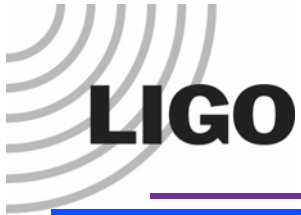


Diffraction Losses of Various Modes in Advanced LIGO Arm Cavity



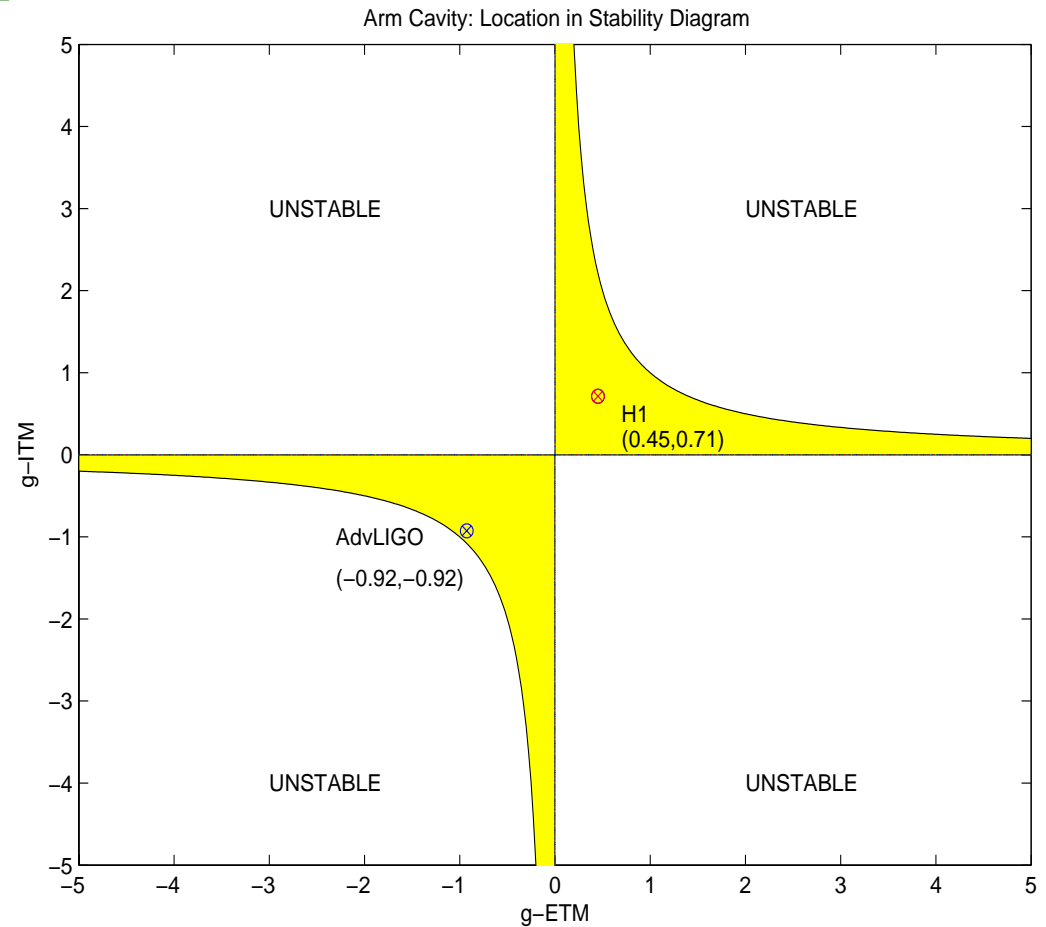
*Biplab Bhawal - LIGO Laboratory,
California Institute of Technology, USA*

Meeting on 'Parametric Instability in Advanced LIGO'
Caltech, Pasadena 23 Aug'2005



The Arm Cavity

	LIGO-I (H1)	Adv LIGO (proposed)
ROC (ITM) meter	~14000	2076
ROC (ETM) meter	~7300	2076
Beam Radius At ITM (m)	0.036	0.06
Beam Radius At ETM (m)	0.045	0.06
Beam Waist Size (m)	0.035	0.01
Distance of waist from ITM (m)	990	2000



$$g = 1 - \text{'Length'}/\text{ROC}$$

TEM_{mn}
 m+1 spots in X-dir
 n+1 spots in Y-dir

00 10 20 30 40 50

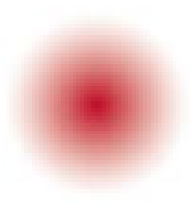
01 11 21 31 41

02 12 22 32

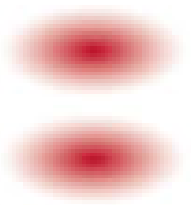
03 13 23

04 14

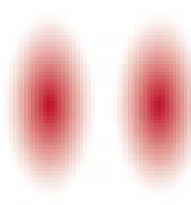
05



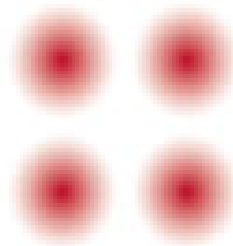
TEM₀₀



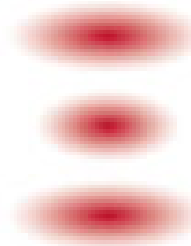
TEM₀₁



TEM₁₀



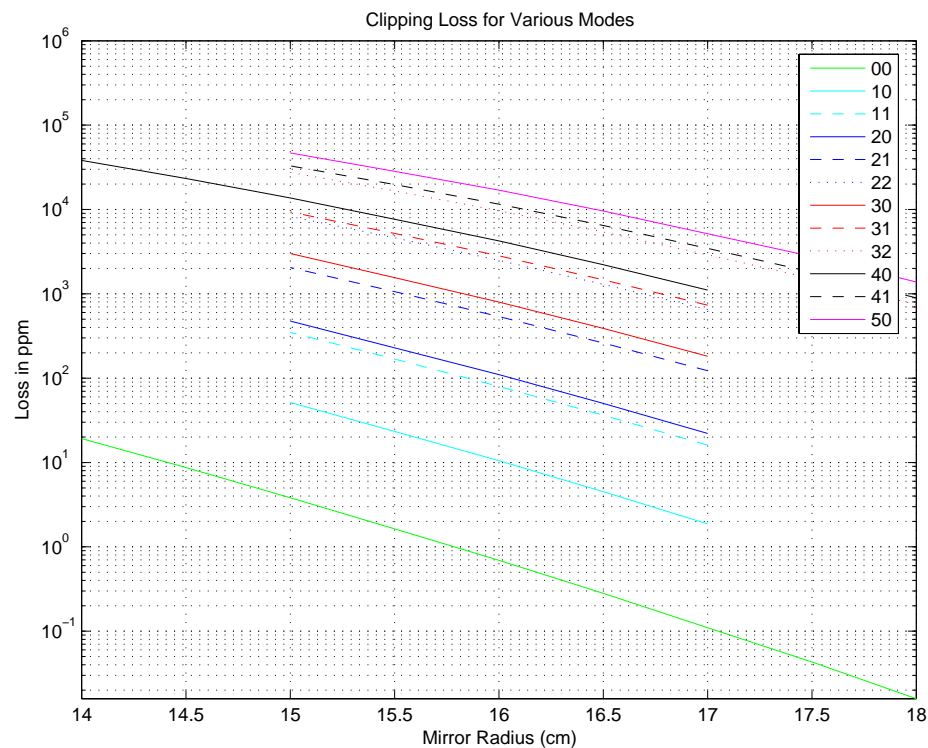
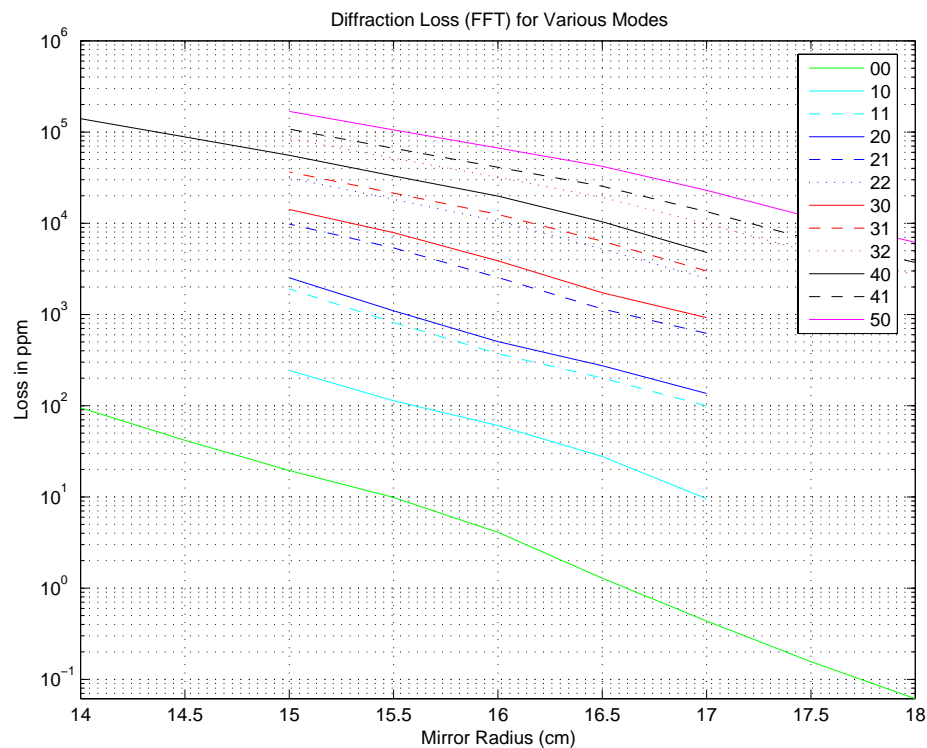
TEM₁₁



TEM₀₂



Diffraction & Clipping Losses

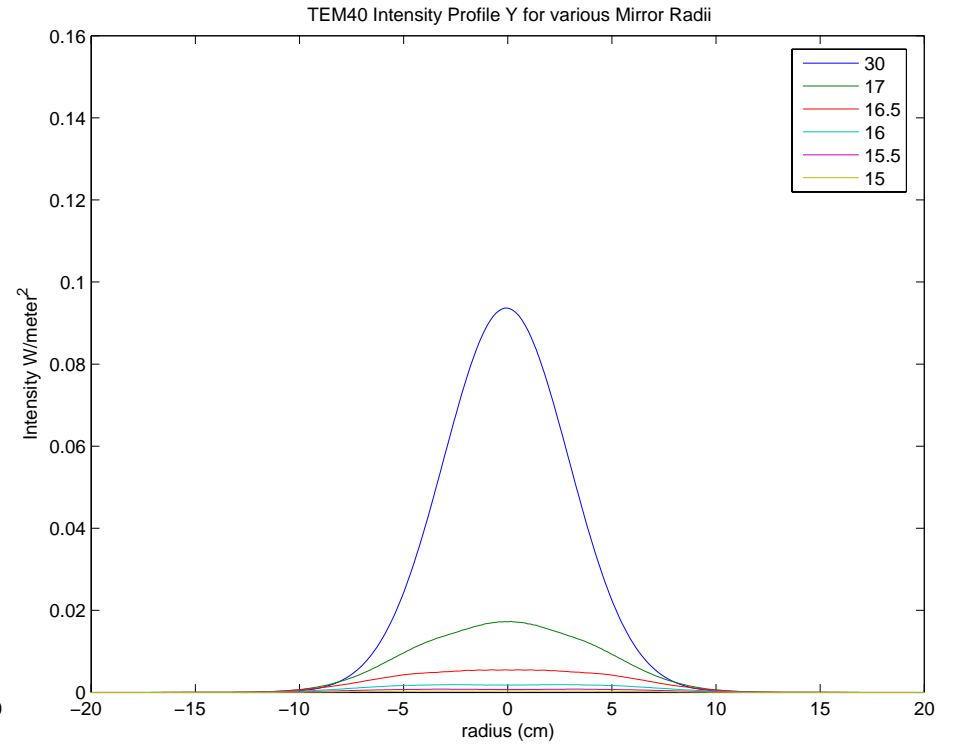
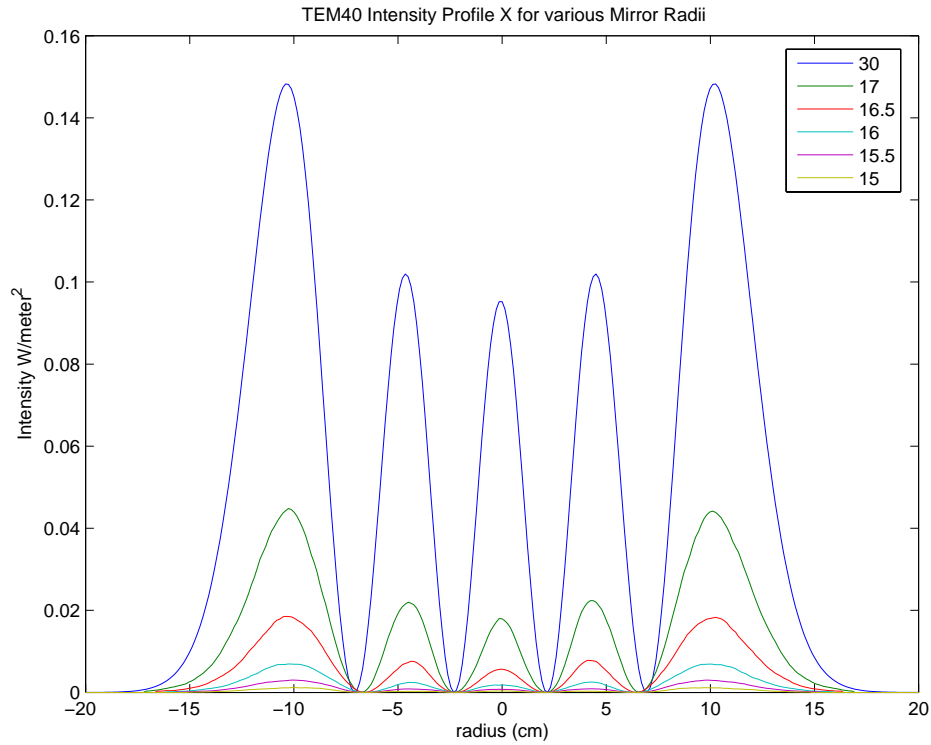


$$\text{Diff. Loss} = T_{itm} \sqrt{P_{\infty}/P_R} - T_{itm}$$

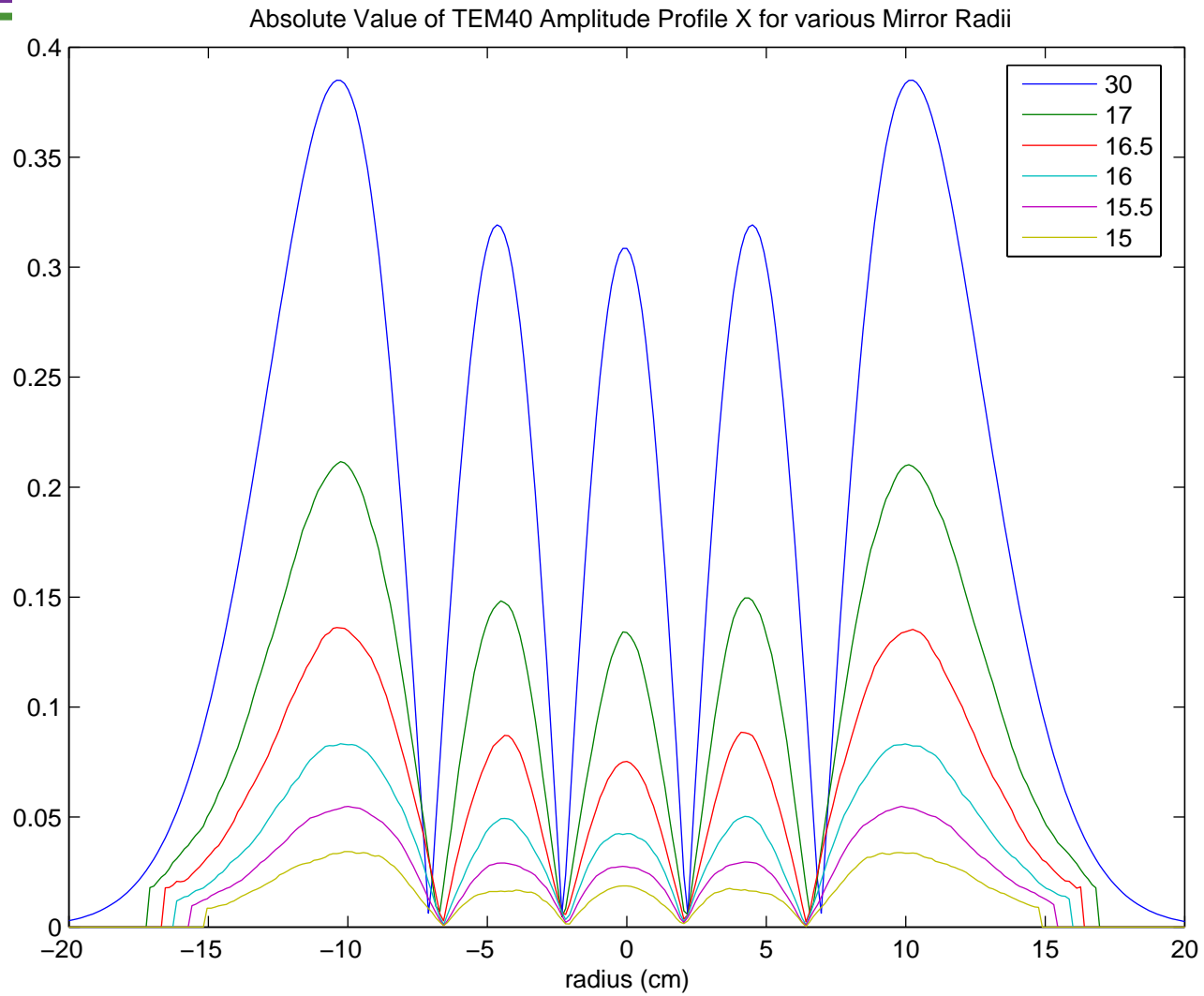
Clipping Loss = The ideal loss calculated by finding power falling outside a Radius of a perfectly Gaussian beam



TEM40 (an Example)



TEM40





Ratio of Diffraction Loss & Clipping Loss

