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# LIGO

## Laser Interferometer Gravitational-wave Observatory

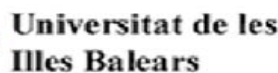
ETH Zürich, October 2008  
Daniel Sigg, LIGO Hanford Observatory

# LIGO

# LIGO Scientific Collaboration



- Australian Consortium for Interferometric Gravitational Astronomy
- The Univ. of Adelaide
- Andrews University
- The Australian National Univ.
- The University of Birmingham
- California Inst. of Technology
- Cardiff University
- Carleton College
- Charles Sturt Univ.
- Columbia University
- Embry Riddle Aeronautical Univ.
- Eötvös Loránd University
- University of Florida
- German/British Collaboration for the Detection of Gravitational Waves
- University of Glasgow
- Goddard Space Flight Center
- Leibniz Universität Hannover
- Hobart & William Smith Colleges
- Inst. of Applied Physics of the Russian Academy of Sciences
- Polish Academy of Sciences
- India Inter-University Centre for Astronomy and Astrophysics
- Louisiana State University
- Louisiana Tech University
- Loyola University New Orleans
- University of Maryland
- Max Planck Institute for Gravitational Physics



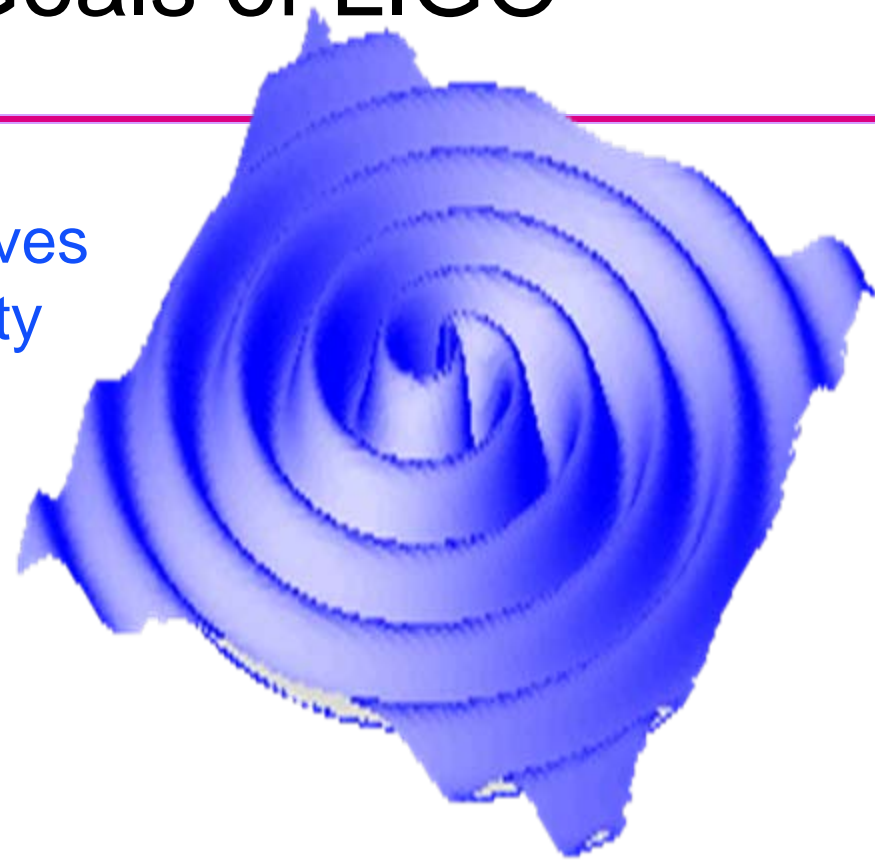
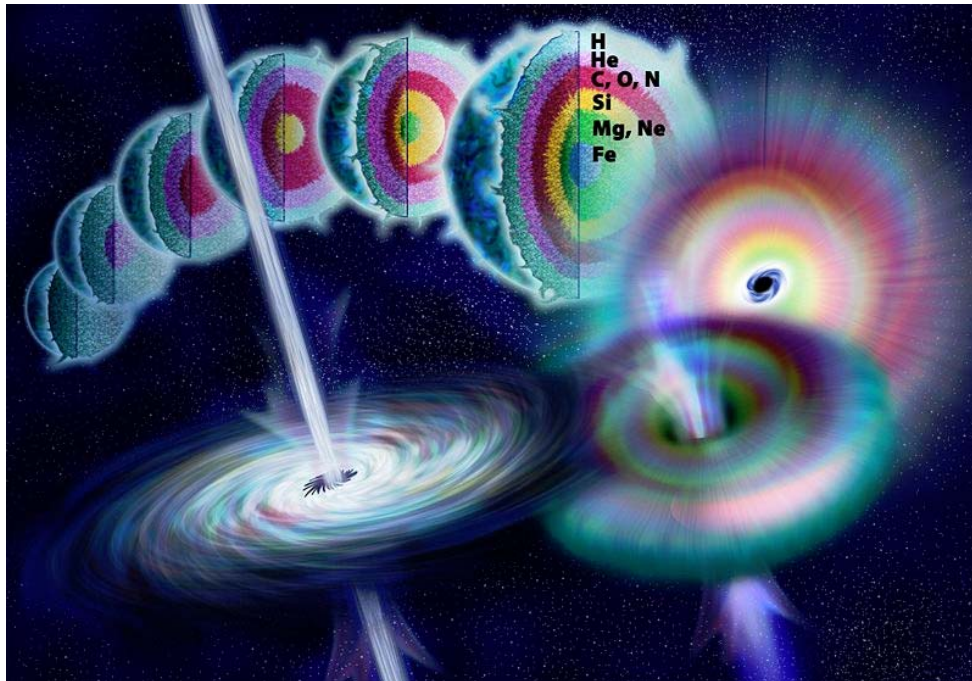
- University of Michigan
- University of Minnesota
- The University of Mississippi
- Massachusetts Inst. of Technology
- Monash University
- Montana State University
- Moscow State University
- National Astronomical Observatory of Japan
- Northwestern University
- University of Oregon
- Pennsylvania State University
- Rochester Inst. of Technology
- Rutherford Appleton Lab
- University of Rochester
- San Jose State University
- Univ. of Sannio at Benevento, and Univ. of Salerno
- University of Sheffield
- University of Southampton
- Southeastern Louisiana Univ.
- Southern Univ. and A&M College
- Stanford University
- University of Strathclyde
- Syracuse University
- Univ. of Texas at Austin
- Univ. of Texas at Brownsville
- Trinity University
- Universitat de les Illes Balears
- Univ. of Massachusetts Amherst
- University of Western Australia
- Univ. of Wisconsin-Milwaukee
- Washington State University
- University of Washington

Universität Hannover



# Scientific Goals of LIGO

- Discover the gravitational waves predicted by General Relativity

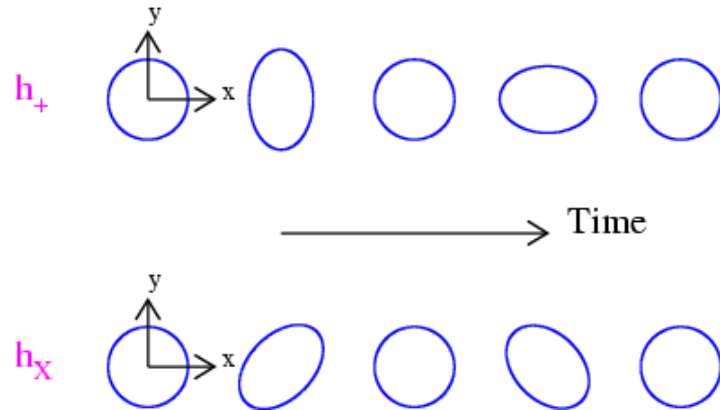


- Use gravitational waves to pioneer a new window on the universe

# What is the observable effect?

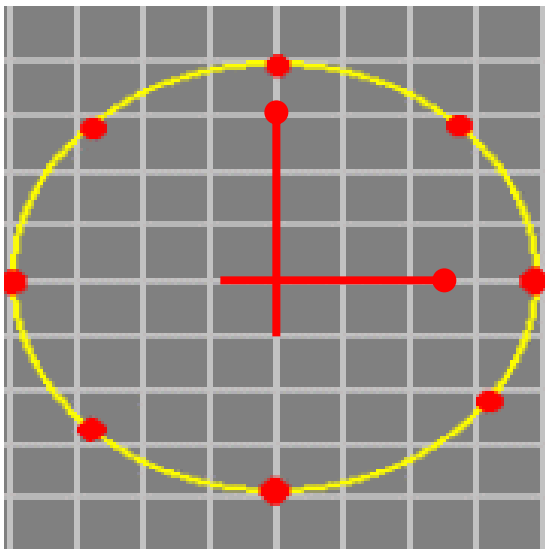
Example:

Ring of test masses  
responding to wave  
propagating along  $z$



Amplitude parameterized by (tiny)  
dimensionless strain  $h$ :

$$h(t) = \frac{\delta L(t)}{L}$$



# Arial View of the LIGO Sites

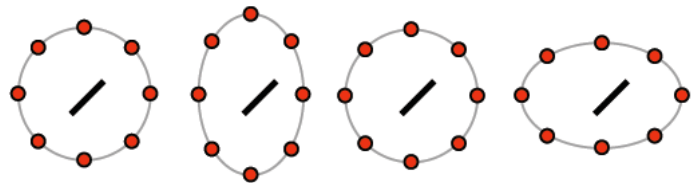


LIGO Hanford Observatory

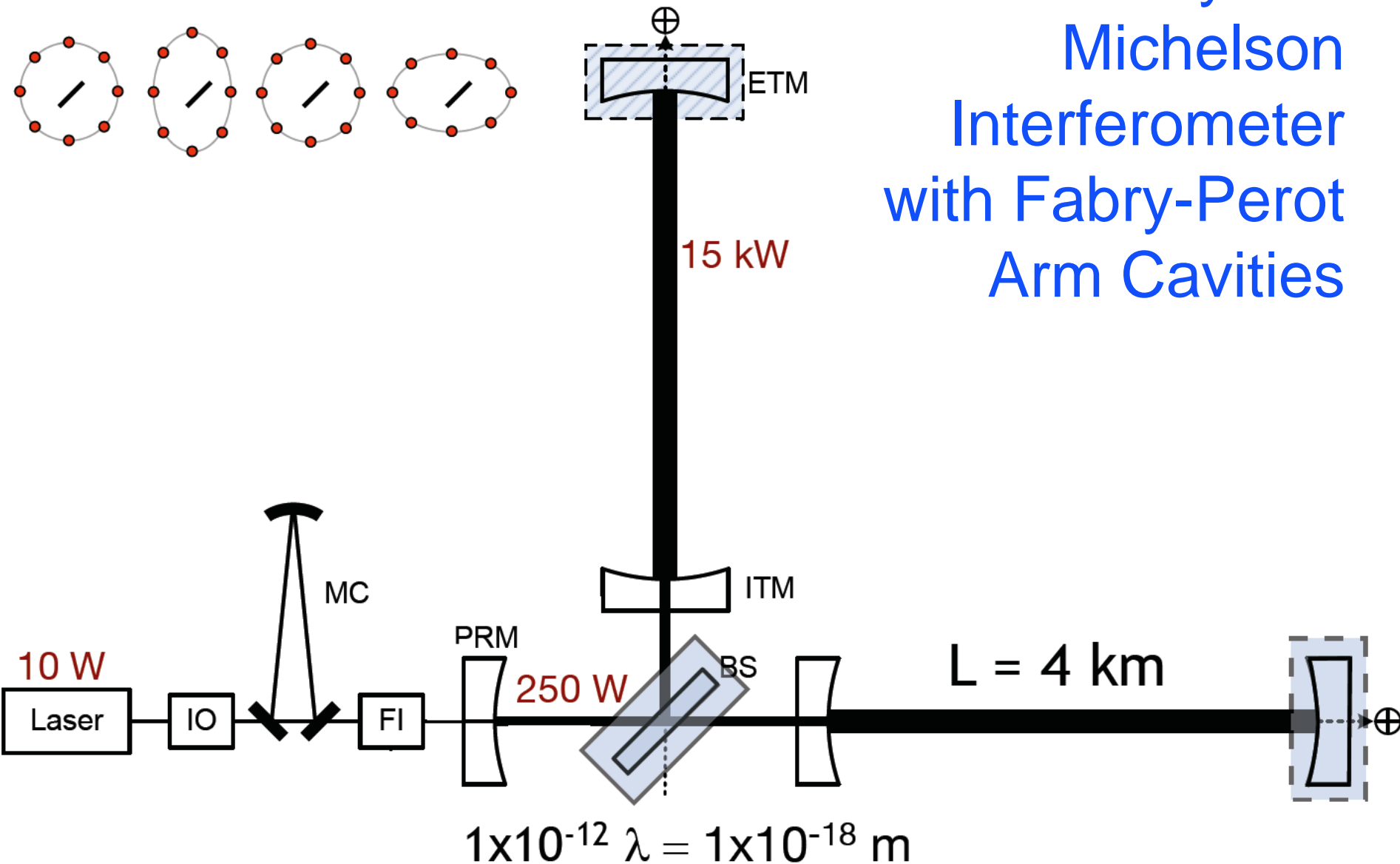
LIGO Livingston Observatory



**LIGO**

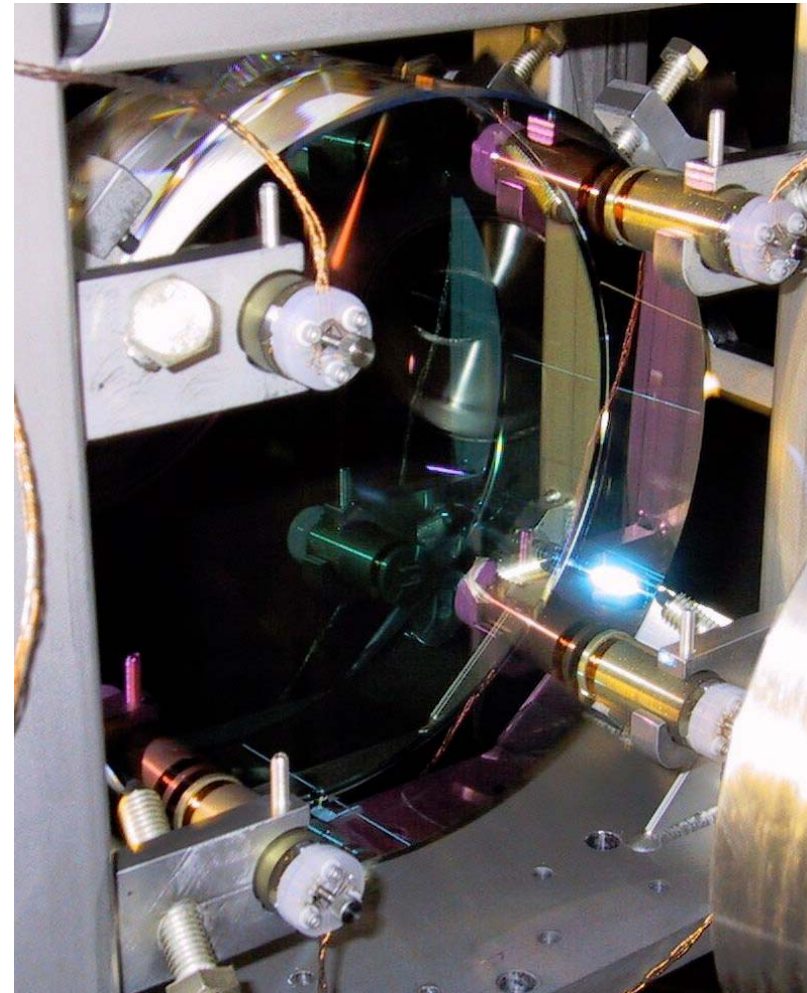


Power-Recycled  
Michelson  
Interferometer  
with Fabry-Perot  
Arm Cavities



# Main Features

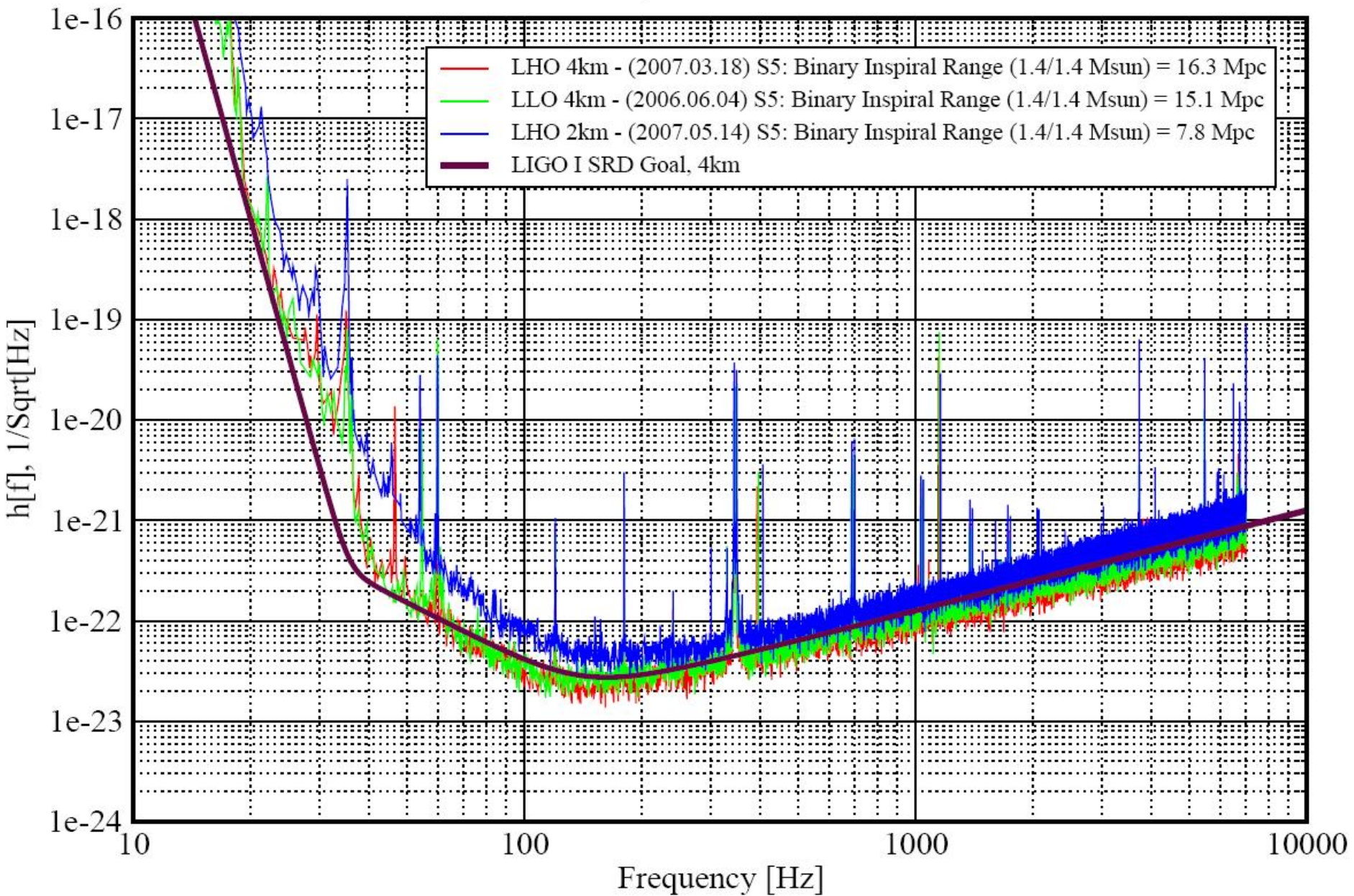
- ❑ 4 km vacuum envelope  
 $10^{-9}$  torr
- ❑ Seismic isolation stack
- ❑ Suspended masses
- ❑ 10W Nd:YAG laser, 1064 nm
- ❑ Suspended mode cleaner
- ❑ Feedback controls for length and alignment
- ❑ Physical environment monitor



# Strain Sensitivity of the LIGO Interferometers

S5 Performance - May 2007

LIGO-G070366-00-E

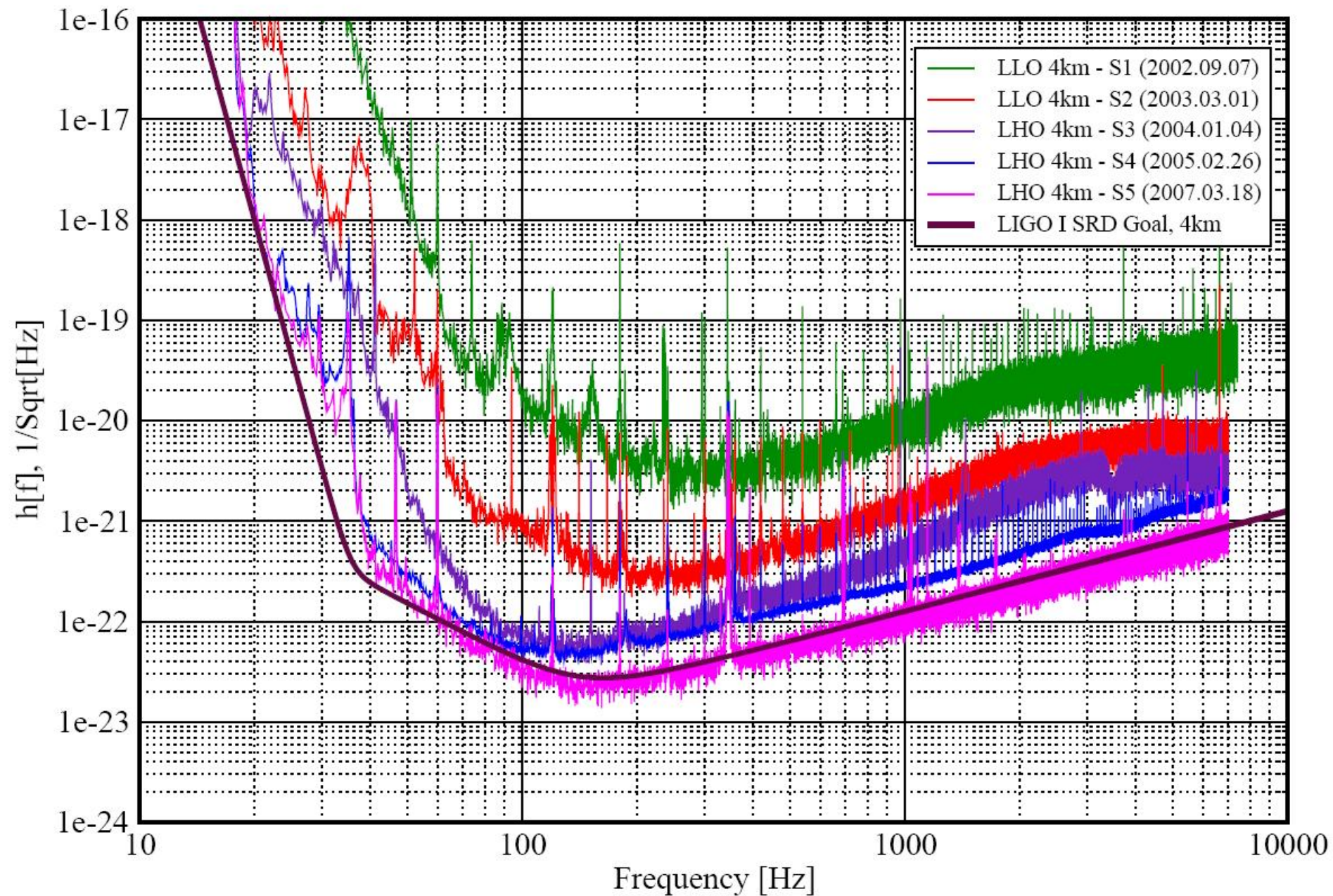




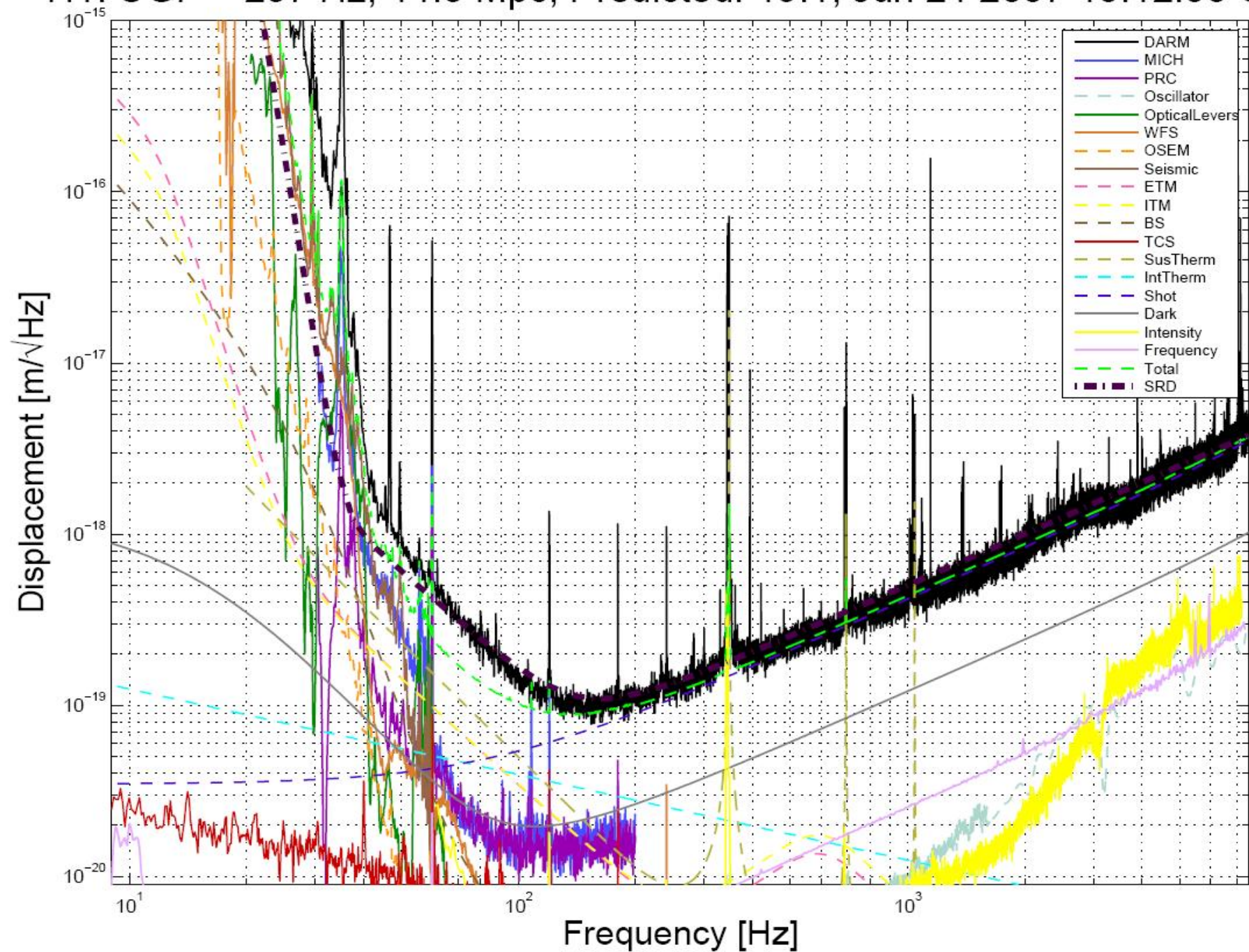
# Best Strain Sensivities for the LIGO Interferometers

Comparisons among S1 - S5 Runs

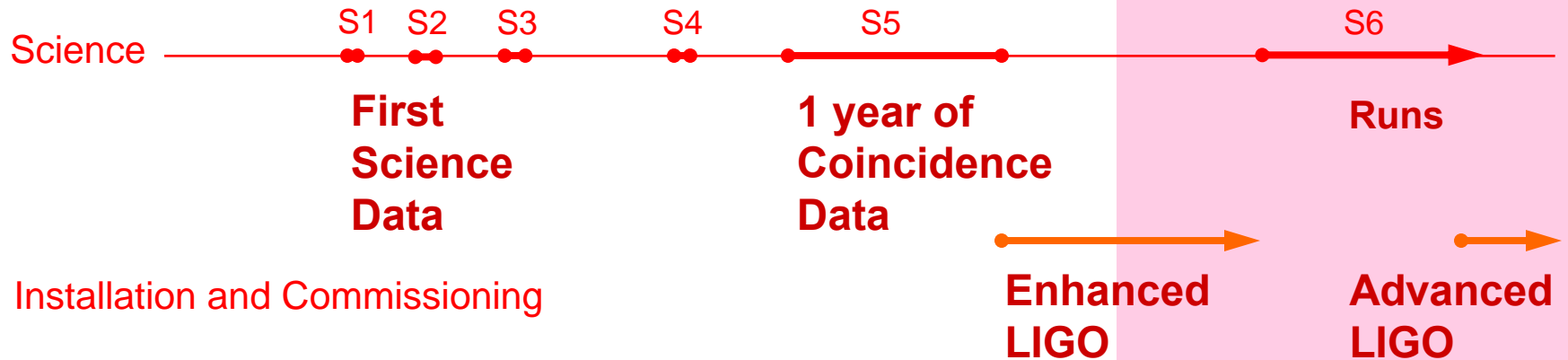
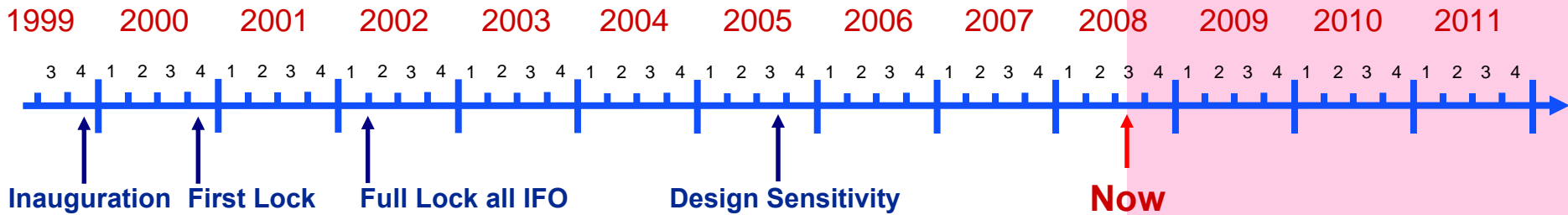
LIGO-G060009-03-Z



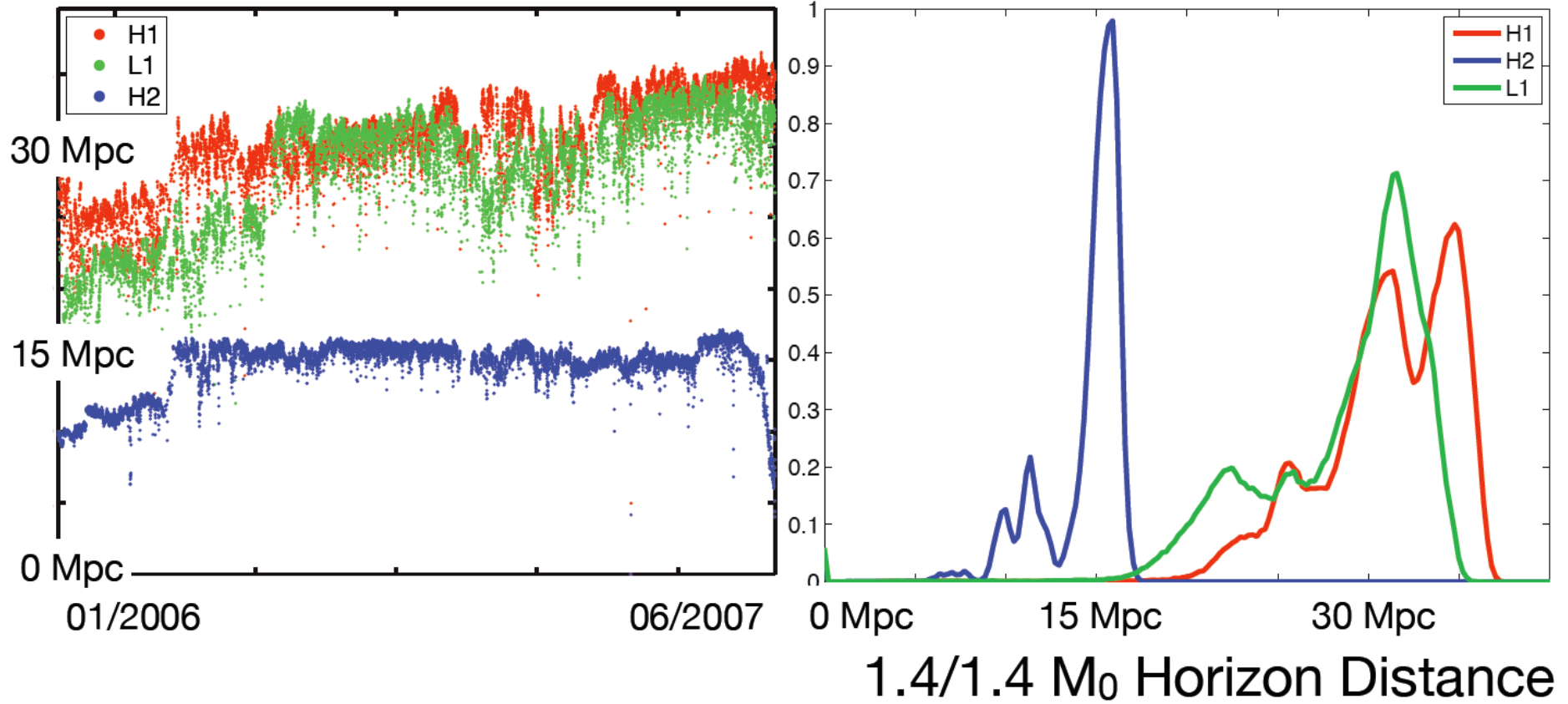
H1: UGF = 207 Hz, 14.8 Mpc, Predicted: 19.1, Jun 21 2007 10:12:35 UTC



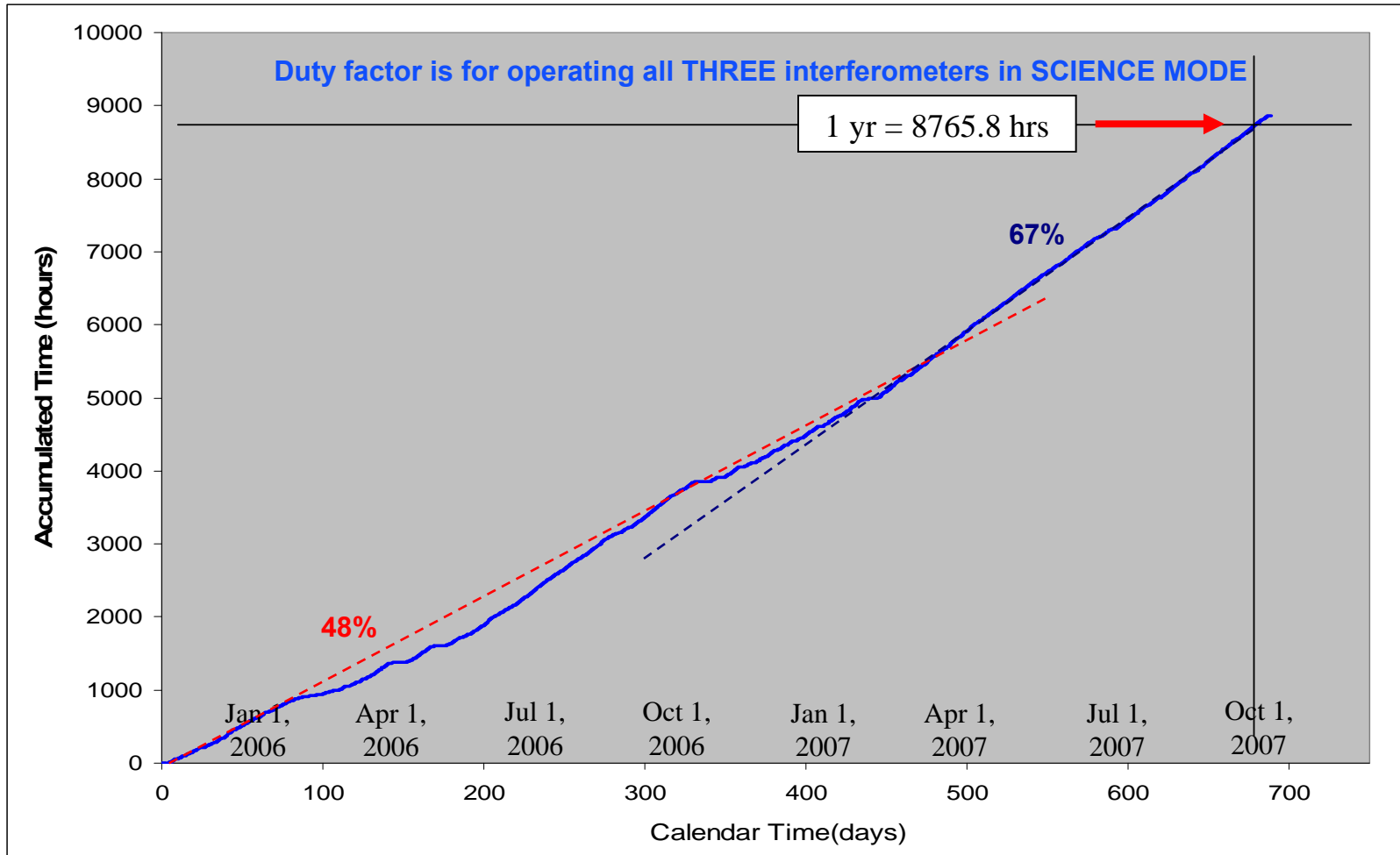
# Time Line



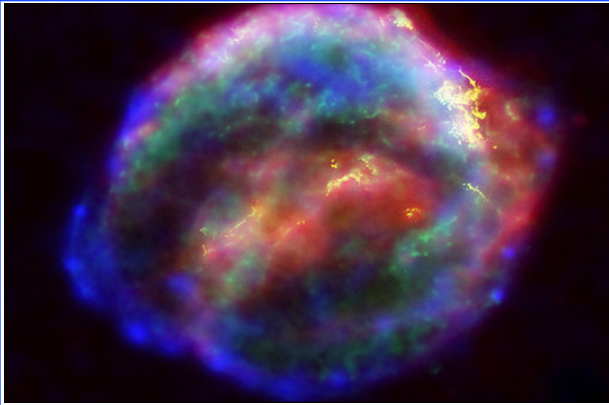
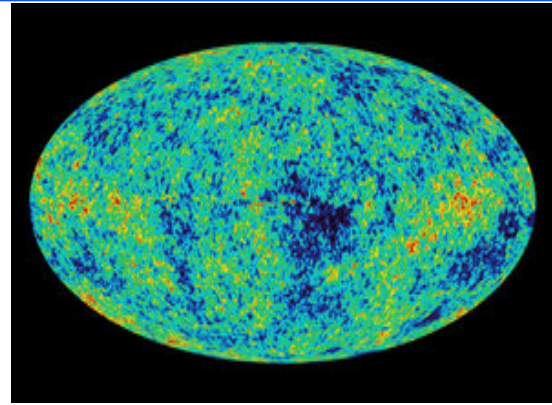

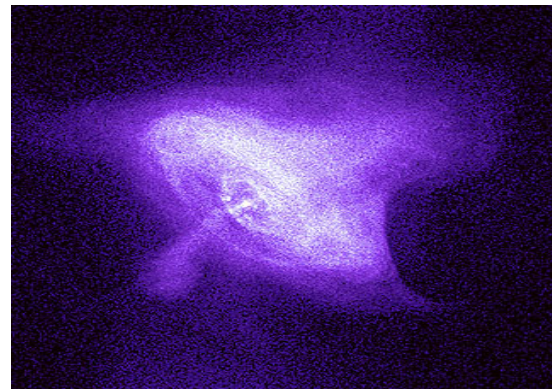
# The 5<sup>th</sup> Science Run



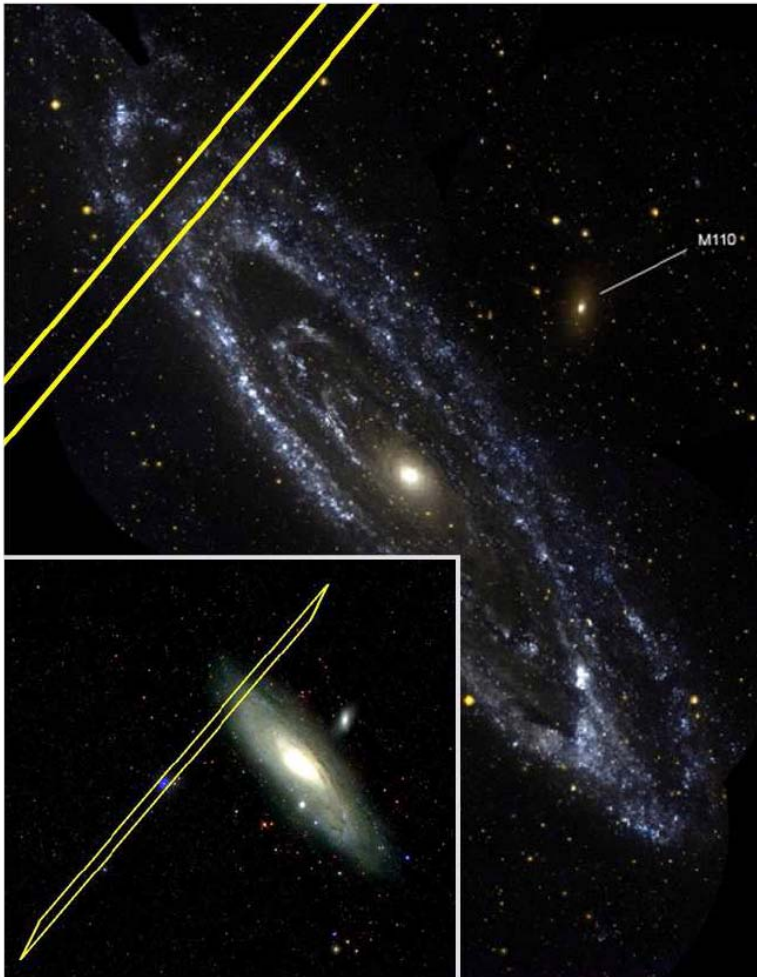
# Accumulated triple-coincidence



# Signal duration and template

	Short duration	Long duration
un-modeled		
matched filter		

## GRB 070201

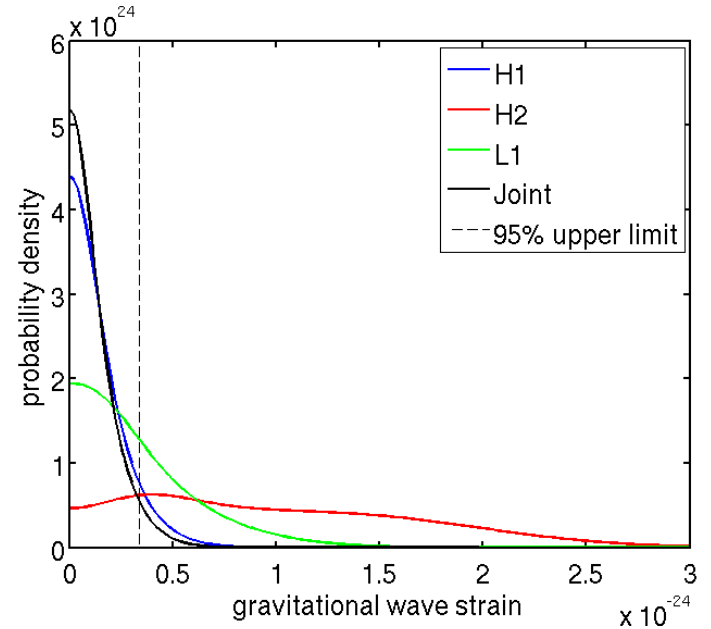
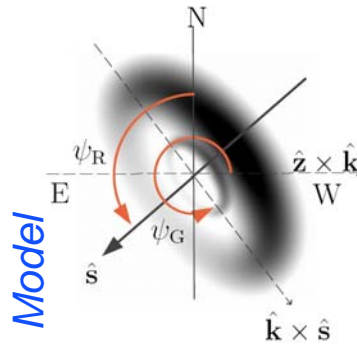


- ❑ Short, hard gamma-ray burst
  - A leading model for short GRBs: binary merger involving a neutron star
- ❑ Position (from IPN) consistent with being in M31 (Andromeda)
- ❑ LIGO H1 and H2 were operating
- ❑ Result from LIGO data analysis: **No plausible GW signal found; therefore very unlikely to be from a binary merger in M31**

FIG. 1.— The IPN3 (IPN3 2007) ( $\gamma$ -ray) error box overlaps with the spiral arms of the Andromeda galaxy (M31). The inset image shows the full error box superimposed on an SDSS (SDSS 2007) image of M31. The main figure shows the overlap of the error box and the spiral arms of M31 in UV light (Thilker et al. 2005).

# Crab Pulsar

Result from first 9 months of S5:  
Consistent with Gaussian noise



## Upper limits on GW strain amplitude $h_0$

Single-template, uniform prior:  $3.4 \times 10^{-25}$

Single-template, restricted prior:  $2.7 \times 10^{-25}$

Multi-template, uniform prior:  $1.7 \times 10^{-24}$

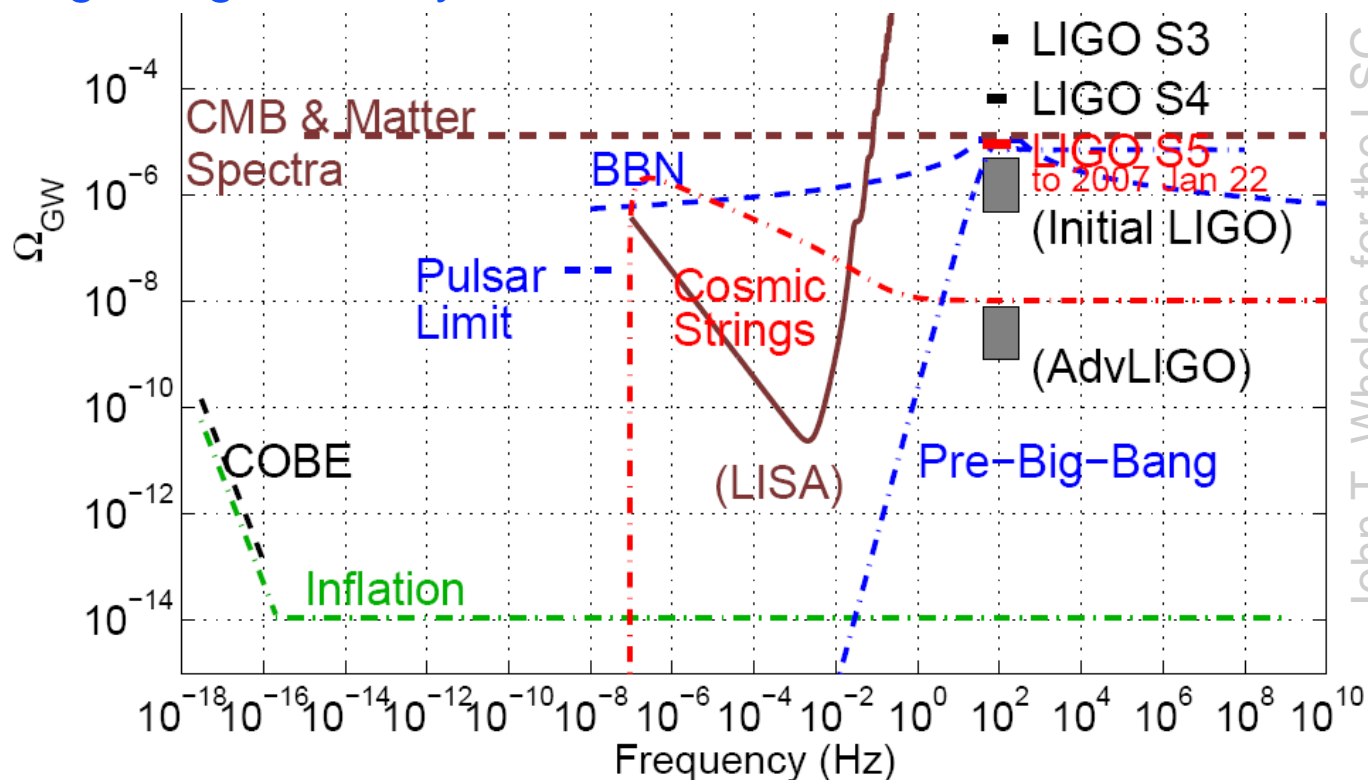
Multi-template, restricted prior:  $1.3 \times 10^{-24}$

Implies that GW emission accounts for  $\leq 4\%$  of total spin-down power



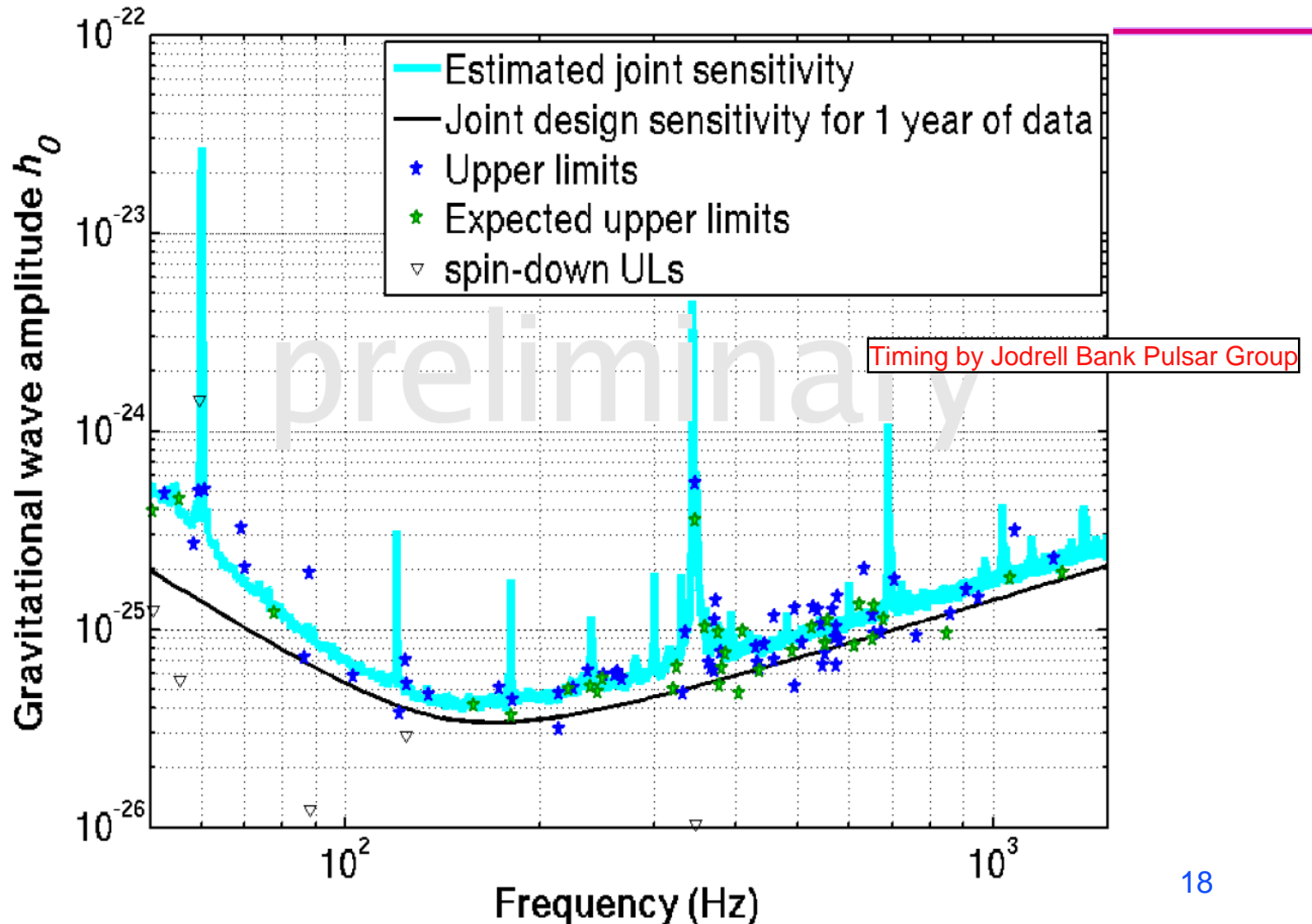
# Search for a Stochastic GW Background

- Cross-correlated LIGO data streams to estimate energy density in isotropic stochastic GW, assuming a power law
- *Partial, preliminary* result from S5 is comparable to constraint from Big Bang nucleosynthesis



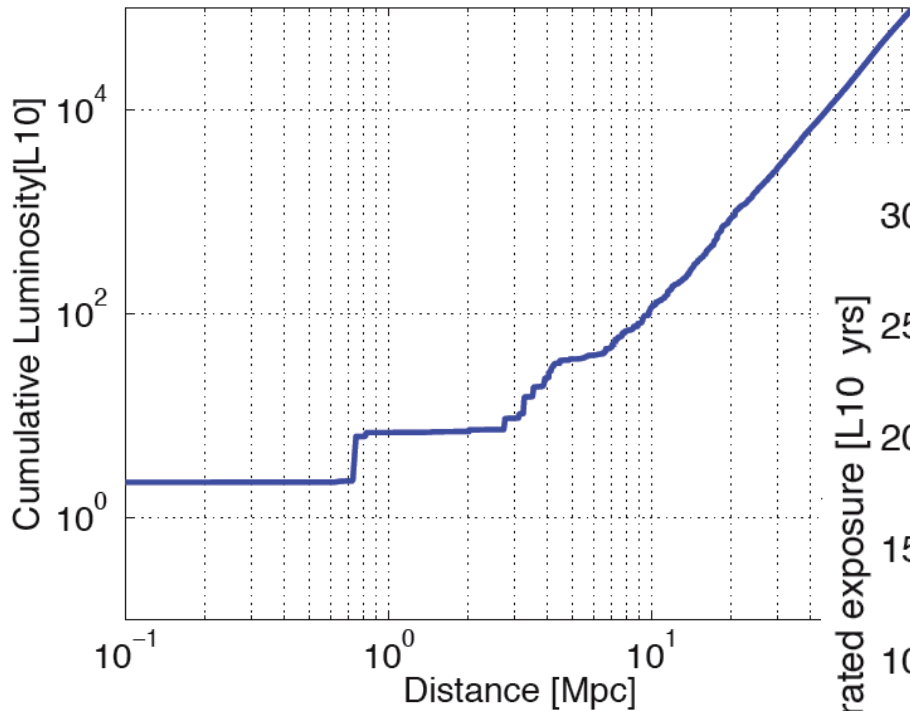
John T. Whelan for the LSC,  
AAS Meeting, Jan 2008

# Known pulsars



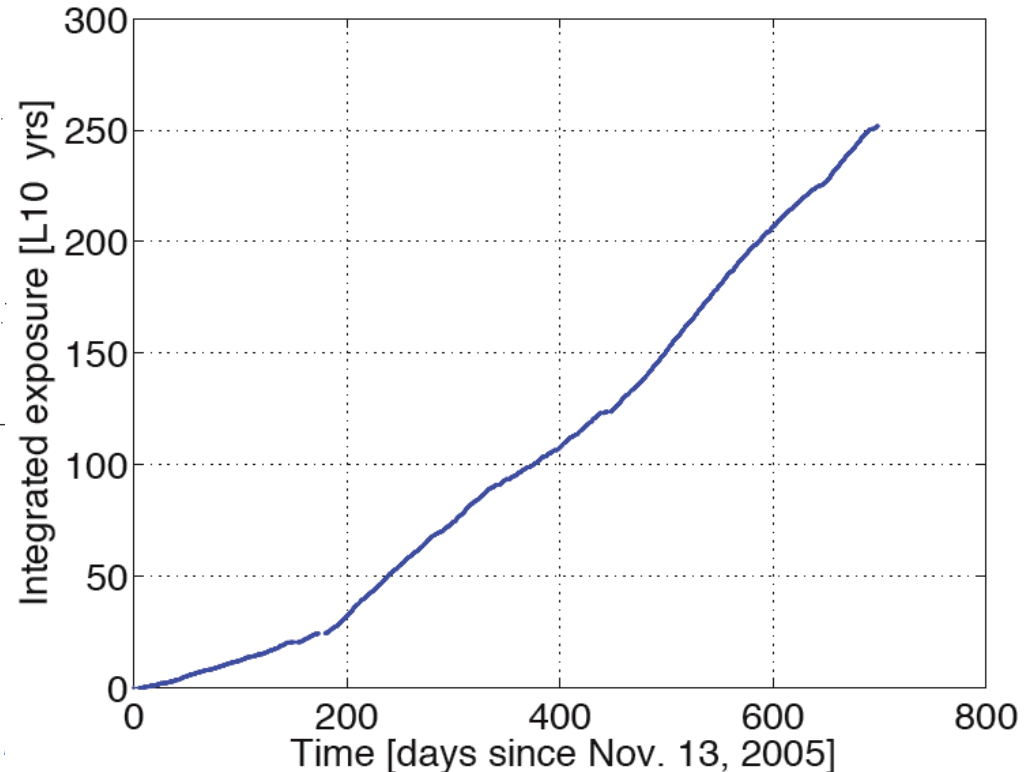
# Binary Neutron Star Sources

"Local" stellar distribution



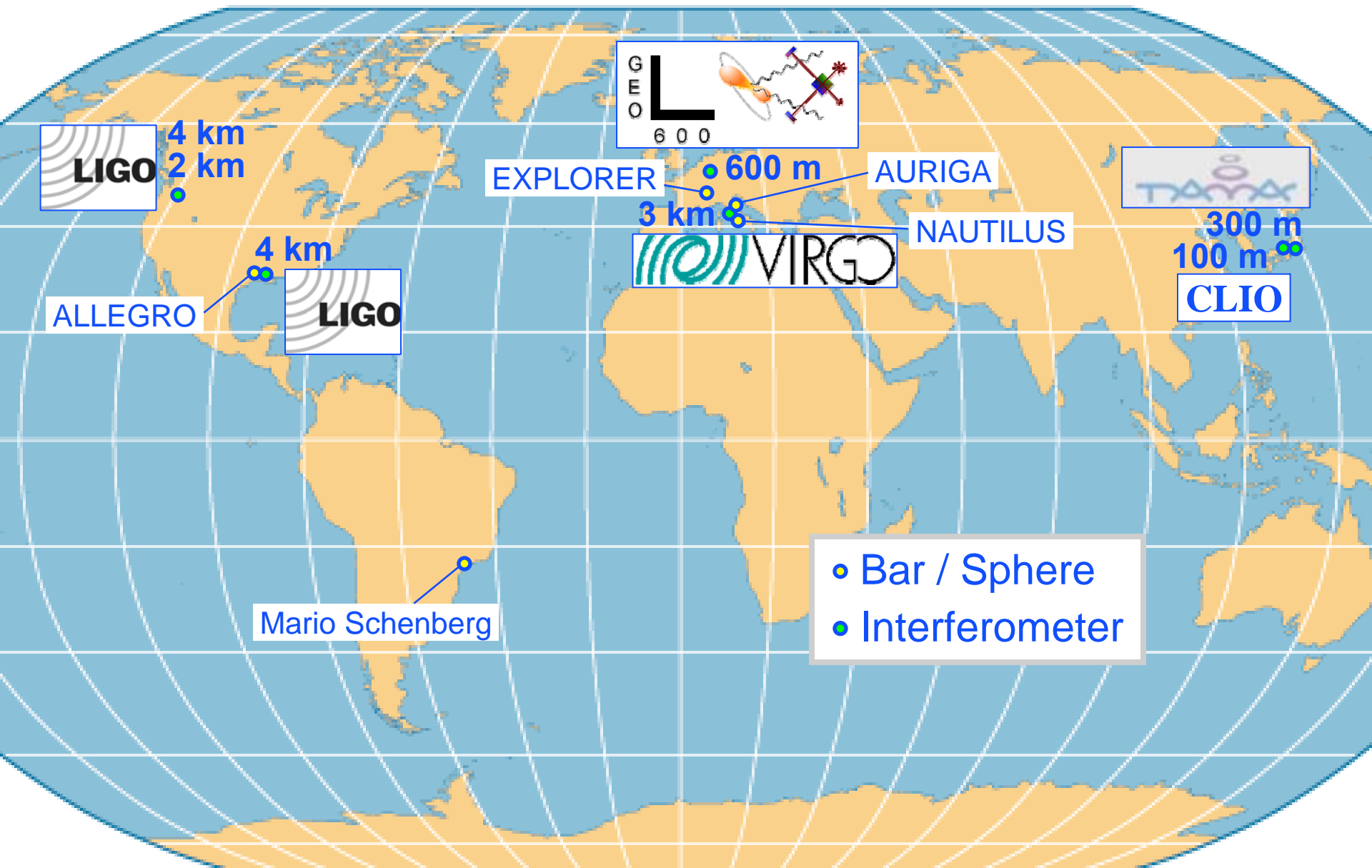
Single detector, SNR=8, averaged  
Milky Way  $\sim 1.6 \times L_{10}$

MWEY: H1-L1 coincident Inspiral exposure



No detection so far

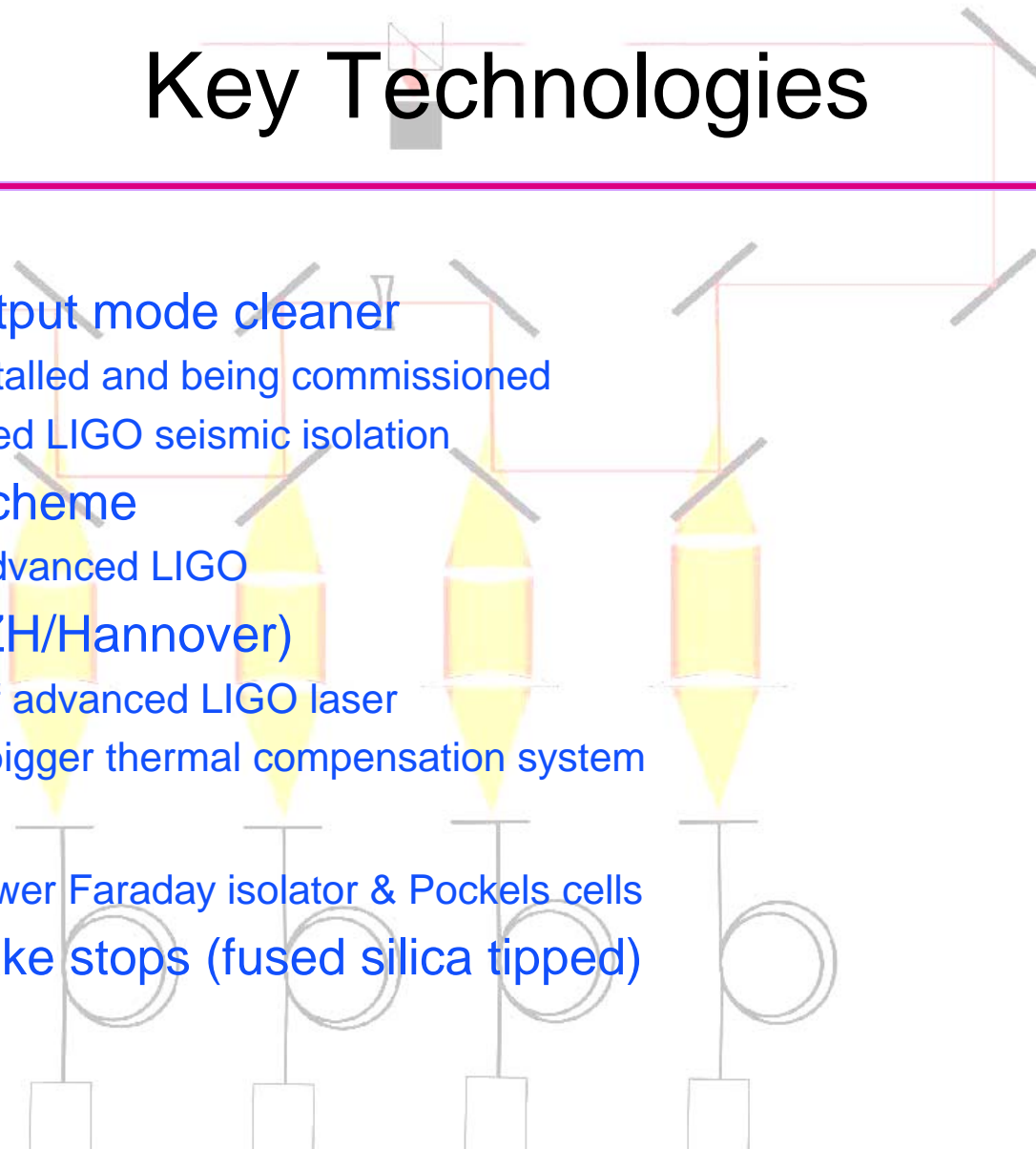
## Network Analysis





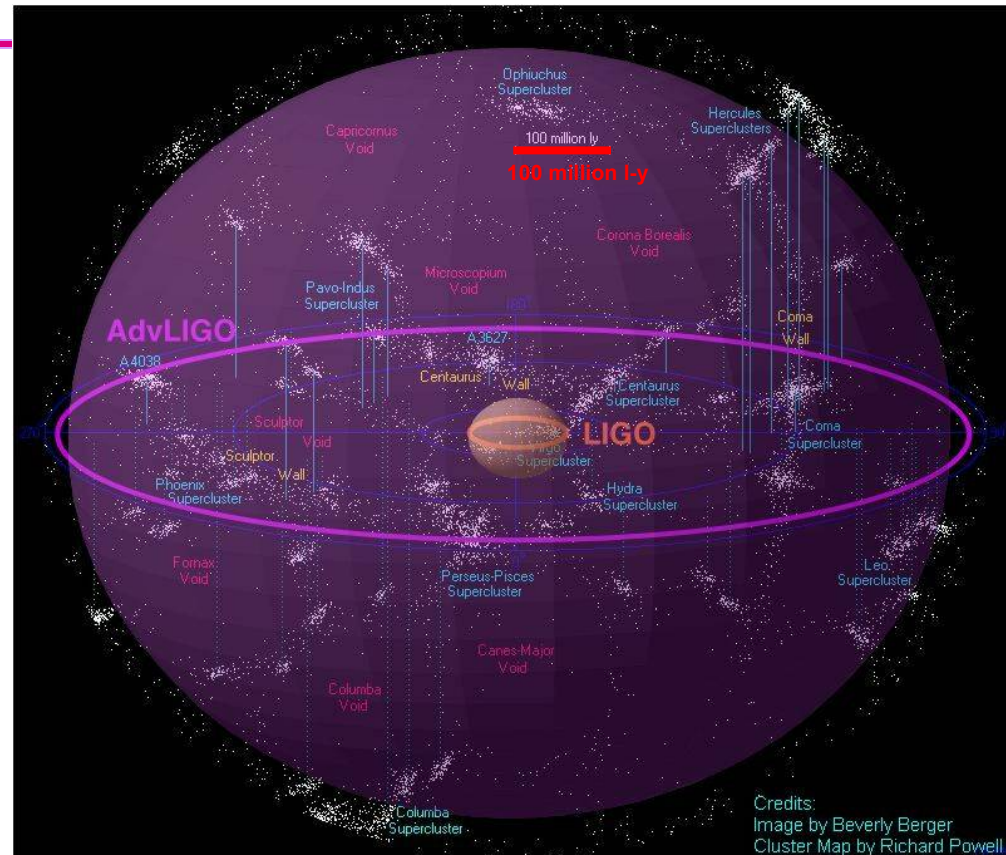
# Key Technologies

- ❑ In-vacuum output mode cleaner
  - Currently installed and being commissioned
  - New advanced LIGO seismic isolation
- ❑ DC readout scheme
  - Crucial for advanced LIGO
- ❑ 30W laser (LZH/Hannover)
  - First stage of advanced LIGO laser
  - Will require bigger thermal compensation system
- ❑ Input optics
  - New high power Faraday isolator & Pockels cells
- ❑ New earthquake stops (fused silica tipped)



# Advanced LIGO

- ❑ Funding approved at the beginning of this year!
- ❑ An order of magnitude improvement in sensitivity
  - 3 orders of magnitude improvement in rate!



# Key Technologies

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- ❑ Active seismic isolation system
  - Hydraulic pre-isolator
  - 2 stage in-vacuum isolation system
- ❑ Multiple suspension stages
- ❑ 30 kg test masses
  - Active thermal compensation
- ❑ 180 W laser source
  - High power input optics
- ❑ Signal recycling added
- ❑ In-vacuum detection benches



# Summary

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- ❑ First relevant science results are published!  
And more to come...
- ❑ All LIGO interferometers are at design sensitivity
- ❑ For sources like binary neutron star and black hole coalescence we can see well into the Virgo cluster
- ❑ The first big science run is done with 1 year of coincidence data
- ❑ Enhanced LIGO commissioning is in progress
- ❑ Advanced LIGO is funded

**We should be detecting gravitational waves  
regularly within the next 10 years!**