

Alignment Investigations towards Advanced Virgo



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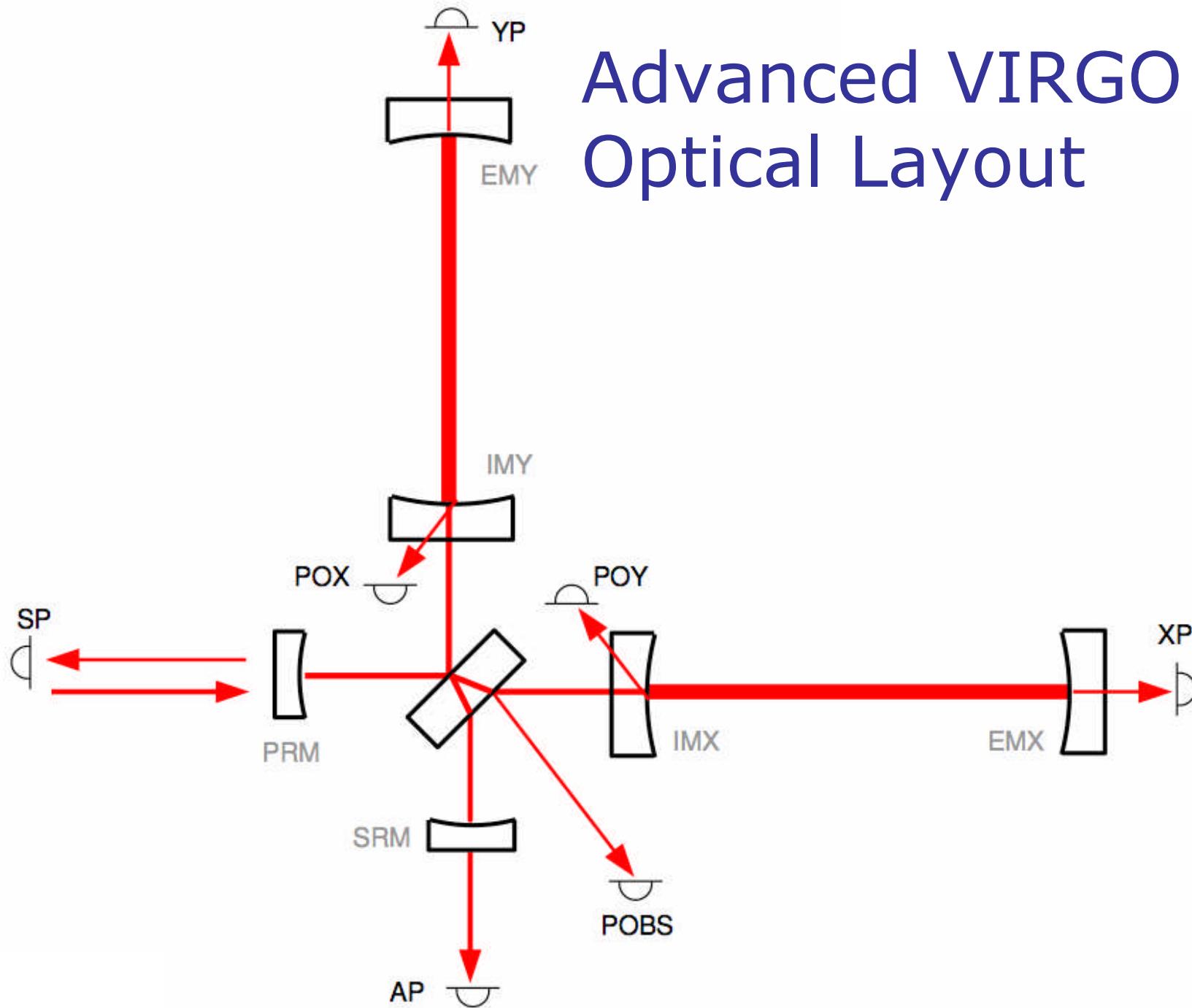
LSC-VIRGO 05/2007
Cascina

LIGO-G070365-00-Z

Advanced VIRGO Optical Layout

- Take 'dummy' optical layout as available from the Advanced VIRGO working groups (in the EGO/VIRGO working area)
- Try to perform preliminary analysis of alignment schemes and noise estimates
- Use computer scripts and simulation methods developed for VIRGO (wide search of parameter space)

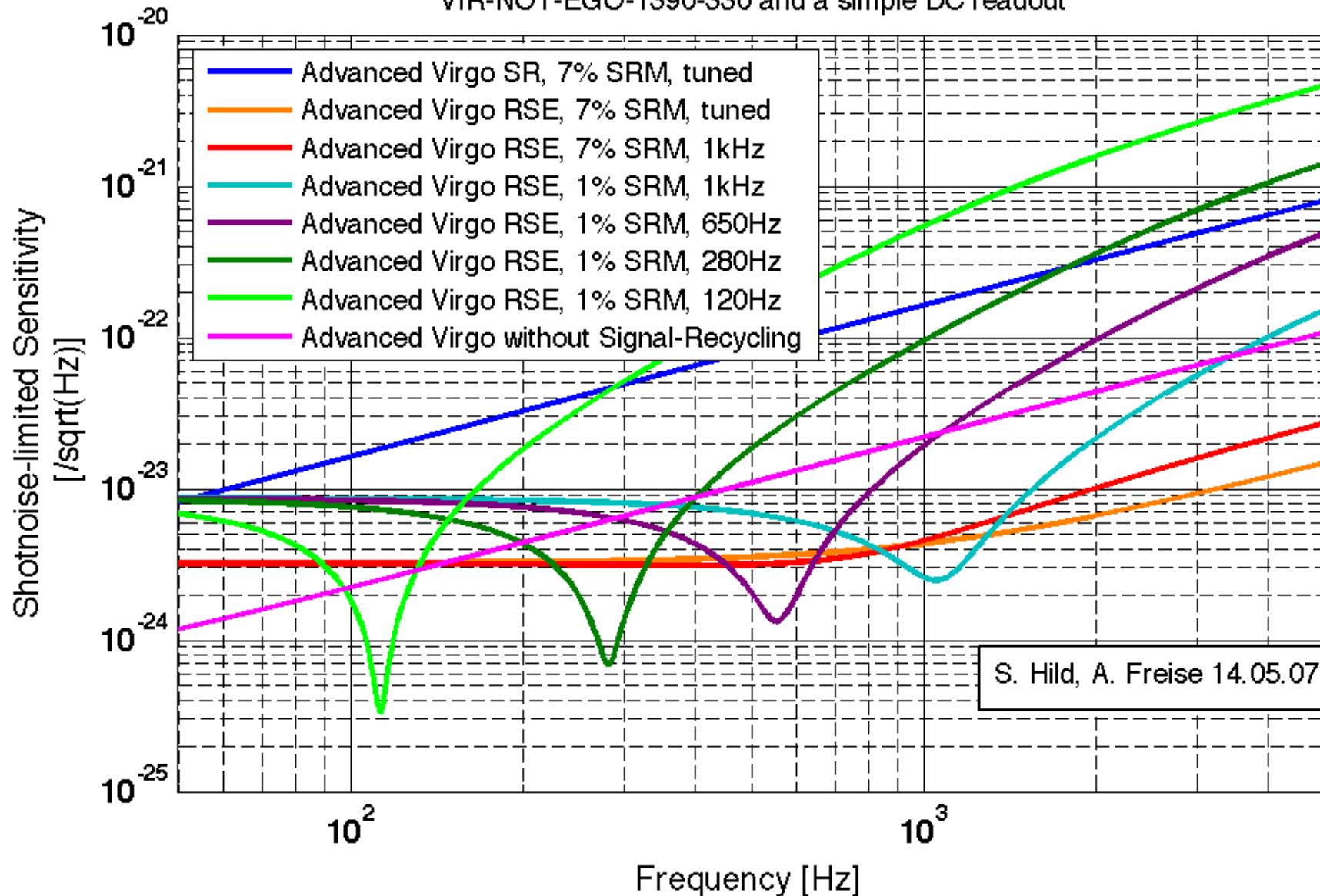
Advanced VIRGO Optical Layout



Optical Layout Overview

- Optical path lengths: as VIRGO
- 0.5 MW circulating power in arm cavities
- Tuned RSE configuration (DC read-out, no locking scheme)

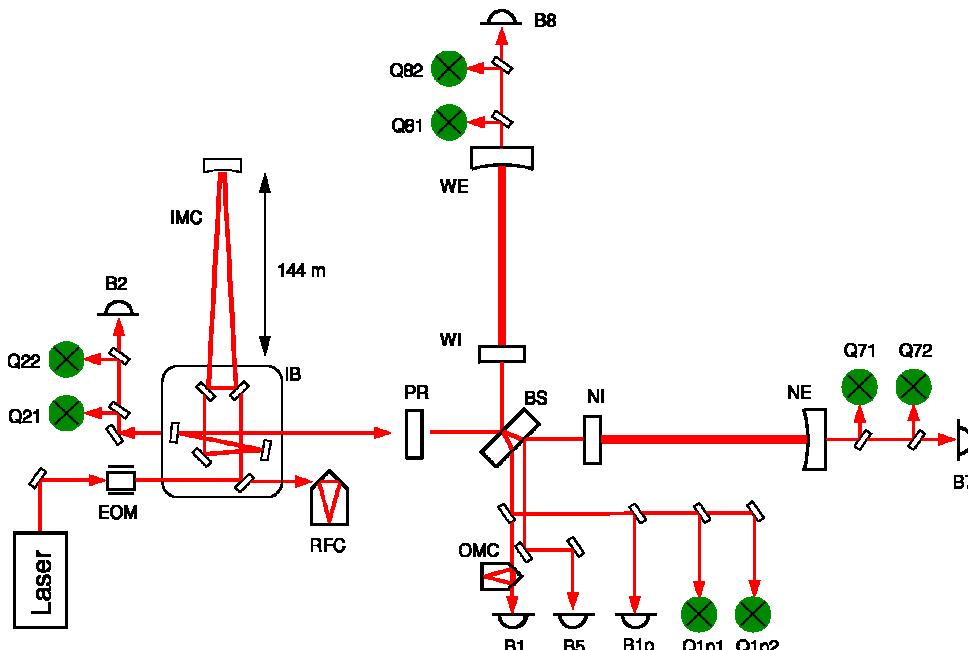
Advanced VIRGO, Finesse simulation
simple SR comparison using dummy parameters from
VIR-NOT-EGO-1390-330 and a simple DC readout



Computing the optical matrix

Finesse File Output

Low Frequency Transfer
Functions between the
mirror angular motions and the
Quadrant-diode outputs
(N output files for N d.o.f)



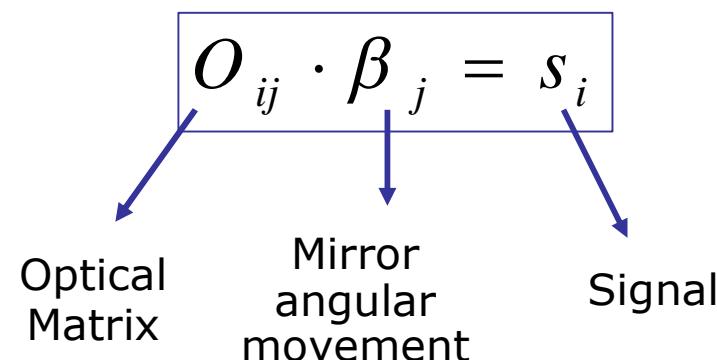
Example: Initial Virgo Configuration



Matlab program to
construct the optical
matrix

Estimate Controllability

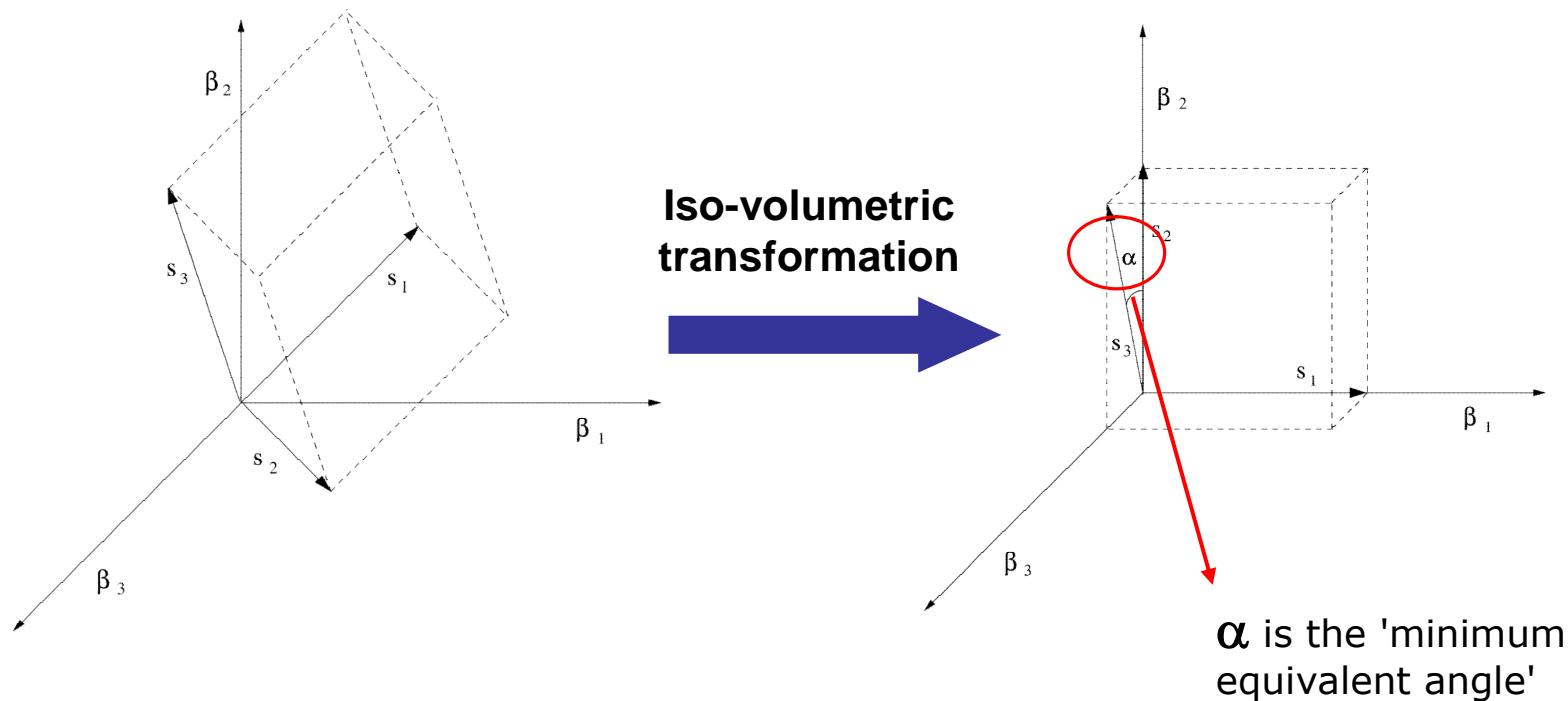
Method to evaluate the **quality** of a control or sensing matrix: using the distribution of the matrix' row vectors in the system's parameter space.



$$O = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline & \beta_1 & \dots & \beta_n \\ \hline s_1 & O_{11} & \dots & O_{1n} \\ \hline \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ \hline s_m & O_{m1} & \dots & O_{mn} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Estimate Controllability

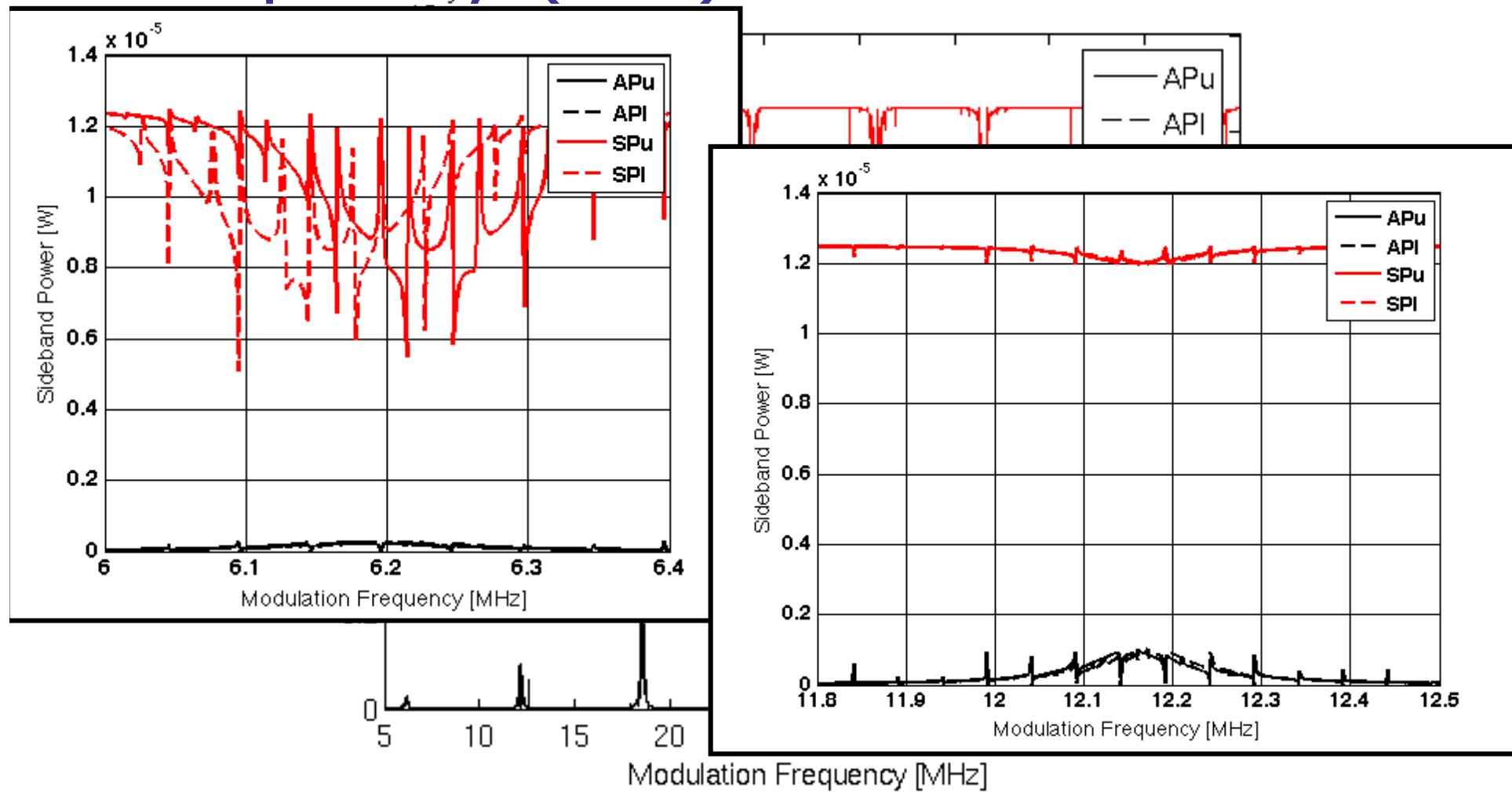
In an over-determined system (e.g. VIRGO) we select the subset of diode signals which provides maximally separated vectors (Matlab script) and we use the “minimum equivalent angle” between them as the figure of merit when comparing control topologies (quality parameter).



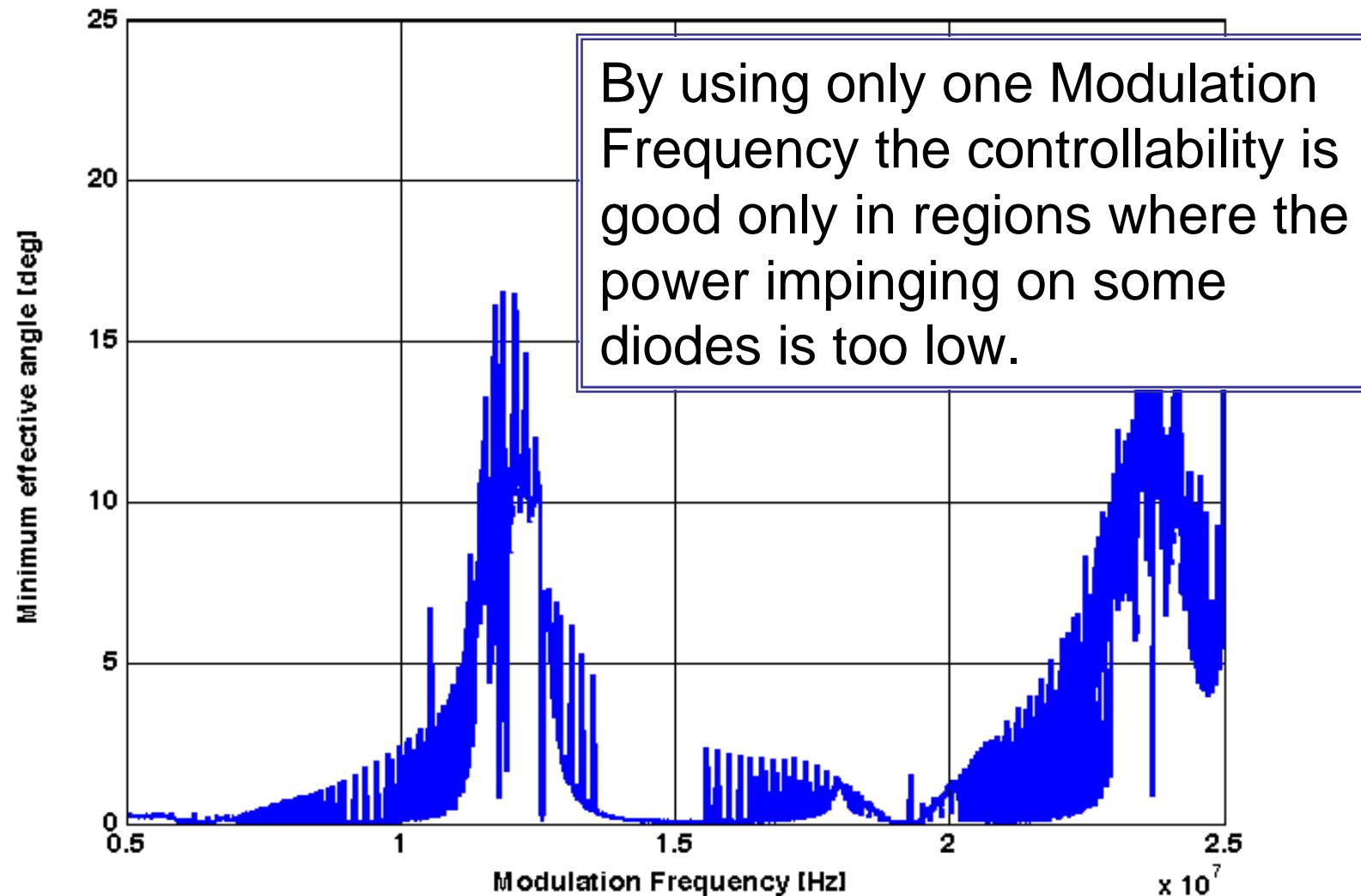
Step by Step

- Look at sideband resonances
- Select 'useful' ranges for modulation frequencies
- Evaluate the controllability

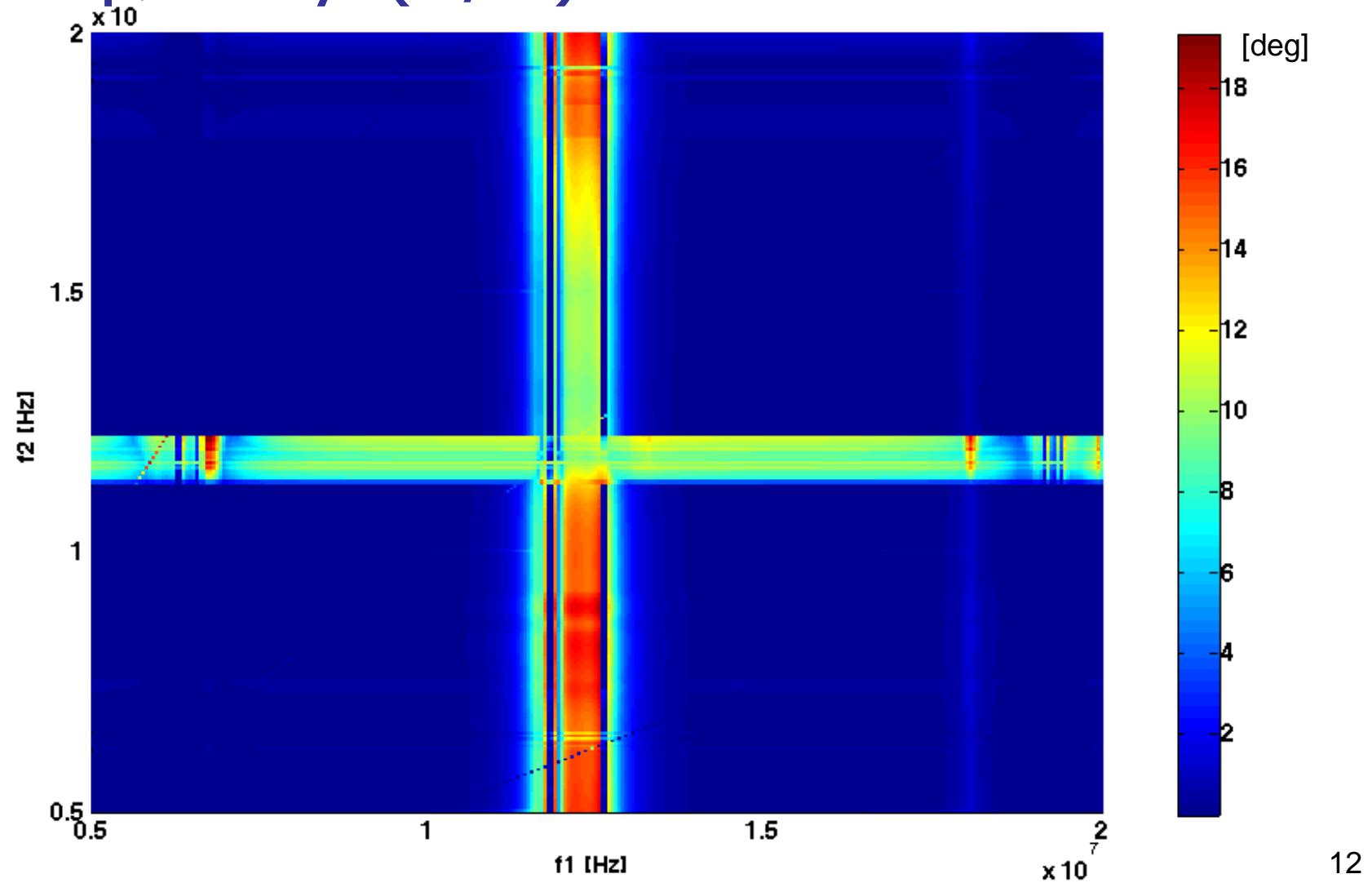
Choosing a modulation Frequency (1/3)



Choosing a modulation Frequency (2/3)



Choosing a modulation Frequency (3/3)



Next steps

- Investigate additional output signals
- Work on length sensing in parallel
- Fix frequencies
- Optimise setup further
- Do noise projections