

Sensing and control of the Advanced LIGO optical configuration

SPIE conference at Glasgow

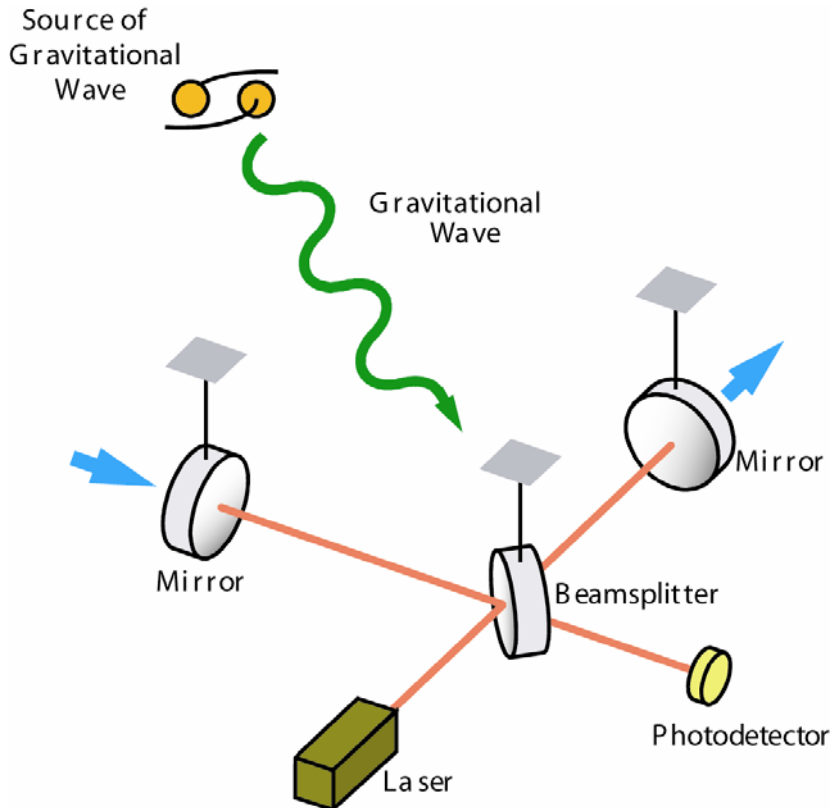
June 23, 2004

O. Miyakawa, Caltech

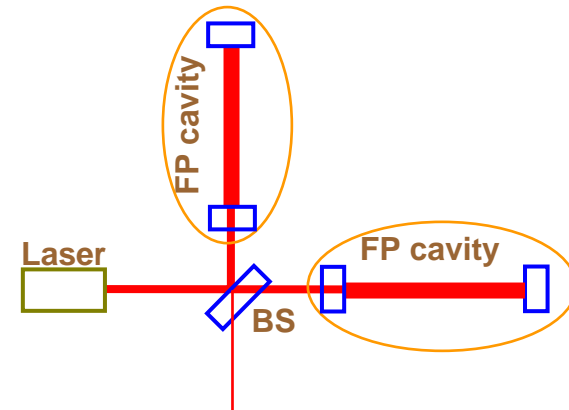
B. Abbott, R. Bork, P. Fritschel, L. Goggin, J. Heefner, A. Ivanov,
S. Kawamura, F. Kawazoe, C. Mow-Lowry, A. Ourjountsev, S. Sakata,
M. Smith, K. Strain, R. Taylor, D. Ugolini, S. Vass, R. Ward, A. Weinstein

Optical configuration for Gravitational wave interferometer

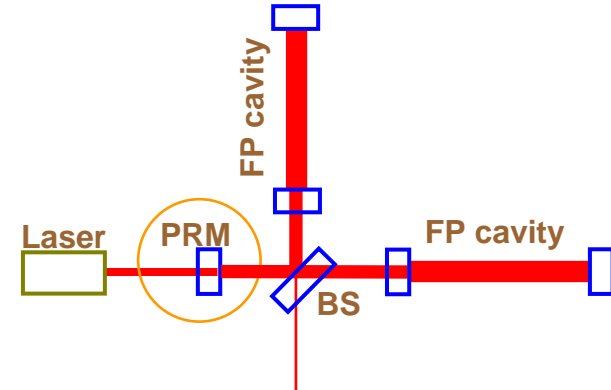
- Gravitational wave detection using Michelson interferometer



- Signal and power enhancement using Fabry-Perot cavity in each arm



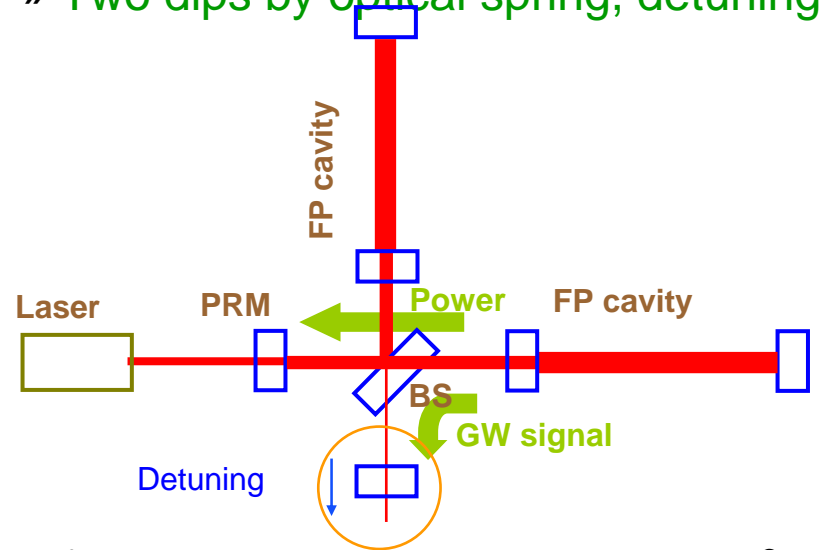
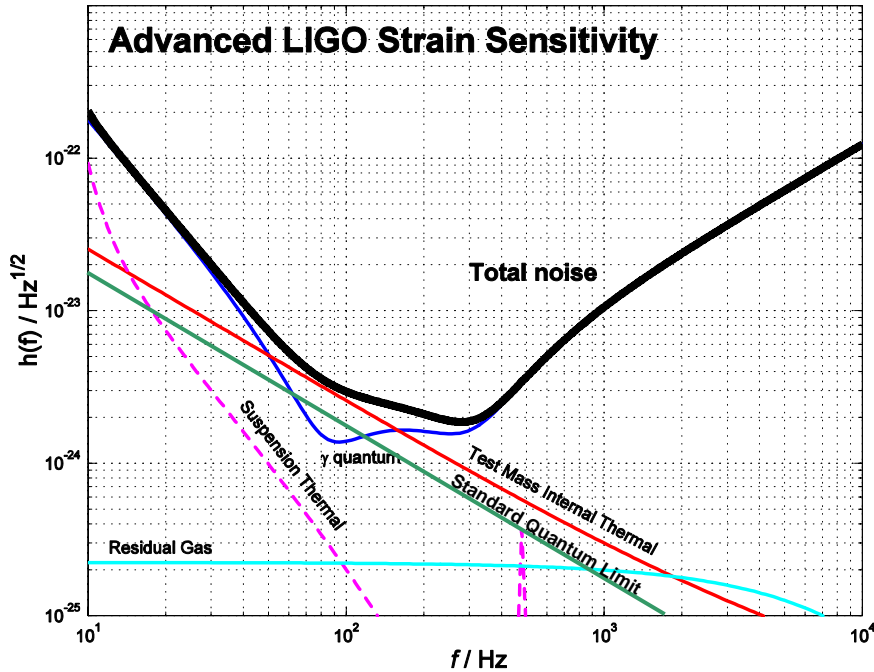
- Power enhancement using Power Recycling



Advanced LIGO optical configuratoin

- LIGO:Power recycled FPMI
 - » Optical noise is limited by Standard Quantum Limit (SQL)

- AdvLIGO:GW signal enhancement using Detuned Resonant Sideband Extraction
 - » Can overcome the SQL → QND detector
 - » Two dips by optical spring, detuning



Caltech 40 meter prototype interferometer

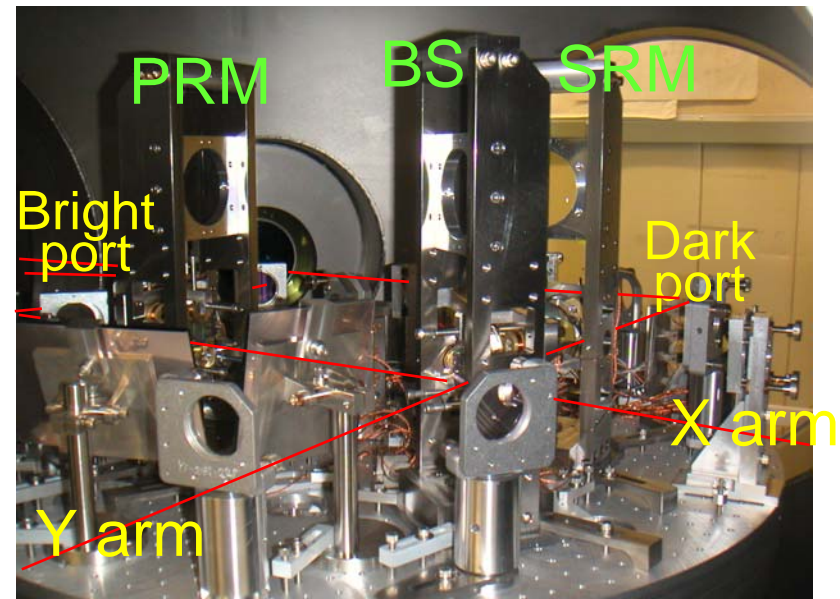
Objectives

- Develop **lock acquisition procedure** of suspended-mass detuned Resonant Sideband Extraction (RSE)
- Characterize noise mechanism
- Verify optical spring effect
- Develop readout scheme

for Advanced LIGO and other future GW detectors

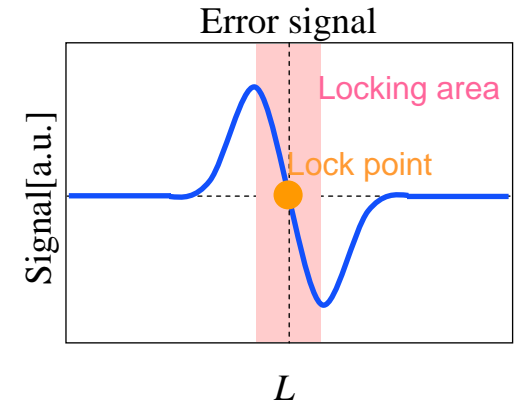
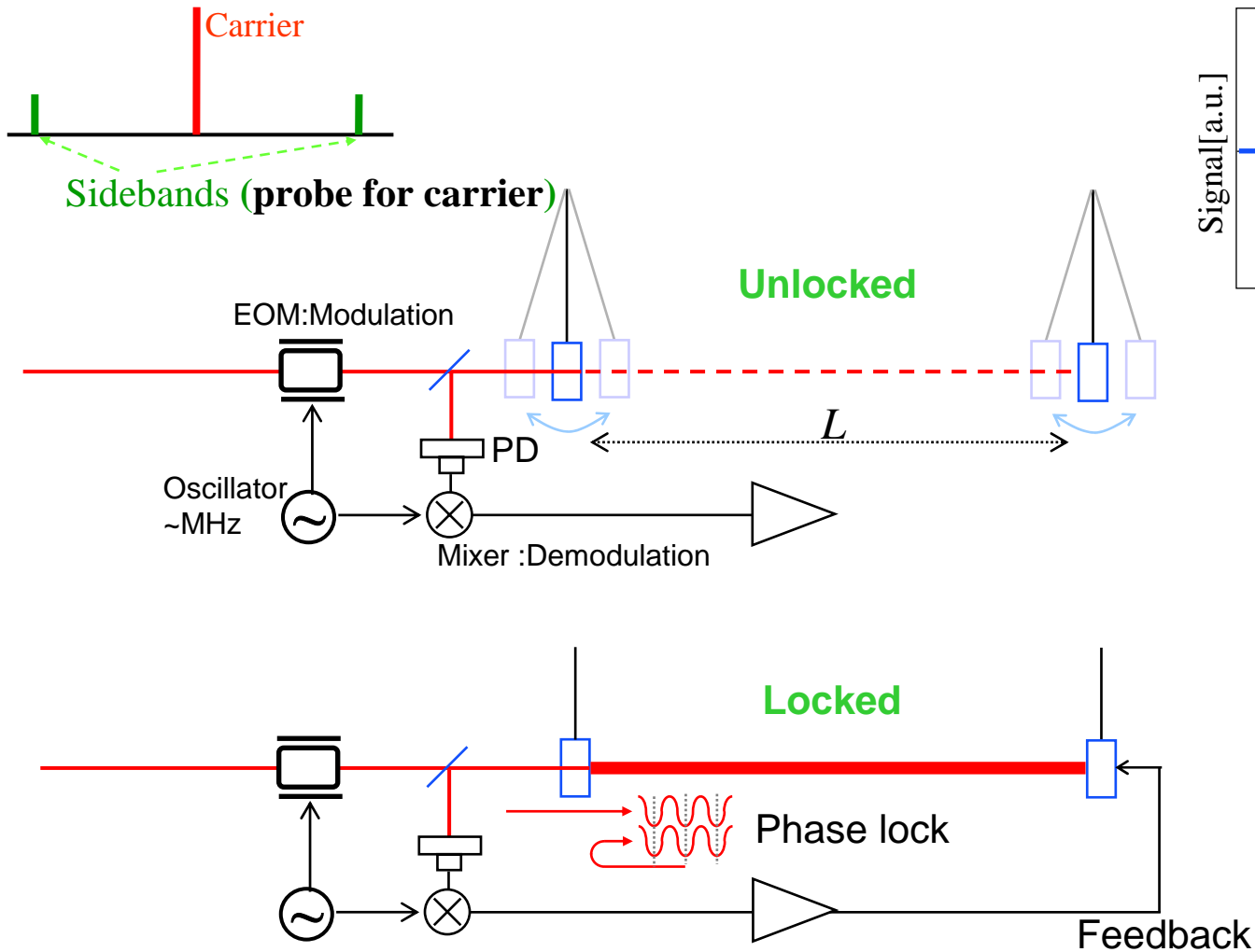


LIGO- G040310-00-R

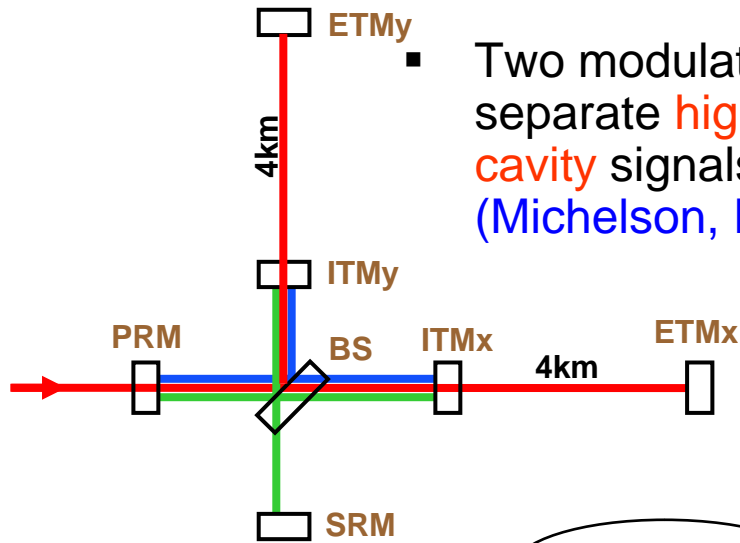


Sensing and control, SPIE conference, June 2004

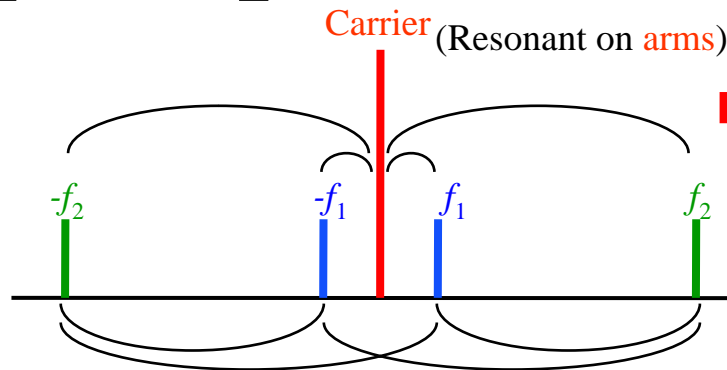
Length sensing and control



Signal extraction for AdvLIGO



- Two modulations are used to separate **high finesse, 4km long arm cavity** signals from **Central part** (Michelson, PR, SR) signals.



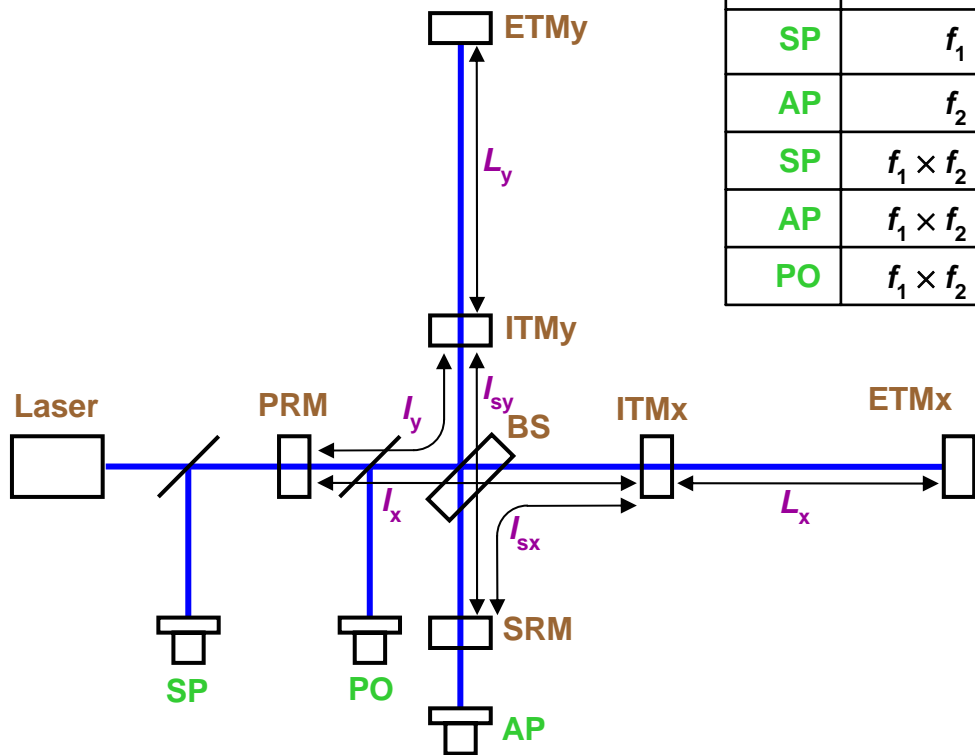
- Single demodulation
- Arm information
- Double demodulation
- Central part information

- **Arm cavity** signals are extracted from beat between **carrier** and f_1 or f_2 .
- **Central part** (Michelson, PR, SR) signals are extracted from beat between f_1 and f_2 , not including arm cavity information.

5 DOF for length control

Signal Extraction Matrix (in-lock)

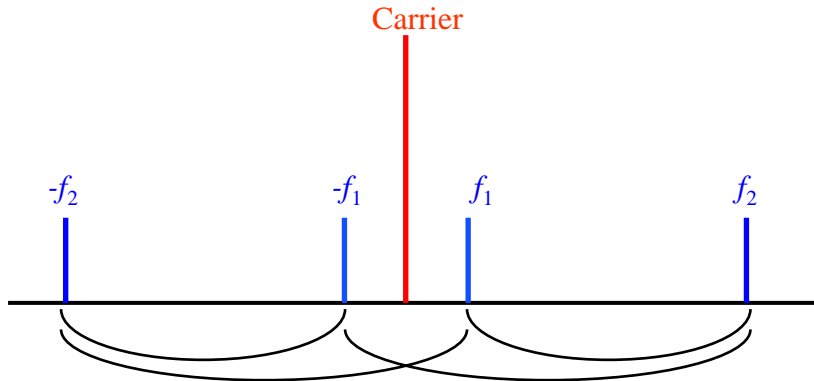
Port	Dem. Freq.	L_+	L_-	I_+	I_-	I_s
SP	f_1	1	-3.8E-9	-1.2E-3	-1.3E-6	-2.3E-6
AP	f_2	-4.8E-9	1	1.2E-8	1.3E-3	-1.7E-8
SP	$f_1 \times f_2$	-1.7E-3	-3.0E-4	1	-3.2E-2	-1.0E-1
AP	$f_1 \times f_2$	-6.2E-4	1.5E-3	7.5E-1	1	7.1E-2
PO	$f_1 \times f_2$	3.6E-3	2.7E-3	4.6E-1	-2.3E-2	1



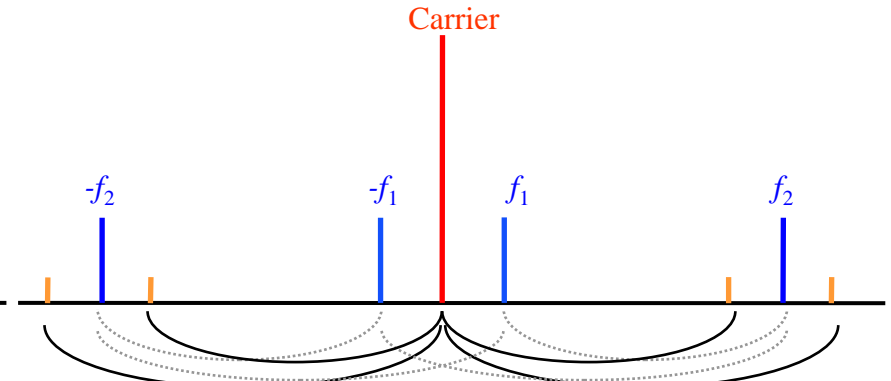
Common of arms : $L_+ = (L_x + L_y) / 2$
 Differential of arms : $L_- = L_x - L_y$
 Power recycling cavity : $I_+ = (I_x + I_y) / 2$
 Michelson : $I_- = I_x - I_y$
 Signal recycling cavity : $I_s = (I_{sx} + I_{sy}) / 2$

Disturbance by sidebands of sidebands

Original concept



Real world

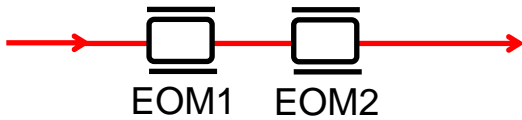


- Sidebands of sidebands are produced by two series EOMs.
- Beats between carrier and $f_2 \pm f_1$ disturb central part.

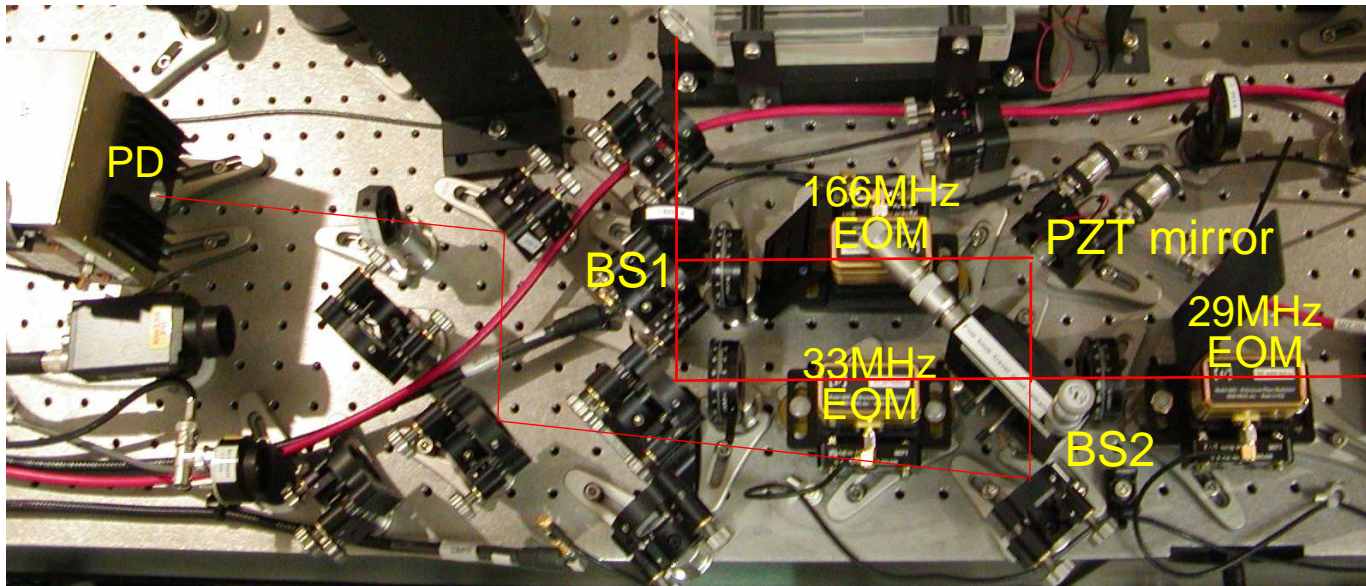
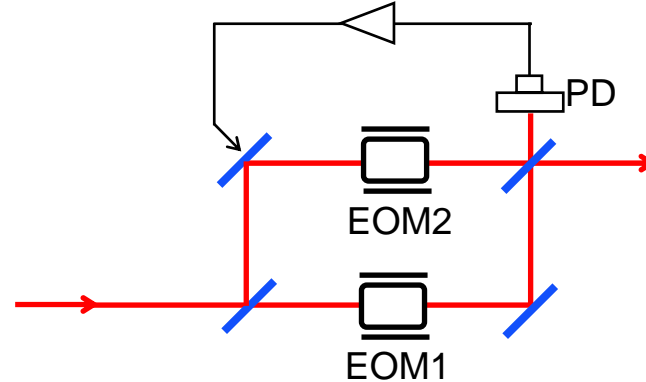
Port	Dem. Freq.	L_+	L_-	I_+	I_-	I_s
SP	f_1	1	-1.4E-8	-1.2E-3	-1.3E-6	-6.2E-6
AP	f_2	1.2E-7	1	1.4E-5	1.3E-3	6.5E-6
SP	$f_1 \times f_2$	7.4	-3.4E-4	1	-3.3E-2	-1.1E-1
AP	$f_1 \times f_2$	-5.7E-4	32	7.1E-1	1	7.1E-2
PO	$f_1 \times f_2$	3.3	1.7	1.9E-1	-3.5E-2	1

Mach-Zehnder on 40m PSL to eliminate sidebands of sidebands

Series EOMs
with sidebands of sidebands

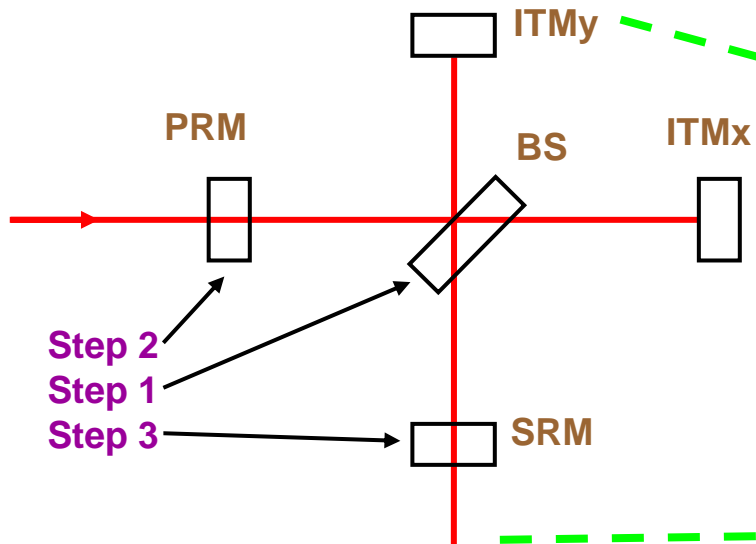


Mach-Zehnder interferometer
no sidebands of sidebands from beginning

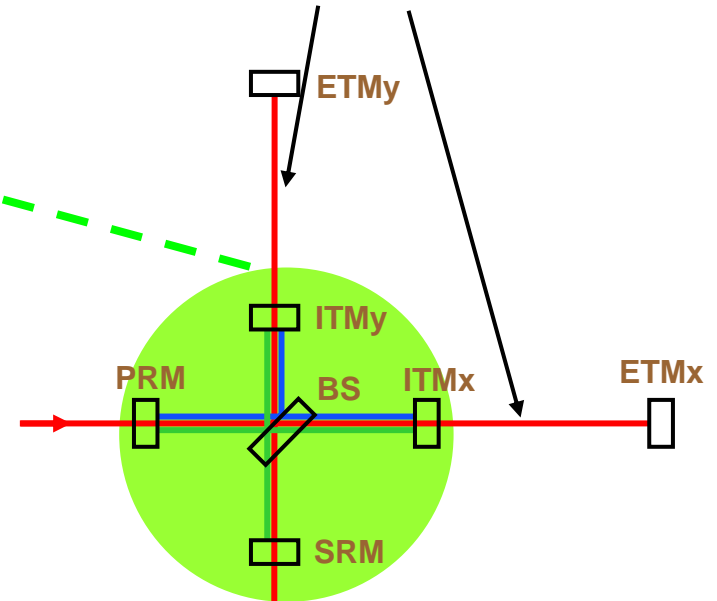


Lock Acquisition of Detuned RSE

1. lock central part using beat signal between f_1 and f_2



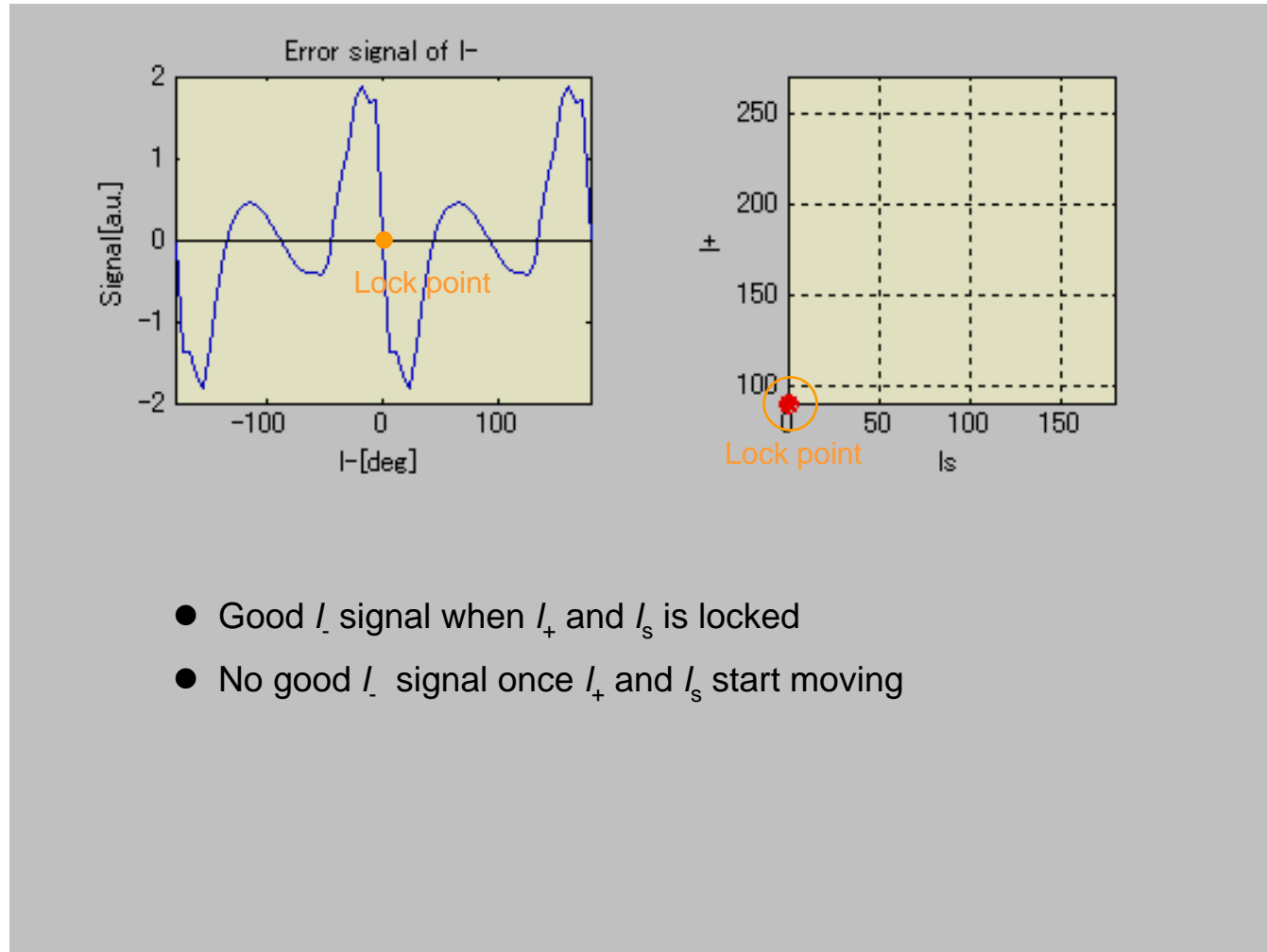
2. lock arm cavities



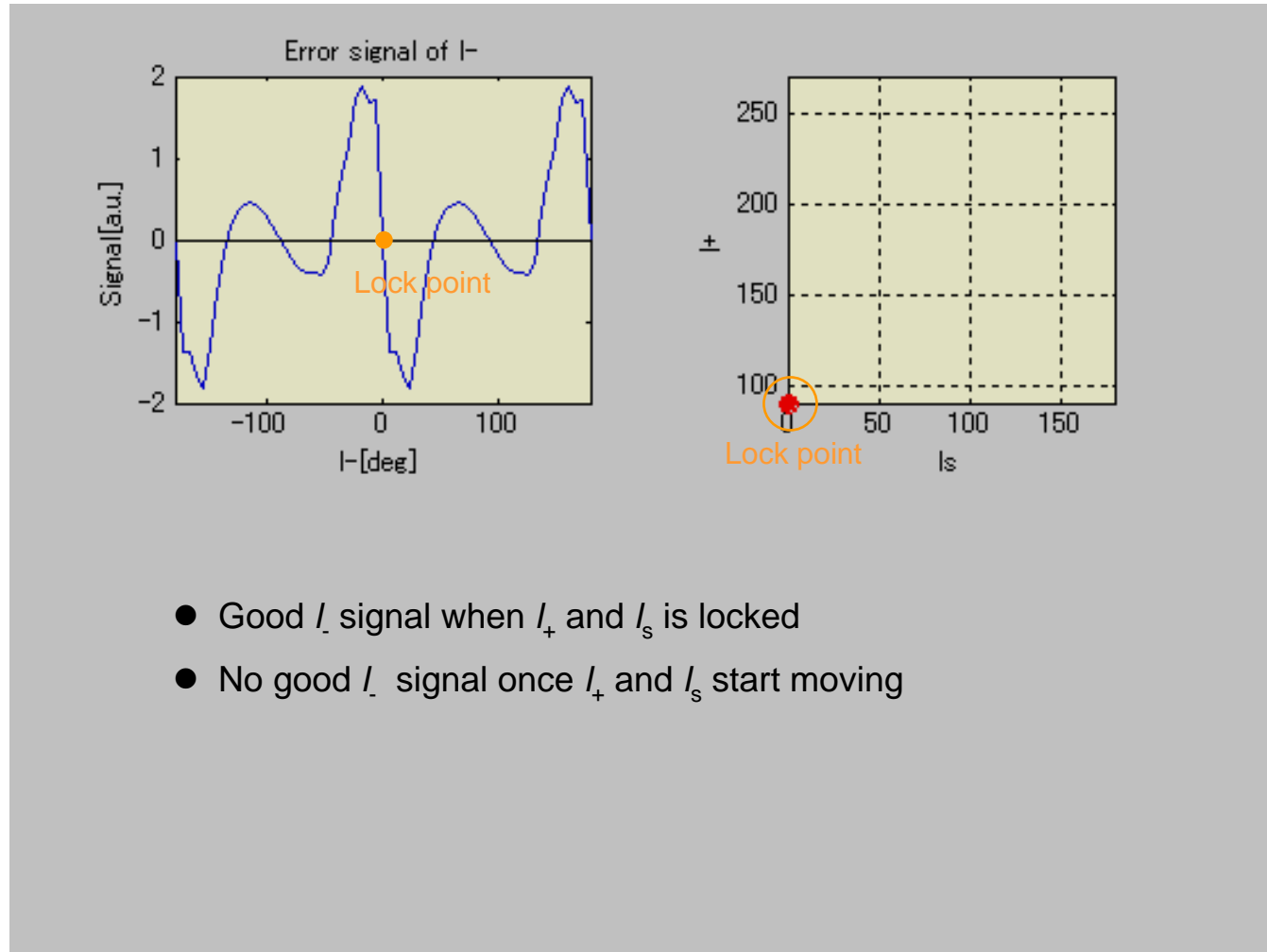
- Central part: not disturbed by lock status change of arm cavity
- Find primary signal not disturbed by the other two DOFs
- Find secondary signal not disturbed by the residual DOF

- Arm cavities: not disturbed by locked central part
- Lock each arm cavity independently
- Switch control servo to common/differential control

I_- signal with double demodulation



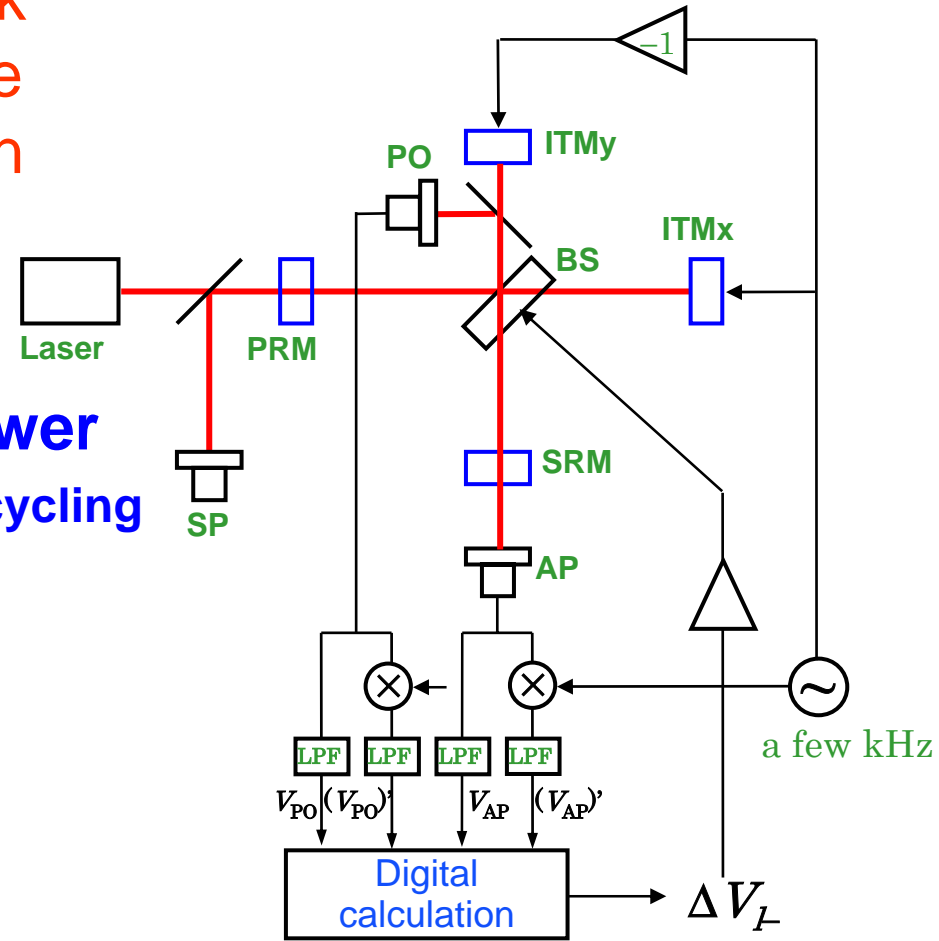
I_- signal with double demodulation



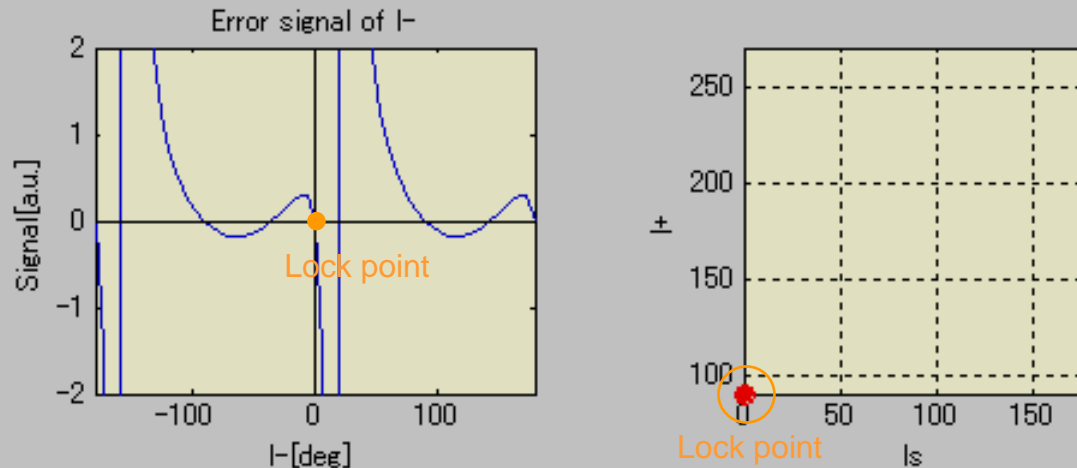
- Unfortunately, no way to lock central part directly using the original double demodulation
- Dither locking for l_- signal
- Divide signal by inside power
 - » Good cancellation of power recycling

$$\Delta V_{l_-} = \frac{d}{d l_-} \left(\frac{V_{AP}}{V_{PO}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{V'_{AP} V_{PO} - V_{AP} V'_{PO}}{V_{PO}^2}$$



l_- signal with dither

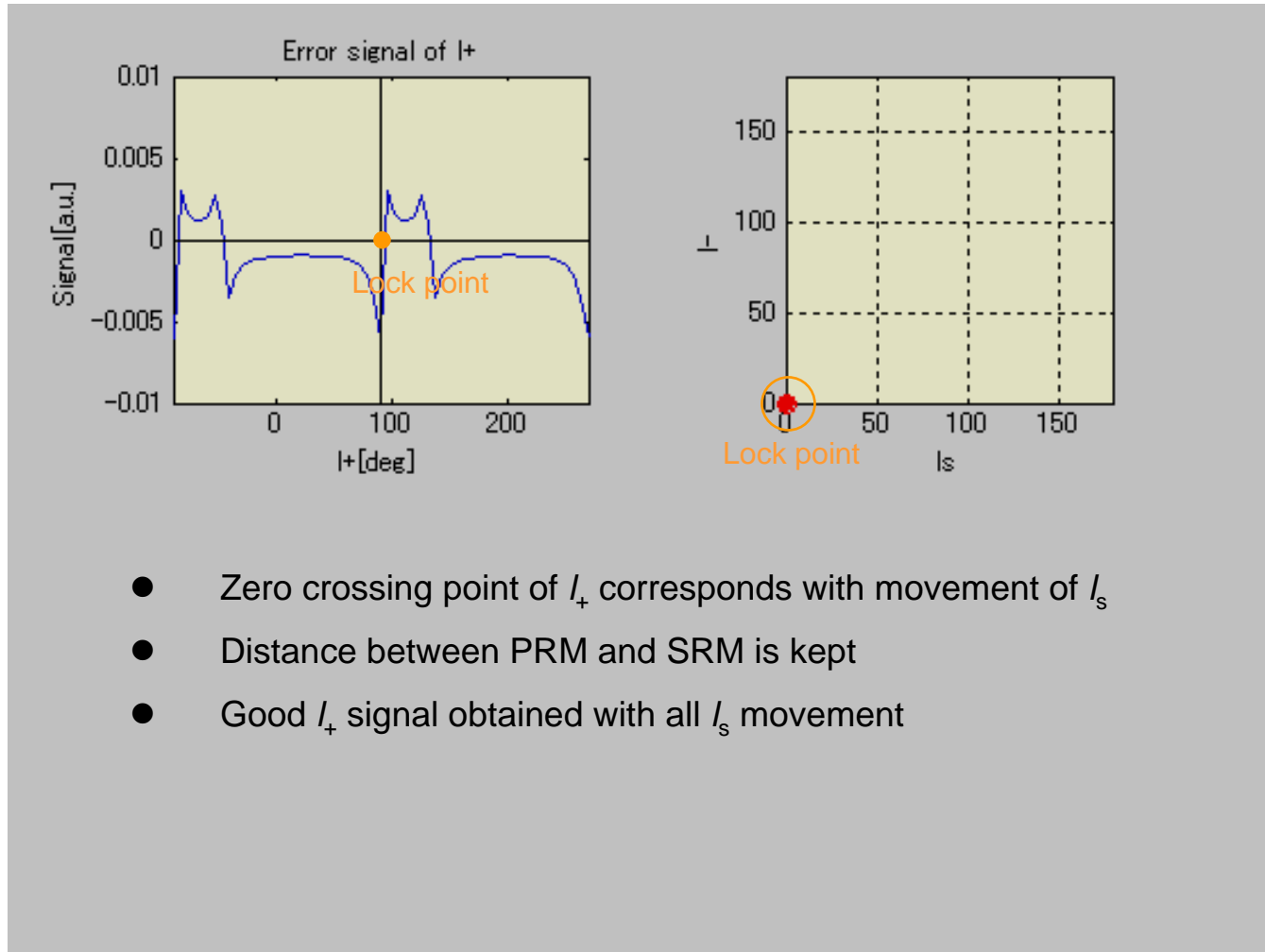


- Dither on ITMx, ITMy with 1kHz
- Error signal is calculated digitally as follows;

$$\Delta V_{l_-} = \frac{d}{d l_-} \left(\frac{V_{AP}}{V_{PO}} \right) = \frac{V'_{AP} V_{PO} - V_{AP} V'_{PO}}{V_{PO}^2}$$

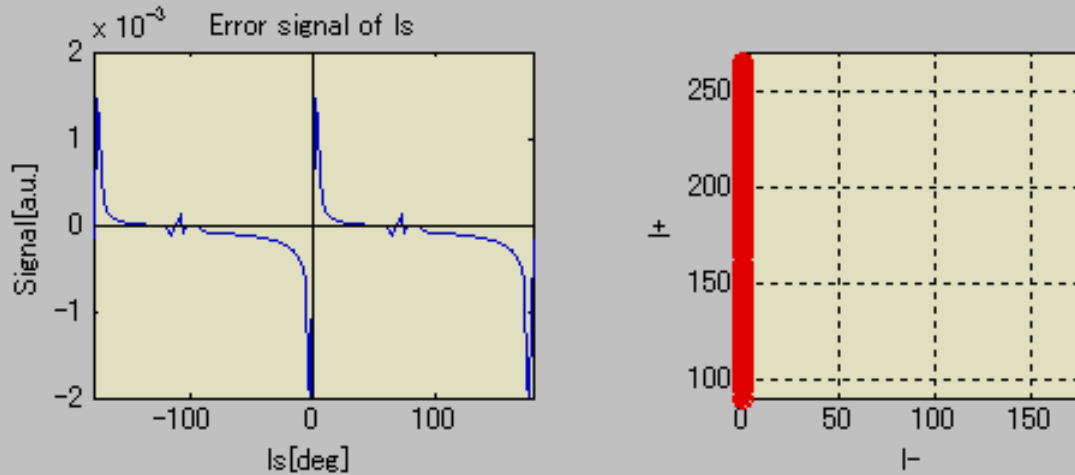
- l_- signal does not depend on l_+ at all
- Good l_- signal obtained with all l_s movement

I_+ signal with I_- lock



- Zero crossing point of I_+ corresponds with movement of I_-
- Distance between PRM and SRM is kept
- Good I_+ signal obtained with all I_- movement

I_s signal with I_- and I_+ lock



- Good I_s signal can be extracted

Summary

- Optical configuration for AdvLIGO being developed at 40m prototype interferometer
- Sidebands of sidebands: eliminated by M-Z interferometer
- Ready to try lock acquisition
- Lock acquisition: promising with dither lock

Hope we succeed in locking detuned RSE very soon!