

# WaveBurst simulation

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WaveBurst group:

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- **Simulation engine**
- **sine-Gaussian**
- **BH-BH mergers**
- **Summary & Plans**

<http://www.phys.ufl.edu/LIGO/bursts/waveburst/S2>

- **injection into all three interferometers:**
  - waveform name
  - GPS time of injection
  - $\{\theta, \phi, \Psi\}$  - source location and polarization angle
  - $T_{\{L1, H1, H2\}}$  - LLO-LHO delays
  - $F_{+}\{L1, H1, H2\}$  - + polarization beam pattern vector
  - $F_x\{L1, H1, H2\}$  - x polarization beam pattern vector
- **prepare waveforms in datacondAPI and send to DSO**
- **multiple injection in the same data with different hrss**

- sine-Gaussian injections
  - 16 waveforms: 8-Q9 and 8-Q3
  - frequencies 100 – 2000 Hz
  - $F+ \{1,1,1\}$ ,  $Fx \{0,0,0\}$
- BH-BH mergers (10-100 Mo)
  - 10 pairs of waveforms  $\{h+, h_x\}$
  - all sky uniform distribution with calculation  $\{F+, F_x\}$  for LLO,LHO
  - 1.1 millions waveforms injected
- use exactly the same pipeline for processing of GW and simulation triggers → realistic estimation of detection efficiency including all selection cuts



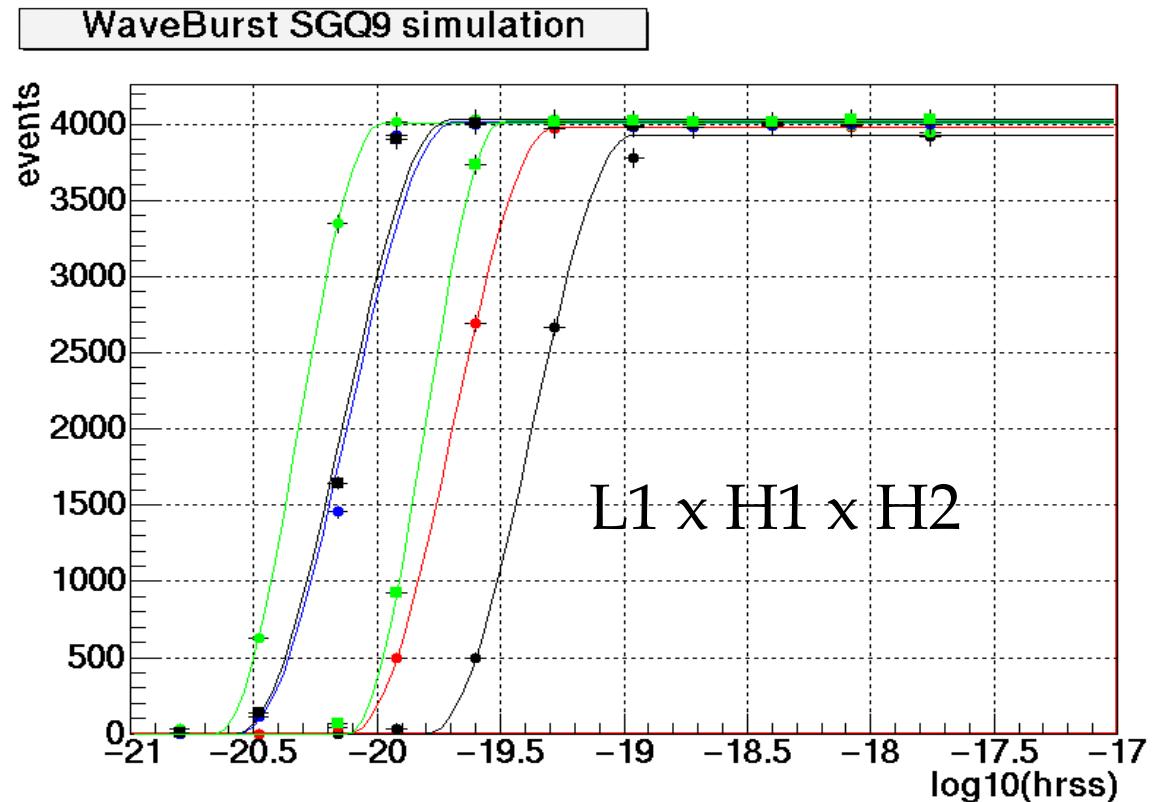
- depends on ETG time resolution and LHO-LLO delay

## S2 SG simulation sample

resolution, ms	10	20	30	50	100
total number of events	405511	464584	476437	489018	520294
estimated background	9.9 $\pm 0.4$ k	18.9 $\pm 0.5$ k	26.8 $\pm 0.7$ k	39.3 $\pm 0.8$ k	71.8 $\pm 1.1$ k
detected injections	395.6 k	445.7 k	449.6 k	449.7 k	448.5 k

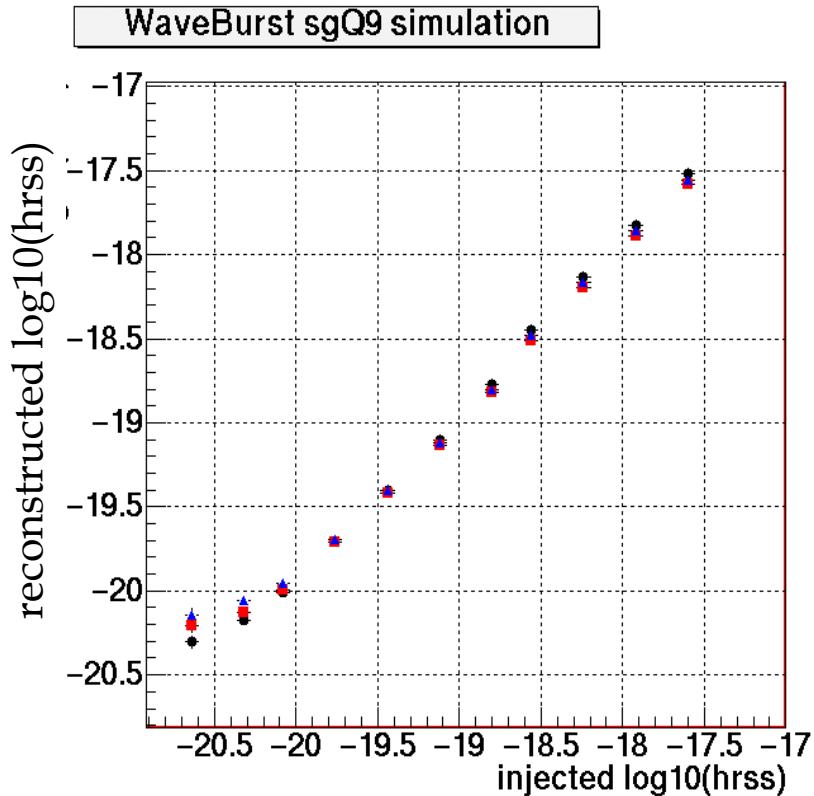
- negligible loss of simulated events for  $w \geq 20ms$
- can use window of 20 ms without loss off efficiency

$hrss(50\%) / \sqrt{\text{Hz}}$   
 5-6  $10^{-21}$   
 @235 Hz  
 robust  
 with respect  
 to waveform

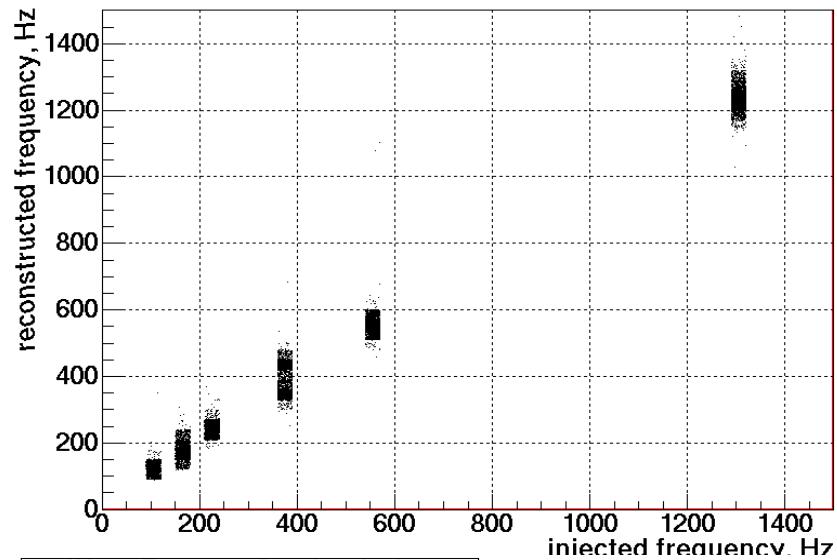


freq., Hz	100	153	235	361	554	850	1034	2000	
h50%, Q9	40.	20.	4.8	7.5	7.2	-	16.	-	$\times 10^{-21}$
h50%, Q3	36.	14.	6.0	6.6	8.6	10.	17.	30.	$\times 10^{-21}$

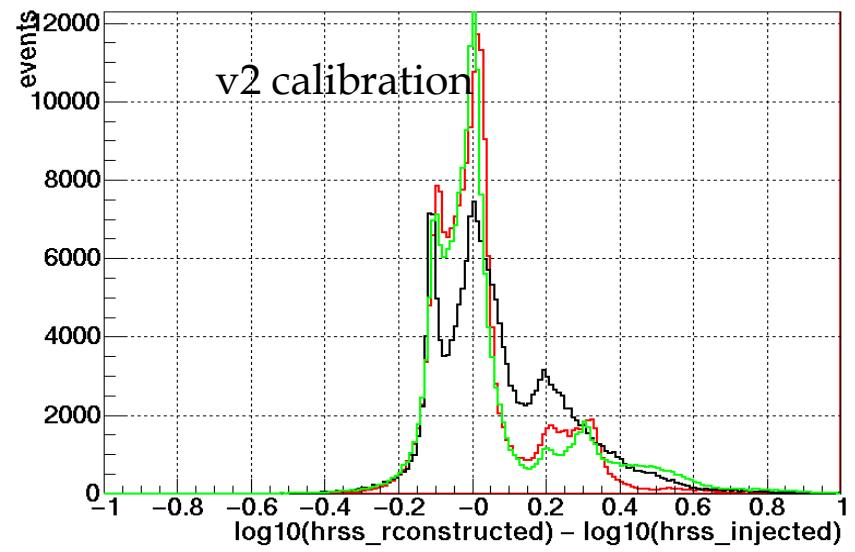
few ms time  
reconstruction  
accuracy



WaveBurst sgQ9 simulation



WaveBurst sgQ9 simulation



- BH-BH mergers (Flanagan, Hughes: gr-qc/9701039v2 1997)

start frequency:

$$f_{start} \approx \left( \frac{0.02}{M} \right) = 205\text{Hz} \cdot \left( \frac{20M_o}{M} \right)$$

duration:

$$\tau \approx 50M = 5\text{ms} \cdot \left( \frac{M}{20M_o} \right)$$

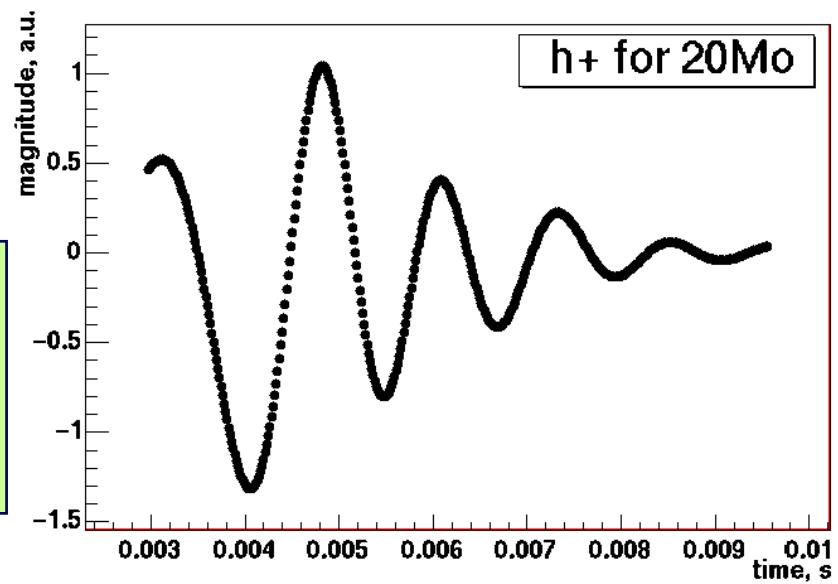
bandwidth:

$$\Delta f \sim f_{qnr} \approx \left( \frac{0.13}{M} \right) = 1300\text{Hz} \cdot \left( \frac{20M_o}{M} \right)$$

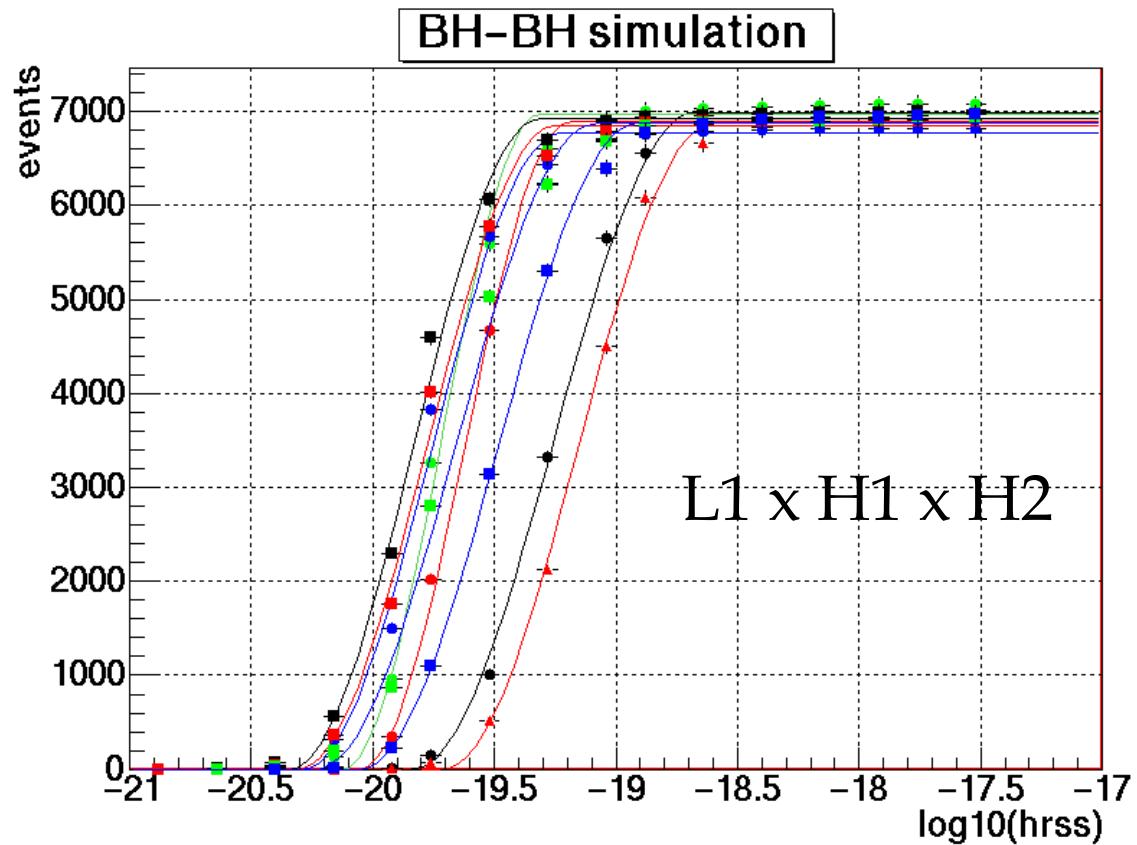
- BH-BH simulation

(J.Baker et al, astro-ph/0202469v1)

all sky simulation using  
two polarizations and  
L & H beam pattern functions



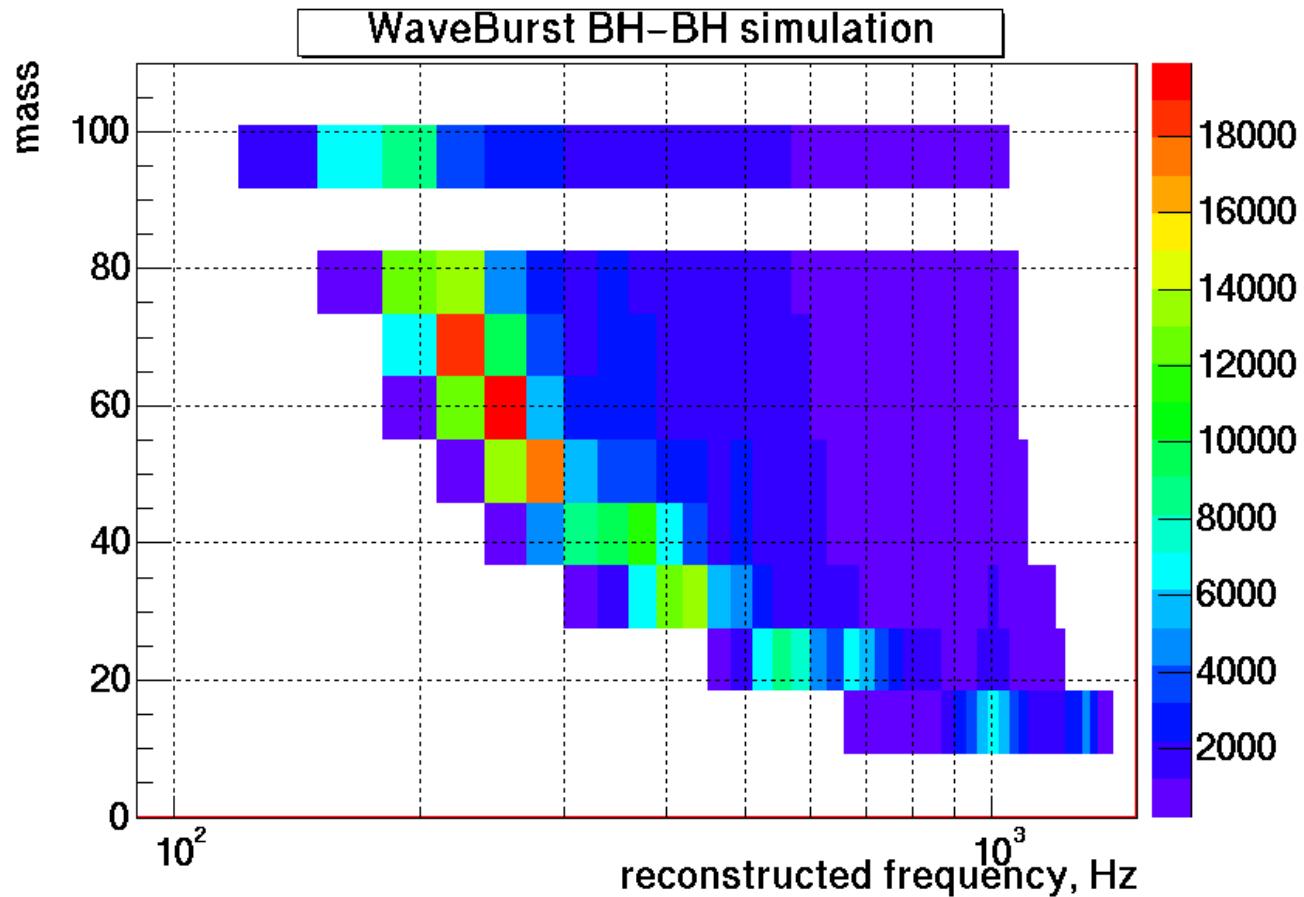
all sky search:  
 $hrss(50\%) / \sqrt{Hz}$   
 $\sim 2 \cdot 10^{-20}$



mass, Mo	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	100
$hrss(50\%) \times 10^{-20}$	4.5	2.4	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.7	2.2	3.4	7.1

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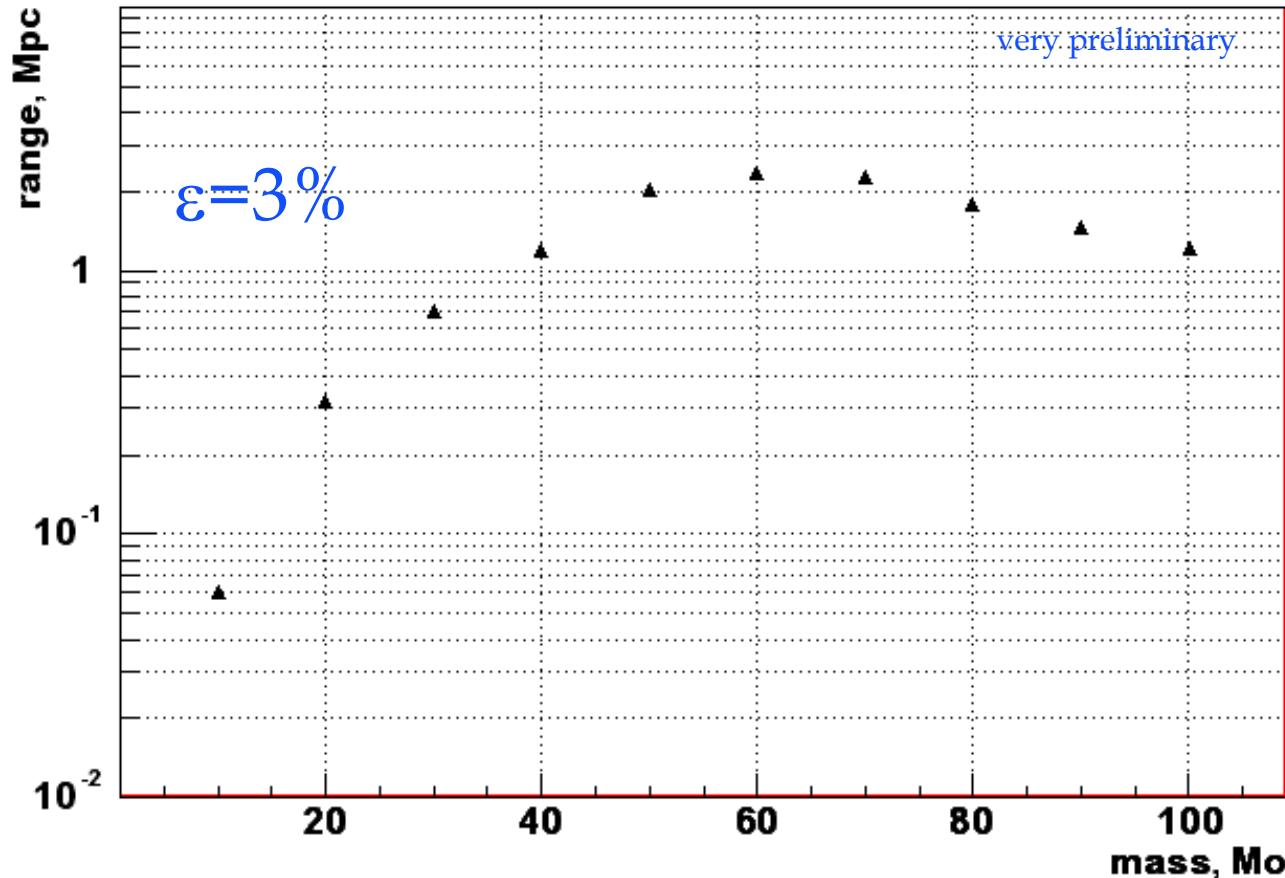
# frequency vs mass



- BH-BH frequency band - 100-1000 Hz

# triple BH-BH range

- triple coincidence of L1 x H1 x H2 for S2 noise
- average over all sky



- **WaveBurst pipeline sensitivity (low 3C rate @0.1 mHz)**
  - $(5\text{-}20) \cdot 10^{-21}$  - optimal detection.
  - $\sim 2 \cdot 10^{-20}$  - all sky BH-BH mergers search
- robust detection of different waveforms (SGQ9 vs SGQ3)
- **Plans**
  - study lower threshold case to increase sensitivity
  - do simulation of ZM supernova waveforms