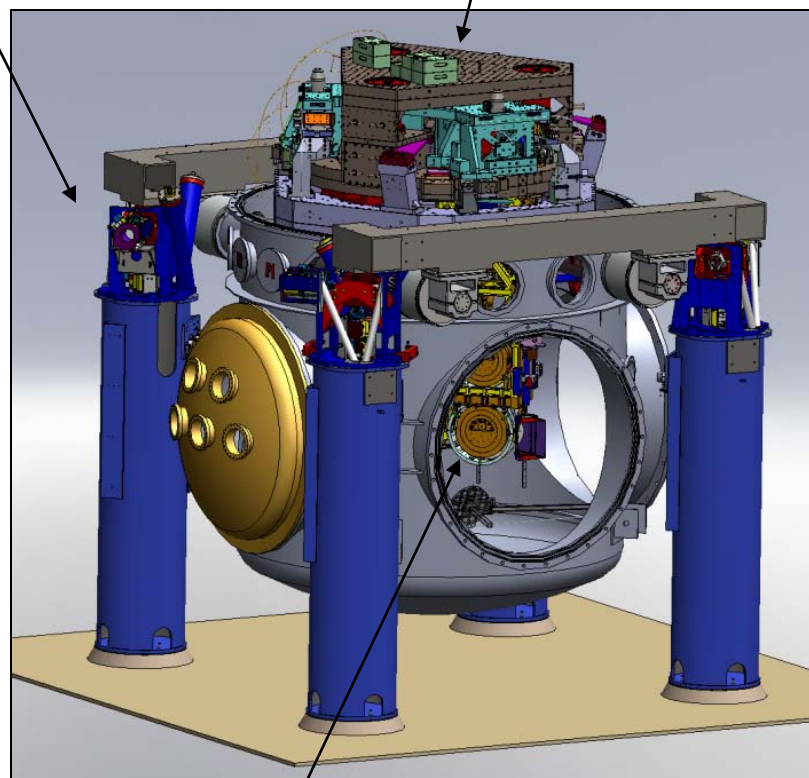
coarse & fine
actuators



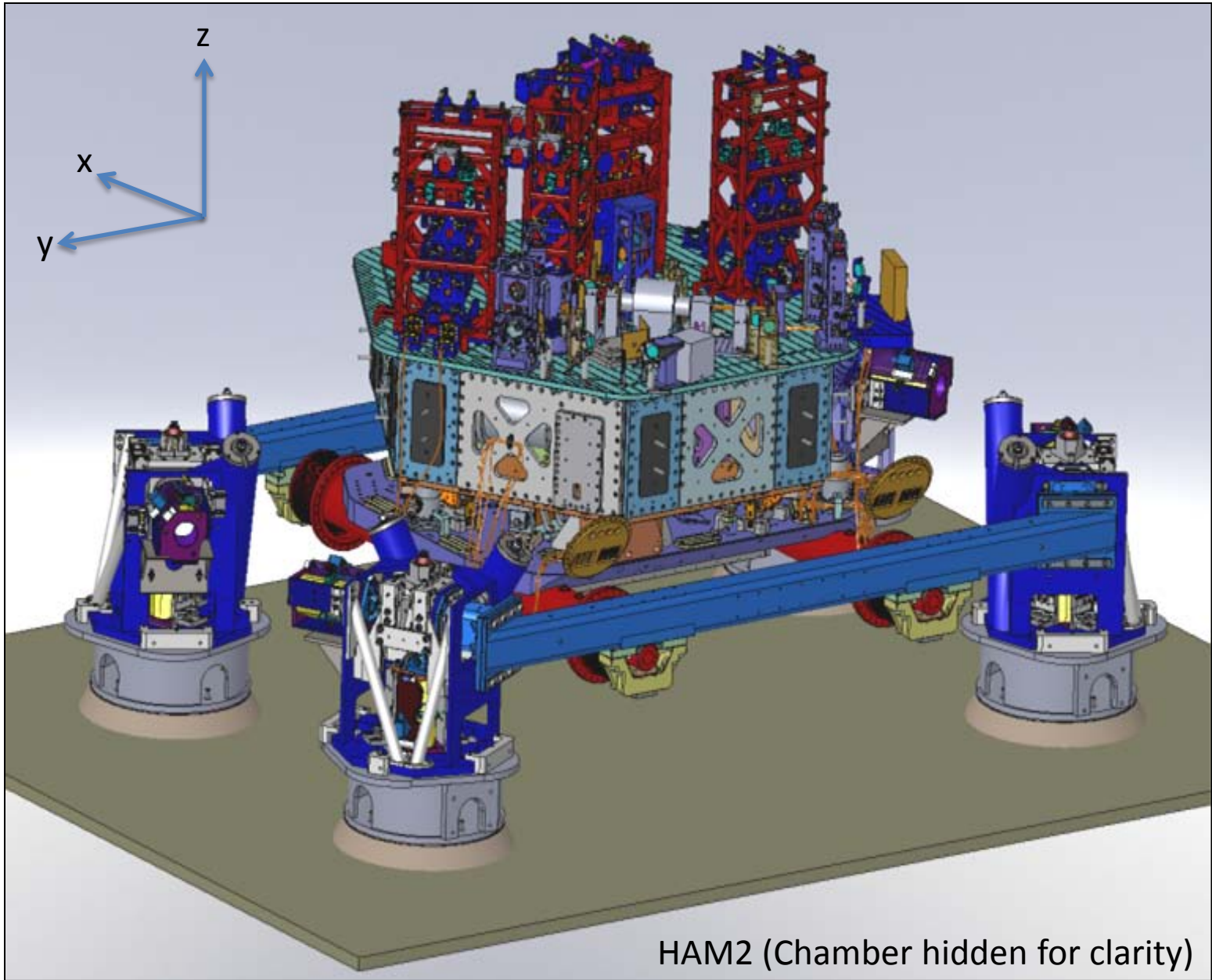
single pendulum on
steel wire

hydraulic external pre-
isolator (HEPI) (one
stage of isolation)

active isolation
platform (2 stages
of isolation)

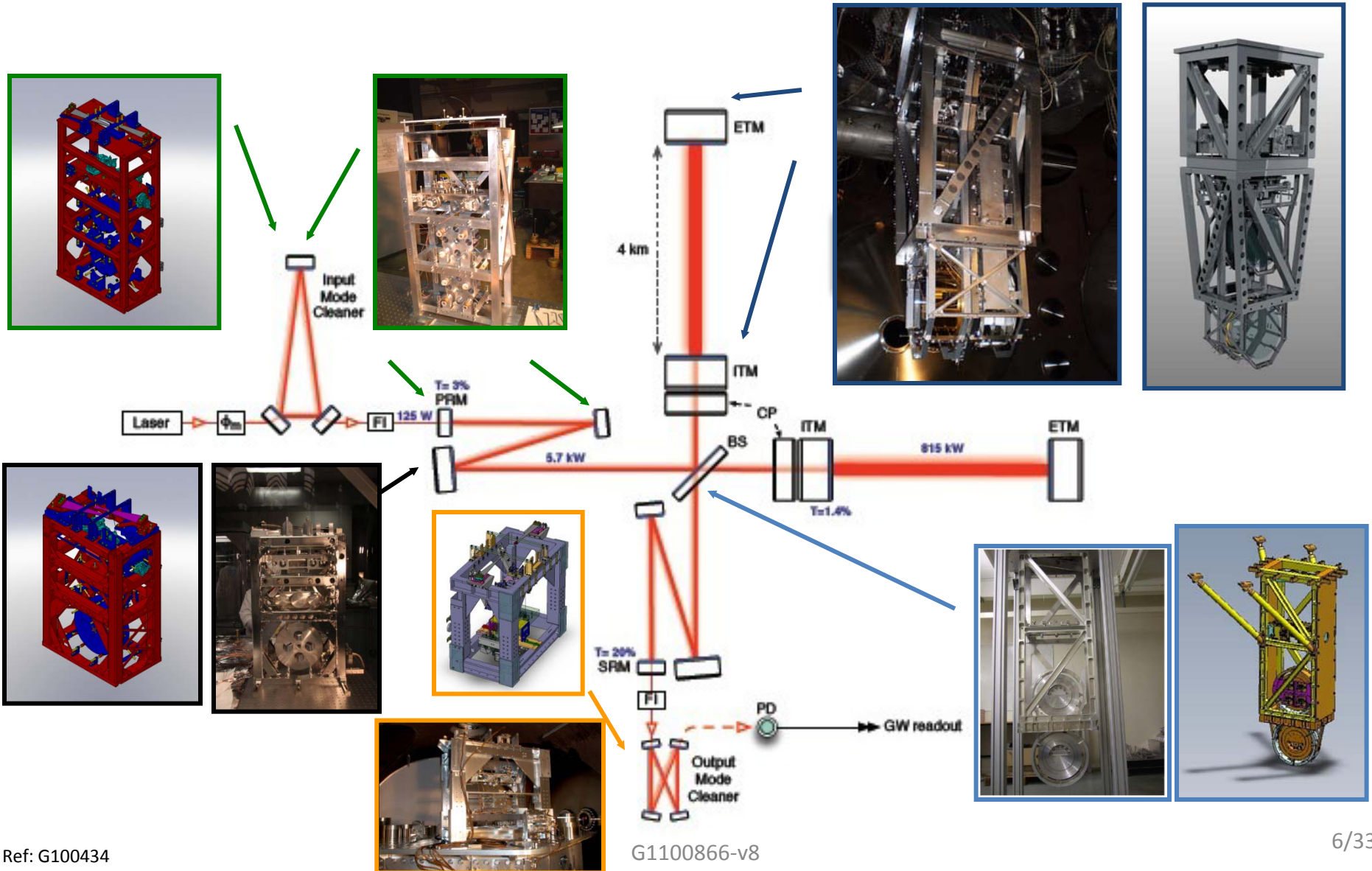


quadruple pendulum (four
stages of isolation) with
monolithic silica final stage

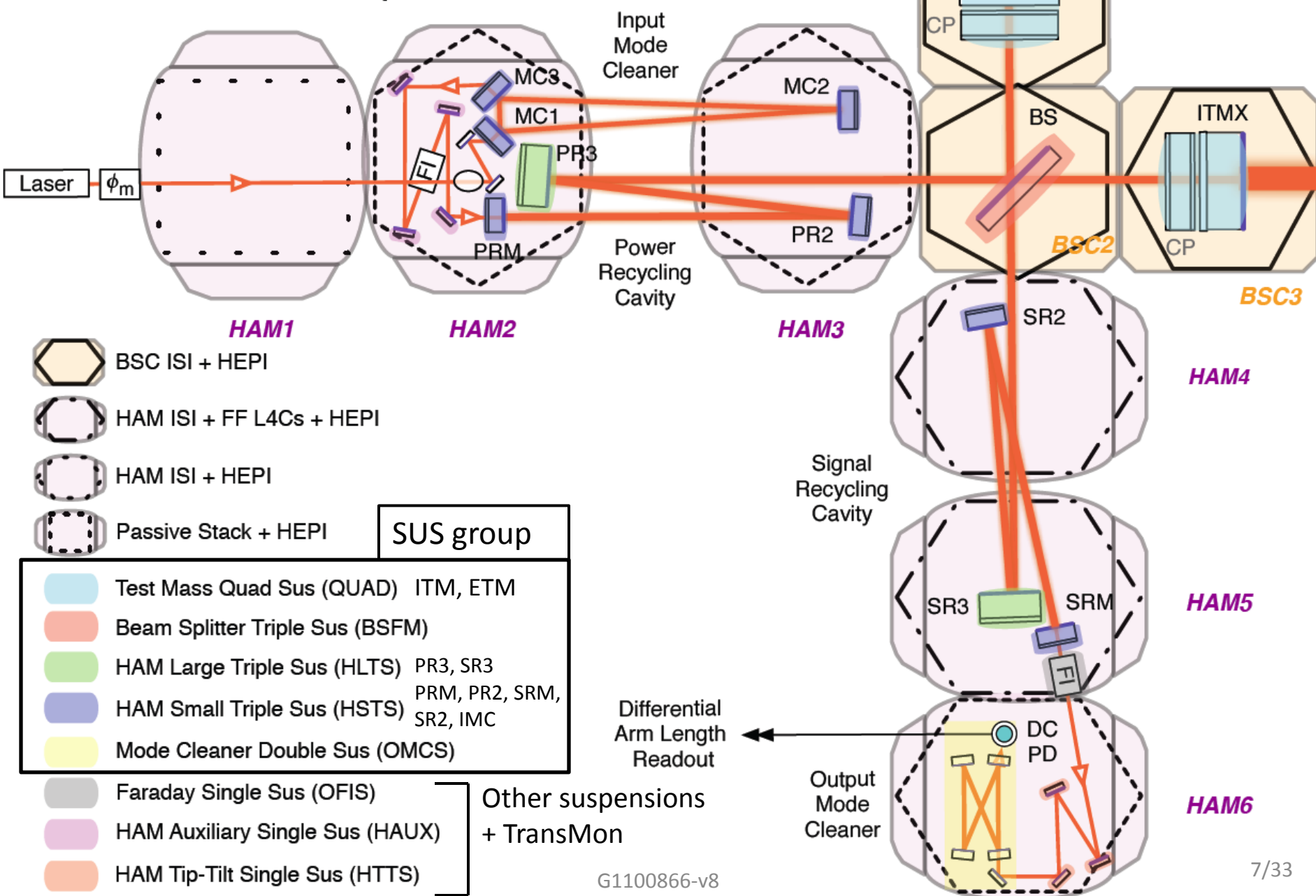


HAM2 (Chamber hidden for clarity)

Five Suspension Designs

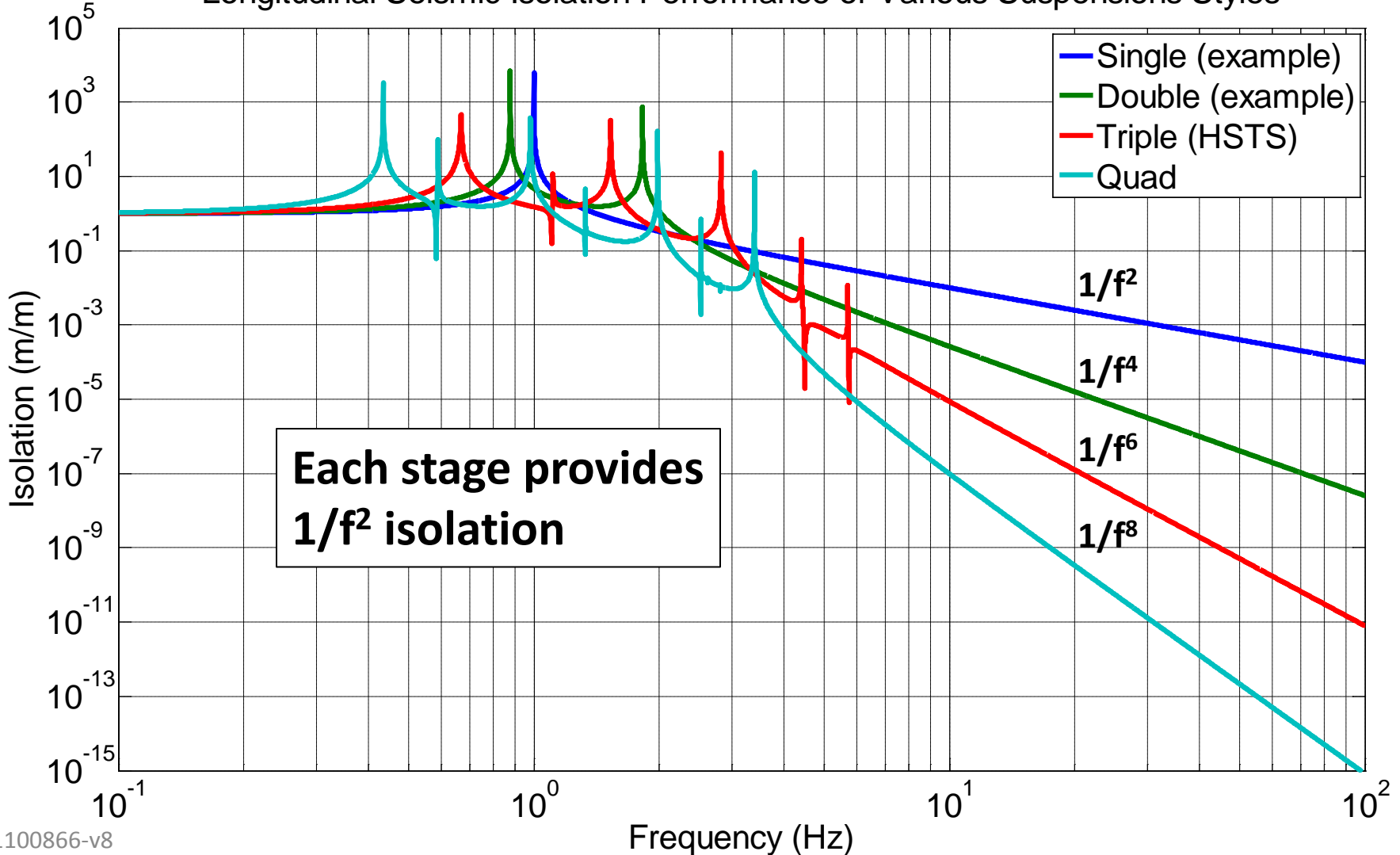


Advanced LIGO Corner Station Optical Layout, L1 or H1 with Seismic Isolation and Suspensions

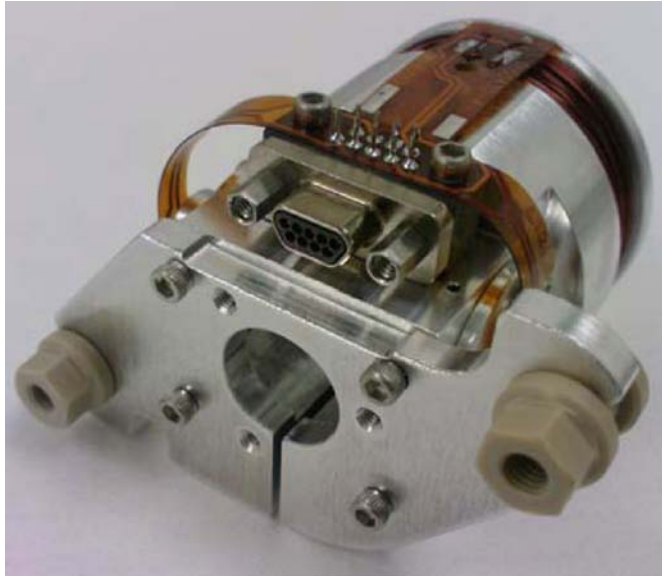


Suspension Isolation Performance

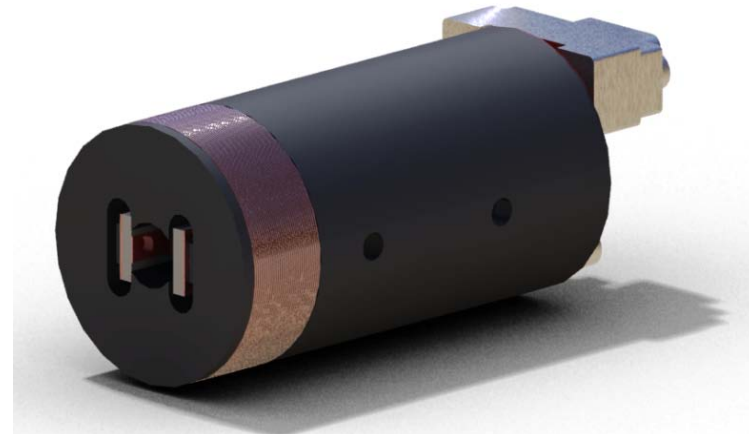
Longitudinal Seismic Isolation Performance of Various Suspensions Styles



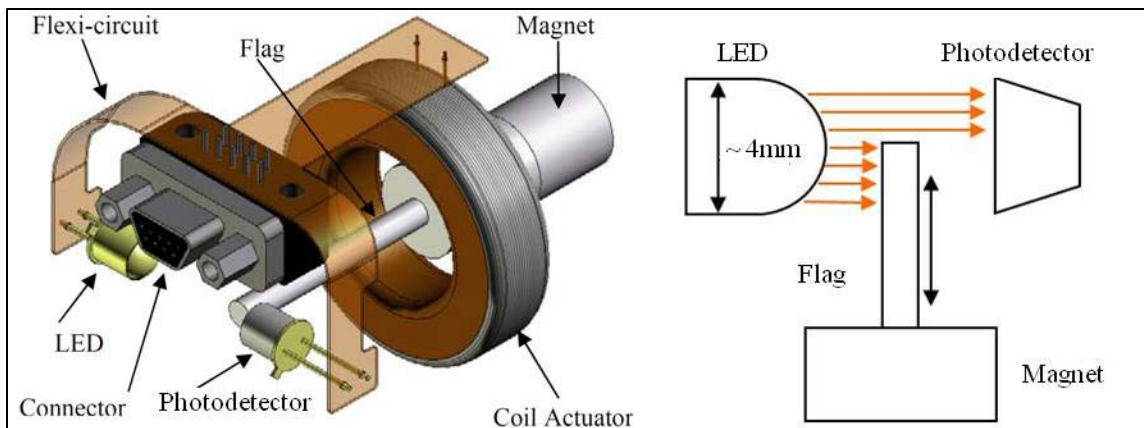
Optical Sensor ElectroMagnet (OSEM)



Birmingham OSEM (BOSEM)



Advanced LIGO OSEM (AOSEM)
- modified iLIGO OSEM

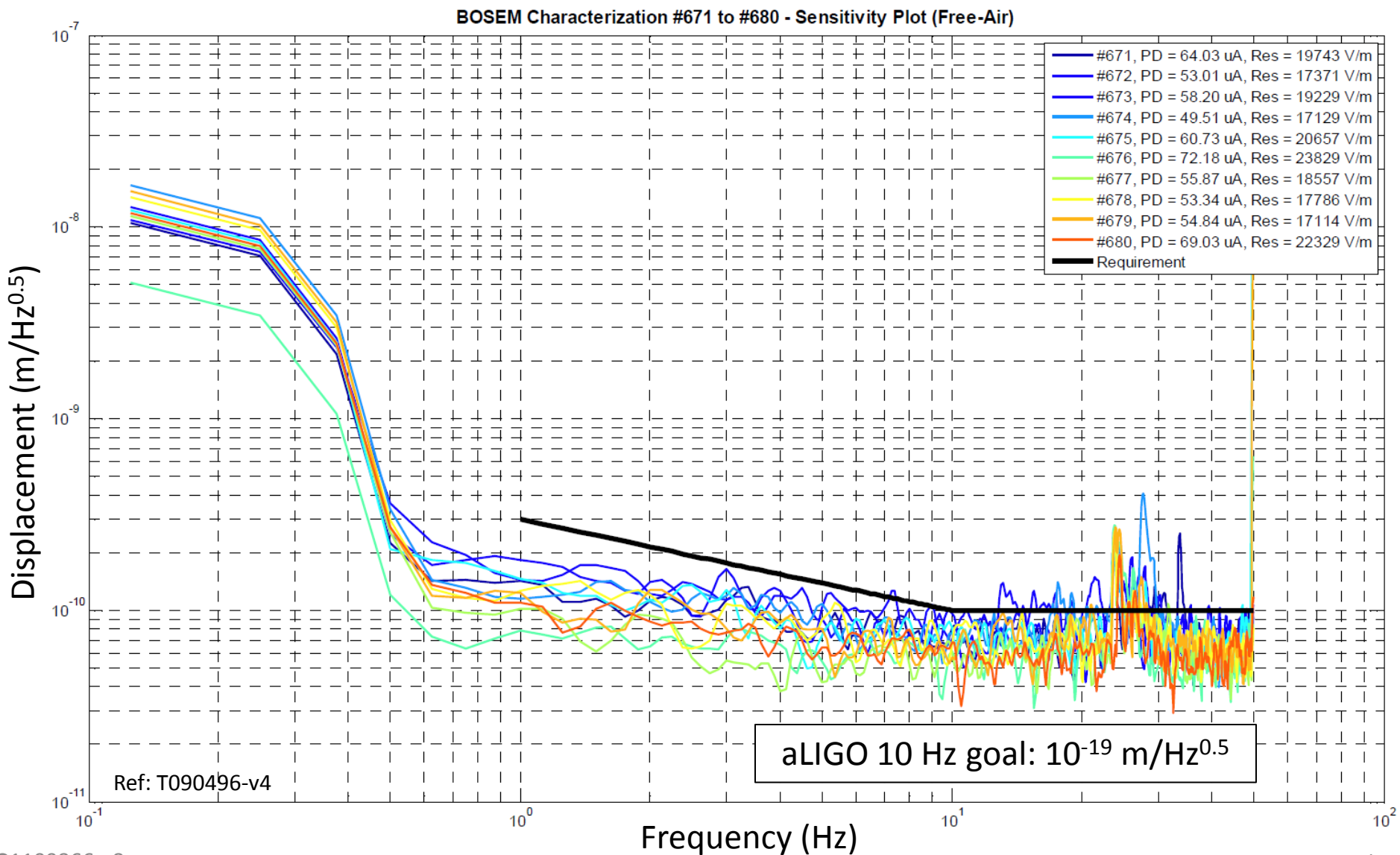


BOSEM Schematic

- Magnet Types (M0900034)
- BOSEM – 10 X 10 mm, NdFeB , SmCo
 - AOSEM – 2 X 3 mm, SmCo
 - 2 X 6 mm, SmCo
 - 2 X 0.5 mm, SmCo

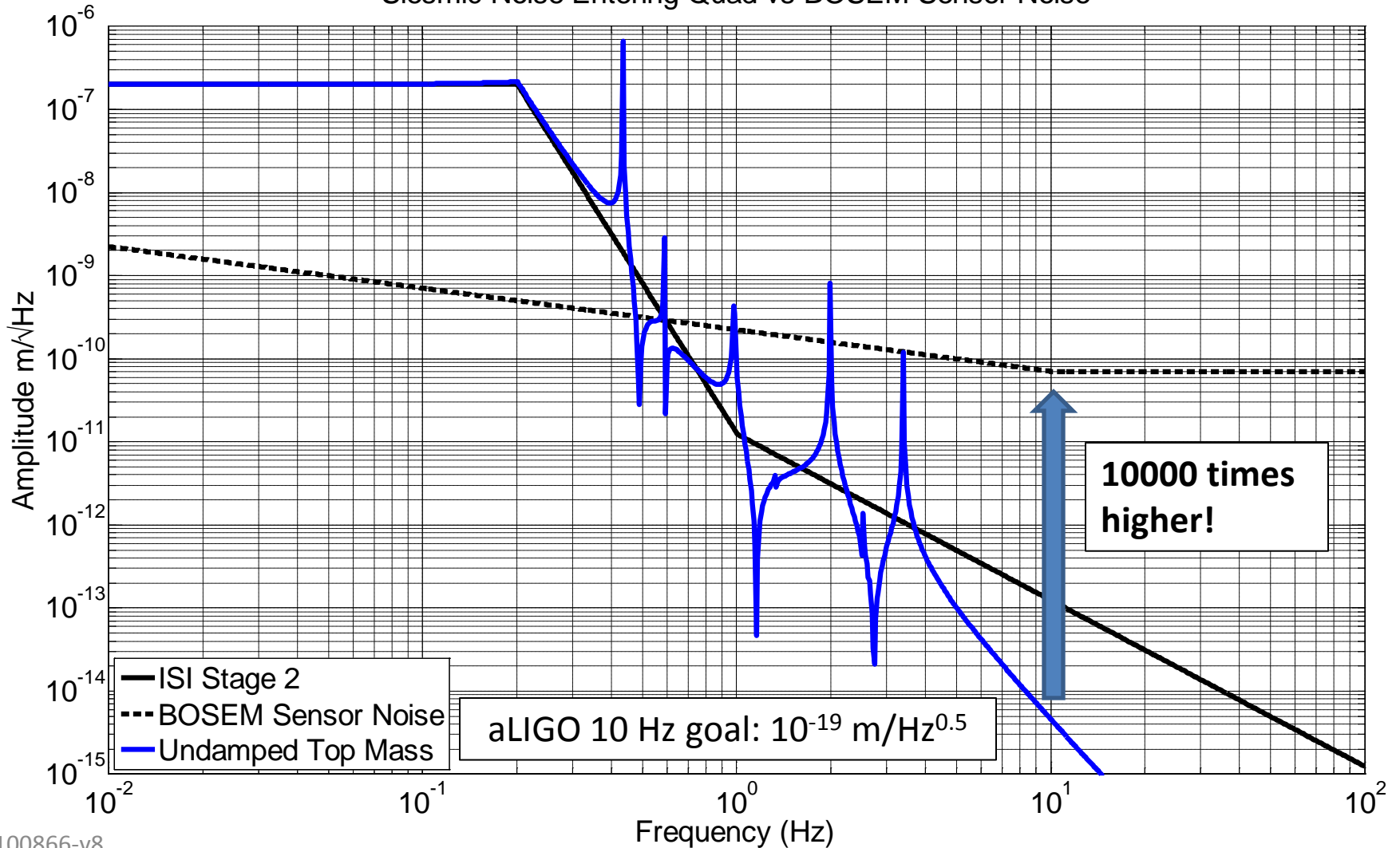


BOSEM Sensor Noise



Sensor Feedback Only to Top Mass

Siesmic Noise Entering Quad vs BOSEM Sensor Noise



Output Mode Cleaner Double (OMCS)

Location

- HAM 6, (12)

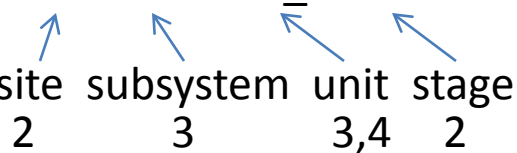
Control

- Local – damping at M1
(true for all SUS's)

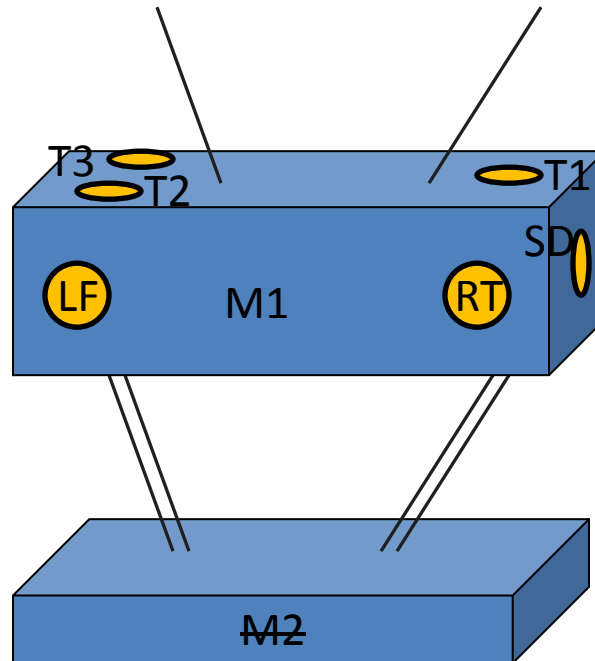
Sensors/Actuators

-  BOSEMs at top mass

Top mass naming convention

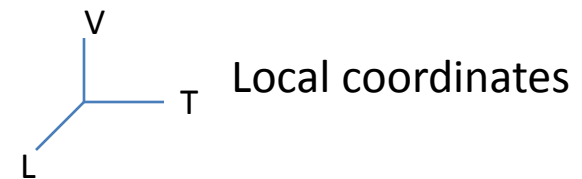
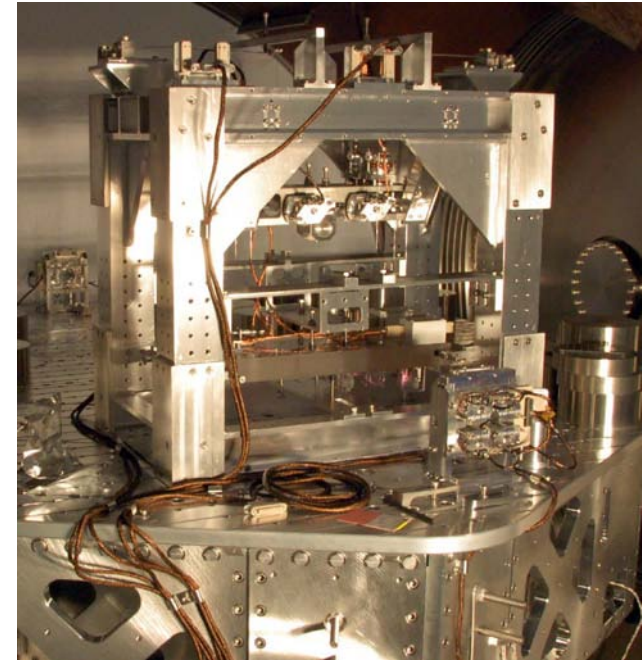
- L1:SUS-OMC_M1...
- 

 site subsystem unit stage
 2 3 3,4 2



Optics

In use during S6



Documentation

- Final design review - T0900060
- HAM SUS controls arrangement – E1100109

HAM Small Triple Suspension (HSTS)

Purpose

- PRM, PR2, SRM, SR2
- MC1, MC2, MC3



Location

- HAM 2, 3, 4, 5, (8, 9, 10, 11)

Control

- Local – damping at M1
- Global – LSC & ASC at all 3

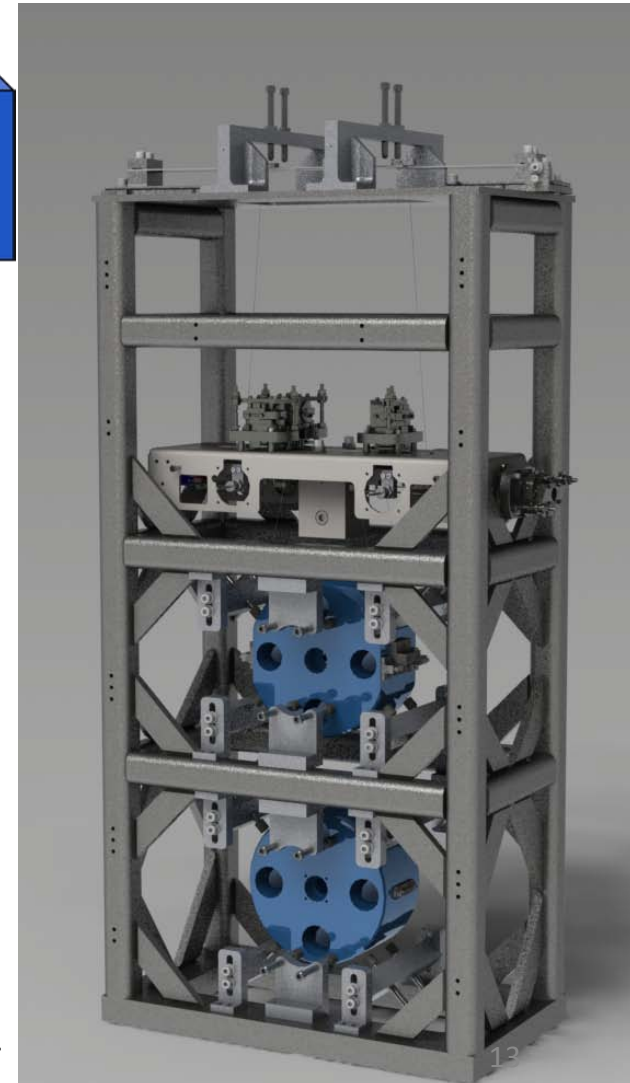
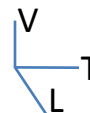
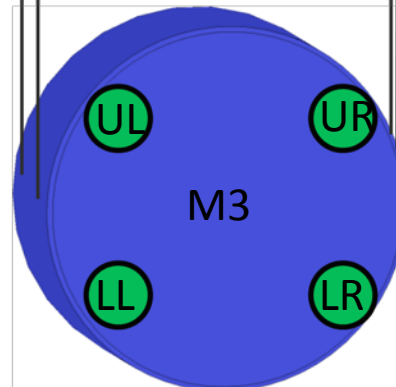
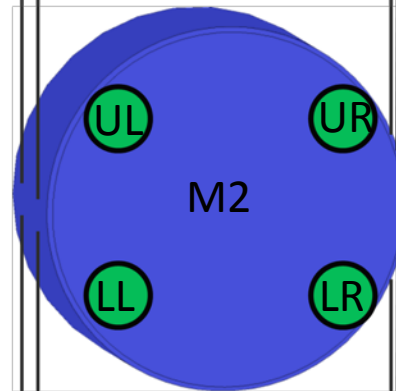
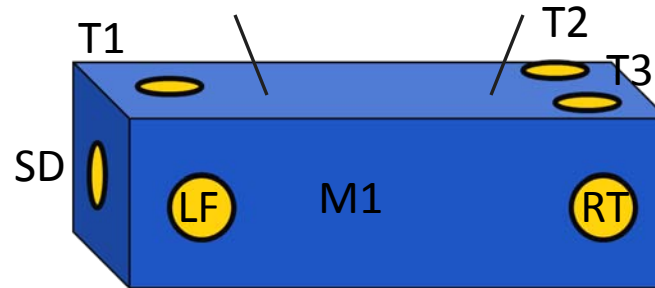
Sensors/Actuators

-  BOSEMs at M1
-  AOSEMs at M2 and M3
- Optical levers and interferometric signals on M3

Naming: L1:SUS-PRM_M1...

Documentation

- Final design review - T0900435
- Controls arrangement – E1100109



HAM Large Triple Suspension (HLTS)

Purpose

- PR3, SR3



Location

- HAM 2, 5, (8, 11)

Control

- Local – damping at M1
- Global – LSC & ASC at all 3

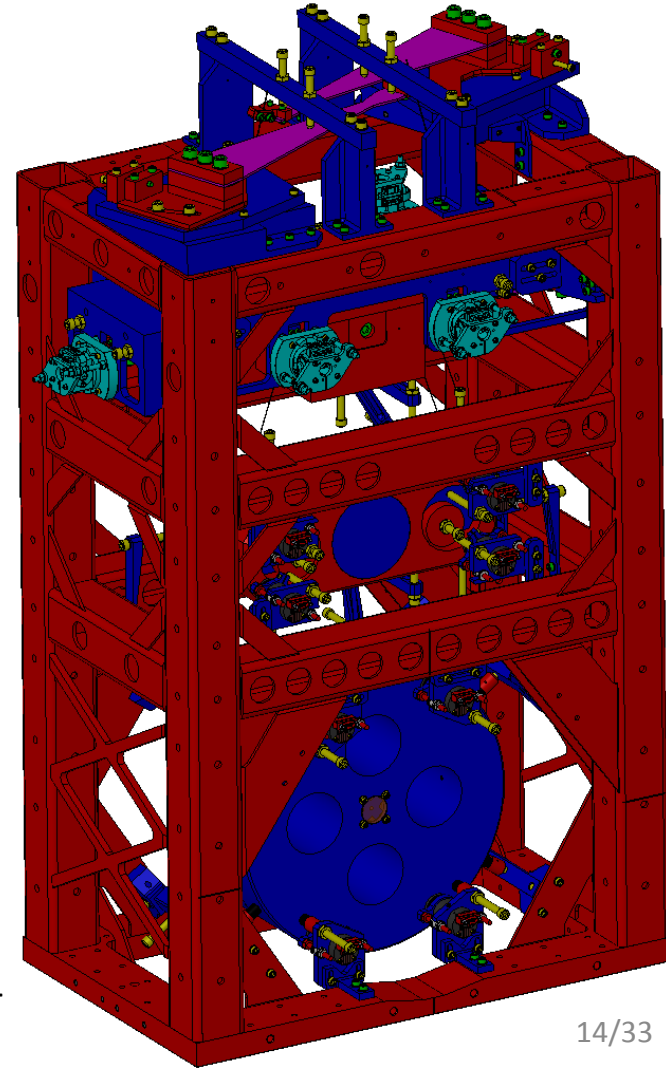
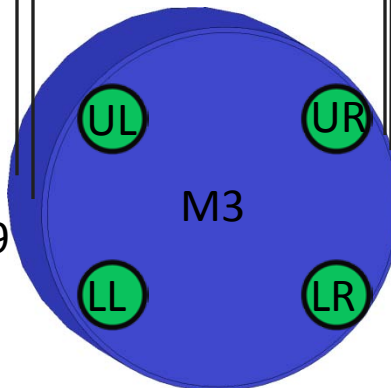
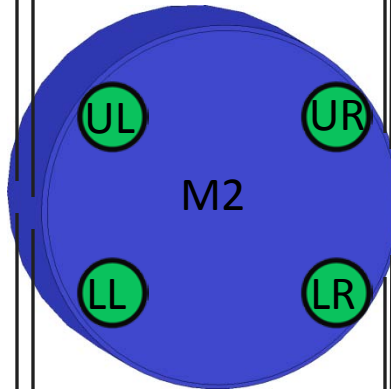
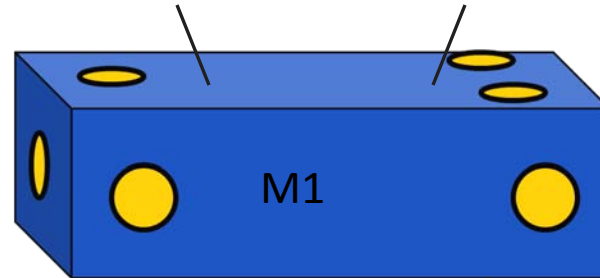
Sensors/Actuators

-  BOSEMs at M1
-  AOSEMs at M2 and M3
- Optical levers and interferometric signals on M3

Naming: L1:SUS-SR3_M1...

Documentation

- Final design review – T1000012
- Controls arrangement – E1100109



Beamsplitter/Folding Mirror (BSFM)

Purpose

- BS, (FMX and FMY)


Location

- Beamsplitter – BSC 2, (4)
- (Fold Mirror – BSC 6, 8)

Control

- Local – damping at M1
- Global – LSC & ASC at M2

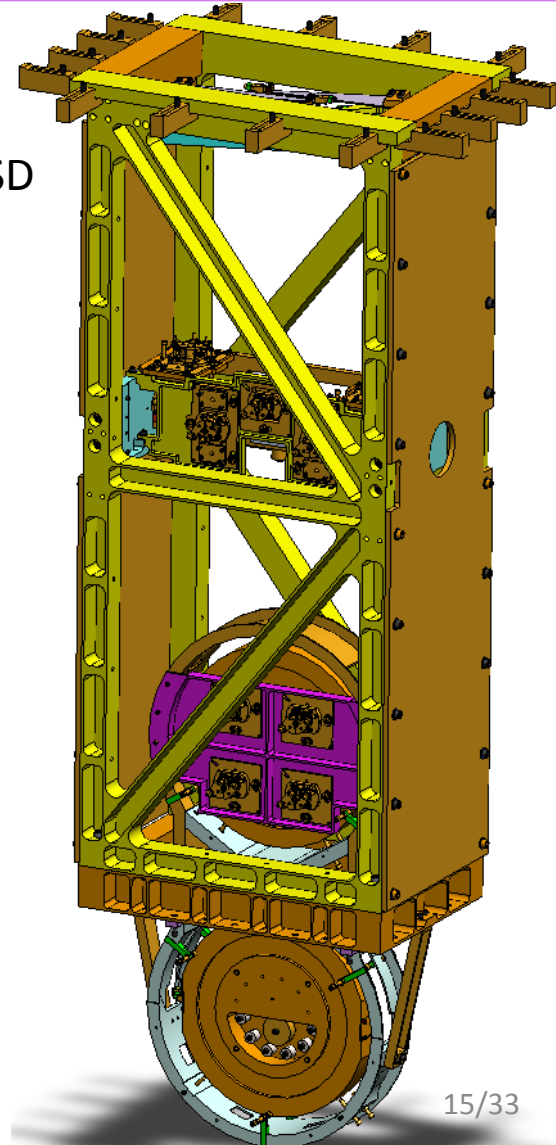
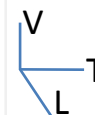
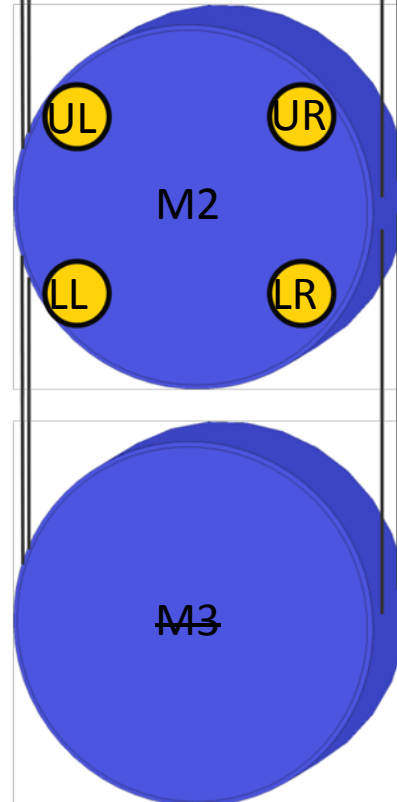
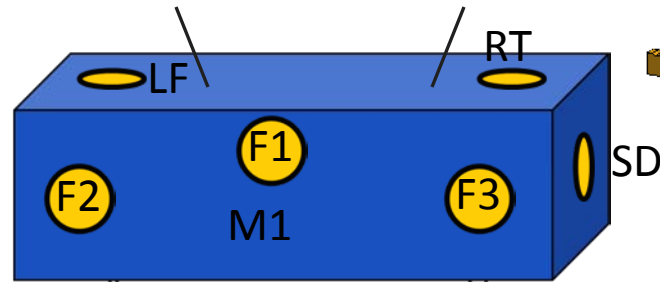
Sensors/Actuators

-  BOSEMs at M1 and M2
- Optical levers and interferometric signals on M3

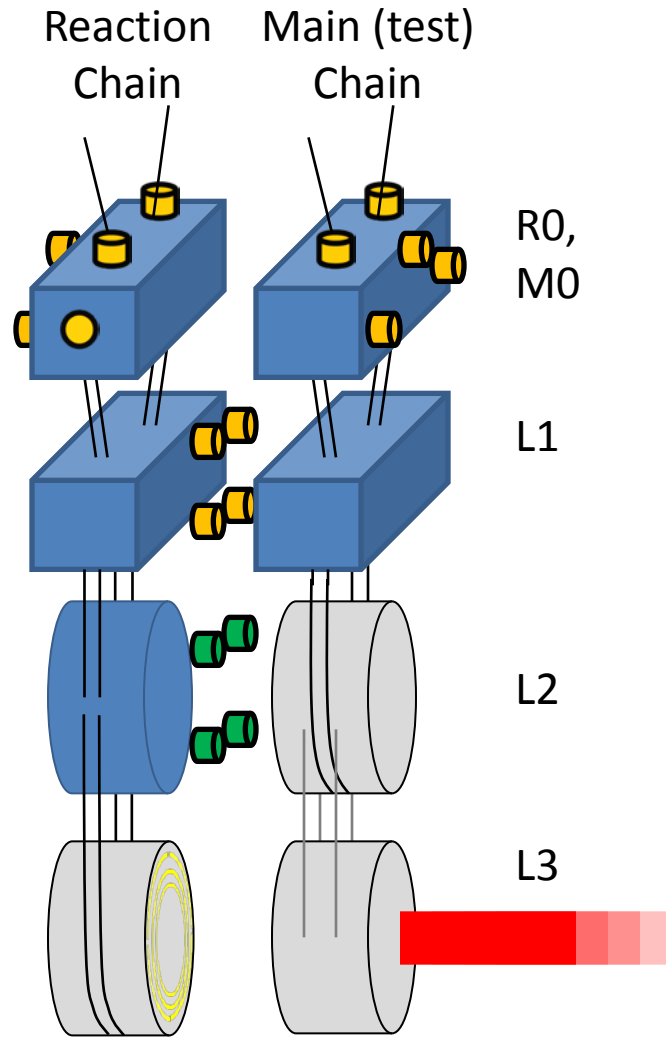
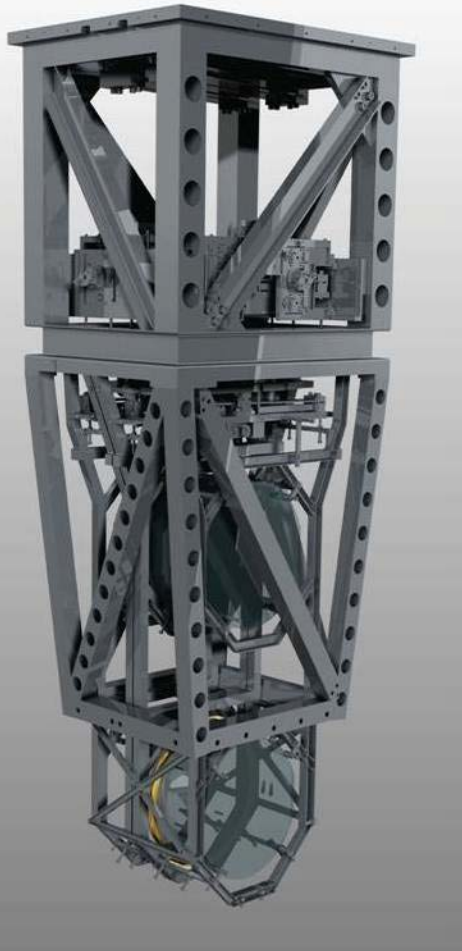
Naming: L1:SUS-FMX_M1...

Documentation

- Final design review - T080218
- Controls arrangement – E1100108



Quadruple Suspension (Quad)



Purpose

- Input Test Mass (ITM, TCP)
- End Test Mass (ETM, ERM)



Location

- H1 - BSC 1, 3, 9, 10
- H2 - BSC 7, 8, 5, 6
- L1 – BSC 1, 3, 4, 5

Control

- Local – damping at M0, R0
- Global – LSC & ASC at all 4

Sensors/Actuators

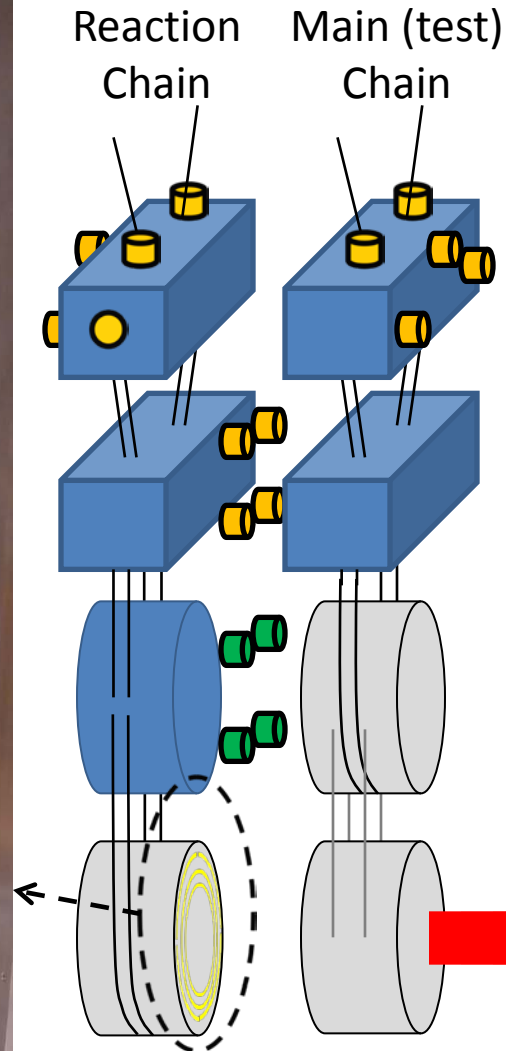
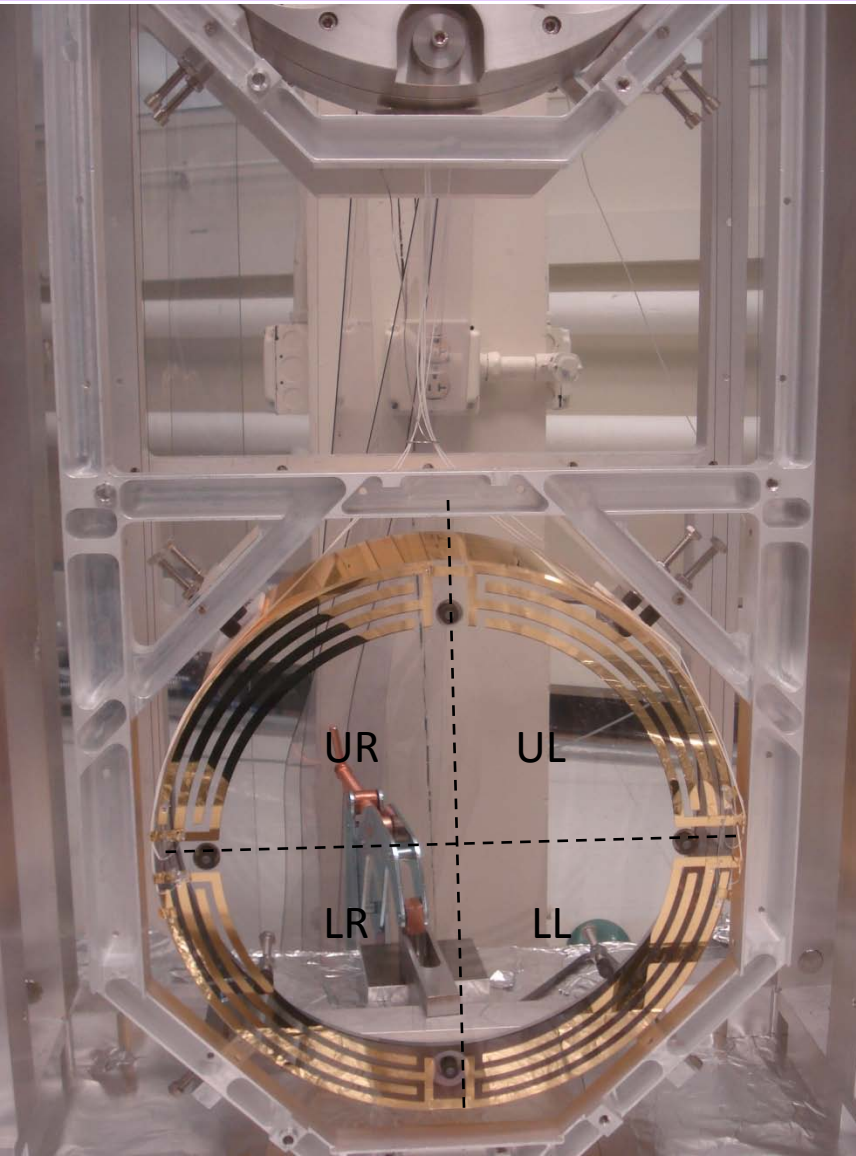
-  BOSEMs at M0, R0, L1
-  AOSEMs at L2

- Opt. lev. and interf. sigs. at L3
- Electrostatic drive (ESD) at L3

Documentation

- Final design review - T1000286
- Controls arrang. – E1000617

Quadruple Suspension ESD



The electrostatic drive (ESD) acts directly on the test ITM and ETM test masses.

- ± 400 V (ΔV 800 V)
 ≈ 100 μ N
- Each quadrant has an independent control channel
- Common bias channel over all quadrants

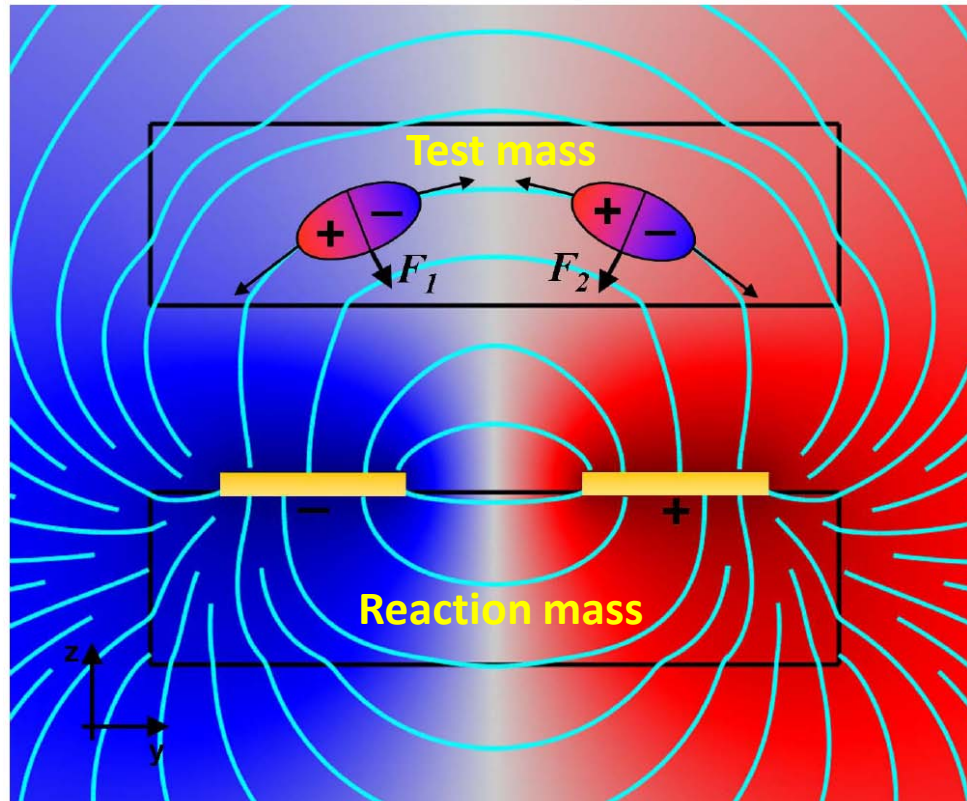
Quadruple Suspension ESD

$$F = \alpha \Delta V^2$$

- α = coupling coefficient, depends on geometry

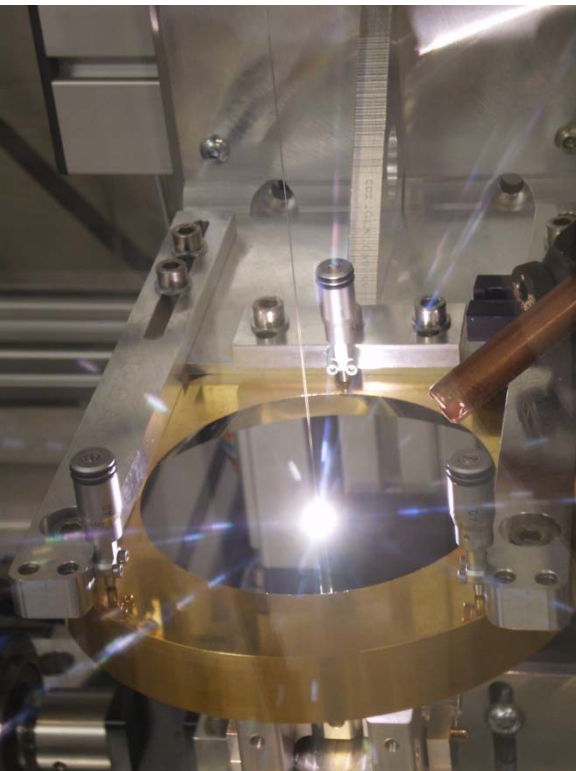
- ΔV = differential voltage across traces

Linearization occurs in the control!

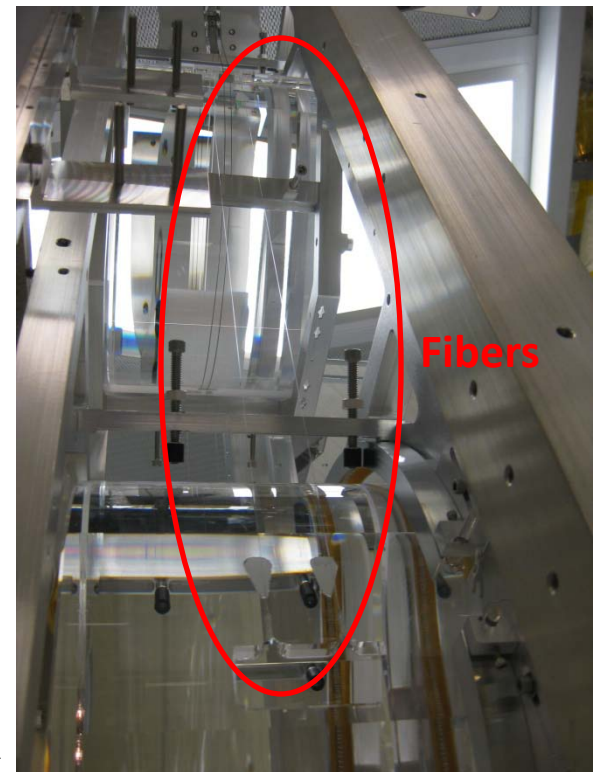
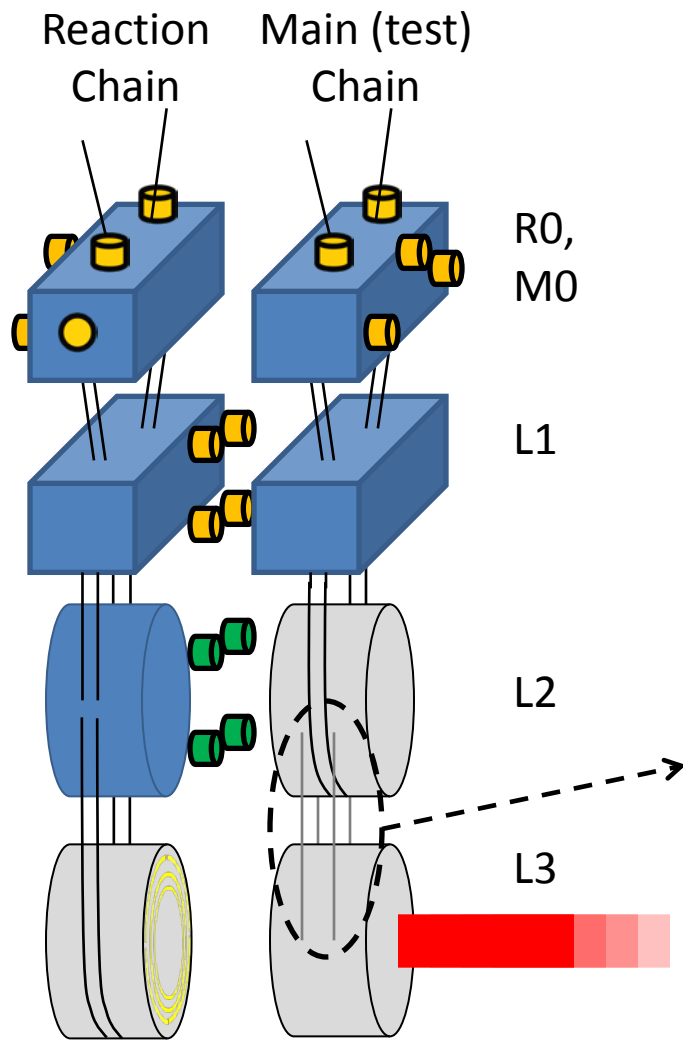


Cartoon diagram illustrating the working principle of the ESD. The upper rectangle represents the test mass containing two polarized molecules; the lower rectangle represents the reaction mass bearing two electrodes. Surface plot shows electrical potential with electric field lines shown in cyan (John Miller PhD thesis, P1000032).

Quadruple Suspension (Quad)



Pulling a fiber at MIT
7 May 2010



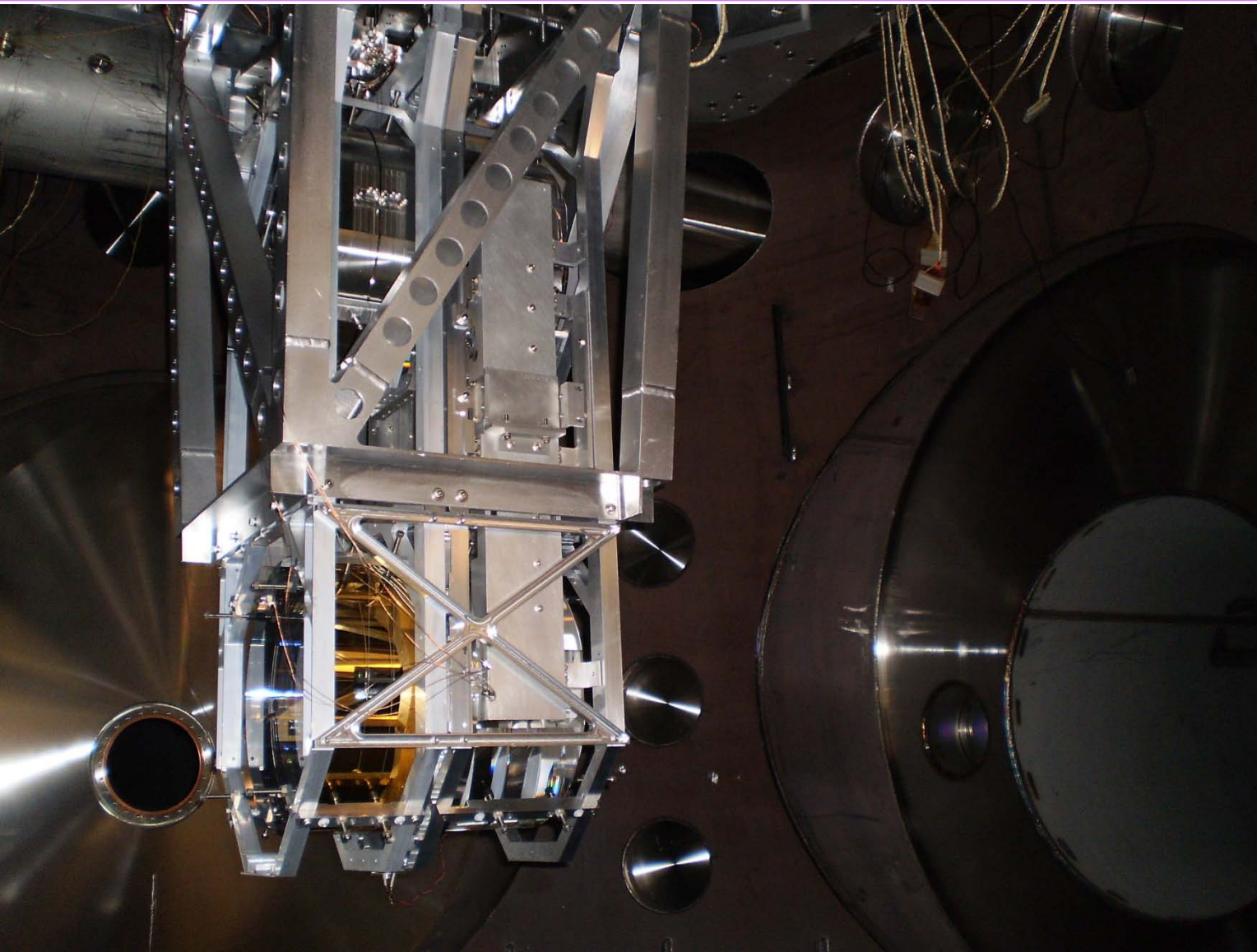
Newly welded
monolithic quad at MIT
11 May 2010

Delicate Fibers



Video of breaking the monolithic test suspension fibers at MIT, 5 Nov 2010.
To see how robust they are when they are not touched see
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qIJ0o7R4-LU>

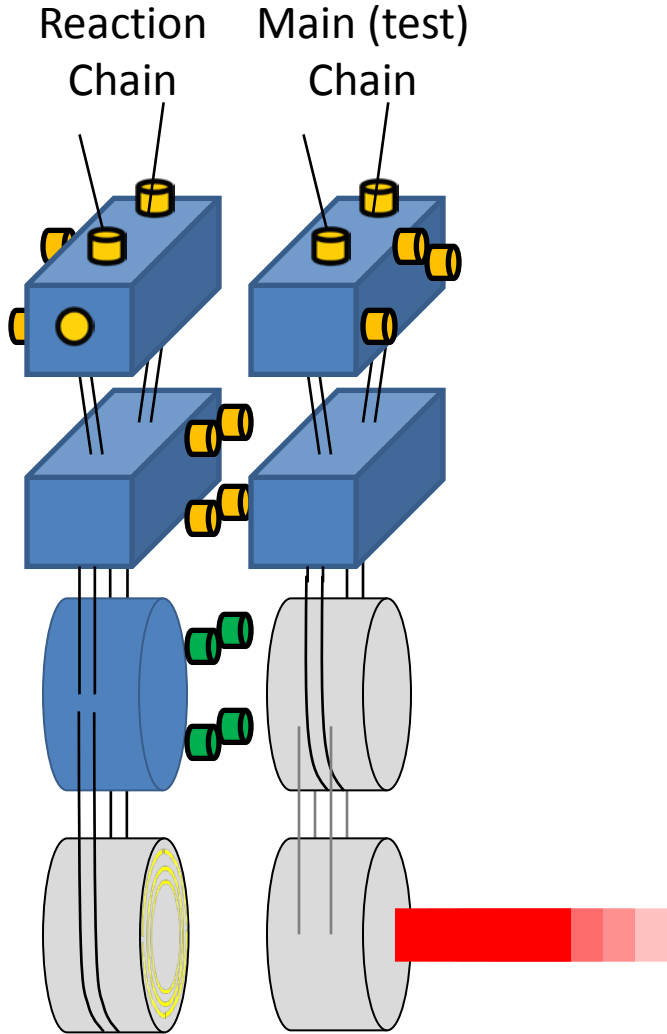
Quadruple Suspension (Quad)



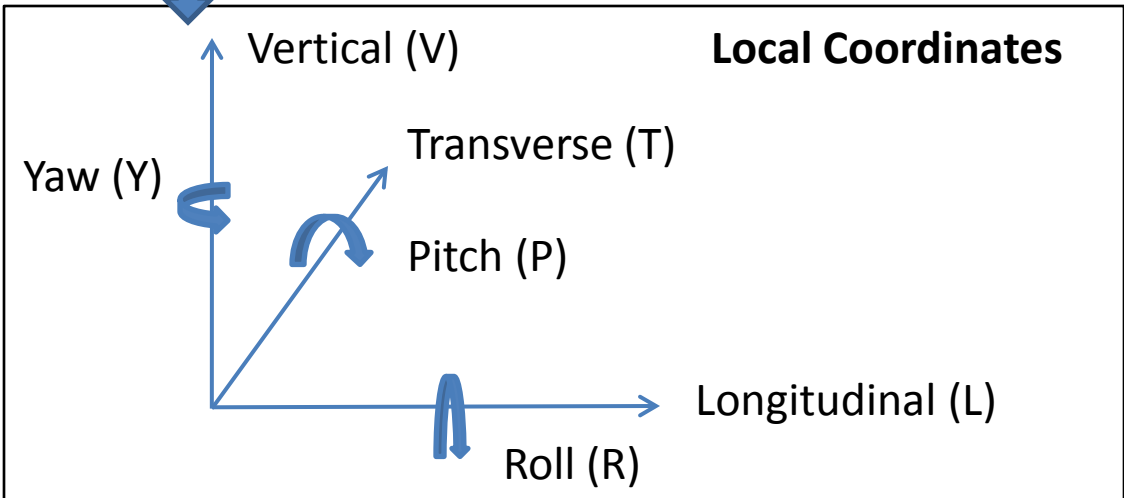
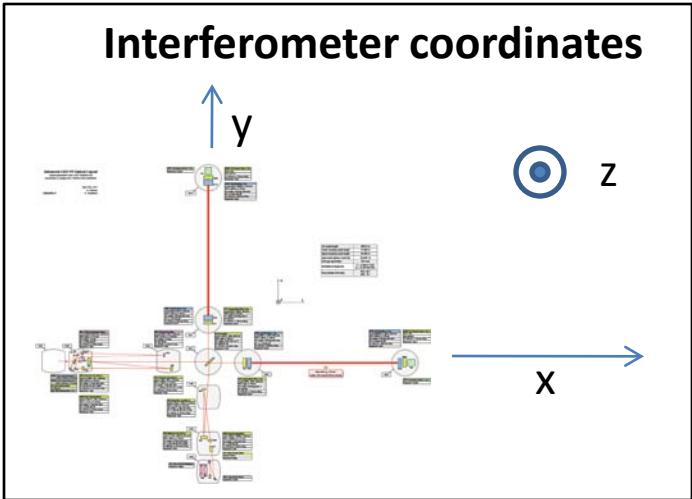
MIT
monolithic
quad in BSC

June 2010

Pendulum Coordinates

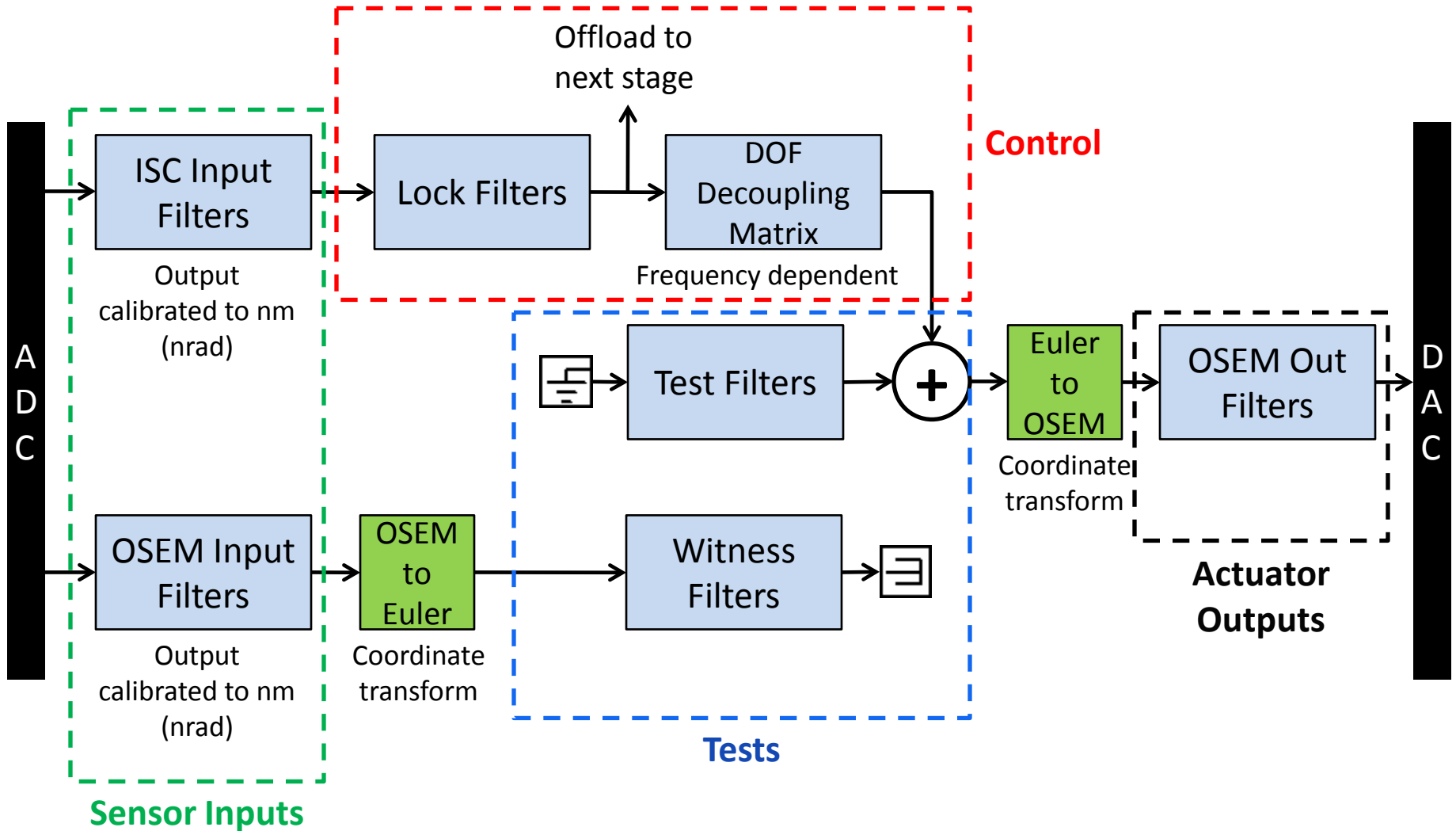


- SUS control follows local pendulum coordinates
- The 'beam line' does not always correspond to the IFO coordinates

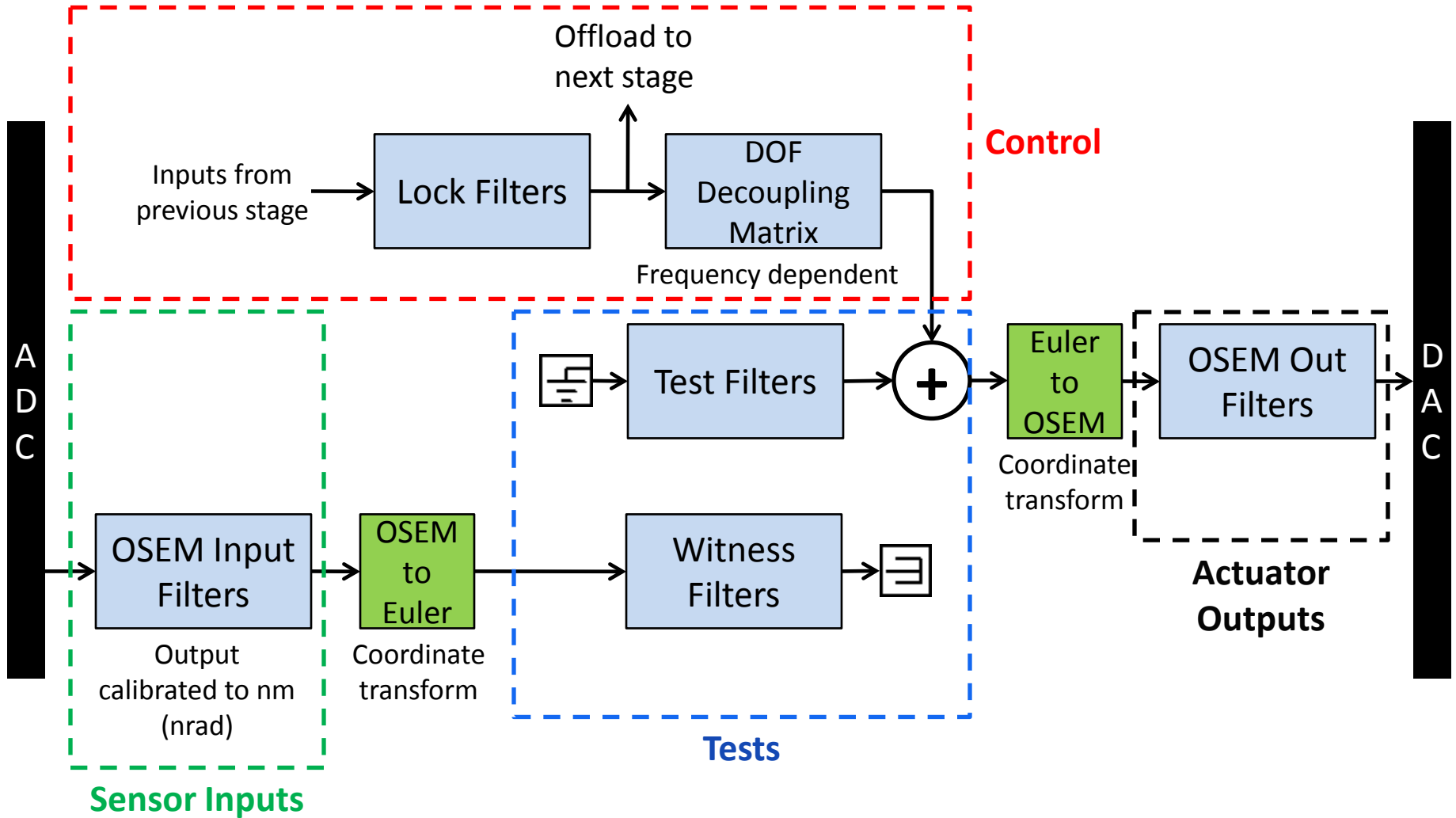


Main chain top mass longitudinal: L1:SUS-ITMX_MO_L

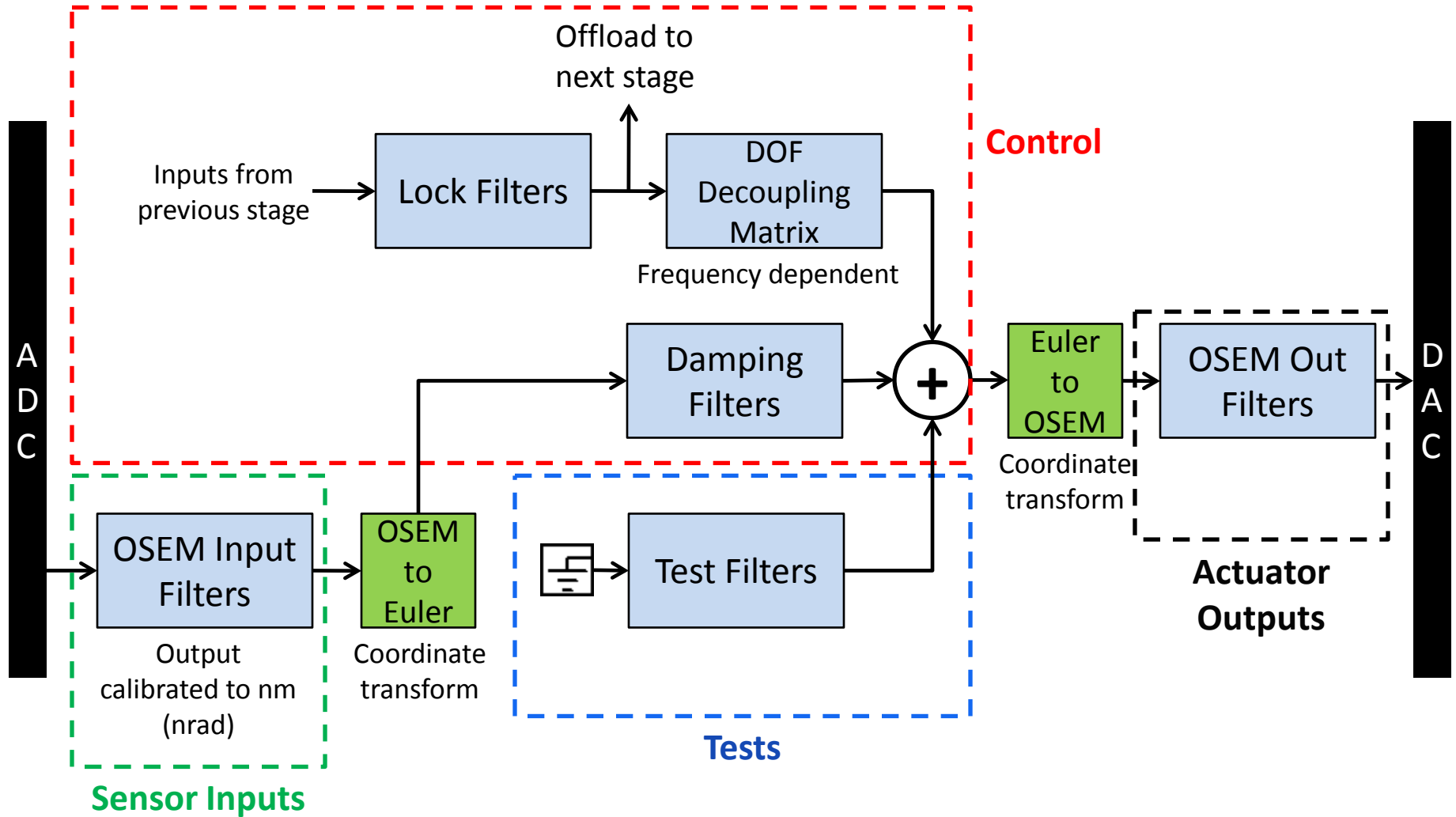
Signal Flow – HSTS Bottom Stage



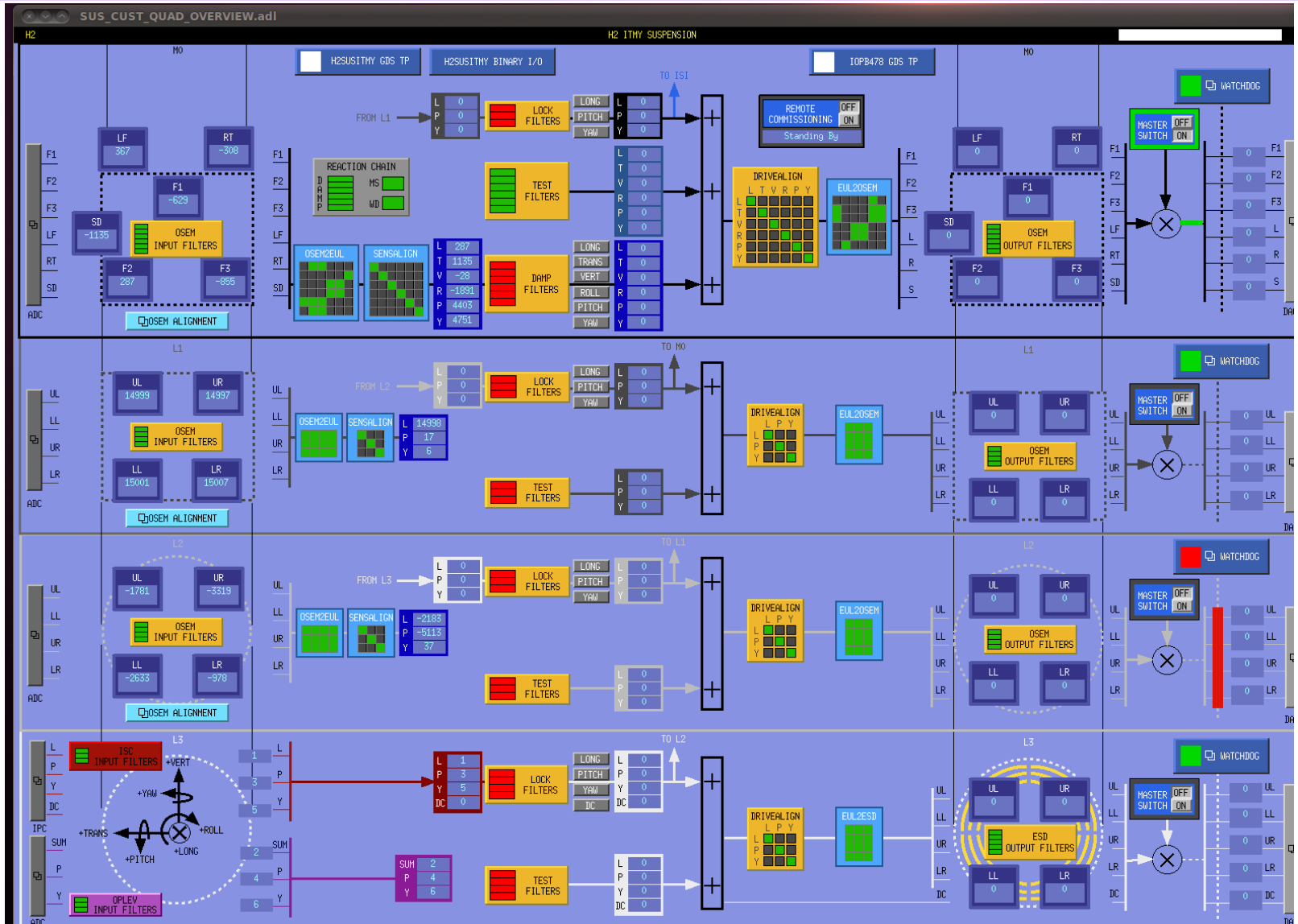
Signal Flow – HSTS Middle Stage



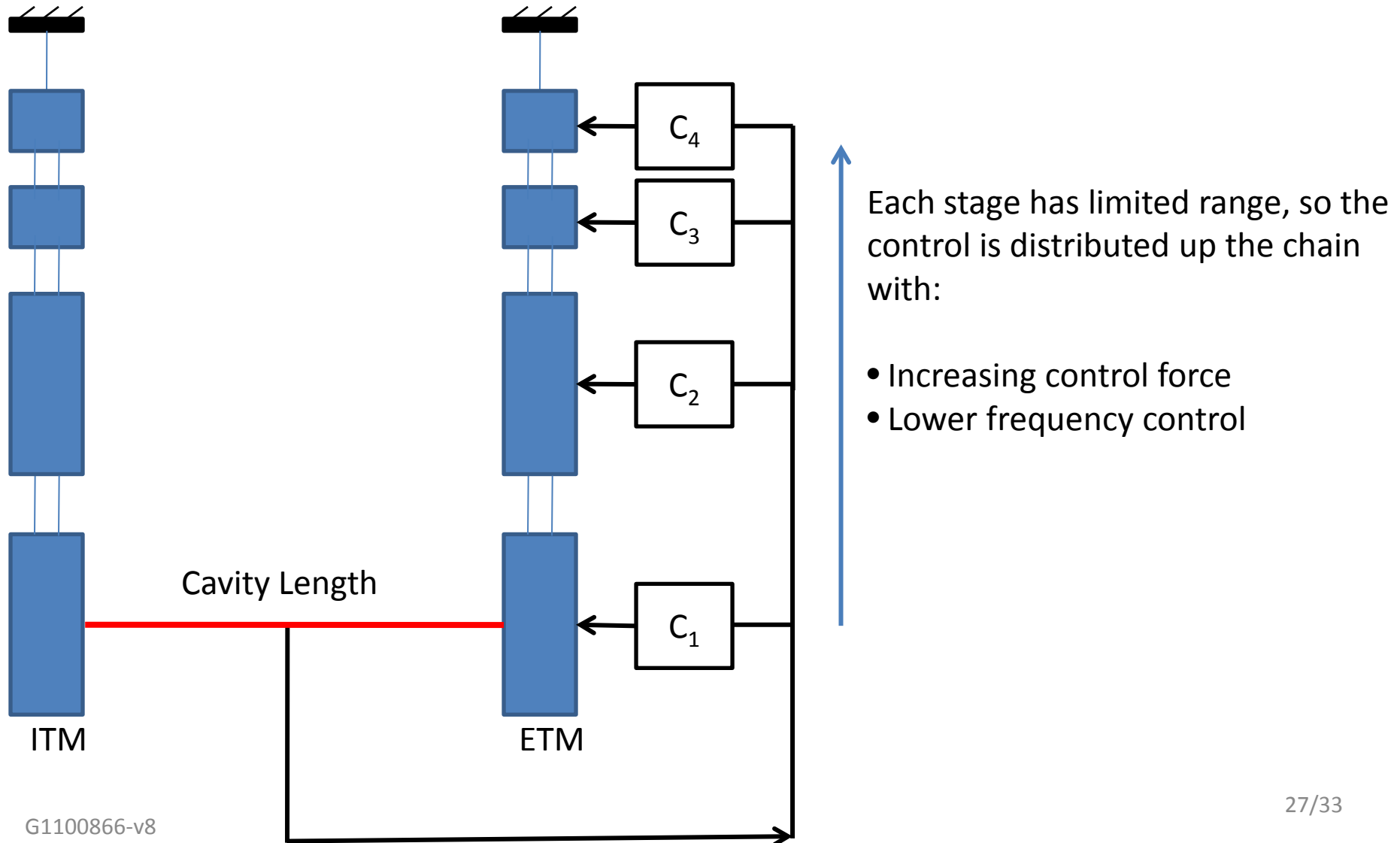
Signal Flow – HSTS Top Stage



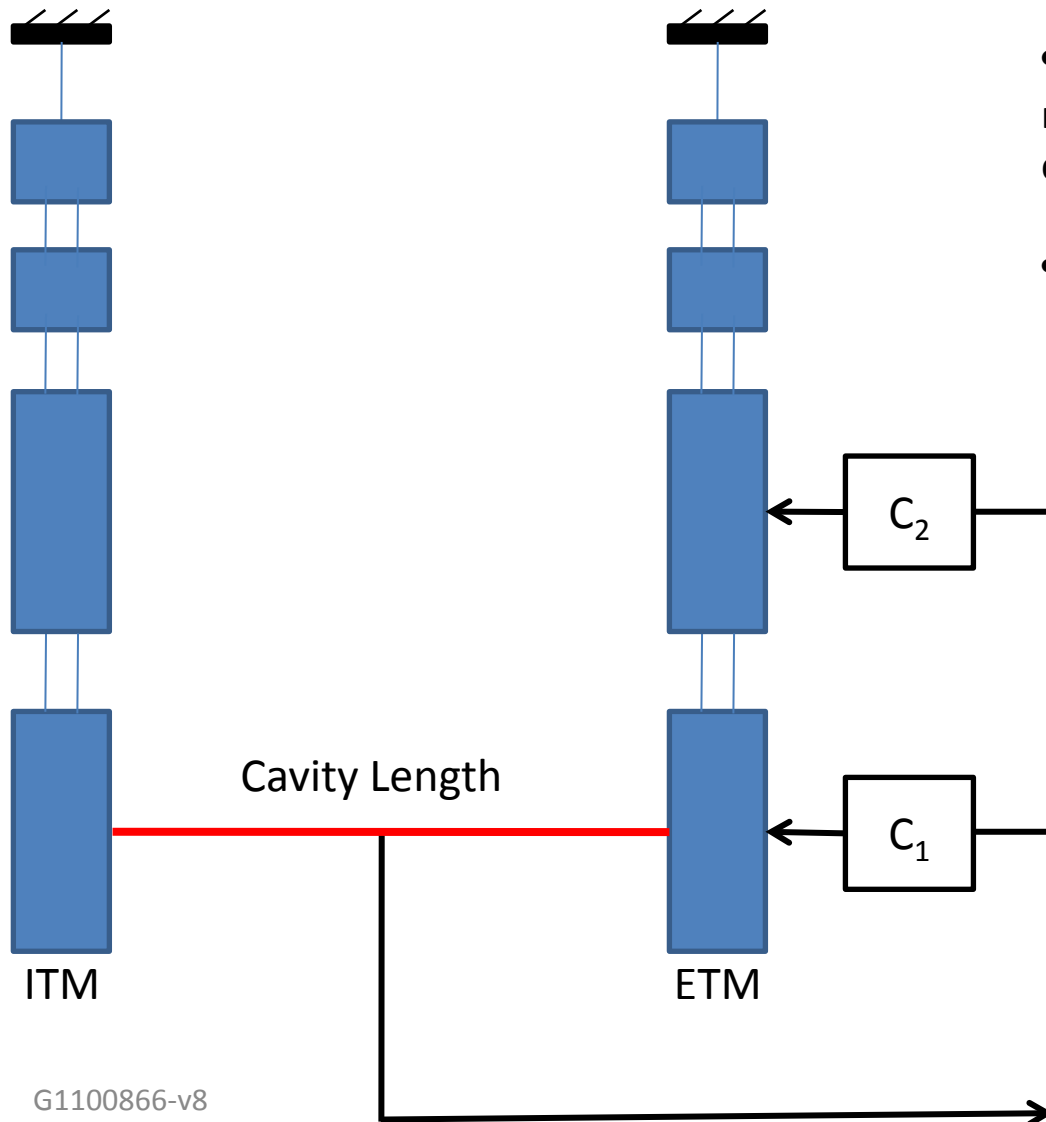
Quad MEDM Overview Screen



Global Cavity Control (LSC)

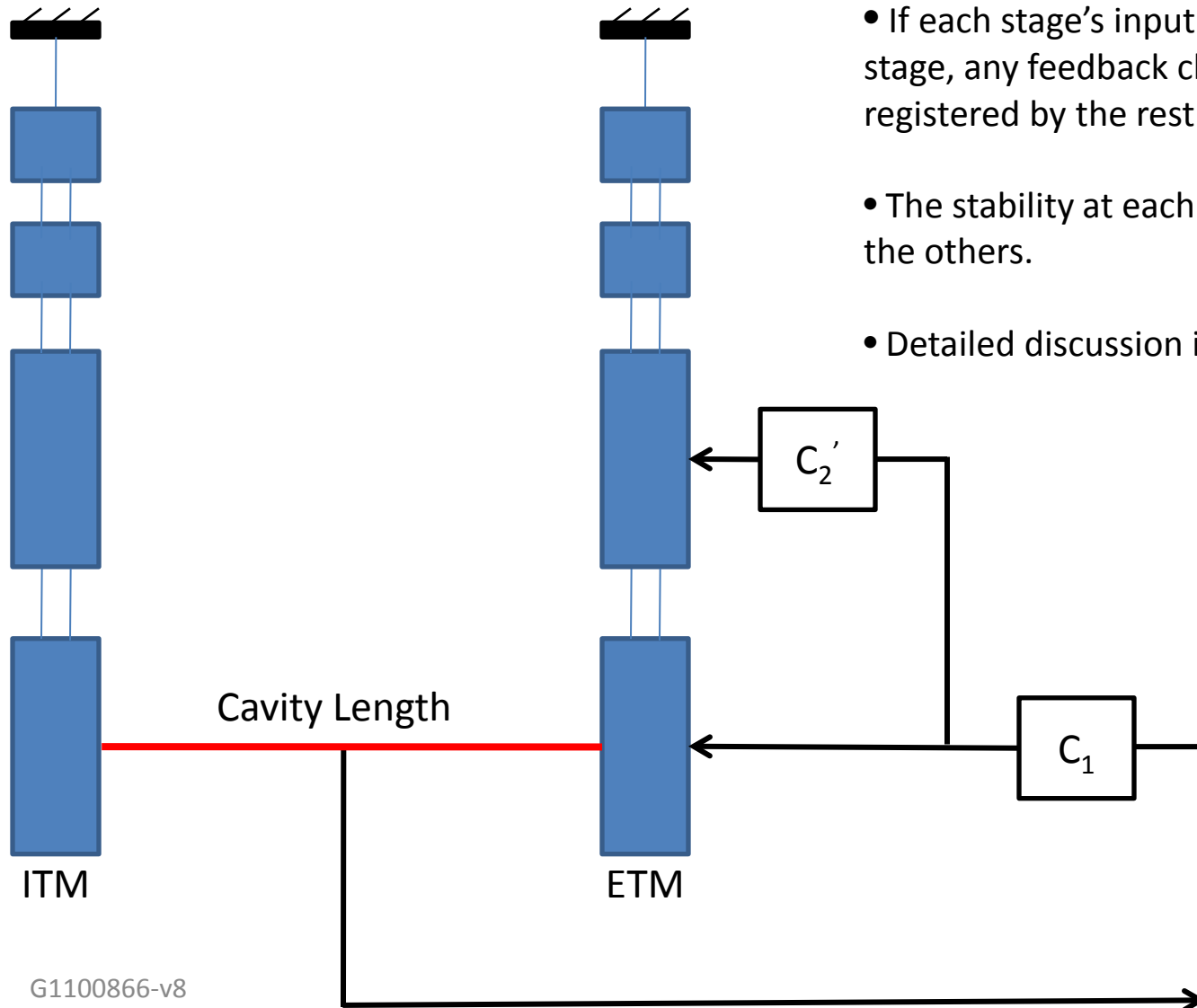


Parallel Control of Cavity Length



- With parallel feedback, changing one loop requires changing the others to account for changes in gain and stability.
- The stability of all stages are coupled

Hierarchical Control of Cavity Length

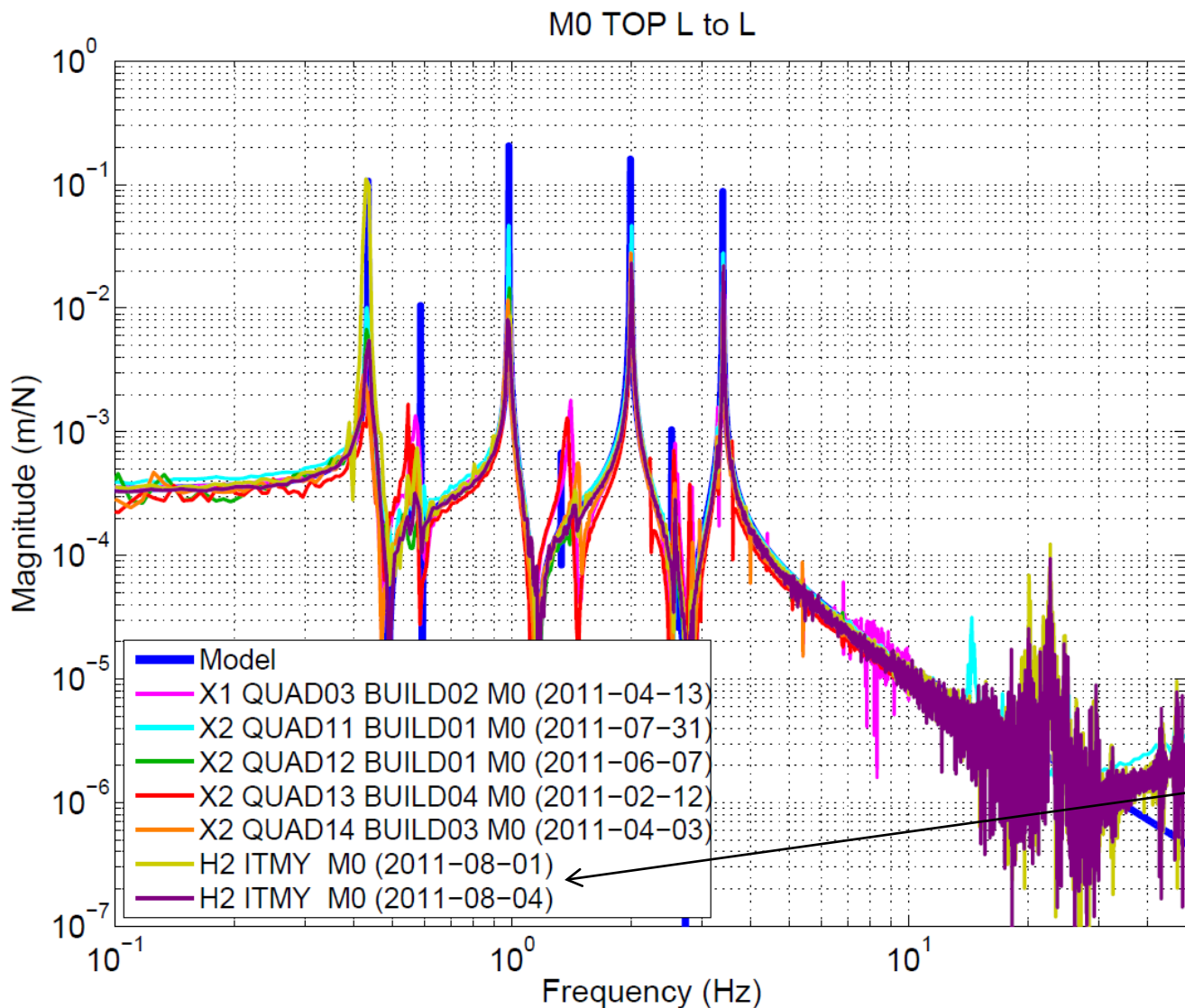


- If each stage's input is the output of the previous stage, any feedback change is automatically registered by the rest of the loop.
- The stability at each stage is independent from the others.
- Detailed discussion in T1000242.

SUS Testing – G1100693

- Top mass transfer functions
- Sub-pendulum resonance measurements (lock stages down)
- OSEM calibration – sensors and actuators
- Cross-coupling tests
- Magnet polarity checks
- Active damping tests
- Alignment range tests (drive OSEMs)
- Structure resonances
- The testing plan is still a work in progress!

Recent Transfer Functions



H2 ITMY
just
installed on
BSC-ISI last
week!

What can DetChar do?

- Damping: measure how much OSEM sensor noise makes it to DARM; look for pendulum resonant frequencies and Q's. This will tell us how optimal our damping control is.
- Study impact of undamped bounce and roll modes. Each triple and quad has a pair. How big are the peaks, do they ring up often? What are the Q's?
- Study impact of wire and fiber violin modes and acoustic modes of the optics. How big are the peaks? Ring up often? Some of these will have active damping.
- Look for actuator saturation and RMS history; will tell us if the global control is distributed properly between stages.
- Monitor long term alignment drifts in the suspensions. Ex. The masses rise and fall slightly with variations in temperature and pressure (quad mirror drops 1/3 mm under vacuum).
- More ideas welcome.



aLIGO SUS Team

LLO SUS Team:

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Derek Bridges
Virginia Brocato
William Elliott
Anamaria Effler
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Ralph Moffatt
Bobby Moore
Danny Sellers
Gene Winton

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Rich Mittleman – LASTI lead
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Michael Hillard
Brett Shapiro
Sam Waldman

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Alastair Heptonstall
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University of Birmingham (UK):

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Ludovico Carbone
Ron Cutler

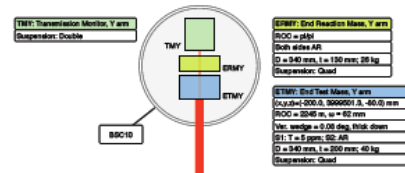
Back Ups

Advanced LIGO H1 Optical Layout

Optical parameters from LIGO-T990043-08
Coordinates & wedges from T060079-08 & E0500342

May 23rd, 2011
P. Fritschel
E. Gustafson

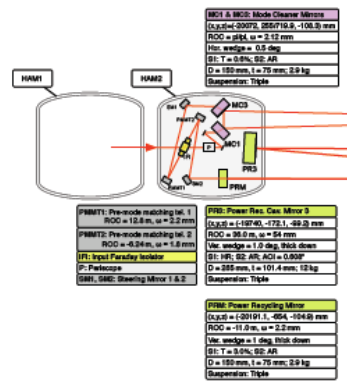
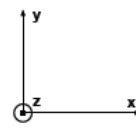
D0002636-v3



ERMF: End Reaction Mass, Y arm
ROC = μm
Both sides AR
D = 340 mm, L = 130 mm, 28 kg
Suspension: Quad

ETMY: End Test Mass, Y arm
$(x, y, z) = (200.0, 200.0, -40.0)$ mm
ROC = 2045 m, $\omega = 63$ mm
Hor. wedge = 0.03 deg. 90deg. down
S1: T = 5 ppm, 92 AR
D = 340 mm, L = 200 mm, 40 kg
Suspension: Quad

Arm cavity length	3994.5 m
Power recycling cavity length	57.656 m
Signal recycling cavity length	56.006 m
Input mode cleaner round trip	32.9461 m
Schnrupp asymmetry	50.0 mm
Modulation frequencies	f1 = 0.009471 MHz f2 = 45.467355 MHz
Gouy phases (one-way)	PRC: 25° SRC: 19°



MCM1 & MCM2: Mode Cleaner Mirrors
$(x, y, z) = (200.0, 200.0, -40.0)$ mm
ROC = μm , $\omega = 3.12$ mm
Hor. wedge = 0.5 deg
S1: T = 0.0%, 92 AR
D = 150 mm, L = 75 mm, 2.9 kg
Suspension: Triple

MCM3: Mode Cleaner Mirror
$(x, y, z) = (200.0, 200.0, -40.0)$ mm
ROC = 27.24 m, $\omega = 3.37$ mm
Hor. wedge = 0.5 deg
S1: HR, 92 AR
D = 150 mm, L = 75 mm, 2.9 kg
Suspension: Triple

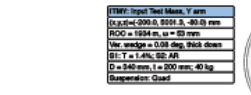
MCM4: Mode Cleaner Mirror
$(x, y, z) = (200.0, 200.0, -40.0)$ mm
ROC = 27.24 m, $\omega = 3.37$ mm
Hor. wedge = 0.5 deg
S1: HR, 92 AR
D = 150 mm, L = 75 mm, 2.9 kg
Suspension: Triple

PR1: Power Rec. Cas. Mirror 1
$(x, y, z) = (-197.60, -472.1, -92.0)$ mm
ROC = 26.0 m, $\omega = 5.4$ mm
Hor. wedge = 1.0 deg. 90deg. down
S1: HR, 92 AR, ACI = 0.600°
D = 288 mm, L = 101.4 mm, 12 kg
Suspension: Triple

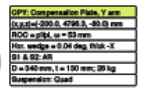
PR2: Power Rec. Cas. Mirror 2
$(x, y, z) = (-197.60, -472.1, -92.0)$ mm
ROC = 26.0 m, $\omega = 5.4$ mm
Hor. wedge = 1.0 deg. 90deg. down
S1: HR, 92 AR, ACI = 0.600°
D = 288 mm, L = 101.4 mm, 12 kg
Suspension: Triple

PR3: Power Rec. Cas. Mirror 3
$(x, y, z) = (-197.60, -472.1, -92.0)$ mm
ROC = 26.0 m, $\omega = 5.4$ mm
Hor. wedge = 1.0 deg. 90deg. down
S1: HR, 92 AR, ACI = 0.600°
D = 288 mm, L = 101.4 mm, 12 kg
Suspension: Triple

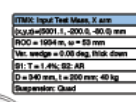
PR4: Power Recycling Mirror
$(x, y, z) = (-201.0, -1, -404, -124.0)$ mm
ROC = 11.0 m, $\omega = 2.3$ mm
Hor. wedge = 1 deg. 90deg. down
S1: T = 0.0%, 92 AR
D = 150 mm, L = 75 mm, 2.9 kg
Suspension: Triple



ITM: Input Test Mass, Y arm
$(x, y, z) = (200.0, 200.0, -40.0)$ mm
ROC = 1024 m, $\omega = 53$ mm
Hor. wedge = 0.03 deg. 90deg. down
S1: T = 1.4%, 92 AR
D = 340 mm, L = 200 mm, 40 kg
Suspension: Quad



CP: Compensator Plate, Y arm
$(x, y, z) = (200.0, 4736.0, -40.0)$ mm
ROC = μm , $\omega = 53$ mm
Hor. wedge = 0.04 deg. 90deg. -X
S1 & S2: AR
D = 340 mm, L = 130 mm, 28 kg
Suspension: Quad



SRM: Signal Recycling Mirror
$(x, y, z) = (-197.6, -472.1, -92.0)$ mm
ROC = 26.0 m, $\omega = 5.4$ mm
Hor. wedge = 0.03 deg. 90deg. down
S1: T = 20%, 92 AR
D = 288 mm, L = 75 mm, 2.9 kg
Suspension: Triple

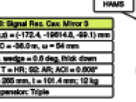
SRC1: Signal Rec. Cas. Mirror 1
$(x, y, z) = (-197.6, -472.1, -92.0)$ mm
ROC = 26.0 m, $\omega = 5.4$ mm
Hor. wedge = 1.0 deg. 90deg. down
S1: T = HR, 92 AR, ACI = 0.740°
D = 150 mm, L = 75 mm, 2.9 kg
Suspension: Triple

Beam waist: $\omega_0 = 12.0$ mm
Location: 163 m towards ITM from mid-point



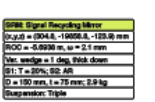
ETM: End Test Mass, X arm
$(x, y, z) = (200.0, 200.0, -40.0)$ mm
ROC = 2045 m, $\omega = 63$ mm
Hor. wedge = 0.03 deg. 90deg. down
S1: T = 5 ppm, 92 AR
D = 340 mm, L = 200 mm, 40 kg
Suspension: Quad

ERM: End Reaction Mass, X arm
ROC = μm
Both sides AR
D = 340 mm, L = 130 mm, 28 kg
Suspension: Quad



SRC2: Signal Rec. Cas. Mirror 2
$(x, y, z) = (-172.4, -1061.6, -49.1)$ mm
ROC = 26.0 m, $\omega = 5.4$ mm
Hor. wedge = 0.03 deg. 90deg. down
S1: T = HR, 92 AR, ACI = 0.600°
D = 288 mm, L = 101.4 mm, 12 kg
Suspension: Triple

SRC3: Signal Rec. Cas. Mirror 3
$(x, y, z) = (-172.4, -1061.6, -49.1)$ mm
ROC = 26.0 m, $\omega = 5.4$ mm
Hor. wedge = 0.03 deg. 90deg. down
S1: T = HR, 92 AR, ACI = 0.600°
D = 288 mm, L = 101.4 mm, 12 kg
Suspension: Triple



SRC4: Signal Rec. Cas. Mirror 4
$(x, y, z) = (204.8, -1065.6, -123.0)$ mm
ROC = 0.6926 m, $\omega = 2.1$ mm
Hor. wedge = 1.0 deg. 90deg. down
S1: T = 20%, 92 AR
D = 150 mm, L = 75 mm, 2.9 kg
Suspension: Triple

OFI: Output Far-Field Isolator
Aperture: 20 mm
Suspension: Single



TT1, TT2 & TT3: Tip-Tilt Mirrors
Suspension: Single

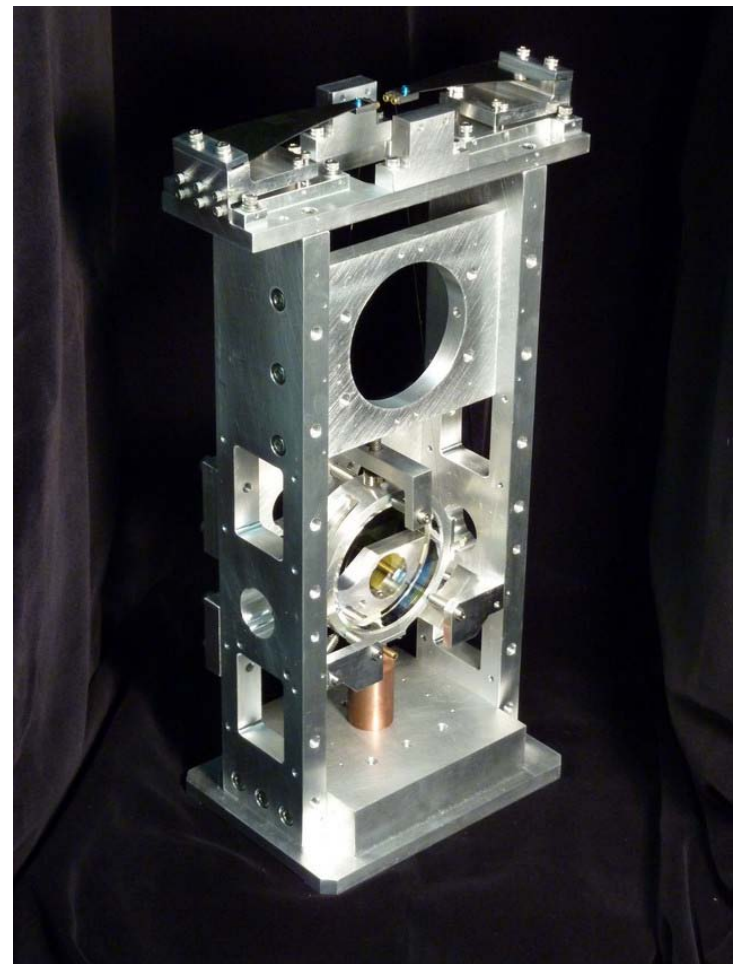
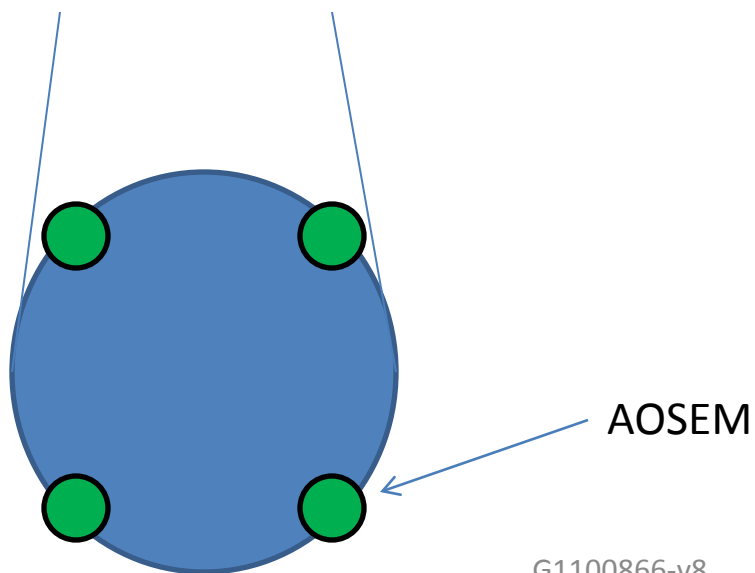


OMC: Output Mode Cleaner
Suspension: Double

G1100866-v8

Single Suspensions

- Modified iLIGO SOS's (Small Optic Suspension)
 - Addition of blade springs
 - Removal of side OSEM
 - Addition of eddy current damping
- Steering and focusing auxiliary mirrors.
- Located in HAM 2, 8



TransMon Double


Location

- BSC 9, 10

Control

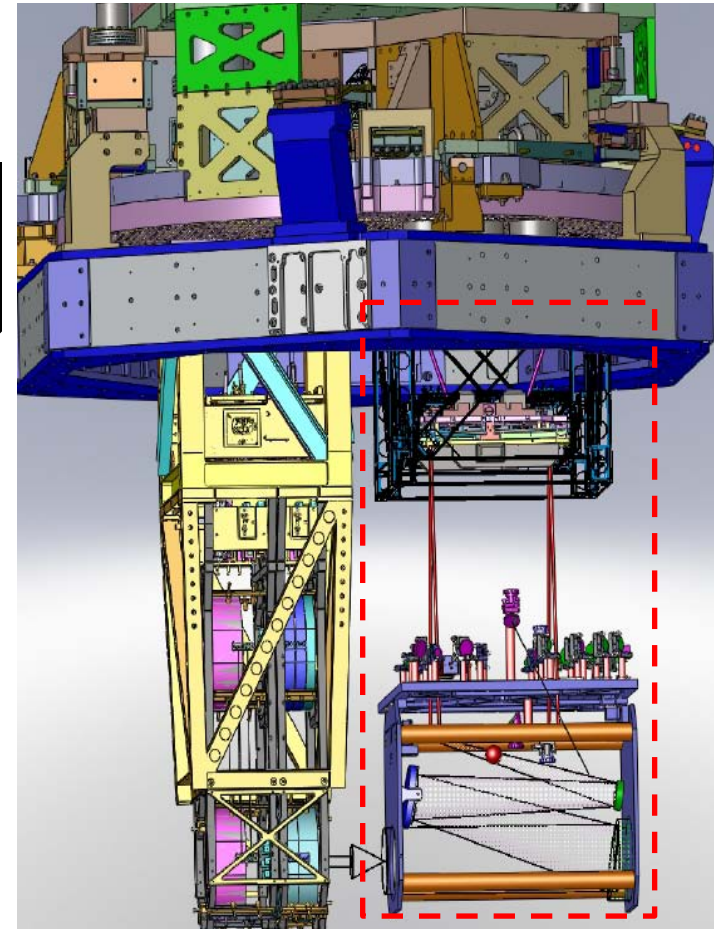
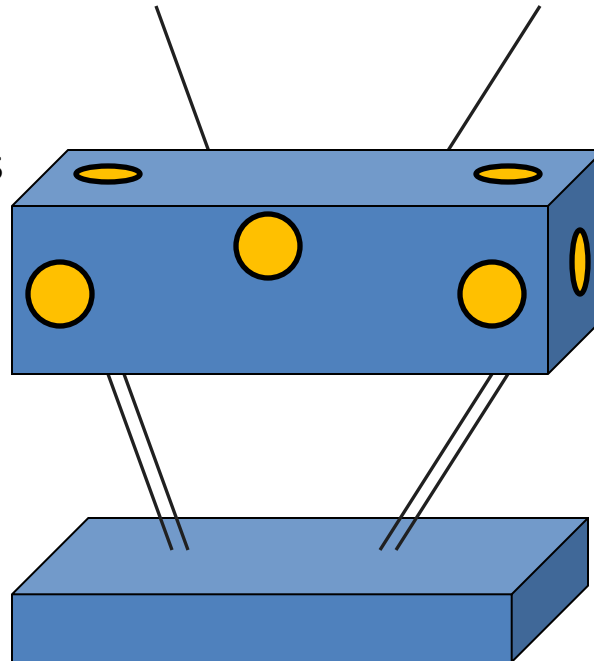
- Local – damping at top mass

Sensors/Actuators

-  BOSEMs at top mass

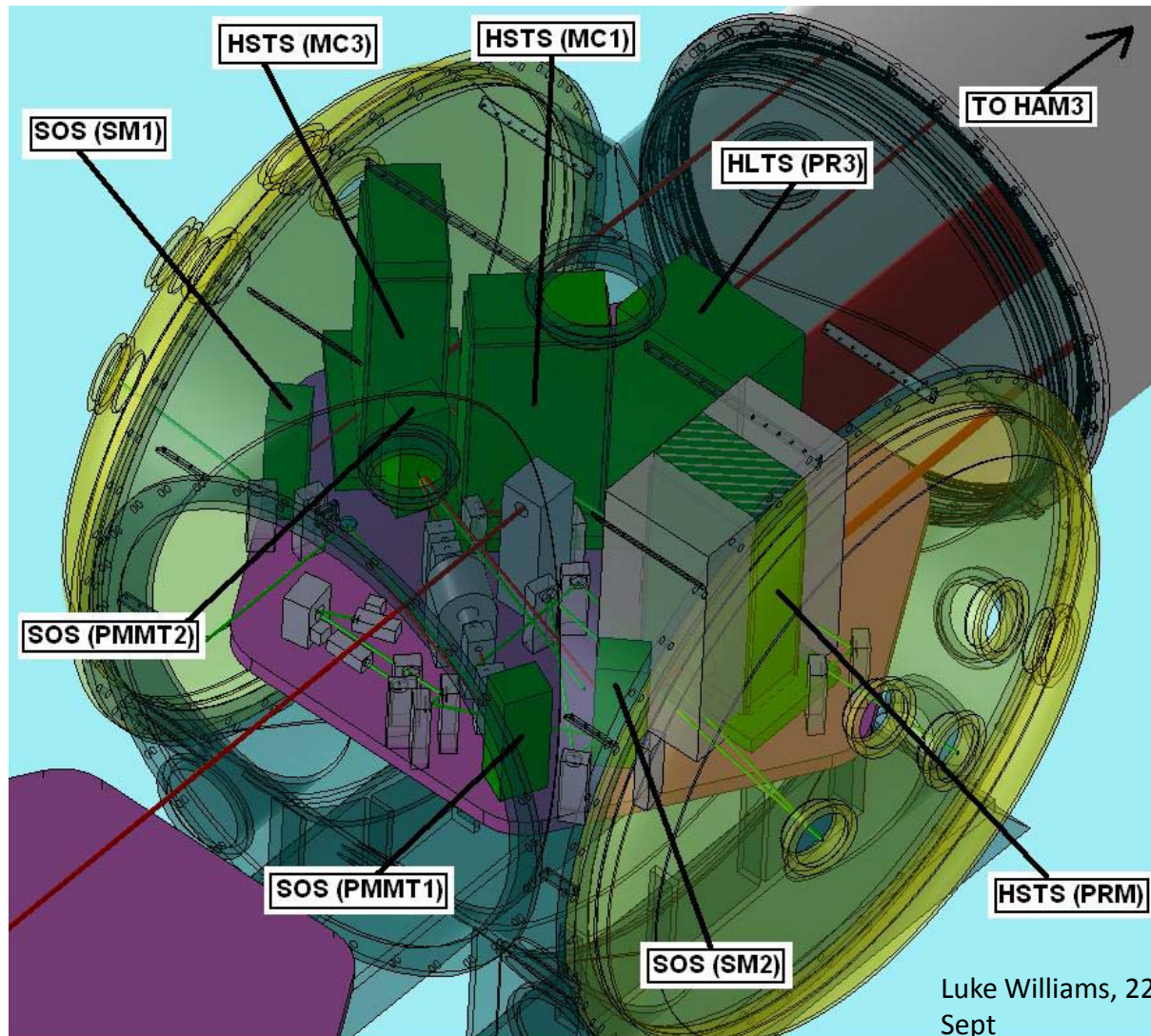
Top mass naming convention

- L1:SUS-TRMX_M1...

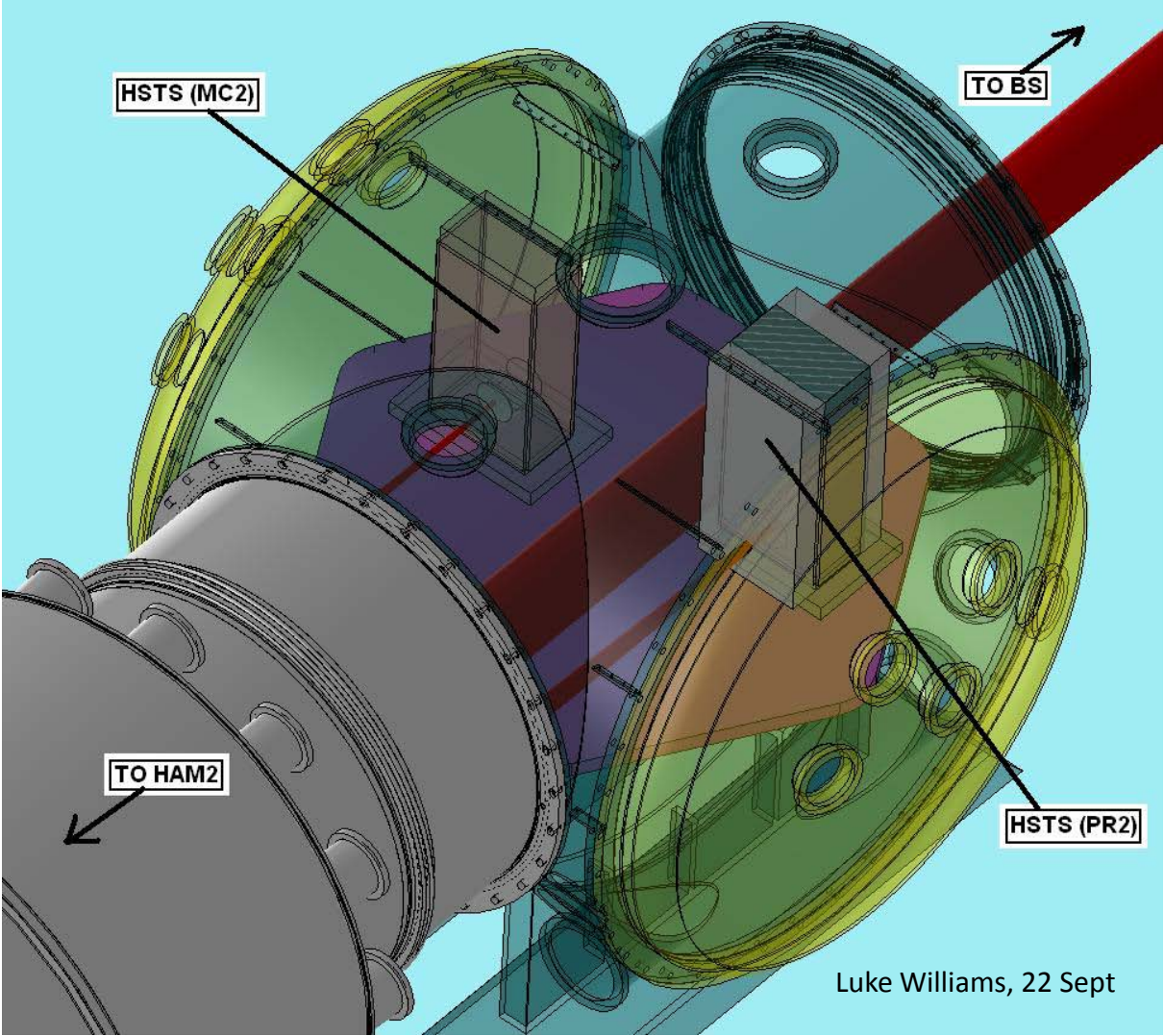


Ref: E1000040

HAM2 Layout



HAM3 Layout



Different Suspensions

ADVANCED LIGO SUSPENSION CHART – Stable Recycling

BSC Suspensions – Quad

BSC Suspensions - Triple

HAM Large Triple Suspension, HLTS (aka RM)

HAM Small Triple Suspension, HSTS (aka IMC)

HAM Cavity Optics Suspension - Double

Ham Aux. Modified Small Optic Suspension (MSOS)- Single

IFO 1 (L1)	IFO 2 (H1)	IFO 3 (H2)	Responsibility
2 ETM	2 ETM	2 ETM	SUS UK/COC
2 ITM/CP	2 ITM/CP	2 ITM/CP	SUS UK/COC/AOS
BS	BS	BS	SUS UK/COC
		2 FM	SUS UK/COC
PR 3	PR 3	PR 3	SUS US/COC
SR 3	SR 3	SR 3	SUS US/COC
IMC1	IMC1	IMC1	SUSUS/IO
IMC2	IMC2	IMC2	SUS US/IO
IMC3	IMC3	IMC3	SUS US/IO
PRM	PRM	PRM	SUS US/IO
PR 2	PR 2	PR 2	SUS US/IO
SRM	SRM	SRM	SUS US/IO
SR 2	SR 2	SR 2	SUS US/ IO
OMC	OMC	OMC	SUS US/ISC
SM1	SM1	SM1	SUS US/IO
SM2	SM2	SM2	SUS US/IO
IMMT1	IMMT1	IMMT1	SUS US/IO
IMMT2	IMMT2	IMMT2	SUS US/IO
8 Tip/Tilt Mirrors	8 Tip/Tilt Mirrors	8 Tip/Tilt Mirrors	ISC ¹

ETM = end test mass

ITM = input test mass

BS = beamsplitter

FM = folding mirror

CP = compensator plate

PR = power recycling mirror

SR = signal recycling mirror

IMC = input mode cleaner

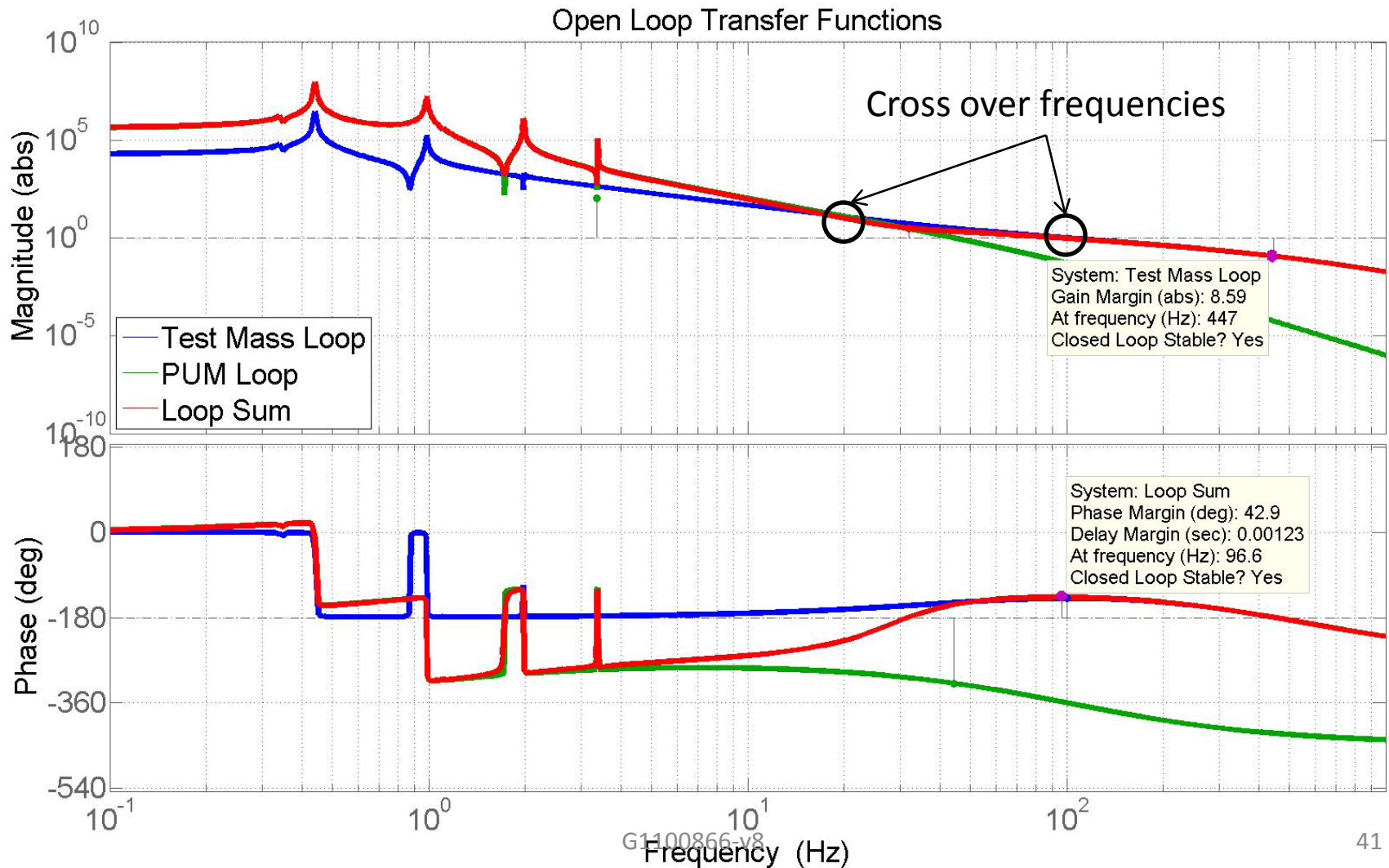
OMC = output mode cleaner

SM = steering mirror

IMMT = input mode matching telescope

SPARES: 1 of each type per site. 2 ETM/ITM (4 total), 1 total BS/FM, 1 HLTS, 1 HSTS, 1 OMC. No spares for SOS-based suspensions.

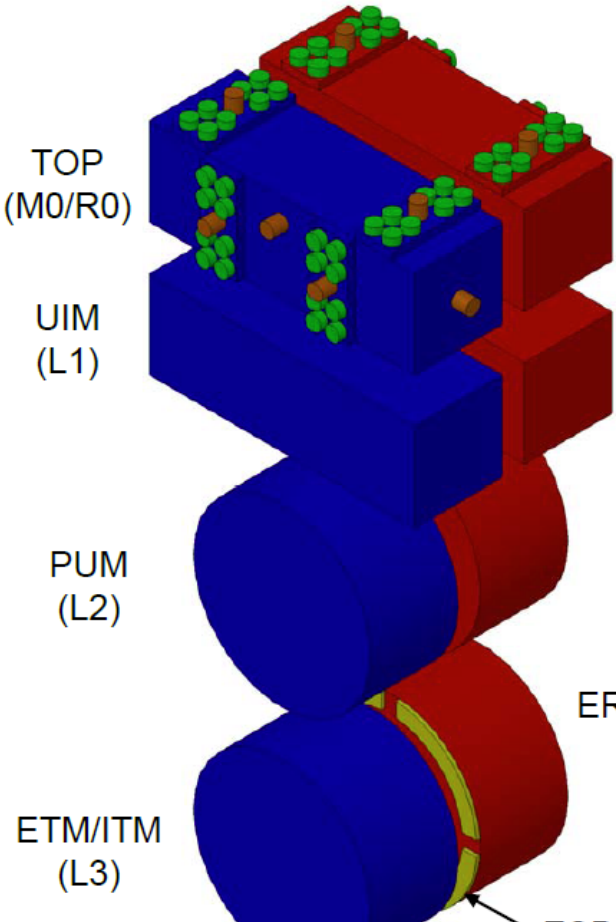
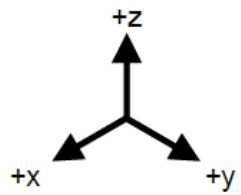
Example Loop Gain of Cavity Control



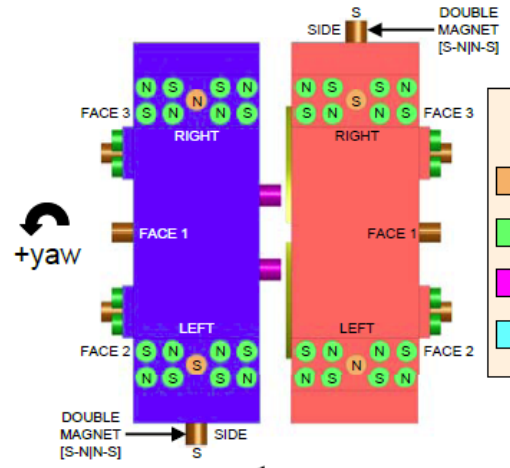
SUS SVN

T1100117-File Directory Naming Convention

QUAD SUSPENSION CONTROLS ARRANGEMENT



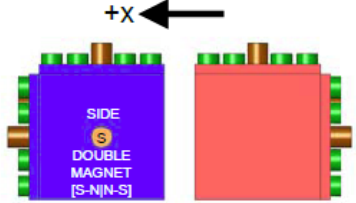
ERM/CP



MAGNET KEY

- NdFeB (NEO 35), 10mm X 10mm -
- NdFeB (NEO 35), 10mm X 10mm
- SmCo, 10mm X 10mm - BOSEM
- SmCo, 2mm X 6mm - AOSEM

MAIN CHAIN



REACTION CHAIN

