



### **Input Optics**

Technical Status NSF Review of Advanced LIGO Project

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## **IO** Functions

Project cost for IO is \$4.37M

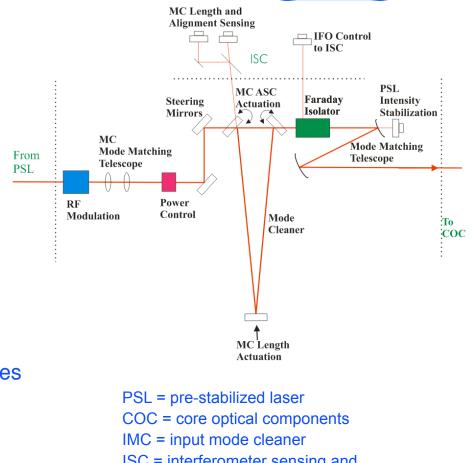
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The Input Optics (IO) conditions the PSL laser light and delivers it to the interferometer.

It provides:

- RF modulation for length and alignment control functions
- Power control
- Laser mode cleaning and frequency stabilization
- Isolation of laser from interferometer reflected light
- Optical signal distribution to length and alignment control
- Mode matching to recycling and arm cavities
- Design and fabrication of small PRMs and SRMs

The IO has interfaces with many aLIGO other subsystems



ISC = interferometer sensing and control

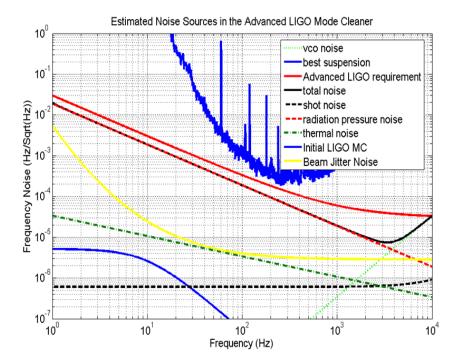
- PRM = power recycling mirror
- SRM = signal recycling mirror





## **IO Requirements I**

- Phase modulated light:
  - » Straight interferometer  $f_1 \sim 9.1$ ;  $f_2 \sim 45.5$ MHz,  $f_{IMC} \sim 24.1$  MHz
  - » Folded interferometer  $f_1 \sim 8.7$ ;  $f_2 \sim 43.4$ MHz  $f_{IMC} \sim 23.0$  MHz
  - » Modulation index range for  $f_{1,2} \Gamma = 0.1-0.8$
  - » RF amplitude modulation:  $\Delta\Gamma < 10^{-9}/\Gamma$  (10 Hz)
- Power control:
  - » Operate from 1 to 165 W
- Mode cleaning:
  - » Suppress laser beam jitter by 250x
  - Provide intermediate length standard for laser frequency stabilization for ISC



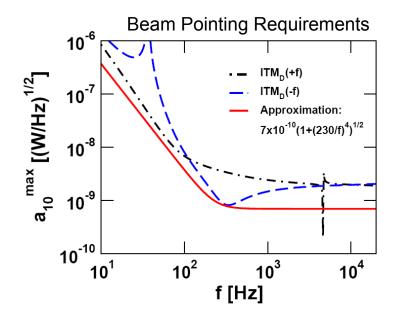
Modeled noise sources in the input mode cleaner. Solid red line is the requirement. The solid black line is calculated noise, dominated by radiation pressure noise.

(The upper blue line is the initial LIGO IMC measured frequency noise)



## IO Requirements II

- Optical isolation and beam routing via Faraday isolator:
  - » >30 dB isolation
  - » Deliver diagnostic beams to interferometer sensing and control system
- Mode matching:
  - » PSL → modulator
  - » modulator  $\rightarrow$  input mode cleaner
  - » Input mode cleaner  $\rightarrow$  power recycling cavity
  - » Minimal thermal modal distortions
- High overall optical throughput
  - » >75%
- Stable power and signal recycling cavities:
  - Incorporates beam expanding/reducing telescope size to match arm cavities
  - » IO designed telescope, specifies radii of curvature, purchases small RMs



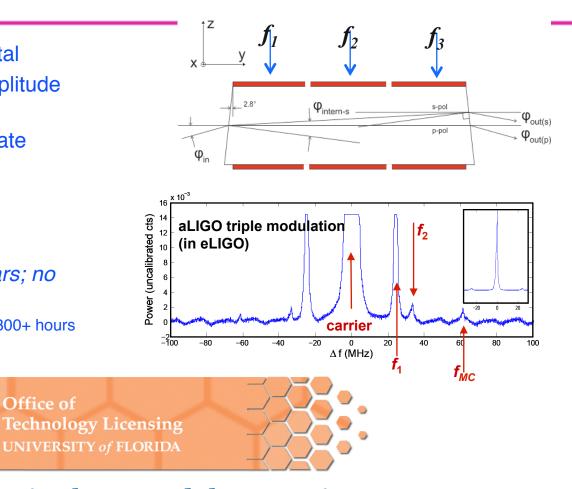
REFL = interferometer reflected beam ISC = interferometer sensing and control PSL = pre-stabilized laser EOM = electro-optic modulator IMC = input mode cleaner PRC = power recycling cavity SRC = signal recycling cavity

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## Modulator: eLIGO certified

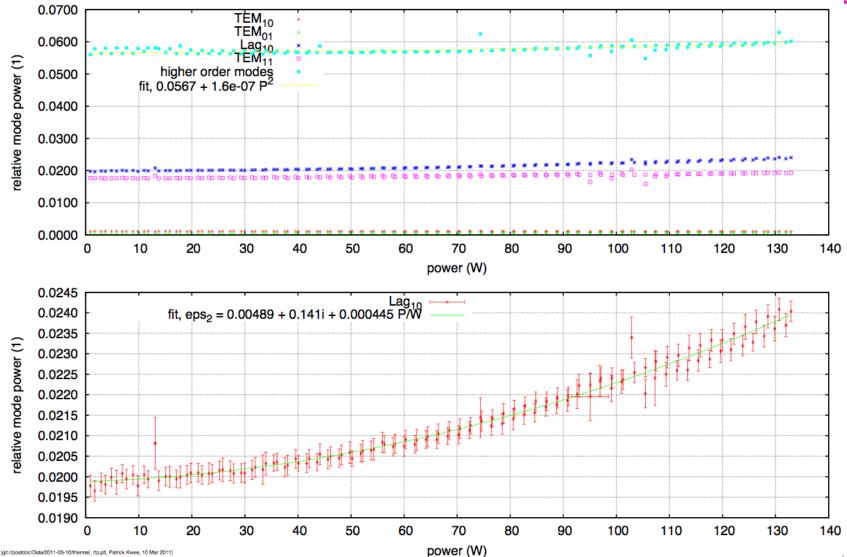
- Three electrodes one crystal
- Wedged cut to suppress amplitude modulation
- RF matching circuit in separate housing
- Rubidium titanyl phosphate
  - » High damage threshold
  - » Low absorption (~50 ppm/cm)
- Operated in eLIGO for 2 years; no problems
  - » Also tested at 100 W levels for 300+ hours
- Patented by UF

 Image: Construction of the construc



## Thermal modal distortions **UNIVERSITY of** at aLIGO laser power

Data from Patrick Kwee, AEI



LIGO

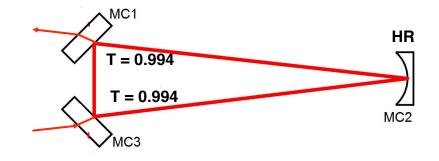
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### Input Mode Cleaner Design Concept

- Triangular ring cavity design
- Length, L/2 = 16.5 m (straight); 17.3 m (folded)
- FSR = 9.1 MHz (straight); 8.7 MHz (folded)
- Finesse ~ 520
  - » P<sub>store</sub> = 23,200 W (@ 165 W input)
- All three mirrors on "HAM small triple suspensions"
- Low coating absorption minimize thermally-induced modal distortions
  - » 0.5 ppm (goal); 1.0 ppm (required)
- Low scatter loss: < 30 ppm/mirror

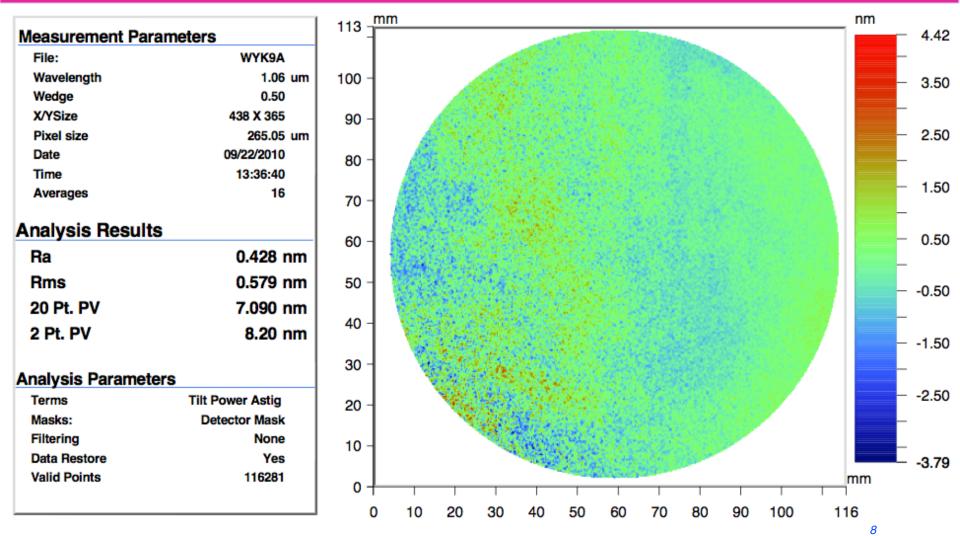




FSR = free spectral range SUS = suspensions subsystem HAM = horizontal access module chamber

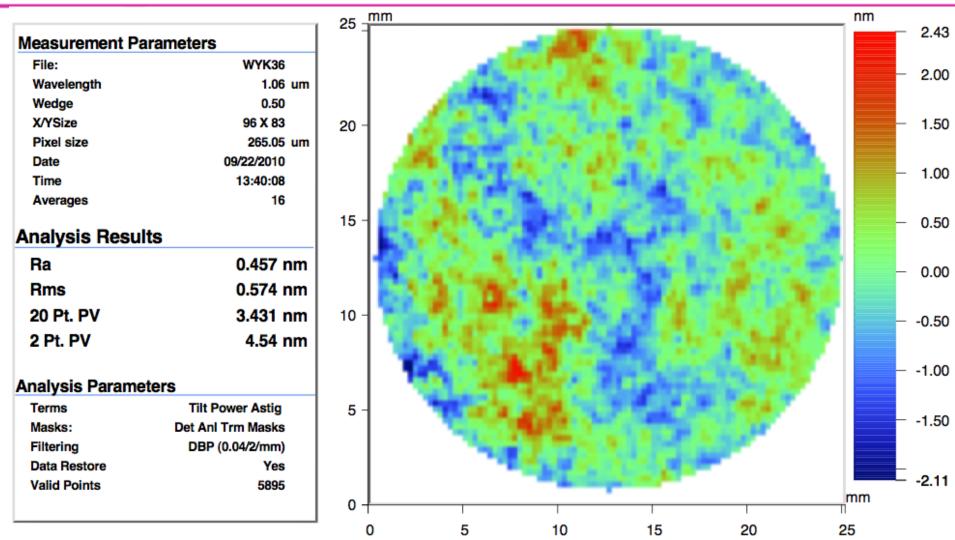


### IMC mirror phase maps





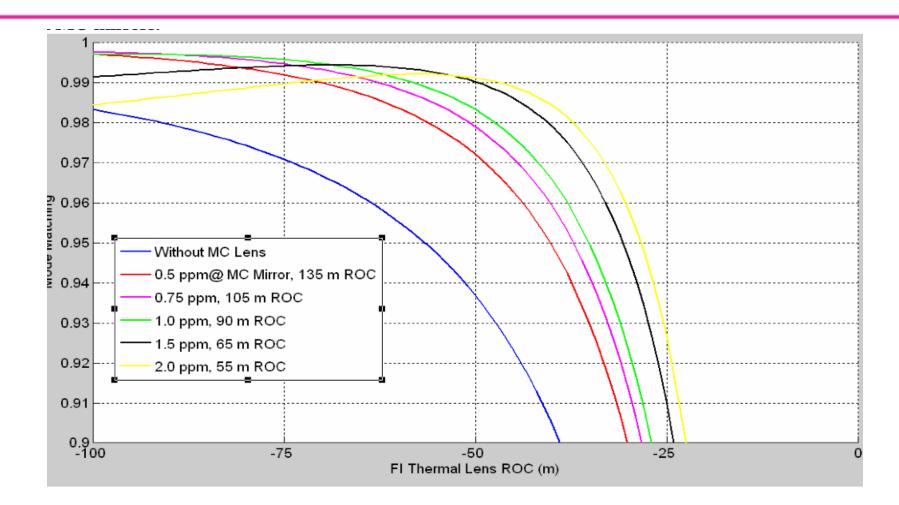
### IMC mirror phase maps







## Thermal effects in the IMC



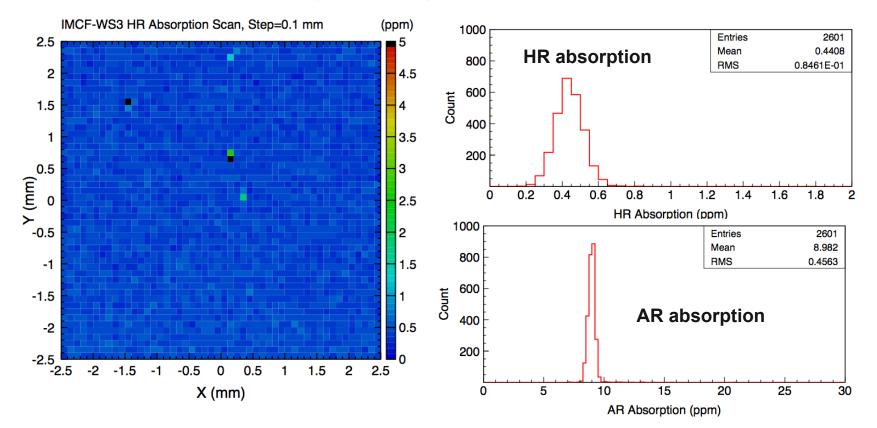
#### Substrate Thermal Lensing in Mode Cleaner, LIGO- T070095-00-E





## **IMC** Mirror Absorption

### MCF-WS3 witness sample absorption scan

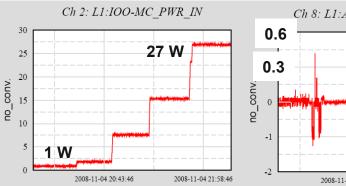


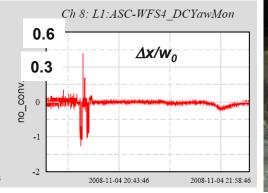


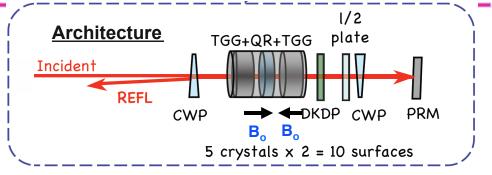
## Input Faraday Isolator

- Another battle-tested eLIGO component
  - » Operating at ~ 10 20 W power levels over two years with no problems
  - » Prototype tested to 100 W (100 hours) \
  - » Adjustable ½ waveplate for in-vacuum tuning of isolation ratio

### Thermal angular drift of back-rejected beam





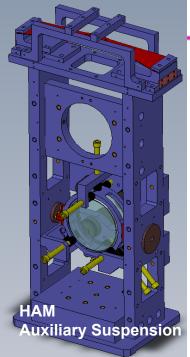






## HAM Auxiliary Suspensions: Requirements and Design

- The HAM Auxiliary suspensions are single stage suspensions that route the beam from the IMC to the PRM
- Requirements:
  - » 10 mrad pitch, yaw range
  - » Resonant frequencies < 10 Hz
  - » Passive damping
  - » Displacement noise 10<sup>-11</sup>,10<sup>-14</sup> m/Hz<sup>1/2</sup> (10 Hz, 100 Hz)
  - » RMS pointing to < 1 urad
  - » In-band pointing < 6 x  $10^{-13}$  rad/Hz<sup>1/2</sup> (100 Hz)



IMC = input mode cleaner PRM = power recycling mirror

Name	Description	Model	Measured Value
fPitch1	Frequency of first pitch/x normal mode	0.98 Hz	0.95 Hz
fPitch2	Frequency of second pitch/x normal mode	1.12 Hz	1.04 Hz
fYaw	Frequency of yaw mode	0.76 Hz	0.80 Hz
fBounce	Frequency of vertical motion	7.19 Hz	6.14 Hz
fRoll1	Frequency of first roll/y normal mode	1.00 Hz	1.00 Hz
fRoll2	Frequency of second roll/y normal mode	10.63 Hz	8.97 Hz



## Mode Matching Design Concept

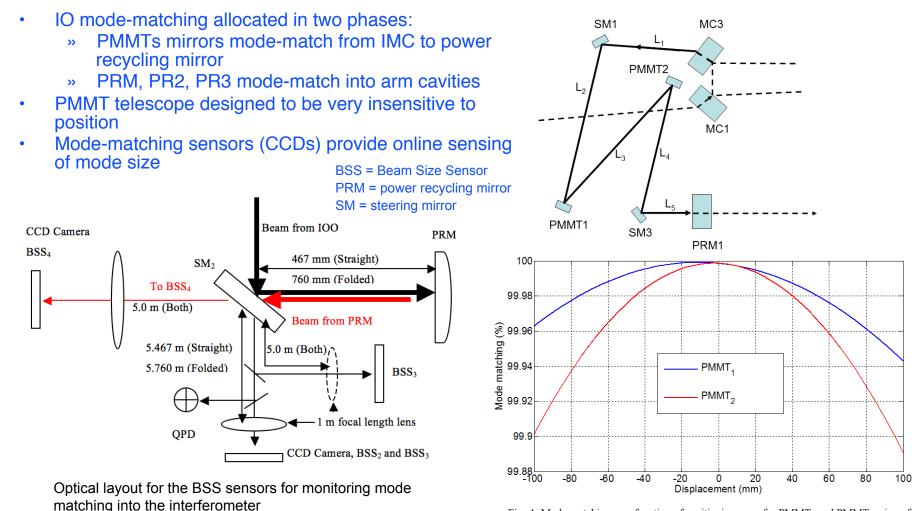


Fig. 4: Mode matching as a function of positioning error for  $PMMT_1$  and  $PMMT_2$  mirror for the straight interferometer shown as displacement from the designed value.

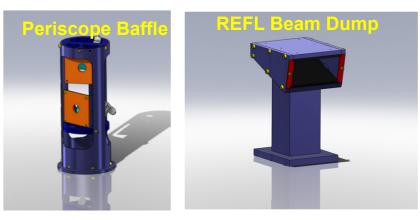
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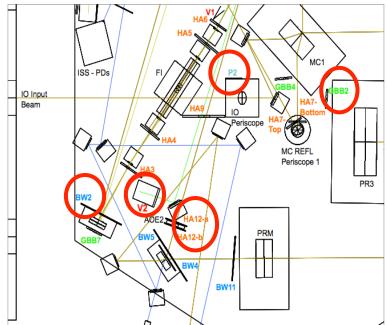


### **IO Baffles**

- The IO has a high density of high power lasers beams in a very confined space.
- The IO baffles serve two purposes:
  - » To prevent scattered light from entering sensing the interferometer and sensing photodiodes
  - » To protect the in-vacuum components from laser damage
- A variety of IO baffles: parking beam dumps, suspensions, hard apertures, scrapers, ghost beams
- Layout in Zemax



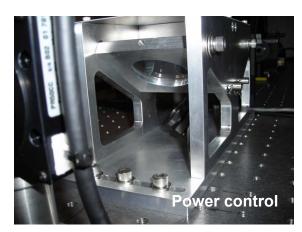
#### **Baffles in HAM2**





## Other Items: Design Concepts

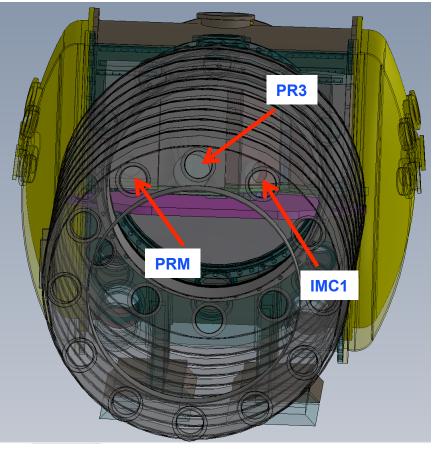
- All main beam line optical components superpolished (except for a few FI components)
- Power control: motorized waveplate and 2x thinfilm polarizers on PSL table, behind EOMs.
  - Custom thin film polarizers with 99%
    throughput
- Mode-matching to IMC: 2 lens telescope on PSL table
- Cameras for viewing all IO components in vacuum
- Double window viewport for safety on all high power beam entry and exit points



LIGO-1100491-v4

PSL = pre-stabilized laser IMC = input mode cleaner EOM = electro-optic modulator

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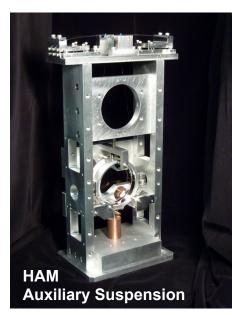


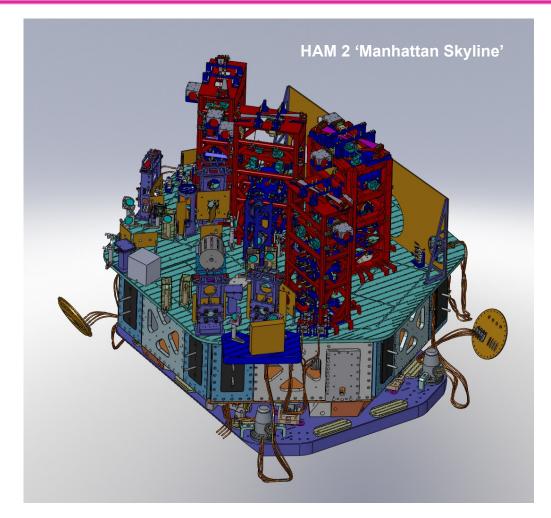
# Selected **UF** FLORIDA

IO optical layout for straight interferometers complete

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- » Folded interferometer almost complete
- PSL and auxiliary IO sensing table layouts complete
- HAM Auxiliary Suspension prototyped and tested









## IO Development Status

- <u>The IO has completed all designs and design review</u> <u>documentation; final approval from project management pending</u>
- Awaiting reports from review committees on
  - » IO baffles in final phase of design review (awaiting committee report)
  - » IO installation plan
- Control and Data System interface with IO currently under review.



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## **IO Subsystem Project Organization**

- University of Florida has primary responsibility for IO design and project phase
  - » UF did the IO for initial LIGO
- Design, procurement, fabrication efforts centered at University of Florida
- Project Team:
  - » Leads: David Reitze, David Tanner
  - » Optical: Rodica Martin



- » Mechanical Engineers: Luke Williams, Joe Gleason, Deepak Kumar
- » Site liaisons: David Feldbaum, Matt Heintze
- Design Team:
  - » Project Team + Guido Mueller, Giacomo Ciano





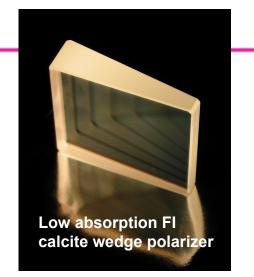
## **Project Phase Status**

- Procurements/Fabrication:
  - » Major optics fabrication for all custom IO and recycling mirror optics completed
  - » Custom optical crystals and components for EOMS, Faraday completed
    - Awaiting delivery on final FI components
  - » HAM Auxiliary Suspensions components fabricated
  - » EOM and FI mechanical components in fabrication: 50% complete
  - » Ancillary in-vacuum optics mounts procurement/fabrication: 40% complete
  - » Commercial opto-mechanical components for out-of-vacuum optical procurement/fabrication: 35% complete
  - » Custom optics transport containers, alignment and installation fixtures: 60% complete
- Metrology for mirrors (phase maps & radii of curvature, absorption): 25% complete
  - » IMC flat mirrors complete, awaiting reference spheres for other mirrors
- De-installation and recovery of IO components from Livingston and Hanford 2 km interferometer complete
  - » Will re-use Livingston EOM and FI housings (but not optics and crystals)

FI = Faraday isolator IMC = input mode cleaner EOM = electro-optic modulator HAM = horizontal access module chamber



## **Project Phase**







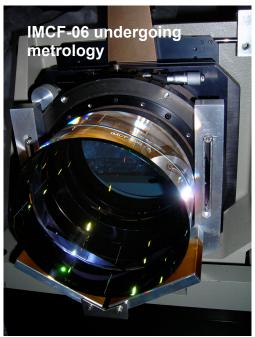




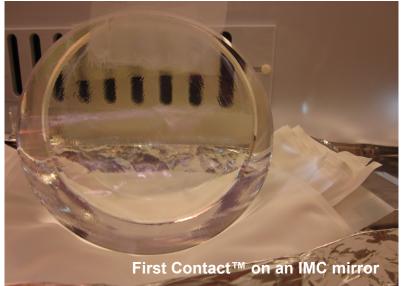


### HAM Auxiliary Suspension components









LIGO-1100491-v4

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## Challenges, Risks, and Mitigations

- Concern: The IO group (like everyone) has a significant amount of assembly, test, and installation work in the coming 6 month period – installation of much of the of LIGO Livingston Input Optics, and assembly of Hanford H2 IO components. Schedules and delays in the IO internally (procurements, assembly, test) or in other parts of the project will push out the schedule and present logistical challenges
- Mitigation:
  - » close coordination with Installation subsystem to maintain awareness of schedule
  - » Re-prioritize activities as needed to optimize installation





## Challenges, Risks, and Mitigations

- Concern: Delay in procurement of reference spheres for recycling mirror metrology may delay of measurements of radii of curvature needed for installation in L1
- Mitigation: fall back plan is to use LIGO1 methods (2f imaging) to get 1% accuracy
- Concern: Delays in HAM small triple suspension fabrication (welding) and test may delay HSTS assembly and installation
- Mitigation:
  - » Structure welding difficulties resolved, HSTS frames now in production.
  - » Build second test stand. Enlist additional staff to help with assembly.





## Input Optics: Next 6 months

- Complete procurements for all three interferometers
- Complete fabrication of L1 custom components
- Complete metrology of small recycling mirrors
- L1 interferometer assembly and installation
  - » Assemble/Test electro-optic modulator
  - » Assemble/Test HAM auxiliary suspensions
  - » Assemble/Test Faraday isolator
  - Assemble/Test HAM Small Triple Suspensions (with SUS group)
  - » Install IO optics on PSL table
  - » Begin installation in HAM vacuum chambers





