

## LIGO Data & Computing Update

Albert Lazzarini LIGO Laboratory at Caltech

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LIGO-G020464-02-E



# Outline for this talk

- Responses to Prior NSF Recommendations
- Simulation & Modeling Update
- Data Analysis Systems Update
- Grid Computing



### Responses to previous recommendations - LIGO Laboratory IT Security-

- Requested and received copies of several DOE National Laboratory IT security plans to obtain insight, guidance
  - » SLAC
  - » FNAL
- Used Caltech Administration Audit Services to perform an internal audit of LIGO (Caltech) IT system
  - » Findings, recommendations folded in LIGO IT Plan
- Developed a LIGO Laboratory IT Security Plan to cover all four sites of the Laboratory
  - » Recently approved by LIGO Directors
  - » Much of plan is already in place



# LDAS usernames/password Secure Web Server



LIGO Laboratory

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- Networking (Wide area network)-

- Lab-wide:
  - » LIGO requested and received sponsored access authorization to Inet2, Abilene consortium through Caltech participation.
  - » Authorizes LIGO to peer to Inet2 at Gigapop servers in Baton Rouge, Seattle for Observatories (Caltech, MIT already on Inet2)
- LHO
  - » NoaNet (WA State PUC infrastructure) and PNNL/DOE chosen for connection to Internet2
    - Have the option to bypass PNNL/DOE if necessary
  - » Discussions with both organizations lasted for more than 1 year.
  - » Recently upgraded to a 10Mbps connection through PNNL and DOE
    - Actual peak capability is 6Mbps -- superior to previous T1 (<1.55 Mbps)
  - » Discussion proceeding to get OC3 (or 100 Mbps) connection to Inet2.
    - Technical details being addressed by NoaNet and PNNL
    - Final logistics should be completed by December
  - » Installation completion estimated by April of 2003 -- mid S2
    - SUBJECT TO AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS

### - Networking (Wide area network)-

#### • LLO

LIGO

- » 2 x T1 lines were installed in 2001
- » We have experienced difficulties in getting a further upgrade
  - Bell South pricing structure unacceptably high;
  - Third party carriers no longer viable options due to economic downturn.
  - RF option considered briefly, then dismissed;
    - Large costs and too many unknowns with microwave towers
- » Local cable company may provide a solution -exploring this with LSU
- MIT
  - » MIT LIGO group has met with MIT IT services to discuss present situation
    - Performance is not as good as other LIGO sites
      - » CIT-to-MIT >> MIT-to-CIT
      - » 17 Mbps (~2MB/s) vs. <1Mbps (less than T1)
  - » Options are few MIT is not likely to welcome on-campus carrier competition
    - DOE connection to ESnet at MIT via the NSF-DOE MOU
      - Depends on MIT's acceptance of DOE infrastructure expansion on campus
    - Third party commercial carriers not obvious
      - Cogent -"last mile problem"



- Networking (Wide area network)-

- Caltech
  - » Current network access via CACR's High Performance Network to Calren2/Inet2
    - 4 x OC12
  - » Campus-wide upgrade being implemented over the next 2 quarters.
    - 3 x 10 Gbps as part of Teragrid (dedicated to Teragrid and network research)
    - 1 Gbps for campus traffic
    - LIGO, CACR, and Caltech Information Technology Services (ITS) are discussing options for LIGO's access to Inet2 after reconfiguration
  - » Current experience shows LIGO utilizes sustained bandwidths of 20MB/s over multiple 24-hour periods when migrating data from Tier 1 center at Caltech to Tier 2 center at UWM



-High performance computing and mass storage-

- Made site visit to BNL (Star, Phenix, ATLAS) HPSS site;
  - » Met with RCF management, administrators
  - » Discussed RCF experience with then-emerging STK 9940 drive technology
- Made site visit to NCAR
  - » Met with Bernard O'Lear and NCAR IT group
  - » Compared our needs to NCAR needs, approaches -- little overlap
  - » Learned that significant HW resources needed to migrate existing data from older to next technology
- 3Q2001 now: evaluation of Sun/LSC SAM-QFS technology
  - » Following positive experience with SAM-QFS at SDSC
  - » Discussed with IRIS Project (R. Braman, Dept. of Geophysics, U. Washington, Seattle)
- Supercomputing 2001, 2002 participation with GriPhyN collaborators



- LIGO has hired a scientist at Livingston Observatory as on-site data & computing liaison, data analysis scientist
- Dr. Yakushin has begun to assume Laboratory-wide role as DB expert
- Coordinates with Caltech group
  - » DB backups, migration, federation, mirroring
- Dr. Yakushin is growing into DB management role
  - » Preferable to professional IT database administrator
    - Scientific background and experience



# Simulation & Modeling for LIGO I





#### Hiro Yamamoto (Task Leader)

- Biplab Bhawal (Scientist)
- Luca Matone (LHO postdoctoral scholar)
- Matt Evans (Graduate Student, Staff Programmer/Scientist)
- Bruce Sears (Staff Programmer)
- Melody Araya (Contract Programmer)

# **LIGO** Modeling & Simulation Activities Overview

### E2E ("end-to-end")

- General purpose GW interferometer simulation framework
  - » Generic tool like matlab or mathematica
  - » Time domain simulation written in C++ (enables modeling non-linearities)
  - » Optics, mechanics, servo, ...
    - time domain modal model : TEM<sub>mn</sub>(t)
    - single suspended 3 D.O.F. mass, modular mechanical modeling tool (MSE)
      - Virgo Project collaboration, contribution
    - analog and digital controllers ADC, DAC, digital filters, etc
- LIGO I simulation packages built upon E2E
  - » Han2K: rudimentary model, used for the lock acquisition design, studies:
    - simple seismic noise, all analog servo, 1 D.O.F. mass motion, etc
    - allows a fast simulation of LIGO I interferometers
    - includes cavity response with misalignment
    - thermal lensing interactions with lock acquisition system

# **LIGO** Modeling & Simulation Activities Overview

### E2E ("end-to-end")

- LIGO I simulation packages built upon E2E (continued)
  - » SimLIGO : available for LIGO I commissioning, assist identification of noise sources
    - Modal beam representation
      - alignment, mode matching, thermal lensing
    - 3 dimensional mechanics
      - 6x6 D.O.F. stack transfer function
      - 3D optics with 4 local sensor/actuator pairs
    - Complete analog and digital electronics servo models with noise
      - Common mode feedback
      - Wavefront sensing
      - "Noise characterization of the LHO 4km IFO LSC/DSC electronics" study by P. Fritschel and R. Adhikari, 12-19 March 2002 incorporated into model
    - All major noise sources included:
      - seismic, thermal, sensing, laser frequency and intensity, electronics, mechanical



## LIGO data vs. SimLIGO





# E2E -- future plans

- Evaluation of the as-built LIGO performance
  - » Identify minimum achievable noise performance for the as-built design
  - » Study, quantify specific noise sources and issues:
    - Bi-linear couplings, non-linearities, non stationarity, transients, lock instabilities, etc
  - » LIGO simulation package is ready
    - Length control: complete
    - Alignment control: complete
- Outreach -- E2E will be used for education
  - » Southeastern Louisiana University plans to use E2E to teach undergraduate physics
    - Virtual optics laboratory
- Apply E2E to Adv. LIGO when appropriate



## Data Analysis Systems - Software -



#### J. Kent Blackburn (Task Leader)

Peter Shawhan (Scientist)
Philip Charlton (Postdoctoral Scholar)
Igor Yakushin (LLO Scientist)
Greg Mendell (LHO Scientist)
Edward Maros (Staff Programmer)

Philip Ehrens (Contract Programmer)

Masha Barnes (Contract Programmer)

Mary Lei (Contract Programmer)

Isaac Salzman (Contract Programmer)



# Data Analysis for LIGO Overview

- Pipeline Analysis Design encompasses two components:
  - » LDAS -- LIGO Data Analysis System
    - Pipeline analysis system for parallelized searches using linux clusters (beowulfs)
    - Data pre-processing, conditioning, reduction
    - Astrophysics source search codes running under parallel environment
    - Large data archive/data cache of raw frame data
    - Integrated with a relational database to store outputs of pipeline analysis
  - » DMT -- Data Monitoring Tool
    - DMT provides an environment for online analysis of interferometer and environmental data.
      - Provides operators with immediate feed-back on interferometer state and operating conditions
    - Record interferometer state summaries and special events (e.g. transients) for use in offline analysis.
    - Provides instrumental, environmental vetoes to science analysis



# Astrophysical Search Pipeline - example: burst group analysis -



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### LDAS Performance - E7, S1 -

- E7: 28 December 2001 14 January 2002
  - » LDAS up entire run: Approximately one job every 10 seconds (averaged).
    - Approximately five rows (events) per second (averaged).
  - » Greater than 92% of jobs completed successfully
    - LHO roughly 92%; LLO roughly 95%;
    - Resubmission of few failed jobs
- S1: 23 August 09 September 2002
  - » Averaged approximately one job every 5 seconds
    - 2X E7 rate
  - » Averaged approximately five rows (events) inserted each second
    - same as E7
  - » Total failure rate roughly a 1%-2%
    - 99% of failures due to operator usage not software



## DMT Summary, S1 - DMT -

Both observatories ran with DMT

Loss Mechanism	LHO	# data frames	LLO	# data frames
Data Acq. Sys. reboot	8	~1750	1	~130
DMT reboot	1	~300	2	~750
Other (transmission errors, data not available, etc.)	-	~420	-	~20
Total unanalyzed frames	-	2470 (0.2%)	-	900 (0.1%)



### S1 Summary - LDAS -

- All sites ran with LDAS release 0.4.0
  - » LDAS-LHO restarted once (database stalled)
  - » LDAS-LLO restarted once (power outage)
  - » LDAS-MIT restarted 6 times (don't know reasons?)
- CIT not yet configured to see full archive (frames)
- RDS frame generation began ~ 2<sup>nd</sup> day
- Data Pipeline searches at sites ~ week late
  - » August 29<sup>th</sup> at LHO
  - » August 30<sup>th</sup> at LLO
- Very few jobs failed due to LDAS bugs



### S1 Summary - DMT -

- Current status:
  - 30+ monitors have been written for use under the DMT release 2.2.3
    - bandlimited channel rms, transient, glitches, earthquakes, wind, etc.
  - DMT is running 24/7 at LIGO observatories
    - Hanford:
      - 41 monitor processes to check data QA
      - 20 support processes
    - Livingston:
      - 27 monitor processes to check data QA
      - 15 support processes

# LIGO LDAS Software To Do: Short List for S2

- Finish integration of new *frameCPP* based on Frame Specification Version 6 (previously labeled 5).
- Develop Federated Database solution between LDAS sites.
- Further improve performance of LDAS.
- Integrate SAM/QFS storage technology into *diskCacheAPI*.
- Improve metadata handling in *dataConditionAPI*.
- Implement pool of DB2 connections in *metaDataAPI*.
- Implement new actions, improved metadata, resolve remaining memory leaks in *dataConditionAPI*.
- Close out problem reports.



### Changes to Release Schedule Prompted by LIGO Science Run Schedule

- Accelerated release of 0.4.0 to support rescheduled S1
- Release 0.5.0 to support new data Frame 6 Specification
- Likely to have 2 additional  $\beta$  versions before 1.0.0





## Data Analysis Systems - Hardware -



Shannon Roddy (LLO Admin)
 Igor Yakushin (LLO Scientist)

Dan Kozak (Contract Administrator)
Al Wilson (Contract Administrator)



# Current LDAS Hardware Configuration

LDAS Installation	SAN (TB)	IDE (TB)	CPU (Aggregate GHz)	Tape (TB)
LHO	10	2	139	2
LLO	5	2	107	2
CIT	3	16	34	92 (includes S2)
MIT	1	2	45	0
DEV	1	2	25	2
TEST	1	0	8	0

SAN -- Storage Area Network (disk farm) IDE -- Intelligent/Integrated Drvie Electronics (commodity disks) CPU -- Central Processing Unit s, beowulf cluster PC nodes TB -- 10<sup>12</sup> byte



# SAM-QFS vs HPSS

### Last major trade study, completed before S2:

- SAM-QFS Sun Microsystems acquisition (LSC), provides alternative to HPSS for integrated mass storage (disk+tape)
  - » http://www.sun.com/products-n-solutions/hardware/docs/Software/Storage\_Software/Sun\_SAM-FS\_and\_Sun\_SAM-QFS\_Software/index.html
- SAM-QFS advantages
  - » Simplicity/reliability -- Fewer FTEs
  - » Media import/export
  - » License cost allows for use at observatories
  - » Disaster recovery (GNU TAR)
  - » Metadata performance (x1000)
  - » Single vendor solution (server, software and OEM storage)
  - » Reduced dependency on CACR
  - » 16 TB S1 data successfully stored and *retrieved* at 27MB/s
- HPSS advantages
  - » Integrated several man-years experience
  - » Free at Caltech
    - cannot be used other Laboratory sites
  - » 54 TB E1 S1 data successfully stored to date

### Selected SAM-QFS for LIGO I



## Remaining hardware procurements S2 and beyond

- Additional Fibre Channel ports to connect disk and tapes at LHO and LLO.
  - Planned availability -- S2 (14 February 2003)
- STK9940B tape drives for archive system at Caltech.
  - Planned availability -- S2 (14 February 2003)
- Tape robotics at LHO and LLO (700 slots ea., 1 year on-line look-back & backup)
  - Planned availability -- S2 (14 February 2003)
- Large volume IDE RAID storage @ Caltech, in front of tape archive.
  - Build up disk farm as data volume grows over next several years
- S2 Beowulf clusters:
  - Get quotes, test performance for 32-bit Intel and AMD processors.
  - ~400 compute nodes
  - Procure 4Q02-very early 1Q03
- S3 Server configuration operations upgrade
  - Data conditioning servers will be upgraded to Science Run configuration.
    - The desire to get to 64-bit platforms may push this out until 2-3Q03
  - Expand Sun V880 SPARC servers to full CPU configurations (4->8), 900 MHz CPUs



### Data Analysis - Grid Computing -GriPhyN: Grid Physics Network

# *iVDGL: International Virtual Data Grid Laboratory*



# Grid activities GriPhyN & iVDGL

- LIGO/Caltech, UWM, PSU members of collaborations
- GriPhyN CS + Applications research focused on:
  - » Virtual data in LIGO analysis
    - Use of transformation catalogs to keep track of previously requested, performed transformations
    - Determine if the data product is instantiated, if so where
    - Plan & execute data movements and computations required to support specific analyses
  - » LIGO data mirroring using gridtools
    - Automated, robust replication between Tier 1 & Tier 2 sites
  - » Developing an interface between the grid environment and the native LDAS environment
    - Extending LDAS into a grid-enabled environment -- longer term goal
  - » Grid security infrastructure
    - Provide data access only to collaboration members
    - Provide a level of security to LDAS computing



# Grid activities GriPhyN & iVDGL

- iVDGL will provide resources to deploy, support (in a limited fashion) the first 2 LIGO Tier 2 centers:
  - » UWM
    - extension of existing MRI-funded hardware provides out-year hardware renewal
  - » PSU
    - greenfield Tier 2 center to be implemented by end of CY2002
  - » Limited FTE support to operate centers
    - Postdocs, students, very limited IT support



# Integration with GRID

- LIGO/Caltech is working closely with USC-ISI, UWM/NCSA
- Globus Toolkit installed on LDAS software servers
- LDAS integrated (with thin layer) onto the GRID
- Developed demonstration prototype application for SC 2001
- Will expand demonstration for SC 2002 this year
  - » New standalone wrapperAPI (remoteAPI)
  - » Pulsar search will be highlighted



## ITR 2003 Proposal to NSF for iVDGL Operations

- ITR 2003 announcement of opportunity issued by NSF this summer
- LSC Computing Committee organizing a collaboration-wide effort to request funding to operate LSC Tier 2 centers for LIGO Science Run(s)
  - » ITR2000: GriPhyN ->C/S + Applications R&D, prototyping
  - » ITR2001: iVDGL-> Center buildup (2 for LSC), port, install GriPhyN deliverables to Tier 2 centers
  - » ITR2003: request manpower to operate centers to do the science
    - Scientists, systems administration (~ 10 FTE across 2 LSC sites, Lab. sites)
    - Help desk, 7x24 operations support