

Bilinear Coupling Investigations.

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- Identify Bilinear Couplings in LLO s2 data.
- Track bicoherence over long stretches ~4-5hr for certain frequencies which are identified.
- How is Bicoherence affected by transients?
- Does bilinearity change with different noise levels(inspiral range)?
- Which couplings are “glitchy “ during the course of a long lock, for different instrument sensitivity?

Definition of Bicoherence

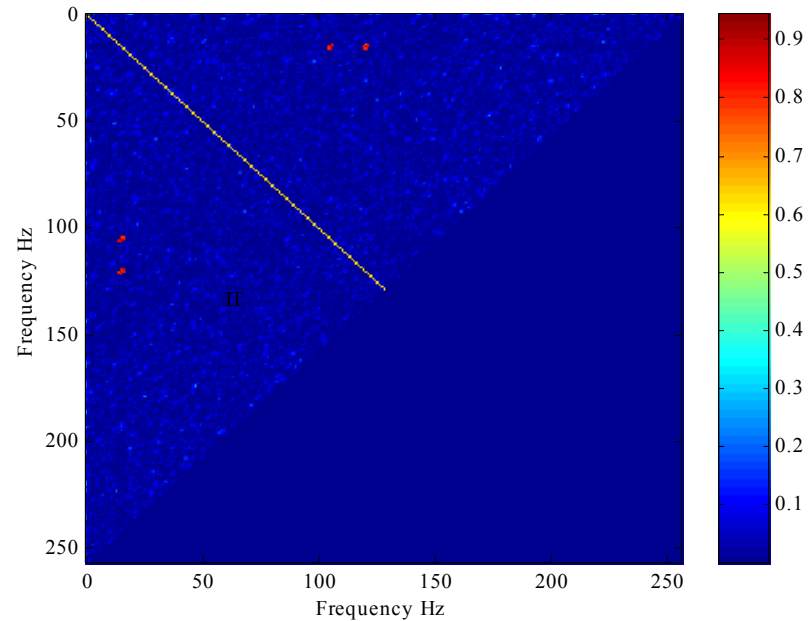
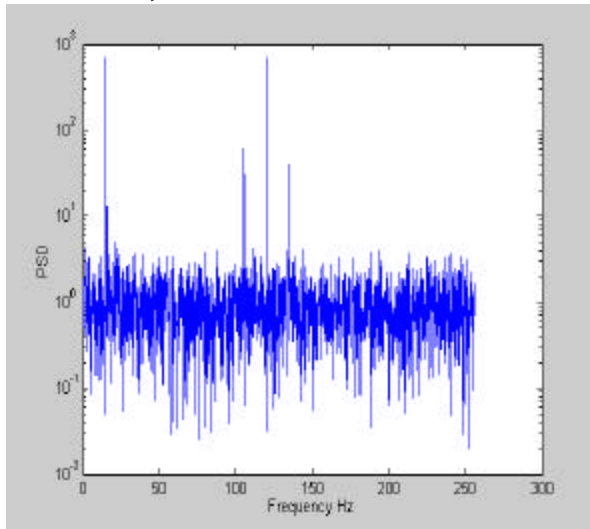
$$b(k, l) = \frac{\langle X_k X_l X_m^* \rangle}{\sqrt{|X_k X_l|^2 |X_m|^2}}$$

Bicoherence => degree of coherence
between k, l and m = k+l

$$e^{if_1} e^{if_2} e^{-i(f_1+f_2)}$$

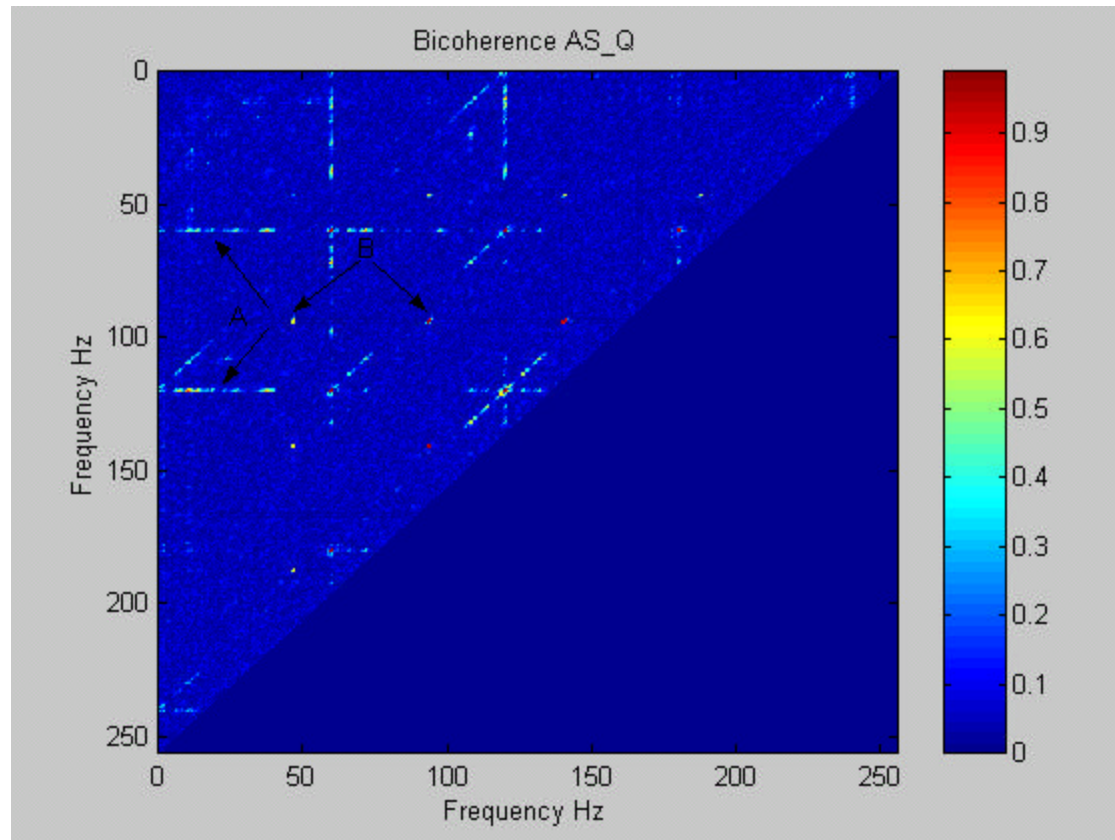
$$|b|^2 = \frac{P_m^{upconv}}{P_m^{upconv} + P_m^{noise}}$$

Y=y1 + y2 + y1*y2 +noise, 15Hz, 120Hz
15+105=120; 15+120=135



Identification of Bilinear Couplings

Bicoherence \rightarrow C^2 2 deg. freedom



Main Features:

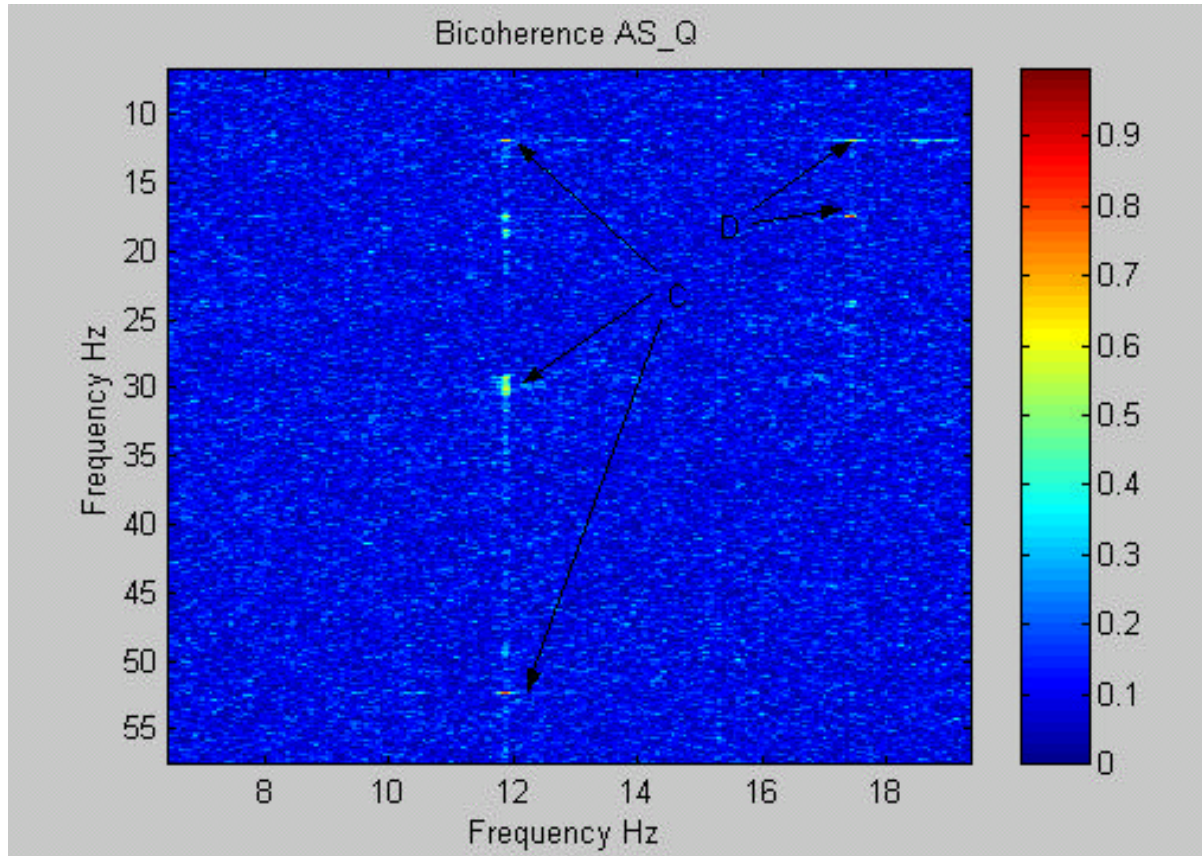
A. Low frequency mirror Suspensions, stack modes, vibrational modes, pump vibrations upconverted by line harmonics.

B. Optical lever pitch, L1:SUS-ETMY_OPLEV_P

C: Most bilinear couplings occur at low frequencies.

- A. Nonlinearity in electronics? Cross-Bicoherence with MC transmitted light shows 60, 120Hz contribution. Intensity fluctuations * length fluctuations?
- B. Optical lever laser oscillation \sim 47Hz, 94, 141 188 .. Laser not centered exactly on QPD?

Identification of Bilinear Couplings



High Resolution Plot

C. 11.9Hz vertical mode

ETM, ITM coupling

1. **Self-Coupling**

11.9Hz+11.9Hz

2. 17.4Hz **L1:IOO-M1_P**

(Persicope Mirror guides light into Mode Cleaner)

17.4Hz+11.9Hz

3. 29.8Hz **Pump Vibrations**

29.8Hz + 11.9Hz

4. 52.3Hz **Calibration Line**

52.3Hz + 11.9Hz

D. **Self-Coupling**

17.4Hz + 17.4Hz

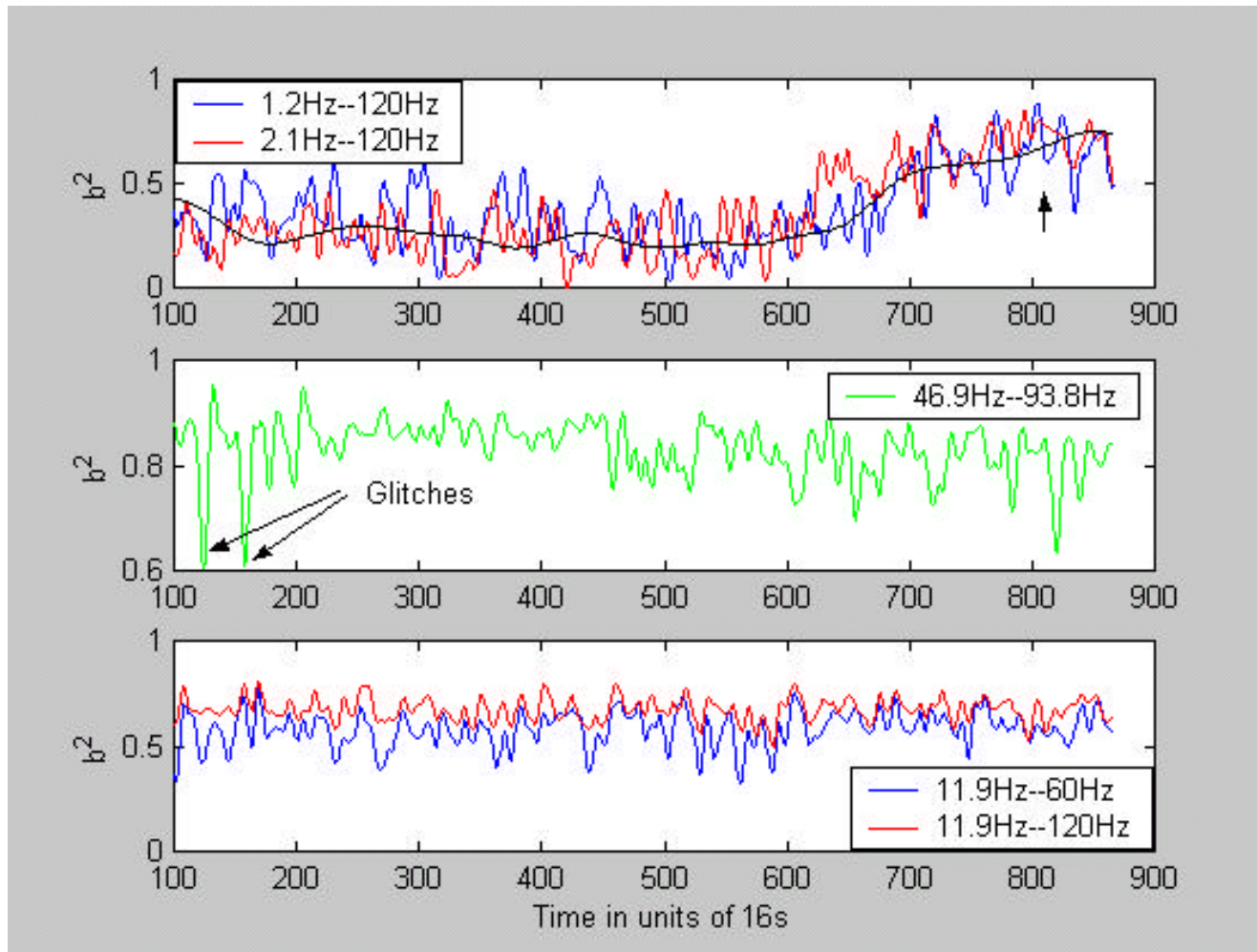
C. Vertical Mode couples into beam if center of mass of mirror is slightly displaced, longitudinal motion * transverse motion. Ex. Calibration line.

D. Vibrations of Periscope mirror phase modulates light entering MC(rf sidebands on Modulation sidebands and Carrier) AS_Q is demodulated beat → 17.4Hz+17.4Hz ??

Other Couplings? **Need to model/experiment these effects.**

Tracking Bicoherence for pairs of Identified frequencies

Compute Bicoherence at (f_1-f_2) for $T=64s$, $overlap=16s$, frequency resolution=.1Hz



Increase in bilinear coupling at low freq at end of locked stretch

Glitches influence Bilinear coupling

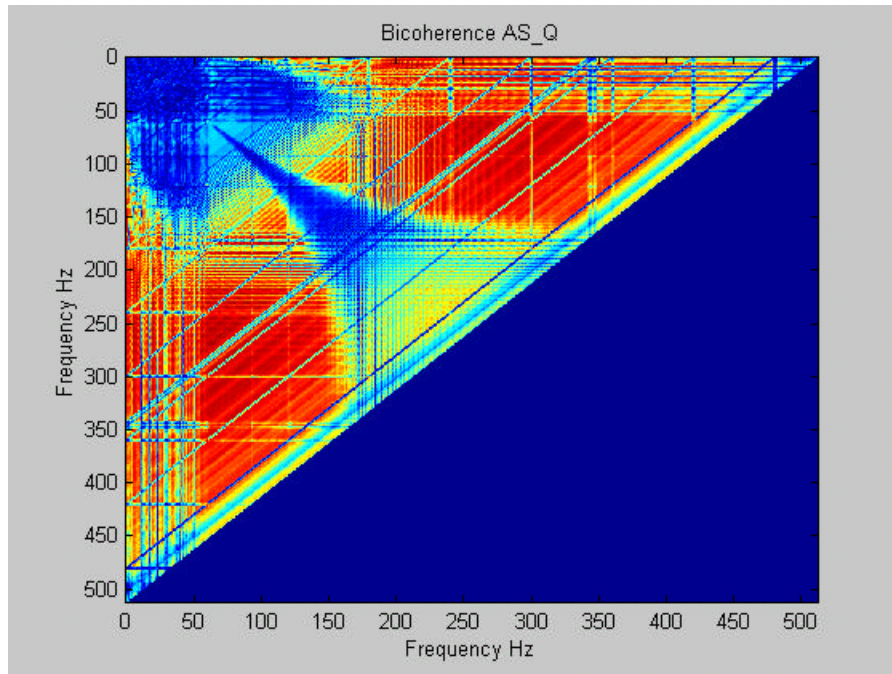
Most prominent is the upconversion of 11.9Hz line.

Study Bicoherence Trend → increase/decrease upconversion → coupling + veto ?

How do transients affect Bicoherence?

Transients introduce several frequencies over short time scale, which, over a window appear to be correlated → Non-zero Bicoherence

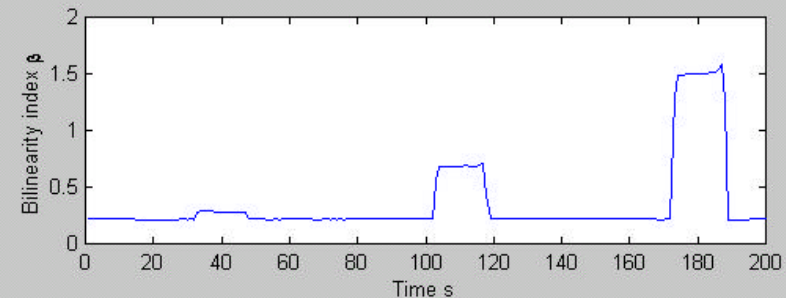
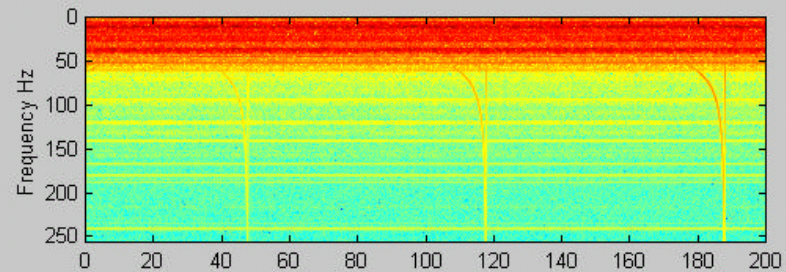
Example: Injections, What does an inspiral look like?



Compute Average Bicoherence: Sum of Bicoherence over all frequency pairs, L Measure of Bilinearity in data.

$$\mathbf{b} = \frac{\sum_L b^2(k,l)}{L}$$

Compute Bic over a sliding window of 16s.

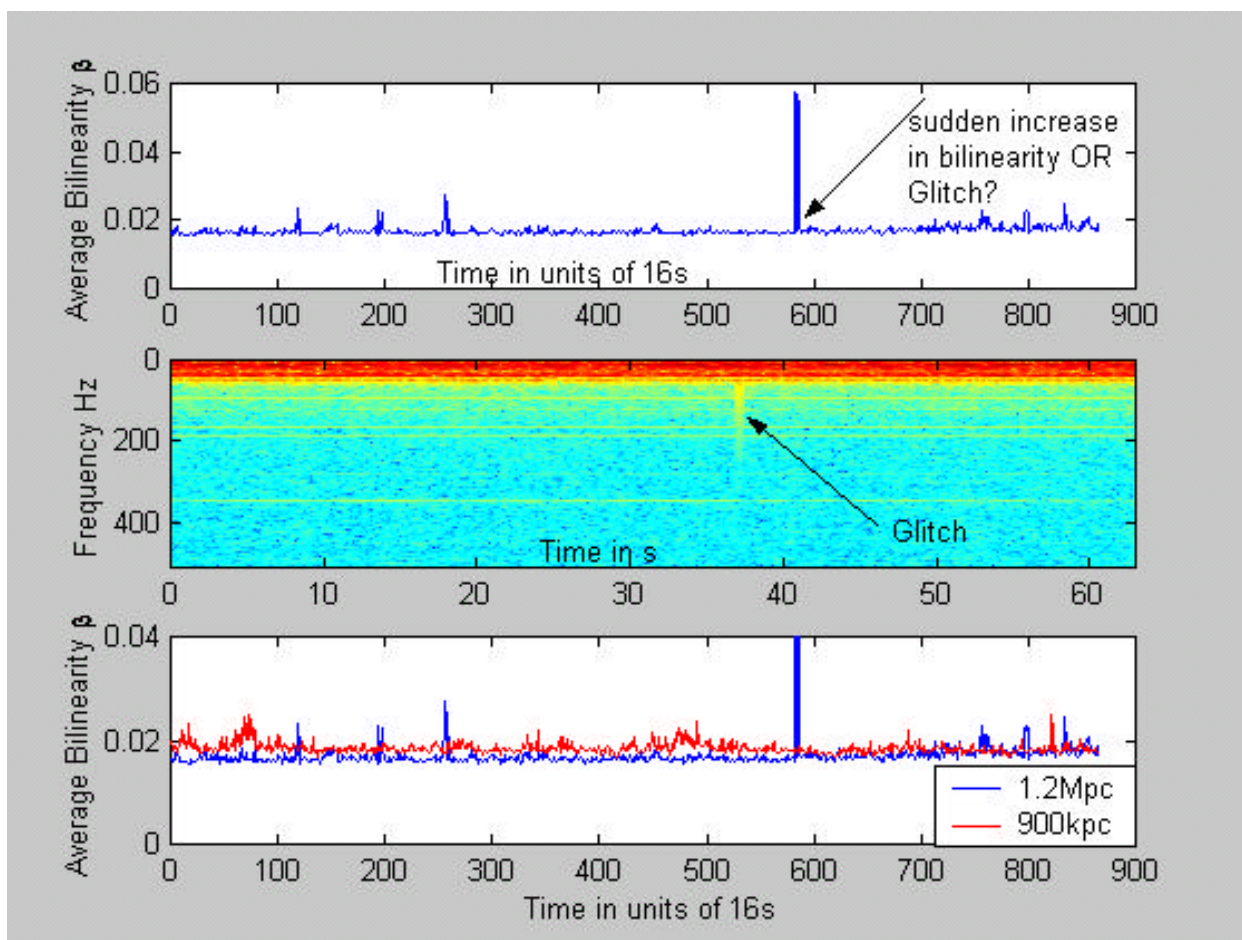


**Need to differentiate between
Transient and bilinear coupling**

Tracking Average Bilinearity for long stretches.

$$\mathbf{b} = \frac{\sum_L b^2(k,l)}{L}$$

Although average bilinearity index indicates degree of coupling of different frequencies, non-Gaussian noise will add a constant value to it.



Effect of Glitches:

1. Change bilinear couplings.
2. Populate several frequency bins with energy \rightarrow over short time scales appear correlated.

Lower noise \Rightarrow

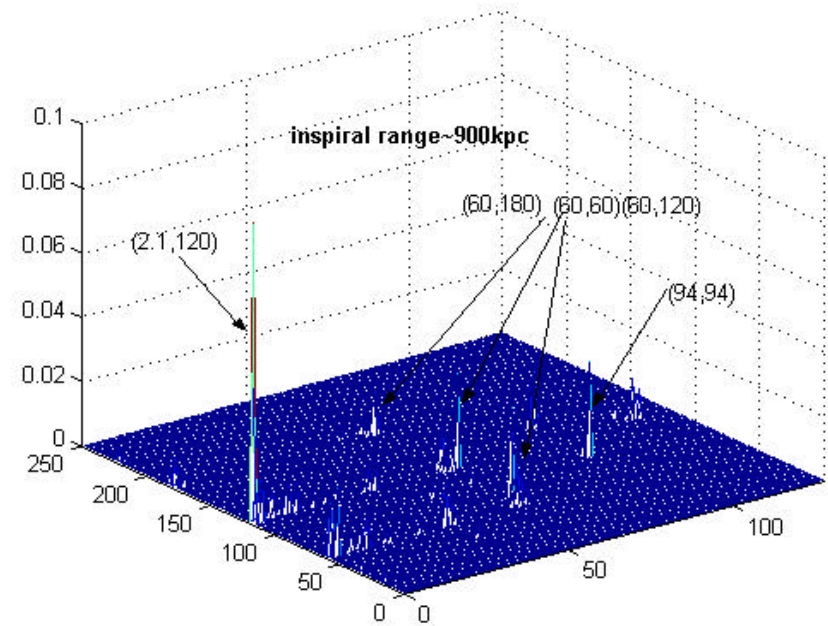
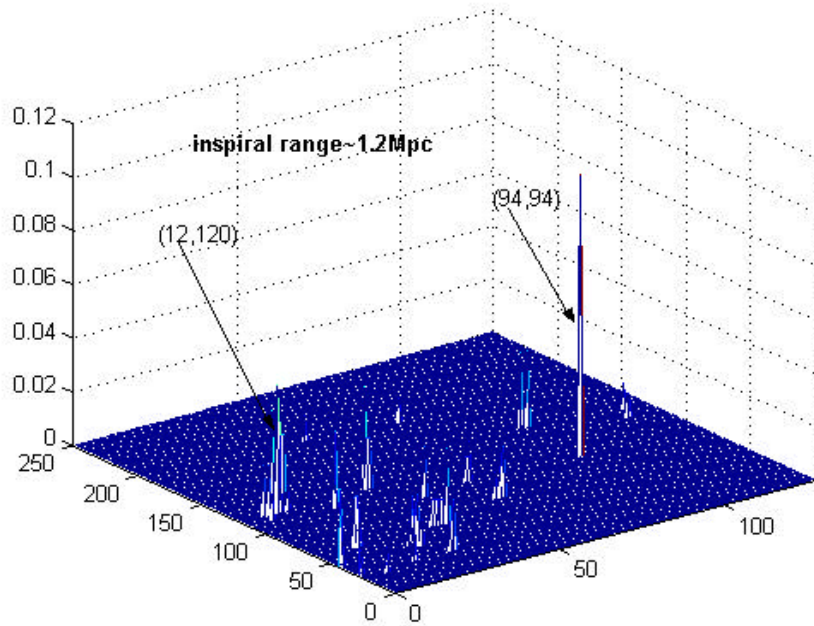
1. lower average bilinearity (less glitchiness)
2. Sharper features in bicoherence.

Tracking Bilinear Glitching

Compute Bic1 64s window \rightarrow slide window 16s \rightarrow Compute Bic2 64s window

If $|\text{Bic1} - \text{Bic2}| > 20\%$ \rightarrow write (f1,f2) to text file.

\rightarrow 2D histogram of bilinear “Glitching” \rightarrow relative probability of occurrence of (f1,f2)



Similar histograms for different inspiral ranges $< 1\text{Mpc}$ indicate
Lower sensitivity \rightarrow larger glitchiness in $(60*n, 60*n)$ Hz.

Summary and Conclusions

- Identified some of the bilinear couplings. Coupling mechanisms need to be investigated more thoroughly → simulation? Experiment?.
- Individual variations in Bicoherence trends --- the effects of glitches on Bicoherence -- Histograms of glitchiness help in study of noise couplings. Need to integrate this with BicoMon.
- Work in progress with Steve Penn on background monitor for computing bicoherence trends. Selection of frequency pairs by BicoMon.
- Would it help to whiten data before computing Bicoherence? Low frequencies swamped by noise. Simulations suggest that there is a small increase in Bicoherence after whitening data. Whitening produced by linear prediction.