



Simulation of a dual recycled interferometer in e2e framework

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on behalf of the Virgo-LAL group

in collaboration with
LIGO Caltech e2e and 40m groups

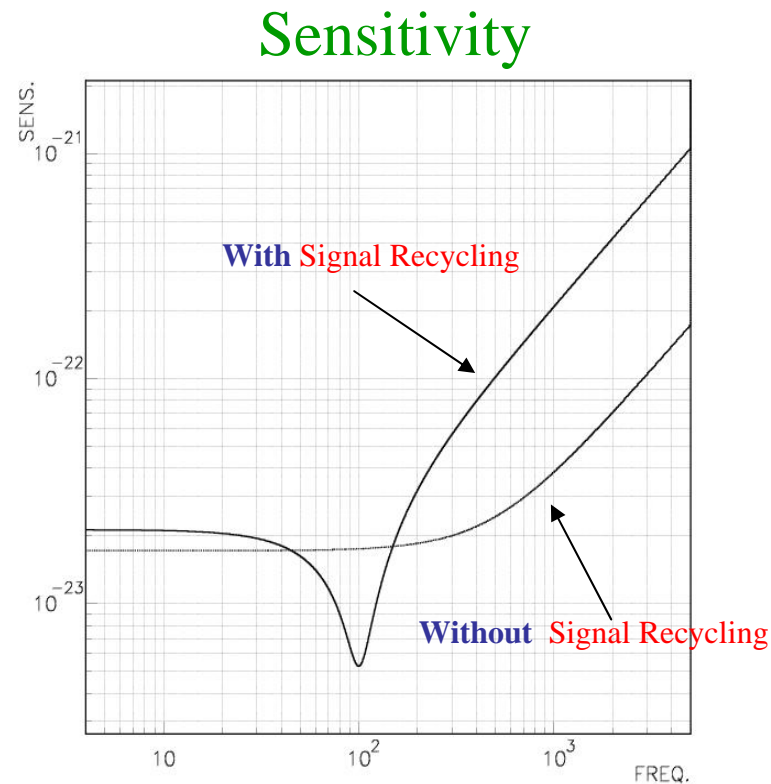
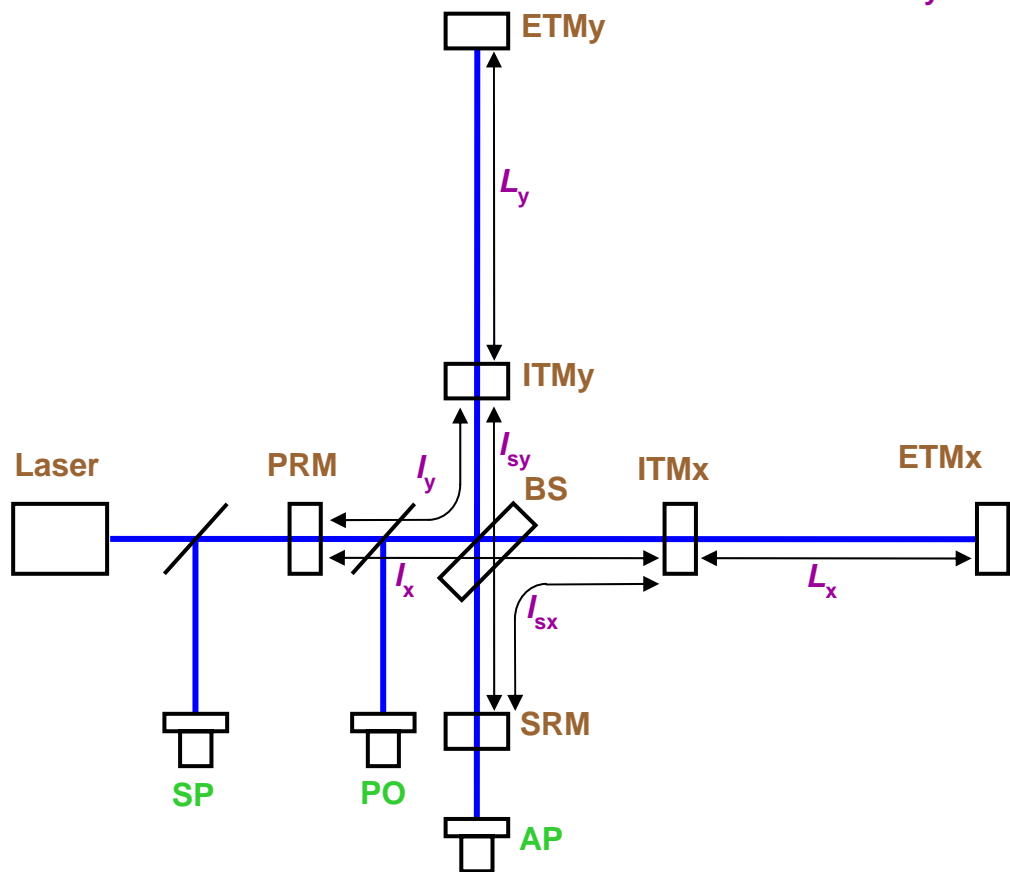
GWADW Elba 2006

Motivation

- *signal recycling* option for Advanced Virgo
 - time domain simulation using e2e (*Hiro's talk*)
 - acquisition of knowledges about a dual recycled interferometer on 40m site (*Osamu's talk*)

DUAL-RECYCLED INTERFEROMETER

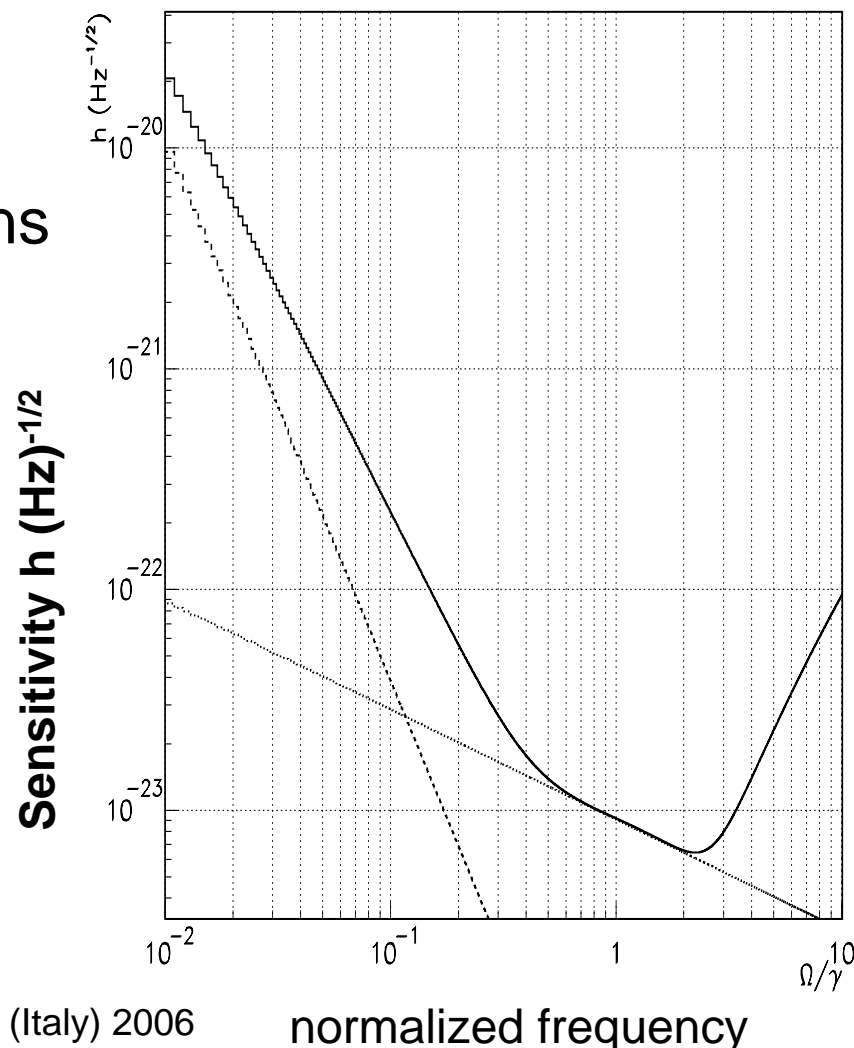
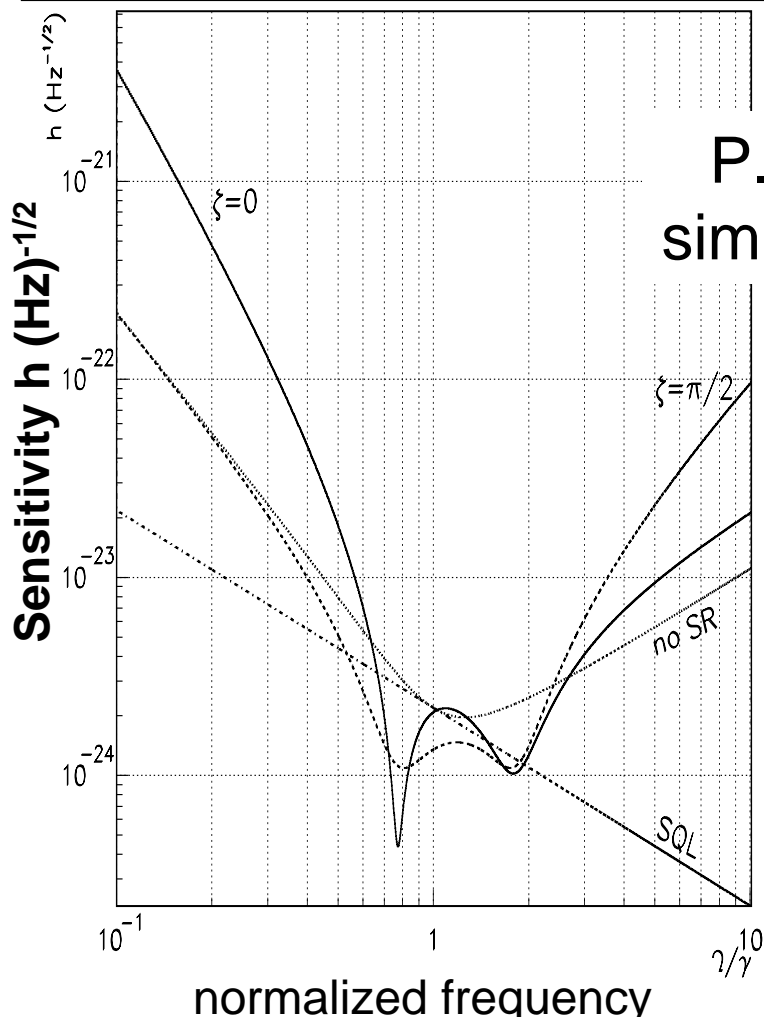
- Common of arms : $L_+ = (L_x + L_y) / 2$
- Differential of arms : $L_- = (L_x - L_y) / 2$
- Power recycling cavity : $I_+ = (I_x + I_y) / 2$
- Michelson : $I_- = (I_x - I_y) / 2$
- Signal recycling cavity : $I_s = (I_{sx} + I_{sy}) / 2$



*better sensitivity in an optimized frequency band
(naive view)*

Sensitivity of a dual recycled IFO
 (quantum noise) compared to the
 Power Recycled IFO sensitivity and
 to the SQL

Sensitivity of a dual recycled IFO
 dashed line: pendulum thermal noise
 dotted line: mirror thermal noise
 solid line : total thermal noise



P. Hello
 simulations

01/06/2006

GWADW - Elba (Italy) 2006
 M.Varvella

normalized frequency

Dual-recycled interferometer in the world

Already installed:

- **40m** @ **CalTech** with Fabry-Perot cavities
- **GEO600** @ **Germany** without Fabry-Perot cavities
- **4m** @ **NAOJ**

Note: **10m** @ **Glasgow** has *signal recycling* cavity but it is **not dual**

Not yet existing:

- **AdvLIGO** @ **United States** with Fabry-Perot cavities
 - same configuration than 40m
- **Advanced Virgo**
- **LCGT** @ **Japan** (broadband RSE)
- Table-Top experiment @ **ANU**

OUTLINE

e2e simulation

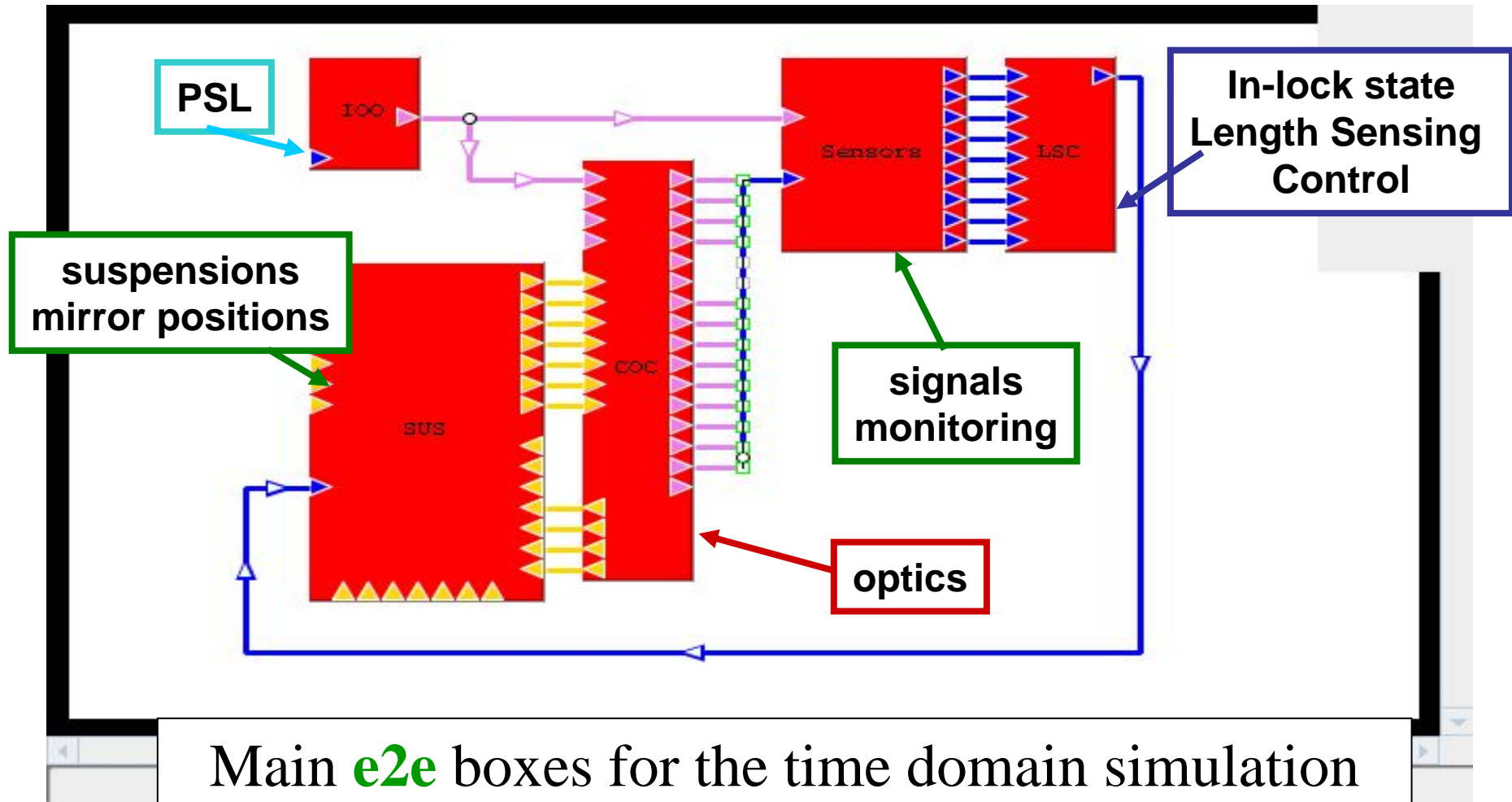
➤ 40m / advanced LIGO configuration

- ✓ main e2e boxes
- ✓ main results
 - optical plant validation - equilibrium fields, transfer functions
 - Large use of TWIDDLE
 - error signals sweeps
 - 40m optical response (with optical spring)
 - in-lock state for 5 dof with a realistic seismic noise
 - Mach-Zehnder noise for the 40m IFO
 - relative mirror velocity reconstruction

➤ application to a possible Advanced Virgo configuration

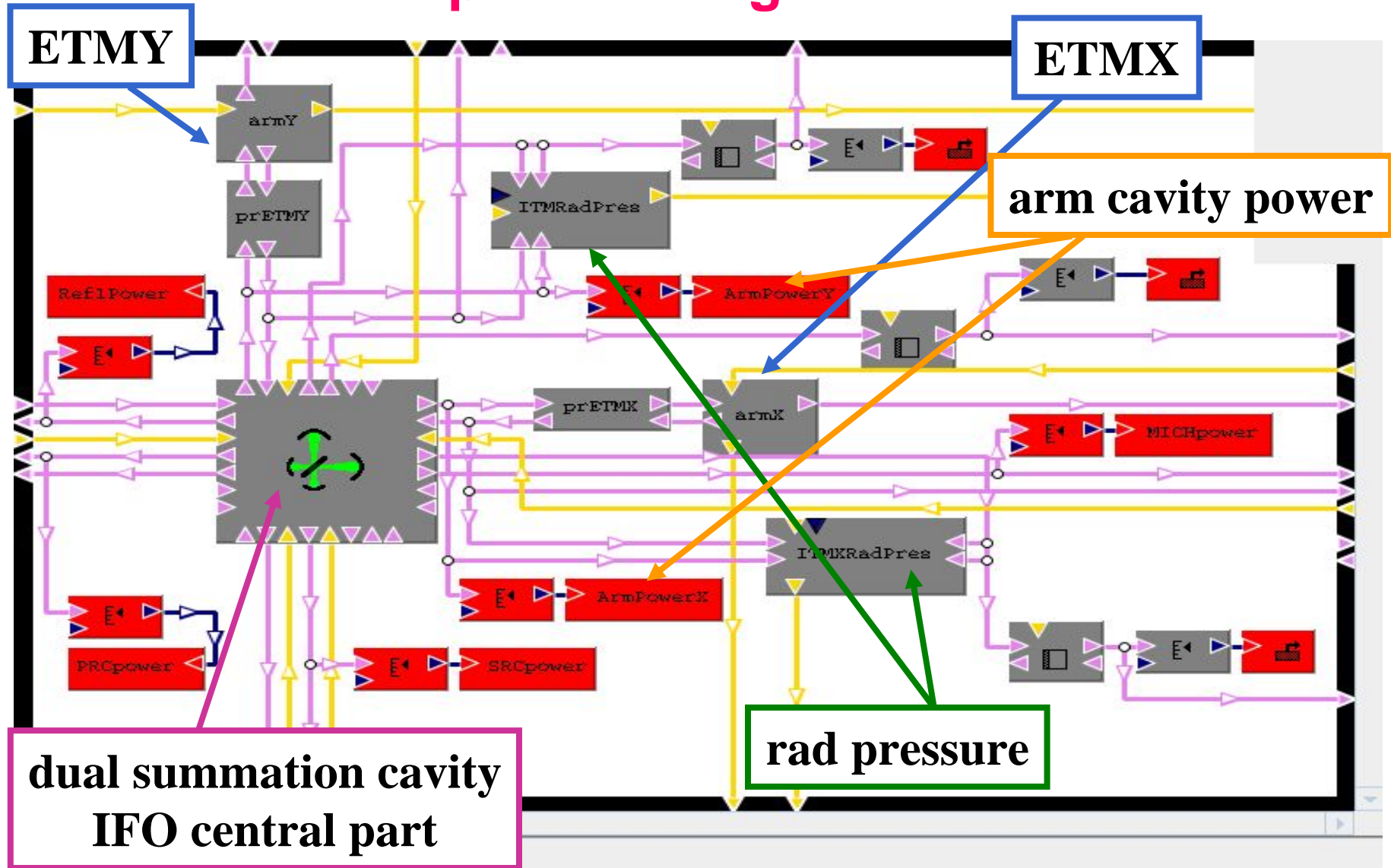
- equilibrium fields (for a given set of parameters)
- optical plant validation (for a given set of parameters)
- optical response

e2e SIMULATION: 40m/AdvLIGO package



Main **e2e** boxes for the time domain simulation of a Dual Recycled Fabry-Perot Michelson IFO

e2e SIMULATION: 40m/AdvLIGO package optical configuration

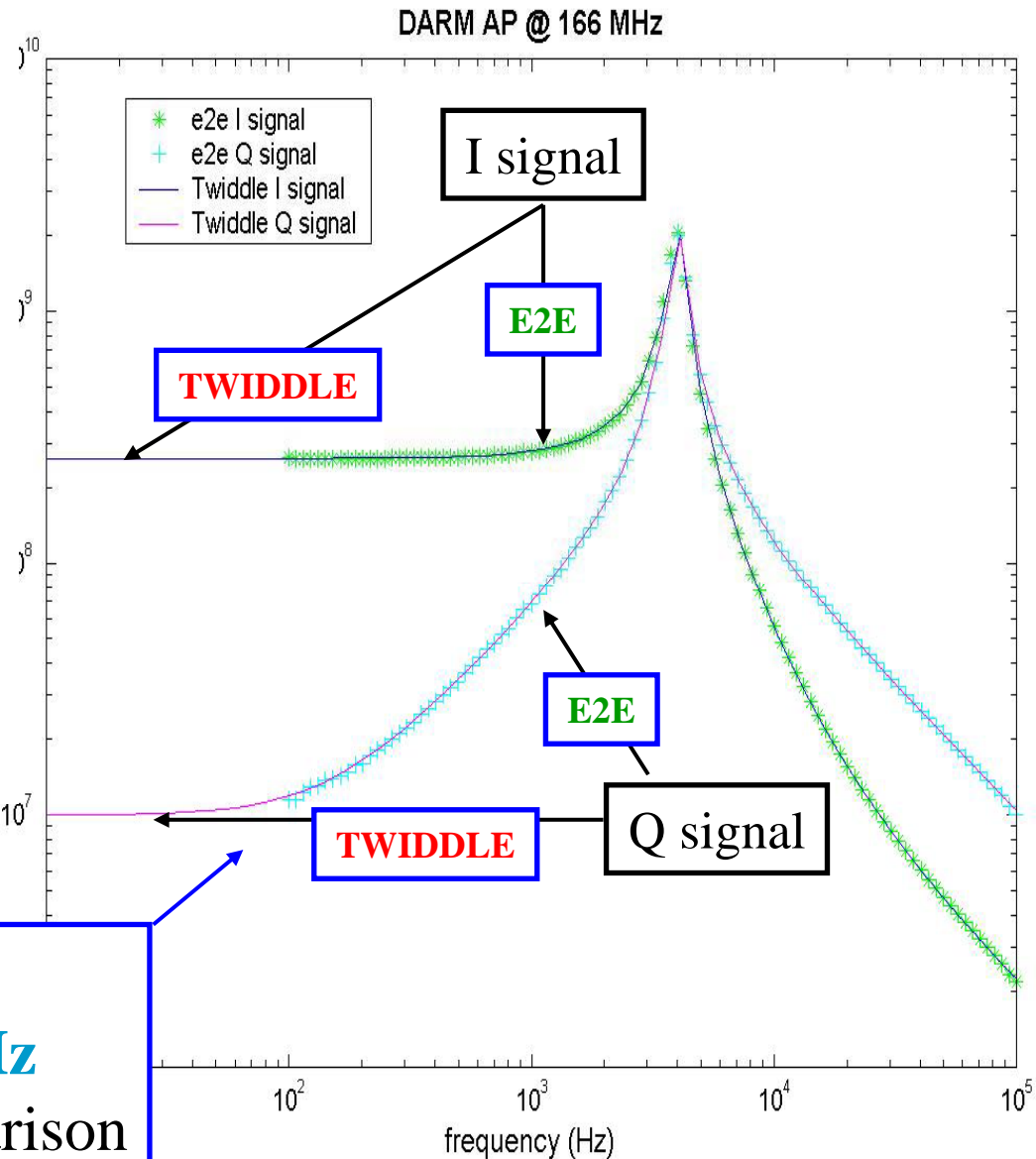


e2e SIMULATION: 40m/AdvLIGO package

- **e2e** validation of DC fields comparing with **TWIDDLE** results: good agreement !

- **e2e** transfer functions simulations (and comparison with **TWIDDLE** ones) of DOF at **SP**, **AP** and **PO** shaking the end mirrors with *white noise* at different demodulation frequencies :
(33,133,166,199) MHz

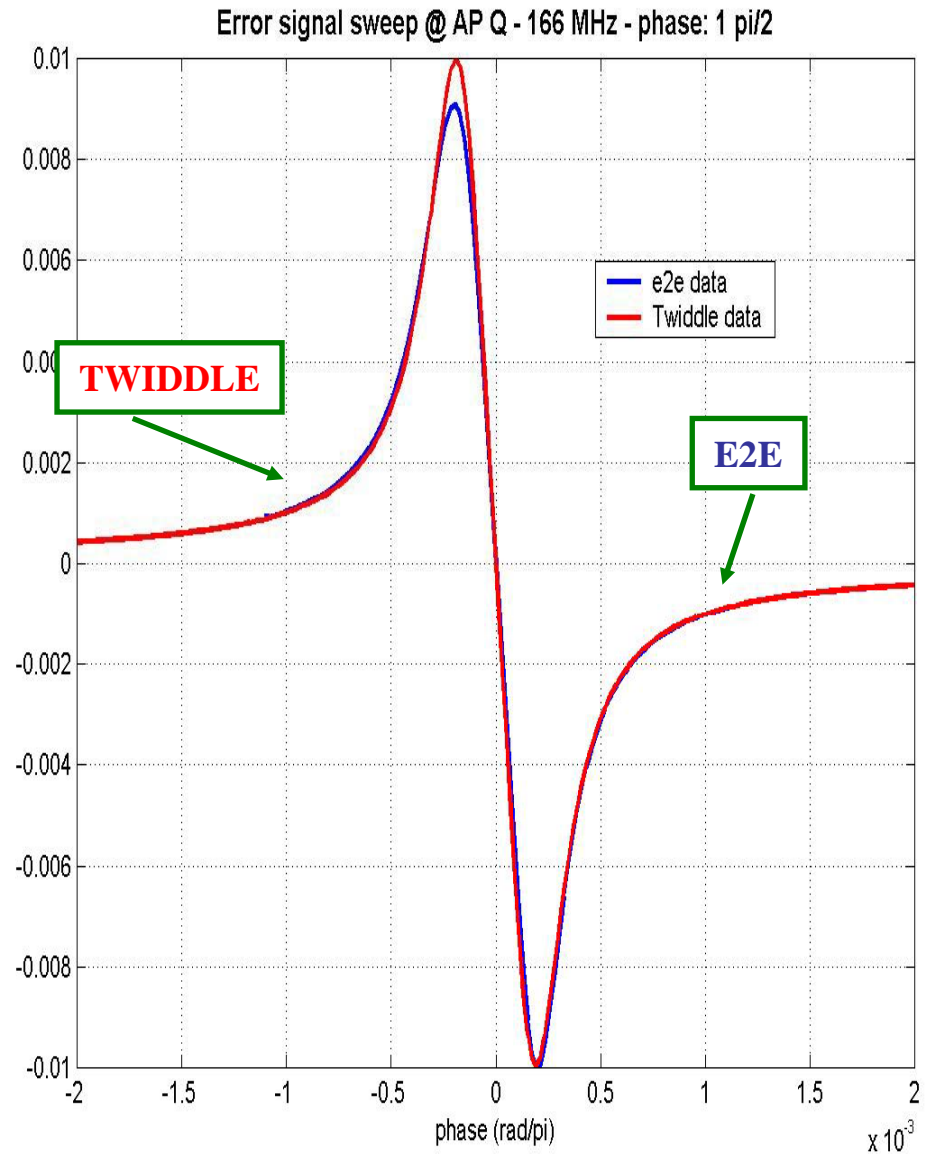
Example:
DARM @ AP 166 MHz
TWIDDLE and e2e comparison



e2e SIMULATION: 40m/AdvLIGO package

Error signal sweeps at 10^{-9} m/s for the 40m IFO with the **E2E** simulation (and comparison with **TWIDDLE**) to validate the static case

Example:
DARM @ AP 166 MHz
TWIDDLE and **E2E**
comparison



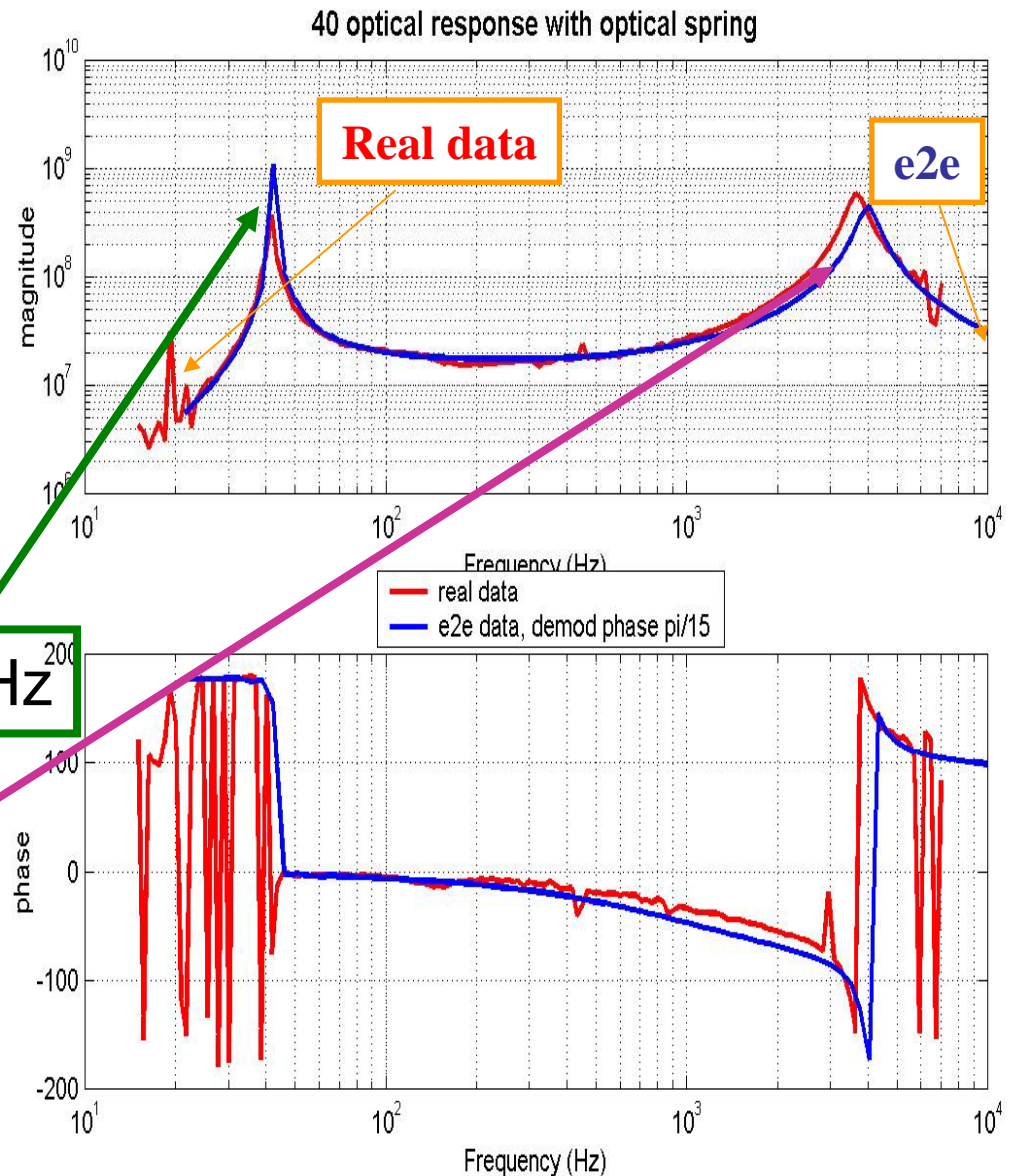
e2e SIMULATION: 40m/AdvLIGO package

40m optical response
@ AP 166 MHz
(Dark Port)

40m real data and e2e
comparison

optical spring peak @ 40Hz

RSE peak @ 4 kHz

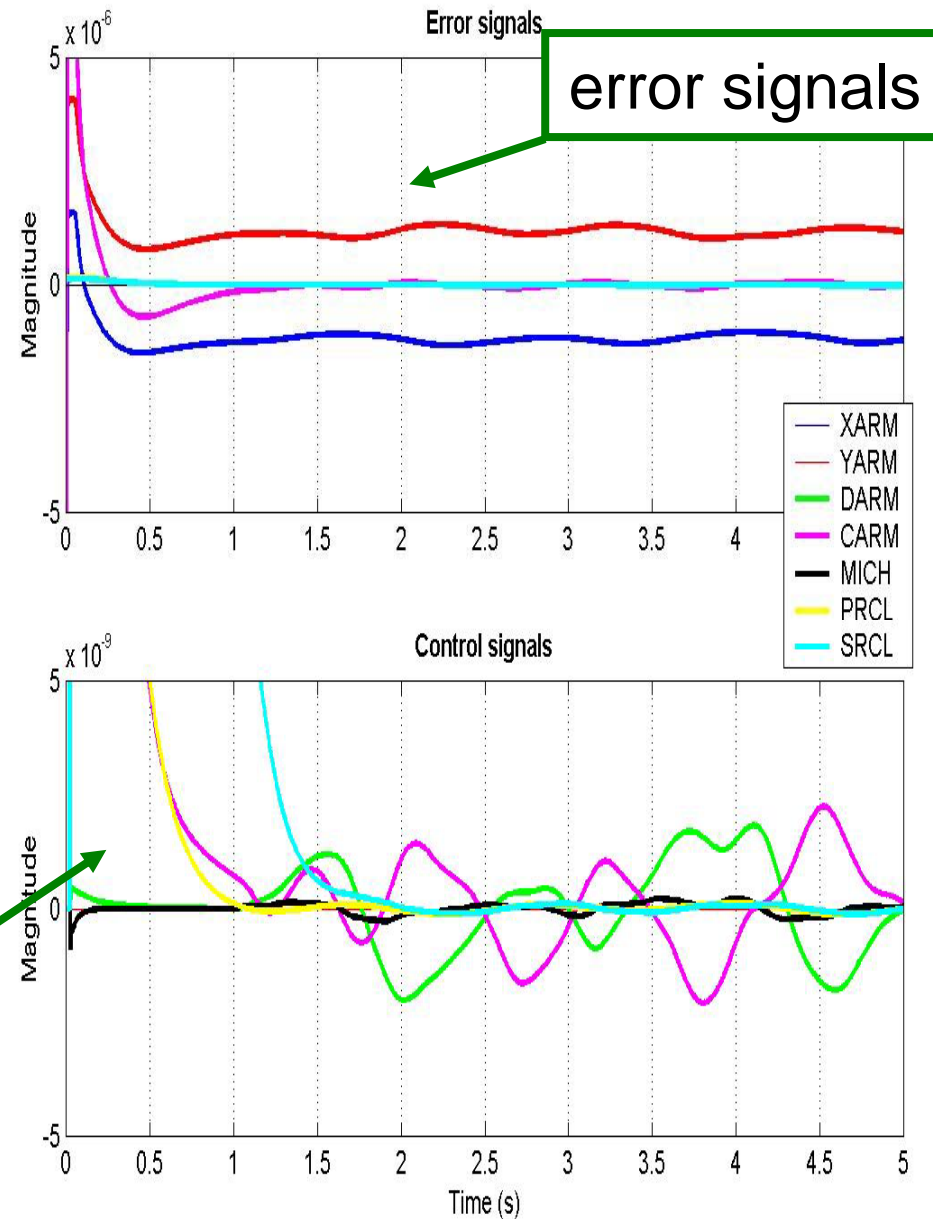


e2e SIMULATION: 40m package

**40m in-lock state :
5 DOF controlled
with radiation pressure**

DARM : AP 166 MHz
CARM : POX+POY 33 MHz
MICH : AP 33 MHz
PRC : SP 133 MHz
SRC : POX 199 MHz

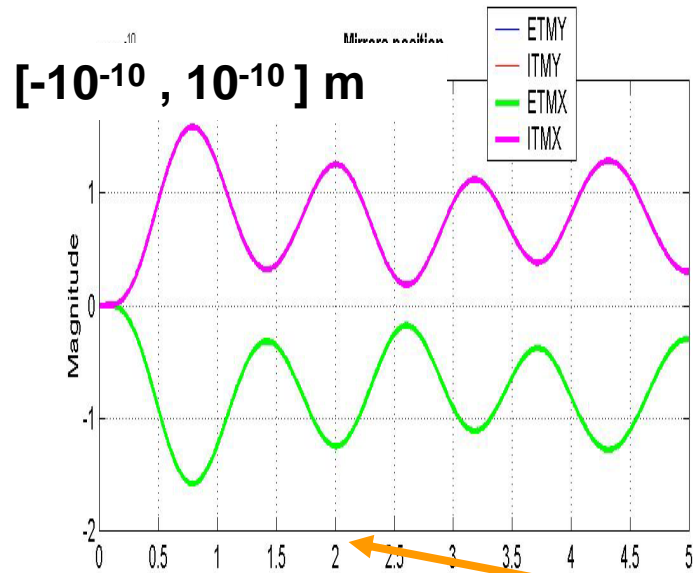
control signals



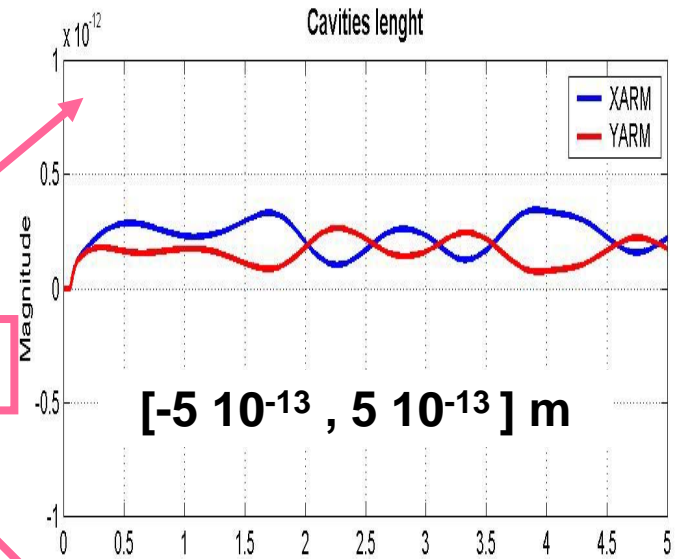
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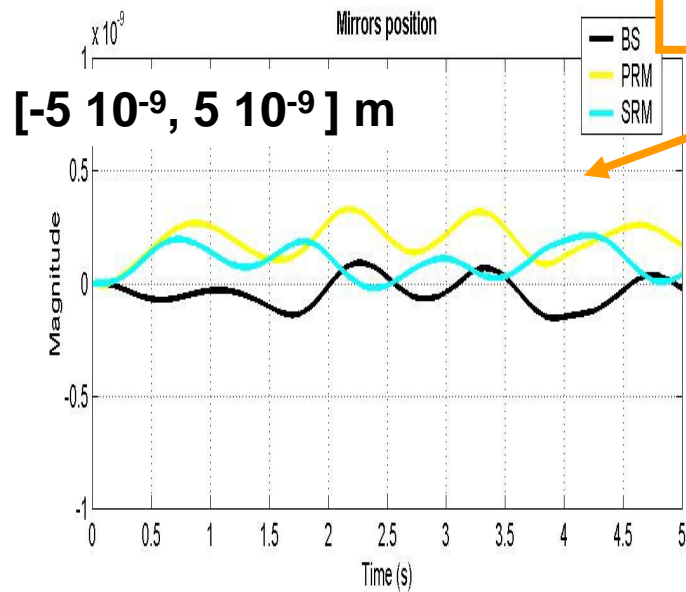
e2e SIMULATION: 40m package



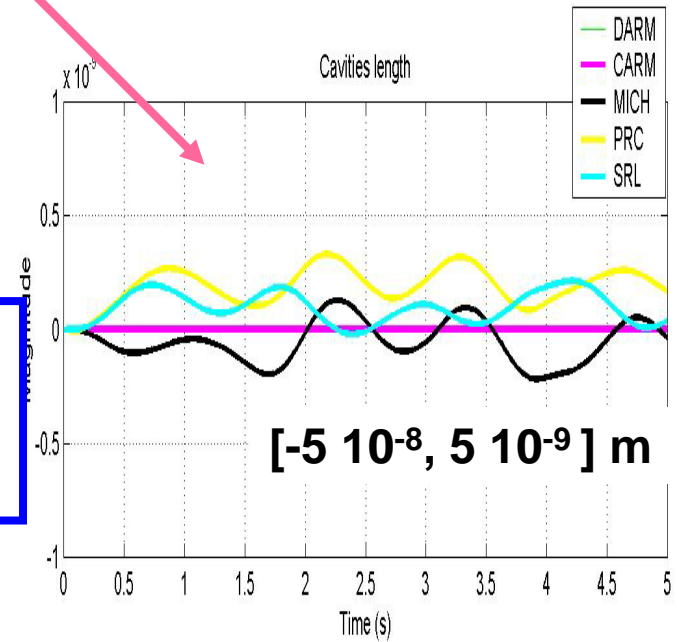
cavities length



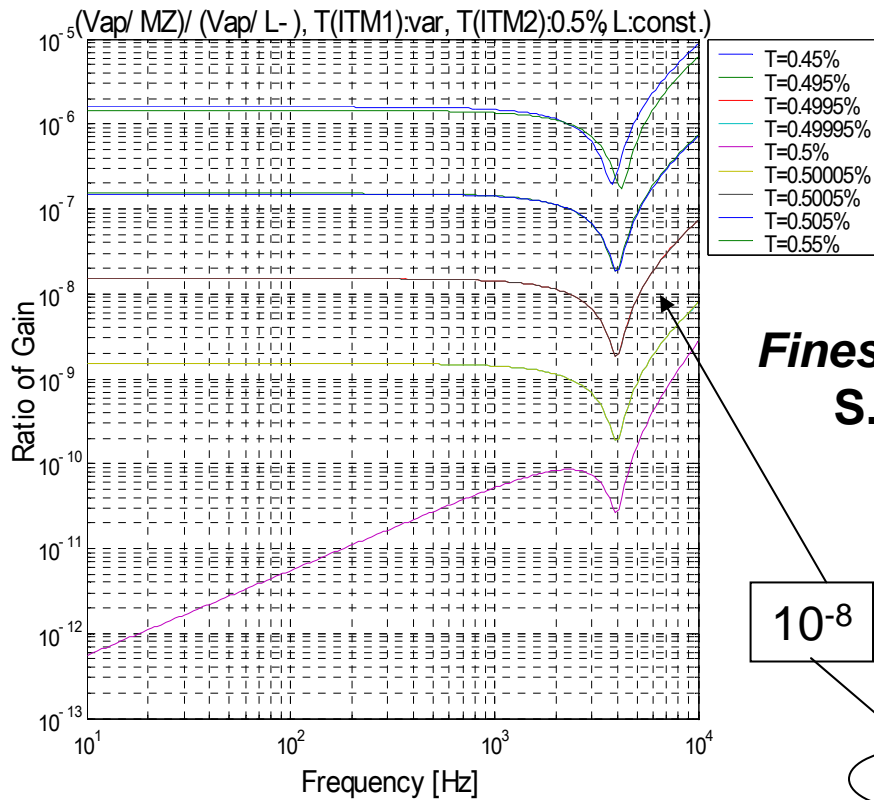
mirror positions



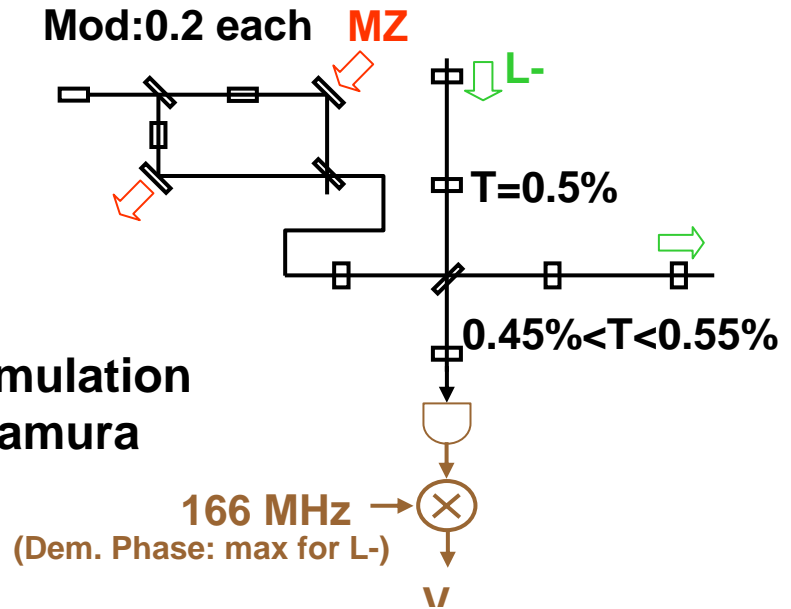
**40m
in-lock state
5s simulation**



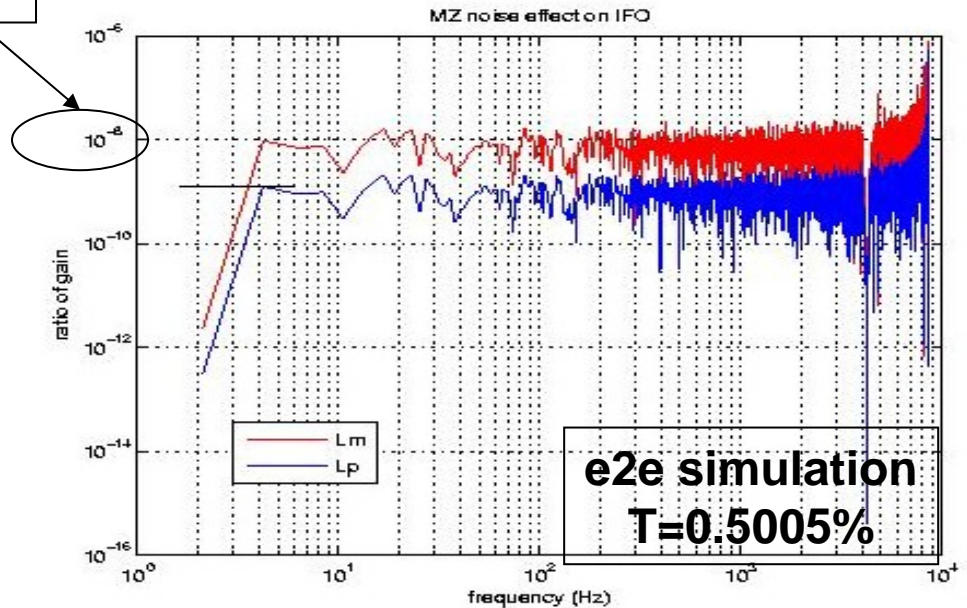
Mach-Zehnder noise for the detuned RSE interferometer



Finesse simulation
S. Kawamura



10⁻⁸



Effect of MZ Noise in terms of L-

$$= \frac{\text{(Transfer Function from MZ to Vap)}}{\text{(Transfer Function from L- to Vap)}}$$

The mechanism gives 10⁻⁶ coefficient.
The MZ noise should be suppressed to 10⁻¹³ m/rHz in order to suppress the L- noise to 10⁻¹⁹ m/rHz.

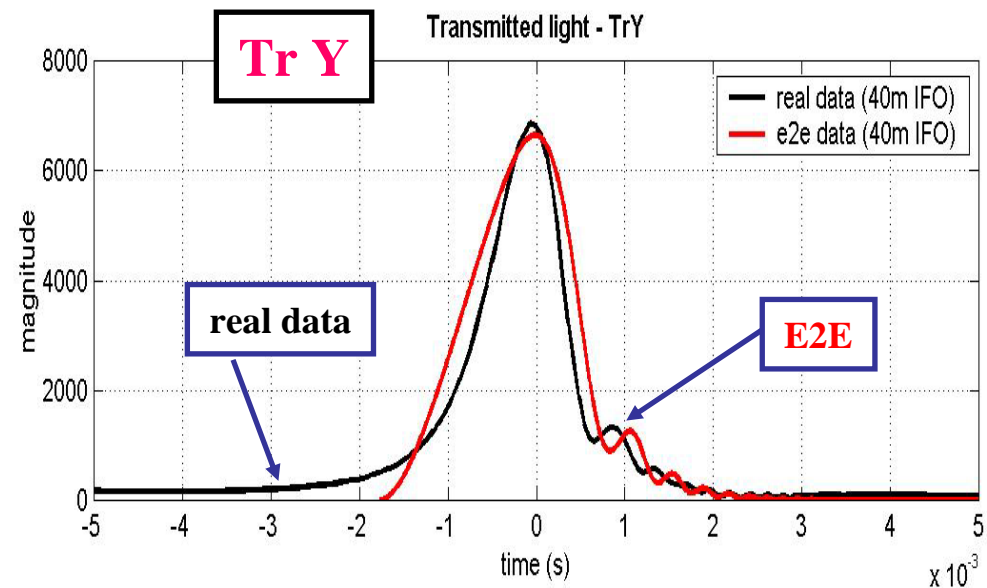
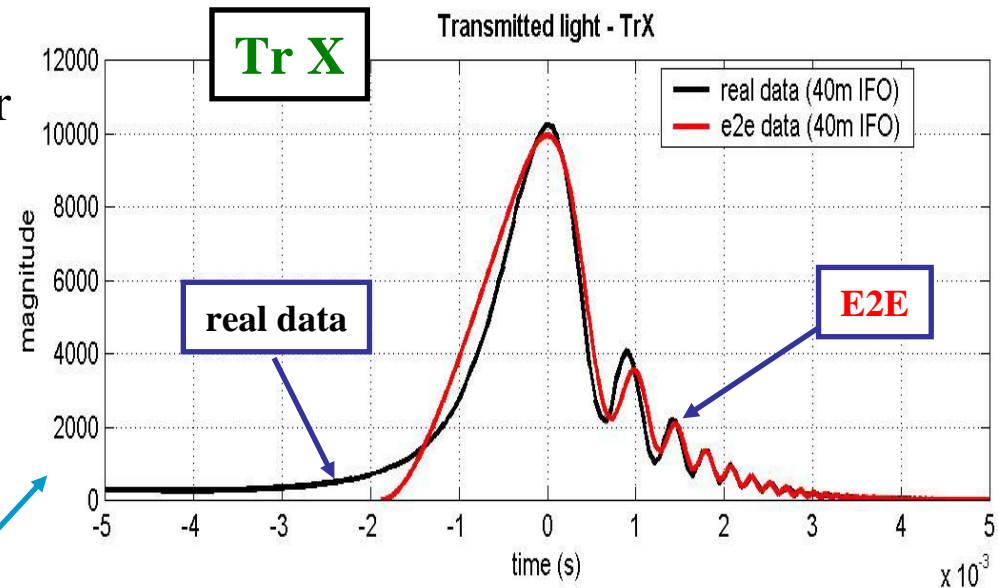
e2e SIMULATION: 40m package

Real data have been used to estimate relative mirror velocity for both the arms:

$$V_{xarm} = (0.35 \pm 0.13) \mu\text{m/s}$$

$$V_{yarm} = (0.26 \pm 0.13) \mu\text{m/s}$$

Comparison between real data (black) and e2e simulated data (red) of the transmitted light for both the arms (full IFO): the mirror velocities used in e2e simulation are the values obtained fitting the real data



e2e SIMULATION: application to a possible dual recycled Virgo

Laser Power = 100 W
Demod frequency = 6.26 MHz

Arm Length = 3 km
PRM2BS = 6 m
SRM2BS = 6 m
BS2ITMN = 5.6 m
BS2ITMW = 6.5 m

Actual Virgo losses

Detuning phase = $0.1 \pi/2$
for SRC

e2e optical configuration
validation of DC fields
for a given set of parameters

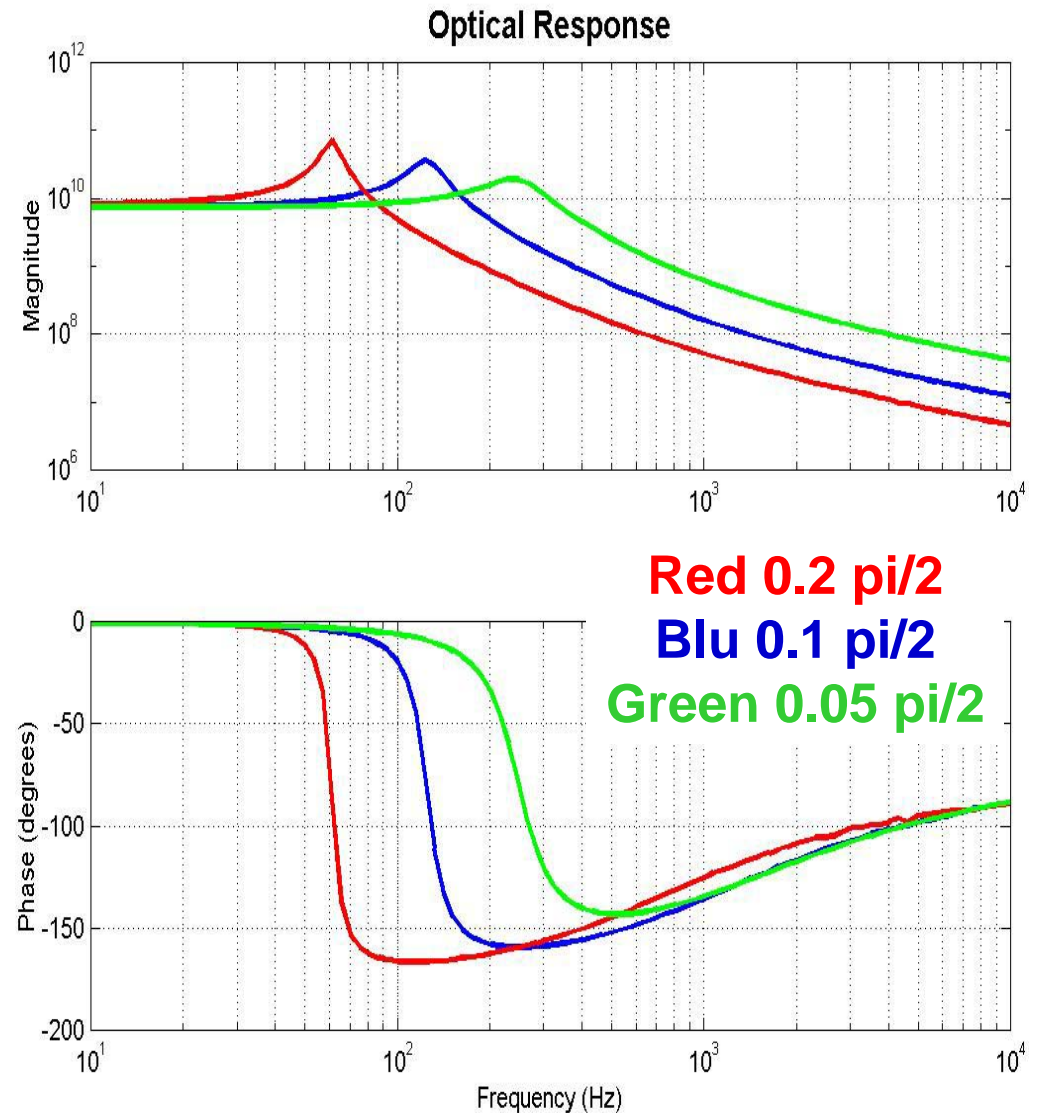
SRC power	0.16 W
PRC power	2713 W
MICH power	1349 W
West Arm power	1 MW
North Arm power	1 MW

e2e SIMULATION: application to a possible dual recycled Virgo

optical response
@ Dark Port

Investigation of the
RSE peak for
different SRC
detuning phases

01/06/2006



Conclusions

- e2e package ready to investigate the behavior of the interferometers in time domain
 - ✓ **40m** : optical configuration, in-lock state
 - ✓ **«possible» Advanced Virgo** : optical configuration
- use of the e2e package to establish the suitable parameters optical configuration for Advanced Virgo and comparison with a SIESTA model (to be implemented) and eventually other available programs

Further steps

- **e2e simulation for the 40m**
 - Lock acquisition strategies investigation
 - DC readout investigation
- **e2e simulation applied to a dual recycled Virgo**
 - Length Sensing Control (LSC) implementation
 - Optical response including optical spring
 - SuperAttenuator (SA) implementation
 - Lock acquisition strategies investigation