- Nelson Christensen
- Carleton College
- 3-14-01
- Joint ASIS/DC/Upper Limits session
- LIGO-G010105-00-Z

### Inspiral Upper Limit Group

Detector Characterization Sub-group

Nelson Christensen: Carleton College

LSC Meeting: 3/14/01

#### IUL Detector Characterization

- Sukanta Bose
- Nelson Christensen
- Gabriela Gonzalez
- Gregg Harry
- Joe Kovalik

- •Nergis Mavalvala
- •Adrian Ottewill
- •Tom Prince
- •David Reitze
- •Julien Sylvestre

# Need to know and understand detector in order to accept or reject potential binary inspiral events.

LSC Meeting: 3/14/01

# Two Types of "Noise"

- (1) False gw events due to linear coupling of noise into the gw channel.
- We will analyze the channels in the same frequency range as the gw channel
- (2) False gw events due to non-linear coupling of noise.
  - Vague, but in general implies looking for "strange behavior" at the "same time" as the gw event.
- Similar concern for Burst Group?

#### Veto Strategies

- (1) Template search tells us, "Here is a candidate event."
- Examine all important environmental channels and search for a "problem."
- (2) All environmental channels are constantly monitored.
- Vetoes are generated and we tell our team all times to reject candidate events.

# Identify Important Channels to Monitor

• Nergis Mavalvala and Gabriela Gonzalez have identified channels that we believe we should monitor.

#### Important Channels

- Pre-Stabilized Laser:
- \* frequency:
- - error point (demod) 16 kS/s
- actuation points (fast piezo) 16 kS/s
- reference cavity transmission 256 S/s
- \*intensity
- ISS error point PD or 1811 DC 16 kS/s
- - RFAM 1811 AC

- Pre Mode Cleaner:
- - error point (demod) 16 kS/s
- - actuation point (piezo) 2 kS/s
- - transmission PD 256 S/s
- Input Optics:
- \*mode cleaner
- - error point (demod) 16 kS/s
- - actuation points (mc length) 2kS/s
- - (psl freq/vco) 16 S/s
- intensity:
- mc transmission ISS error point PD 16 kS/s
- actuation: laser current shunt 16 kS/s

#### Important Channels

- Interferometer Sensing and Control:
- (All LSC channels 16 kS/s)
- (All ASC channels 2kS/s)
- # of LSCchans # of ASC channels
- ifo controls:
- all error points:
- I + Q for 3 ports =6 2 x 5 WFS + 2 x 2 QPDs
- = 14
- all actuator points:
- $6 \text{ TMs} + 2 \text{ freq} = 8 \quad 2 \ge 6$ TMs + 2 IB = 14

- \*ifo power mons:
- reflection port 16 kS/s
- antisymmetric port 16 kS/s
- rec cav pickoff
  16 kS/s
- arm cavities transmission
  2chan @ 2 kS/s
- ASC optical levers 2 x 7 dof 2 kS/s

#### Important Channels

- SUS channels:
- \*Coil monitors: 2048 Hz; 5/mirror: ITMX,ITMY,RM,BS,ETMY,ETMX
- **\*Coil Sum:** 16384 Hz; 1/mirror: ITMX,ITMY,RM,BS,ETMX,ETMY
- **\*Sensor channels:** 256 Hz; 5/mirror: RM, BS, MC1, MC2, MC3, SM1, SM2, MMT1, MMT2, MMT3, FM1, FM2, ITMX, ITMY, ETMY, ETMX. Dominated by ADC noise above 20 Hz.
- PEM Channels:
- **\*Accelerometers:** 2048 Hz; 3(x,y,z)/location: PSL2, HAM(7,8,9,10), BSC4,5,6,7,8,9(2),10(2), BT4,5
- **\*Magnetometers:** 2048 Hz; 3(x,y,z) times 2(MAG1,MAG2) per location: BSC1,9,10
- \*Microphones: 2048; locations: PSL2, HAM7,8,9,10, BSC1,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10, BT4,5
- **\*Tiltmeters:** 256 Hz; 3(x,y,t)/location: LVEA,MY,EX, EY
- **\*Seismometers:** 256Hz; 3(x,y,z)/location: LVEA, MY, EX, EY, MX.
- **\*Power monitors:** 2048 Hz, LVEA,OUT, EX, EY, MX,
- **\*Vacuum monitors?** (PEM\_MX\_V1,2...): 2048 Hz; LVEA(3), MX

# Studies of Channel

- Calibration get channel signals into physical units
- Characterize understand what is good and bad behavior for the channel
- Determine what is a *glitch*, *burst* or *bizarre* event. Set some threshold for veto.
- Does anything in the channels look like a *chirp*?

# Divide and Conquer

- Divide up the control and environmental channels among sub-group members
- Each person will be responsible for their channels
- Understand your channels. Baby-sit them. Know when they are *naughty* or *nice*.
- Try to determine what a *burst* or *glitch* is for each channel.
- Develop some rough transfer function for each channel.

An experimental sage of the sub-group advised:

Get in there with an oscilloscope and see that channel first hand.

Not good enough to look at logged data – see it an all time scales, fast and slow.

Sub-group members need to spend time at Hanford or Livingston to accomplish this.

LSC Meeting: 3/14/01

#### How to declare a veto?

- Monitor all important channels
- Look for bursts in control and environmental channels
- Look for chirps in same
- Some algorithm for declaring a *veto* based on the three results

### Establish a Calibration Database

- We need a database of the calibration characterization results for the important control and environmental channels.
- What would database be?
- Meta-Database? Maybe? IUL members need access and ability torecord our observations

#### Three Software Tasks

Look for bursts Bandpass and look for bursts Look for chirps

LSC Meeting: 3/14/01

#### Look for Bursts

- Look for bursts in control and environmental channels
- Just like what Burst Group will do.
- Code by Julien Sylvestre and others DMT
- Inspiral UL needs to work with Burst UL similar needs and worries.

# Bandpass Filter the Data then Look for Bursts

- Bandpass data from control and environmental channels.
- Frequency band will correspond to where we expect to see inspiral events (~100 Hz to few'00 Hz)
- Look for *bursts* in the filtered data.
- Code under development: DMT or LDAS

# Look for Chirps

- Run the data from control and environmental channels through inspiral templates. Not all templates – subset.
- Do we see *chirps* in the channels?
- Identify, Characterize and Classify environmental *chirps*.
- Use existing inspiral template code.

# Open Questions

• Data conditioning? Removal of lines (60Hz etc) and other correlations?

-Probably not at first. We need to understand the raw data from channels.

• Where will we do our analysis? Caltech or our home institutions? Likely, both.

#### Harder Problems

- Upconversion
- Bilinear couplings
- We have not developed a plan for this yet.

#### Game Plan

- Start testing this with E2 and E3 data
- Sub-group will concentrate effort (initially) on some stretch of 100's of seconds of good E2 data
- Finalize list of important channels to monitor
- Divide up channels amongst sub-group members.
- Get started ASAP

LSC Meeting: 3/14/01