

# LIGO Laboratory / LIGO Scientific Collaboration

LIGO- E1000312

**LIGO** 

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# aLIGO HAM-ISI, Pre-integration Test Report, Phase I,

# LHO Unit #1 (post-assembly, before storage, after replacement of faulty parts)

E1000310 - V3

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### Introduction

HAM-ISI Unit #1 (installation planned in Ham-8 chamber) was initially built and tested in February 2011. Since then, it has been disassembled and reassembled due to faulty parts that needed to be replaced. The replacement of these parts implied the need of going through the testing process again, which has been performed during January 2012, and is presented here.

Final GS13s were not available during tests. *Test* GS13s were used instead. The GS13 set used is the same as the one used for Unit #3 testing. GS13 distribution has been copied from Unit #3 to Unit #1. Test GS13s will be replaced before the in-vacuum installation.

Stage-0 L4Cs were not installed during tests. If installed in chamber 8, as planned, this unit will not need feedforward L4Cs.

The procedure document used to perform these tests is:

- E1000309-V9 - aLIGO HAM-ISI, Pre-Integration Testing Procedure, Phase I (post assembly, before storage)

The report done prior to HAM-ISI Unit #1 disassembly/reassembly is posted under V1:

- E1000312\_aLIGO\_SEI\_Testing\_Report\_HAM-ISI\_LHO\_Unit\_1\_V1

Other useful information can be found in:

- E1000300 - HAM-ISI LLO test stand: software and electronic check

#### Remark regarding SVN paths:

Units need to be tested under a folder that matches medm channels' names. Since MEDM channels' names all refer to HAMX during this phase of testing, units are all tested under:

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/

Once a unit is tested, a folder called after its order of assembly is created. For Unit #1 the name of this folder will be:

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/Unit 1/

Test data is then moved from HAMX testing folder to this final folder. All the data related to the Phase I testing of this unit is then stored in this folder. The data set names, the location of the test results and the locations of the programs used to obtain them are specified along this document.

Even if they are tested under HAMX, units are called per their order of assembly in programs, figures and data files.



# I. Pre-Assembly Testing

# Step 1: Position Sensors

Note: The back panel reads 0.508V/0.001"

S/N sensor	S/N board	ADE Gap Standoff(mm)	Location on the Jig	Gap Standoff on Jig(mm/in)	Voltage before zeroing	Voltage after zeroing. Prebake	Voltage after zeroing. Post bake
11979	11828	2.044mm/0.0805"	NR	*2.057mm/0.081"	NR	*.01	NR
19991	11863	2.004mm/0.0789"	NR	*2.057mm/0.081"	NR	*.01	NR
11986	11855	2.172mm/0.0855"	NR	*2.057mm/0.081"	NR	*.01	NR
12017	11859	2.064mm/0.08126"	NR	*2.057mm/0.081"	NR	*.01	NR
12033	11865	2.175mm/0.0856"	NR	*2.057mm/0.081"	NR	*.01	NR
12038	11884	2.164mm/0.0852"	NR	*2.057mm/0.081"	NR	*.01	NR

NR: not recorded

#### <u>Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:</u>

Values of sensor gaps and zeroing were not recorded. Waived for this unit.

### Sensors noise spectra measured before baking, and before shielding per procedure T1000636:

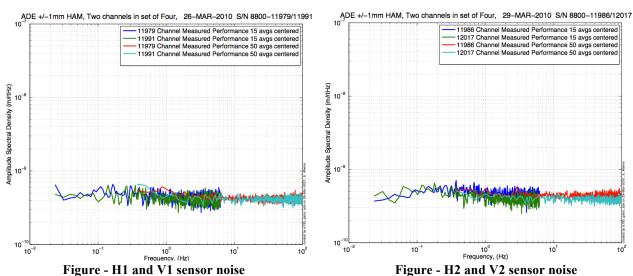


Figure - H2 and V2 sensor noise

<sup>\*:</sup> not recorded. Estimation based on nominal value. Will be measured for the next units.



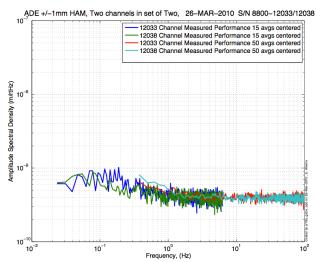


Figure - H3 and V3 sensor noise

#### Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:

The CPS #12033 and the CPS #12038 (H3, V3) are borderline.

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Power spectrum magnitudes must be lower than:
  - $\circ$  9.e-10 m/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  at 0.1Hz
  - $\circ$  6.e-10 m/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  at 1Hz

Test result:	Passed: X	Failed:

# • Step 2: GS13

All the data related to GS-13 post podding testing can be found in the SVN at:

\SeismicSVN\ Common\Data\aLIGO GS13 TestData LHO\

aLIGO GS13 Testing page is E1100367. It contains links to:

- LIGO-E1000058: aLIGO GS-13 Status Chart
- LIGO-E1100393: aLIGO GS-13 as received testing results
- LIGO-E1100394: aLIGO GS-13 prior shipping testing results
- LIGO-E1100395: aLIGO GS-13 Post Modification testing results
- LIGO-F0900070: GS-13 Inspection Checklist

#### <u>Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:</u>

The GS13s used for this testing are the same as those used on Unit #3 (HAM10)testing. They are not referenced in the post-podding testing spreadsheet (E1000058-V39) because they are temporary test GS13s. However they have already been successfully used for the 3 previous HAM-ISI testings.

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- GS13 have already been tested at LLO. GS13 Inspection/Pod Assembly is described in document D047810. Checklist is defined in F090070-v6



- After reception the geophones at LHO, ASDs of the geophones must confirm that they are still functioning after shipping.

Test result:	Passed:	Failed:	$\mathbf{X}$	

These pods will be replaced prior insertion.

# • Step 3: Actuators

Actuator data can be found at: T0900564-V2. Actuator inventory is made at Section II – Step 1.

	,
Actuator Serial #: L052	Actuator Serial #: L048
Operator Name: Gordon, Matt	Operator Name: Gordon, Matt
Date: 9/25/2009 Time: 11:02 AM	Date: 9/24/2009 Time: 3:52 PM
Actuator Coil Resistance: 6.36 Ohms, PASS	Actuator Coil Resistance: 6.32 Ohms, PASS
Ambient Temperature: 74.8 F	Ambient Temperature: 75.1 F
Hi Pot Test Results: 1000 MOhms, PASS	Hi Pot Test Results: 1000 MOhms, PASS
X Travel Limit (inches): 0.528	X Travel Limit (inches): 0.526
Y Travel Limit (inches): 0.205	Y Travel Limit (inches): 0.205
Z Travel Limit (inches): 0.503	Z Travel Limit (inches): 0.504
Actuator Serial #: L030	Actuator Serial #: L060
Operator Name: Smith, Lane	Operator Name: Gordon, Matt
Date: 8/12/2009 Time: 8:58 AM	Date: 9/23/2009 Time: 3:01 PM
Actuator Coil Resistance: 6.34 Ohms, PASS	Actuator Coil Resistance: 6.37 Ohms, PASS
Ambient Temperature: 68.6 F	Ambient Temperature: 74.3 F
Hi Pot Test Results: 1000 MOhms, PASS	Hi Pot Test Results: 1000 MOhms, PASS
X Travel Limit (inches): 0.524	X Travel Limit (inches): 0.518
Y Travel Limit (inches): 0.205	Y Travel Limit (inches): 0.205
Z Travel Limit (inches): 0.479	Z Travel Limit (inches): 0.506
Actuator Serial #: L082	Actuator Serial #: L062
Operator Name: Gordon, Matt	Operator Name: Gordon, Matt
Date: 11/22/2009 Time: 10:34 AM	Date: 9/25/2009 Time: 9:15 AM
Actuator Coil Resistance: 6.35 Ohms, PASS	Actuator Coil Resistance: 6.35 Ohms, PASS
Ambient Temperature: 70.0 F	Ambient Temperature: 71.6 F
Hi Pot Test Results: 1000 MOhms, PASS	Hi Pot Test Results: 1000 MOhms, PASS
X Travel Limit (inches): 0.527	X Travel Limit (inches): 0.526
Y Travel Limit (inches): 0.205	Y Travel Limit (inches): 0.204
Z Travel Limit (inches): 0.509	Z Travel Limit (inches): 0.505

### <u>Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:</u>

V1 actuator's SN (L048) hardly readable. The information was retrieved from alog entry # 1838.

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Actuators were previously tested and results are reported in T0900564-V2.

Test result:	Passed: X	Failed:
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# II. Tests to be performed during assembly

# • *Step 1: Parts Inventory (E1000052)*

DCC Number	Part name	Configuration	Corner 1 S/N	Corner 2 S/N	Corner 3 S/N
D071001	Stage 0 base	NA		003	
D071051	Stage 1 base	NA		004	
D071050	Optical table	NA		004	
D071002	Spring Post	NA	32486- 014	32486-021	32486- 018
D071100	Spring	NA	22	12	5
D071102	Flexure	NA	50 (G)	13	25 (G)
ADE	Position	Horizontal	11979 Master 0	11986 Slave 180	12033 Slave 0
	sensor	Vertical	11991 Slave 180	12017 Slave 0	12038 Slave 180
D047812	GS-13 pod	Horizontal	058	013	066
D047012	GG-13 pou	Vertical	049	040	059
D047823	L4C pod	Horizontal	NA	NA	NA
5047020	L+0 pou	Vertical	NA	NA	NA
D0902749	Actuator	Horizontal	L052	L030	L082
D0302149	Actuator	Vertical	L048 (H)	L060	L062

Table – Parts inventory

Cable Connects		Cable S/N			
Part Name	Configuration	Corner 1	Corner 2	Corner 3	
GS13	Horizontal	S1104678	S1104689	S0114688	
GS13	Vertical	31104076	31104009	30114000	
L4C	Horizontal	NA	NA	NA	
L4C	Vertical	NA	NA	NA	
Actuator	Horizontal	S1104762	S1104776	S1104493	
	Vertical	S1104760	S1104773	S1104494	

**Table – Cables inventory** 

NR: Not recorded; NA: Not applicable

(G) 2 of 3 Flexures were installed upside-down. Scribed s/n are on the bottom of the Flexures and are now not very visible. We tried using a mirror and a flashlight to view the flexures from under Stage 1, but the flexures are fairly high up, and the scribed marks are also hard to read. With that, we can only say we have "best guesses" at s/n's for Corner 1 & 3. Aligo entry #1838

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Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:

Inventory was done after assembly. Some serial numbers were not visible then: flexure rods and springs.

If installed in HAM8, as planned, this unit should not need L4Cs.

The serial numbers given for GS13 correspond to *test* versions of the sensor. They will be replaced as soon as the definitive GS13 are shipped.

The test GS13s used on Unit #1 were taken from Unit #3 (HAM10). These GS13s were associated with the same corner as previously. The test GS13 #68 (H3) was malfunctioning. We already had issues with it on HAM-ISI Unit #3\*. It has been replaced with GS13 #66. It is the only one that differs from the set used for UNIT #3 testing.

\*For more information, please refer to:

- Vincent Lhuillier, alog #1801: Detection of a malfunctioning horizontal GS13 and description of it symptoms.
- Greg Grabeel, alog #1832: Repairing the horizontal GS13. It seems that the instrument was tilted inside its pod by whether a loose jam nut or an insufficiently tightened crossbar.

# Step 2: Check torques on all bolts

### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- All bolts should trip the wrench, and start moving immediately after. If any bolts in a pattern move before torque is reached, recheck after all bolts are brought to spec.

Test result: Passed: X Failed: \_\_\_

# • Step 3: Check gaps under Support Posts

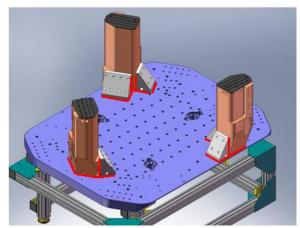


Figure - Showing edges that need checked on support posts and gussets



A 0.001 inch shim cannot be passed freely through any connection to Stage 0 or between post and gussets. If shim can pass through, loosen all constraining bolts, and then retighten iteratively from the center of the part to the edges. Retest.

Test result:	Passed: X	Failed:
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• Step 4: Pitchfork/Boxwork flatness before Optical Table install

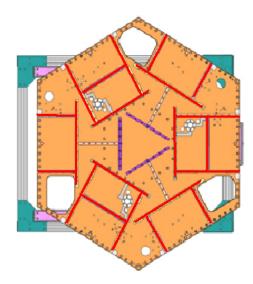


Figure - Showing what needs to be checked on Boxworks and Pitchforks

### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Shim inserted won't pass between parts.

Test result:	Passed: X	Failed:
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# Step 5: Blade spring profile

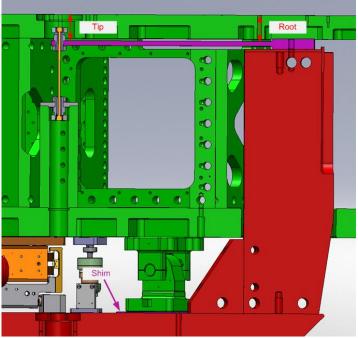


figure - Blade spring profile measurement points

Blade #	Root (")	Tip(")	Flatness (mils)
1	651	667	16
2	651	662.5	11.5
3	649	661	12

Table 1 - Blade profile

#### Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:

The weight of the plunge micrometer lowers Stage1 by up to 0.002". This should reduce the Root level making the flatness over-evaluated by 0.002". Hence, the result on blade #1 should be discussed.

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Blades must be flat within 0.015" inches.

Note that the tip measurement should be constant and that root value can be impacted by shims change.

Test result:	Passed:	Failed:	$\mathbf{X}$	



Step 6: Gap checks on actuators-after installation on Stage 1

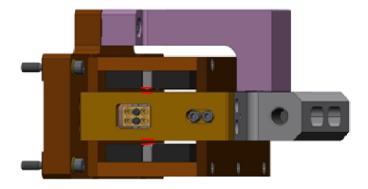


Figure - Showing gaps that need to be checked on actuators.

#### Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:

Actuator alignment was lost during disassembly/storing and had to be redone (aligo entry # 1851)

Since layers of shims are difficult to use accurately, a Go (70mils shim set) vs No Go (90 mils shim set) technique was used for this test. To pass the test an actuator gap has to allow the 70mils shim set to be inserted and refuse the 90mils shim set.

The gaps on the back side of horizontal actuators are hard to access. Horizontal actuators appeared borderline on that side.

#### **Acceptance Criteria**

- Gaps must be within 0.010" of design (i.e. 0.090" and .070" pass, but 0.095" and 0.065" doesn't).

Test result:	Passed: X	Failed:



# ■ Step 7: Check level of Stage 0

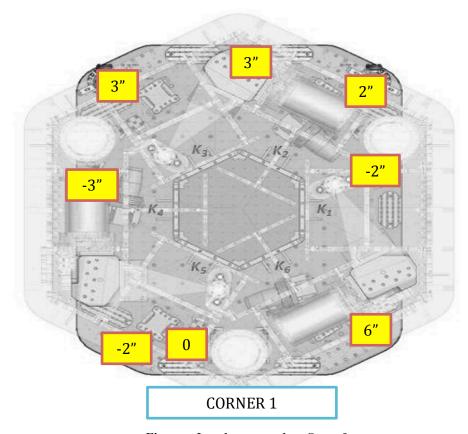


Figure – Level measured on Stage 0

#### Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:

Accuracy of measurement limited by measurement tool: optical lever + ruler on a block. The ruler only has 1/64" graduations. Values are deduced from the relative distance to graduations. The uncertainty is about 1mil.

Max angle= $0.008/57 (\pm 0.002/57) = 140.3 (\pm 35) \mu rad$ 

#### **Acceptance Criteria**

- The maximum angle of the table with the horizontal mustn't exceed  ${\sim}100\mu rad$ 

Test result:	<b>Passed:</b>	Failed:	X

#### Note:

This test doesn't meet our stringent requirement, however this leveling value is sufficient for all the tests being performed.



### Step 8: Check level of Stage 1 Optical Table

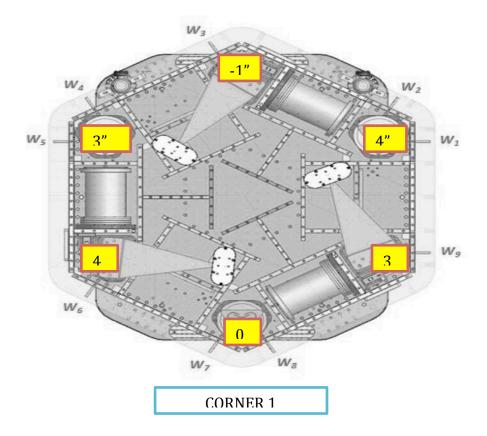


Figure – Level measured on Stage 1

#### Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:

Accuracy of measurement limited by measurement tool: optical lever + ruler on a block. The ruler only has 1/64" graduations. Values are deduced from the relative distance to graduations. The uncertainty is about 1mil.

The previous version of this report featured a maximum angle of 210 µrad. The top-mass has been recentered since then which could affect the bending pattern of stage 1. However, the result was mostly modified by the fact that we only look at the distance between opposite sides of stage 1.

The test does not pass at the extreme of out uncertainty range.

Max angle =  $0.007/76 (\pm 0.002/76) = 92.1 (\pm 26.3) \mu rad$ 

#### **Acceptance Criteria**

- The maximum angle of the table with the horizontal mustn't exceed  $\sim 100 \mu rad$ 

Test result: Passed: Failed: X

#### Note:

This test doesn't meet our stringent requirement, however this leveling value is sufficient for all the tests being performed.



# Step 9: Mass budget

	00	01	02	03	04	05	06		
	0.6	1.1	2.2	4.5	7.9	15.6	27.2	lbs	kgs
W9					2			15.8	7.17
W1				1			1	31.7	14.38
W2							1	27.2	12.34
W3								0	0.00
W4					1		1	35.1	15.92
W5	1		1	1	1		1	42.4	19.23
W6								0	0.00
W7				1			1	31.7	14.38
W8		1	1		1		1	38.4	17.42
Side Masses Total	1	1	2	3	5	0	6	222.3	100.83

Table – Wall masses distribution

	00	01	02	03	04	05	06		
	0.6	1.1	2.2	4.5	7.9	15.6	27.2	lbs	kgs
K1					1		1	35.1	15.92
K2						2		31.2	14.15
K3					1		1	35.1	15.92
K4						2		31.2	14.15
K5					1		1	35.1	15.92
K6						2		31.2	14.15
Keel Masses Total	0	0	0	0	3	6	3	198.9	90.22

Table – Keel masses distribution

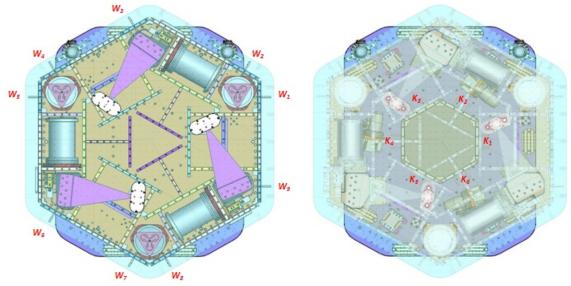


Figure – Wall Masses(W) and Keel masses (K) location. South of picture = corner 1



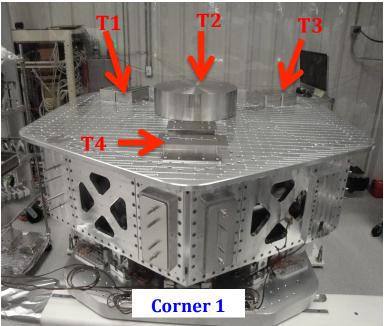


Figure – Optical table masses distribution

	Mass (kg)
T1	42.59
T2	270.79
Т3	40.27
T4	37.04
Total	390.69

Table - Optic table masses distribution

	Side	Keel	Тор	Total
Weigh (kg)	100.83	90.22	390.69	581.75

Table – Mass budget sum up

#### Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:

- T2 mass evaluated at nominal value: 597lbs. Gauge not available for measurement.
- A few shims were used for balancing. Their weight is negligible in comparison with the mass budget. Hence their weight is not reported in the mass budget.
- The first version of this report (E1000310-V1, before disassembly/reassembly of the unit) featured a total mass of 584.38kgs. The current mass budget is 2.63kg lower. This mass budget difference could be associated with the parts changed during disassembly/reassembly.
- The previous version of this report (E1000310-V2) featured a total mass of 588.24kgs. The current mass budget is 6.949kg lower.
  - o It has been noticed that most of the bolts on the GS13 doors, and some on the door's brackets, were missing (most likely to accelerate the process of switching the GS13s from test to permanent version). These bolts have been added since the previous report. Their weigh is very likely to justify most the mass budget difference.
  - The top mass has been moved to a centered position since previous report. This operation implied a new distribution of the mass budget.



### **Acceptance Criteria**

The Mass budget must be

- 579.1 Kg (cf E1100427)+/-25Kg (5%)

Test result: Passed: X Failed:

### • Step 10: Shim thickness

Lockers	Shim thickness (mils)
Α	122
В	122
С	120
D	120

Table - Shims Thickness

#### **Acceptance Criteria**

- The shim thickness should be 125 mils +/-5

Test result: Passed: X Failed: \_\_\_

# • Step 11: Lockers adjustment

D.I. at	Vertical	Horizontal
Locker	D.I.	D.I.
Α	-1	0.2
В	0.2	-1.2
С	-1	0.2
D	-2	-0.2

Table – Dial indicators read-out (in thousands of an inch)

#### Issues/difficulties encountered during this test:

Vertical adjustment appears borderline on locker D.

#### **Acceptance Criteria**

- Vertical and horizontal displacement near the lockers must be lower than 2 mils (0.002")

Test result: Passed: \_\_\_ Failed: \_X



# III. Tests to be performed after assembly

# • Step 1 - Electronics Inventory

Hardware	LIGO reference	S/N
Coil driver	D0902744	S1000266
Coll driver	D0902744	S1000269
Anti Image filter	D070081	S1000250
Anti aliaging filter	D1000269	S1102694
Anti aliasing filter	D1000209	S1102679
		1102223
Interface chassis	D1000067	1102224
		1102214

**Table - Inventory electronics** 

#### **Acceptance Criteria**

- Inventory is complete

Test result:	Passed: X	Failed:

### Step 2 - Set up sensors gap

	Locked, 10 Kg masses at each corners		Locked /	no mass	Unlocked /no mass		
Table locked	ADE bo	oxes on	ADE bo	exes on	ADE bo	es on	
Sensors	Offset (Mean)	Std deviation	Offset (Mean)	Std deviation	Offset (Mean)	Std deviation	
H1	-45.13	9.53	-267.10	10.04	-24.10	21.04	
H2	-78.05	9.19	-177.38	9.04	-25.29	19.94	
Н3	321.97	8.85	297.33	8.59	122.58	31.79	
V1	-287.25	10.61	-26.29	15.33	216.75	32.63	
V2	-377.70	9.78	-112.13	13.55	232.15	29.49	
V3	-260.28	9.68	73.38	10.58	253.67	27.53	

Capacitive position sensor readout after gap set-up

### Issues/difficulties encountered during this test:

- Vertical CPSs' zero has been reset since previous version of the report (DCC # E1000312\_v2). The results for this test have been updated since then.

- All mean values must be lower than 400 cts (a bit less than .0005").
- All standard deviations below 5 counts.
- No cross talk

Test result:	Passed:	Failed: X



Failed because of standard deviation but a CPS set on a jig was measured and gave 4.3 counts, which is within specs. Hence, the high standard deviations measured are correlated to the 10Hz-100Hz peaks observed on the locked/unlocked GS13 and CPS ASDs (Cf. UNIT #3 testing phase 1 report, Document #E1000312–v3). As shown, these peaks are caused by ground motion. Hence, high standard deviations should not be associated with sensor noise.

# Step 3 - Measure the Sensor gap

Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:

Measured in the previous version of this report (E1000312-V1, p11). Waived to avoid scratching targets.

#### Acceptance criteria:

Sensors gap measured on the jig and on the optic table must be:

- 0.080" +/-0.002"

Test result:	Passed:	Failed: X

### • Step 4 - Check Sensor gaps after the platform release

	Table I	ocked	Table un		
Sensors	Offset (Mean)	Std deviation	Offset (Mean)	Difference	Difference
H1	-267.10	10.04	-24.10	21.04	243.01
H2	-177.38	9.04	-25.29	19.94	152.09
Н3	297.33	8.59	122.58	31.79	174.75
V1	-26.29	15.33	216.75	32.63	243.04
V2	-112.13	13.55	232.15	29.49	344.28
V3	73.38	10.58	253.67	27.53	180.29

Table – Sensor gaps after platform release

#### Issues/difficulties encountered during this test:

Vertical CPSs' zero has been reset since previous version of the report. The results for this test have been updated since then.

- Absolute values of the difference between the unlocked and the locked table must be below:
  - 1600 cts for horizontal sensors (~0.002")
  - o 1600 cts for vertical sensors (~0.002")
- Considering the acceptance criteria of step 4, all mean values must be lower than
  - o 2000 cts for horizontal sensors (~0.0025")
  - 2000 cts for vertical sensors (~0.0025")

Test result:	Passed: X	Failed:



# Step 5 – Performance of the limiter

# ■ Step 5.1 - Test N°1 - Push "in the general coordinates"

Pushing Z,-Z	CPS read out		Calculated af	Pango of	
Sensors	UP (Counts)	Down (Counts)	UP (mil)	Down (mil)	Range of Motion
V1	20080	-20090	24.0	-24.0	40170
V2	20800	-19760	24.8	-23.6	40560
V3	20700	-20220	24.7	-24.1	40920

Pushing RZ, -RZ	CPS re	ead out	Calculated af	ROM	
Sensors	CCW (+RZ)	CW(-RZ)	CW (mil)	CCW (mil)	
H1	-21600	23990	-25.8	28.6	45590
H2	-22900	19780	-27.3	23.6	42680
Н3	-20300	20340	-24.2	24.3	40640

Table - Optic table range of motion

### ■ Step 5.2 - Test N°2 - Push "locally"

Pushing Locally	Push in positive direction	Push in negative direction	egative Railing		Range Of Motion
H1	-22800	32767	Х	Х	55567
H2	-23900	23700		Х	47600
Н3	-20800	22086		Х	42886
V1	20750	-20330		Х	41080
V2	32767	-32768	Х	Х	65535
V3	26300	-25375		Х	51675

Table - Optic table range of motio

#### Issues/difficulties encountered during this test:

Vertical CPSs' zero has been reset since previous version of the report. The results for this test have been updated since then.

- The vertical sensor readout must be positive when the optic table is pushed in the +Z direction
- The horizontal sensor readout must be negative when the optic table is pushed in the +RZ direction
- Step 5.1
  - Absolutes value of all estimated motions must be higher than 16000counts (~0.020")
- Step 5.2
  - No contact point on sensors
  - Absolute value of sensor read out must be higher than 16000counts (~0.020")



No contact point on actuators

Test result:	Passed: X	Failed:
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### Step 6 - Position Sensors unlocked/locked Power Spectrum

#### Scripts files for processing and plotting in SVN at:

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/Common/Testing Functions HAM ISI/

- ASD Measurements Locked Unlocked HAM ISI.m

#### **Data in SVN at:**

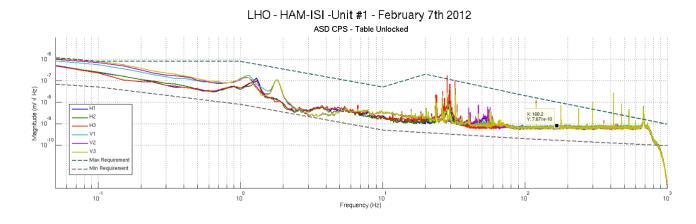
SeiSVN/seismic/ HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Data/Spectra/Undamped/

- LHO ISI UNIT 1 ASD m CPS T240 L4C GS13 Locked vs Unlocked 2012 02 07.mat

### Figures in SVN at:

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Data/Figures/Spectra/Undamped

- LHO\_ISI\_UNIT\_1\_ASD\_m\_GS13\_Requirements\_Locked\_vs\_Unlocked\_2012\_02\_07.fig
- LHO ISI UNIT 1 ASD m CPS Requirements Locked vs Unlocked 2012 02 07.fig



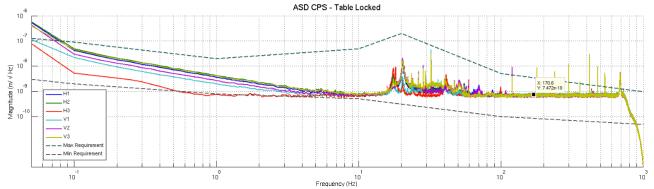


Figure - Calibrated CPS power spectra



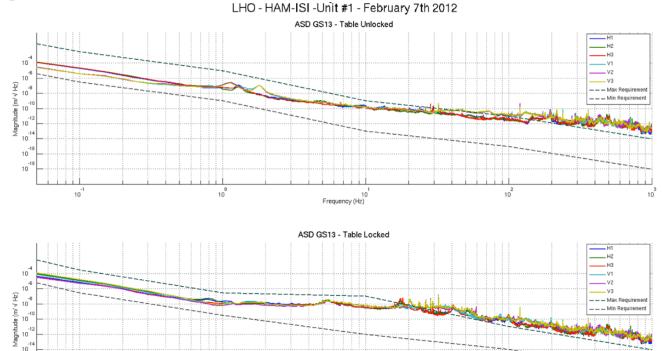


Figure - Calibrated GS13 Power spectra

#### Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:

- Measurements were performed with all PreFilters ON.
- 10Hz-100Hz peaks were investigated for the testing phase I of Unit #3 (HAM10), and reported in Part 1, last step: *capacitive position sensor investigation*, of the related report (Document #E1000312-v3)
- Vertical CPSs' zero has been reset since previous version of the report. The results for this test have been updated since then.

- No cross talk (peaks at low frequencies + harmonics on measurements)
- Magnitudes of power spectra must be between requirement curves

Test result:	Passed: X	Failed:



# Step 7 - GS13 power spectrum -tabled tilted

#### Scripts files for processing and plotting in SVN at:

SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/Common/Testing\_Functions\_HAM\_ISI/

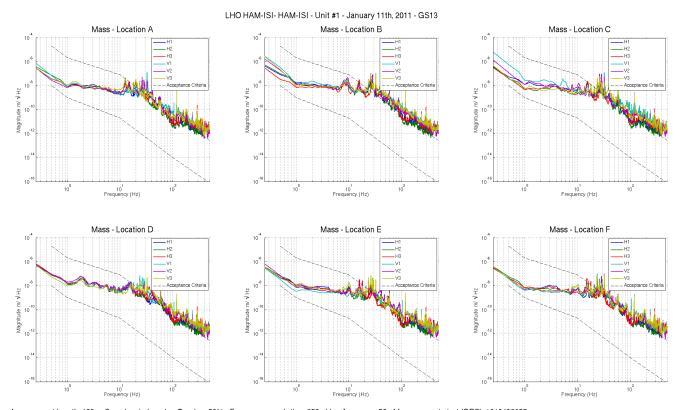
- ASD Measurements Stages Tilted HAM ISI.m

#### Figures in SVN at:

SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Data/Figures/Spectra/Undamped

- LHO ISI UNIT 1 m PSD GS13 Tilted 2012 01 12.fig

The figure below presents the GS13 power spectrum when the table is unlocked and loaded with a 10Kg mass at each of its corner.



 $leasurement\ length: 102s-Sample\ window: 4s-Overlap: 50\%-Frequency\ resolution: 250mHz-Averages: 50-Measurement\ start\ (GPS): 1010426855-101042685-10104268-1010468-10104268-10104268-10104268-10104268-10104268-10104268-10104268-10104268-10104268-10104268-10104268-10104268-10104268-10104268-10104268-10104268-10104268-10104808-1010408-101048-101048-101048-101048-101048-101048-101048-101048-101048-101048$ 

Figure - Power spectrum Calibrated GS13 with mass at corners A to F

#### Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:

- All PreFilters are OFF.
- Test GS13 are used, so borderline values are acceptable.

#### Acceptance criteria:

- With table unlocked and tilted, magnitudes of power spectra must be fully included within requirement curves.

Test result:	Passed· X	Failed:
Tect recitity	Passen: x	ranea:



# Step 8- GS13 pressure readout

Test GS13 used. Step to be performed o the final GS13s

# • Step 9 - Coil Driver, cabling and resistance check

Actuator	V1		H1		V2	
Coil driver	S1000266 - Coarse 2		S1000266 - Coarse 1		S1000269 - C	Coarse 2
Cable #	S1104760		S1104762		S11047	73
Resistance	sistance P1 - P2 P2 - P3 P1 - P2 P2 - P3		P1 - P2	P2 - P3		
(Ohm)	O.L (infinity)	6.38	O.L (infinity)	6.32	O.L (infinity)	6.52
MEDM offset	Measurement P2 (+);		Measurement P2 (+);		Measurement P2 (+);	
(1000 counts)	P1&P3 (-)		P1&P3 (-)		P1&P3 (-)	
(1000 counts)	0.3070	V	0.3117	V	0.3115	V

Actuator	H2		V3		Н3	
Coil driver	S1000269 - Coarse 1		S1102692 - Coarse 2		S1102692 - 0	Coarse 1
Cable #	S1104776		S1104494		S11044	93
Resistance	P1 - P2	P2 - P3	P1 - P2 P2 - P3		P1 - P2	P2 - P3
(Ohm)	O.L (infinity)	6.54	O.L (infinity)	6.58	O.L (infinity)	6.68
MEDM offset	Measurement P2 (+); P1&P3 (-)		Measurement P2 (+); P1&P3 (-)		Measurement P2 (+); P1&P3 (-)	
(1000 counts)	0.3138	· /	0.3044	` '	0.3106V	

**Table - Actuators resistance check** 

#### Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:

- Voltages measured from Pin #2 (+) to pin #3 (-) with compensation filters engaged.
- Precise measurements have been achieved by using an Agilent 34401A multimeter.
- 10kgs masses are sitting on each corner of the locked ISI to avoid current to appear in the actuators due to ISI motion.

- The measured resistance between the middle pin and one side pin must be 6.5 +/-1 ohms
- Actuator neutral pins must be connected on pin #3 (left side pin of the plug)
- Actuator drive pins must be connected on pin #2 (middle pin of the plug)
- Actuator ground shield pins must be connected on pin #1 (right pin of the plug)
- All LEDs on the coil driver front panel must be green

Test result:	Passed: X	Failed:



# • Step 10 - Actuators Sign and range of motion (Local drive)

	Negative drive	No Drive	Positive drive
H1 readout (count)	-24483	-37	24156
H2 readout (count)	-23949	-53	24319
H3 readout (count)	-24690	76	25499
V1 readout (count)	-19566	30	19466
V2 readout (count)	-25877	-11	26424
V3 readout (count)	-21837	83	22694

Table - Range of motion - Local drive

#### Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:

- Compensation filters are ON.
- Vertical CPSs' zero has been reset since previous version of the report. The results for this test have been updated since then.

- Main couplings sensors readout must be at least 16000 counts ( $\sim$ 0.02")
- A positive offset drive on one actuator must give positive sensor readout on the collocated sensor. Signs will also be tested when measuring local to local transfer functions.

Test result:	Passed: X	Failed:
1 est i estile.	I ttbbett II	1 411041



# • Step 11 - Vertical Sensor Calibration

Lockers	D.I readout with for a negative drive	D.I readout without any drive	D.I readout with for a positive drive
Α	19.20	0.00	-19.20
В	19.10	0.00	-19.20
С	18.50	0.00	-18.10
D	18.20	0.00	-18.20
Average	18.75	0.00	-18.68

Sensors	Counts	Counts	Counts	Difference
V1	-14189.00	821.00	16005.00	30194.00
V2	-15065.00	960.00	16862.00	31927.00
V3	-15889.00	222.00	16031.00	31920.00

	Vertical Sensibility		
837.60	Count/mil		
0.51	V/mil		
30.32	nm/count		
-0.29	% from ref (840nm/count)		

**Table - Calibration of capacitive position sensors** 

#### Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:

- Vertical CPSs' zero has been reset since previous version of the report. The results for this test have <u>not</u> been updated since then.
- However, Sensor's calibration should not be affected my this modification.

-	Deviation from	ı nomınal val	e < 2%.	Nominal	l value 1s	840	count/mil	l.
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Test result:	Passed: X	Failed:



# Step 12 - Vertical Spring Constant

Results presented below are obtained after the initial sensors calibration.

Sensors	Mean diff counts	Mean diff m	K (N/m)	Variation from average
V1	-7986	-2.412E-04	8.135E+04	-0.29%
V2	-7889	-2.383E-04	8.235E+04	0.94%
V3	-8016	-2.421E-04	8.104E+04	-0.66%
		Average (N/m)	2.447E+05	

Table - Vertical spring constant

#### Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:

- Vertical CPSs' zero has been reset since previous version of the report. The results for this test have <u>not</u> been updated since then.

#### Acceptance criteria:

- +/-2 % of 2.4704e5 N/m (i.e. between 2.421e5 and 2.520e5 N/m)
- +/- 5% of variation between each spring and the average

The measured error on the vertical stiffness is -0.93 %

Test result: Passed: X Failed:

# Step 13 - Static Testing (Tests in the local basis)

	Sensors (counts)					
	H1	H1 H2 H3 V1 V2 V				
H1	2106	1310	1319	-38	2	26
H2	1285	2062	1276	-5	0	13
Н3	1273	1274	2030	-15	34	19
V1	203	201	-391	1473	-5	-637
V2	-376	202	166	-621	1495	-15
V3	185	-361	211	-35	-618	1465

Table - Main couplings and cross couplings

#### Issues/difficulties encountered during this test:

- Vertical CPSs' zero has been reset since previous version of the report. The results for this test have been updated since then.
- H1 and V2 have the most sensitive excitation/measurement chain in their direction.

#### Acceptance criteria:

- Vertical



For a +1000 count offset drive on vertical actuators

- O Collocated sensors must be 1400 counts +/- 10%
- Horizontal

For a +1000 count offset drive on horizontal actuators

- O Collocated sensors must be 2000 counts +/- 10%
- o Non-collocated horizontal sensors must be 1250 counts +/-10%

Test result:	Passed: X	Failed:



# Step 14 - Linearity test

	Slope	Offset	Average slope	Variation from average(%)
H1	2.1099	-293.75		1.93
H2	2.0571	-274.49	2.07	-0.62
Н3	2.0426	-136.64		-1.32
V1	1.4892	278.92		0.97
V2	1.4757	284.92	1.47	0.06
V3	1.4597	289.52		-1.03

Table - Slopes and offset of the triplet 'Actuators - HAM-ISI - Sensors'

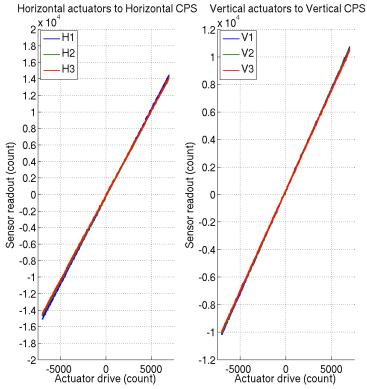


Figure - Linearity test on the triplet 'actuators - HAM-ISI - sensors' in both Horizontal and vertical directions



Cable leading to actuator	Resistance (Ohm)
H1	0.114
H2	0.189
Н3	0.209
V1	0.113
V2	0.176
V3	0.209

Table - Cable Resistance, cable section going from the coildriver to the feedthrough

### <u>Issues/difficulties encountered during this test:</u>

- H1, H3 and V3 do not meet our requirements.
- The tendencies on linearity test slopes seem to match the tendencies on cable resistance (coildriver to feedthrough section). Cable resistance, which is proportional to cable length, would then be a possible explanation for the linearity results obtained.

-	Horizontal and vertical slopes of the triplet actuators x HAM-ISI x sensors:	Average slope +/-
	1%	

Test result:	<b>Passed:</b>	Failed: X
Test result:	<b>Passed:</b>	Failed: X



# • Step 15 - Cartesian Basis Static Testing

1000 counts Drive	х	Υ	Z	RX	RY	RZ	Direction read out
X Drive	511.45	-5.8981	5.1799	24.9	3.3336	-25.416	511.45
Y Drive	-7.7679	523.08	-11.614	-1.582	23.46	26.225	523.08
Z Drive	0.10612	8.6821	260.96	-5.0433	19.352	-6.1982	260.96
Rx Drive	25.227	-7.4319	10.962	2600.6	-10.489	7.9001	2600.6
Ry Drive	-0.39454	6.9385	-7.5726	-19.115	2617.9	4.6392	2617.9
Rz Drive	-4.5903	11.384	-2.4089	-12.301	-9.158	2528.3	2528.3

Table – Static testing: Drive in the Cartesian basis, response in the Cartesian basis

1000 counts Drive	Н1	H2	Н3	V1	V2	V3	Direction read out
X Drive	274.11	273.73	-494.38	-3.9689	19.505	-3.1605	511.45
Y Drive	-485.83	414.31	-13.011	-22.116	-15.873	10.024	523.08
Z Drive	4.6923	-9.3493	13.693	264.02	278.37	292.07	260.96
Rx Drive	-453.95	456.01	-28.122	-462.48	1715.6	-1210	2600.6
Ry Drive	-270.91	-269.96	530.88	-1692.2	444.14	1268.6	2617.9
Rz Drive	-2009.9	-2001.6	-1992.7	9.8958	-22.399	-7.8055	2528.3

Table – Static testing: Drive in the Cartesian basis, response in the Local basis

1000 counts Drive	H1	H2	Н3	V1	V2	V3	Direction read out
X Drive	+	+	-				+
Y Drive	-	+	0				+
Z Drive				+	+	+	+
Rx Drive				-	+	-	+
Ry Drive				-	+	+	+
Rz Drive	-	-	-				+

Table – Cartesian static testing reference table

<u>Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:</u>

- Calibration filters engaged on CPSs
- Vertical CPSs' zero has been reset since previous version of the report. The results for this test have been updated since then.

#### **Acceptance criteria:**

For a positive drive in the Cartesian basis:

- Local sensor readout must have the same sign that the reference table
- Cartesian sensors read out must be positive in the drive direction

Test result: Passed: X Failed:



# Step 16- Frequency response

### Preliminary work

Unusual resonances were initially observed a bit below 100Hz and above on LHO HAM-ISI Unit#1. It appeared, after inspection, that GS13 doors and their brackets were not fully bolted and torqued.

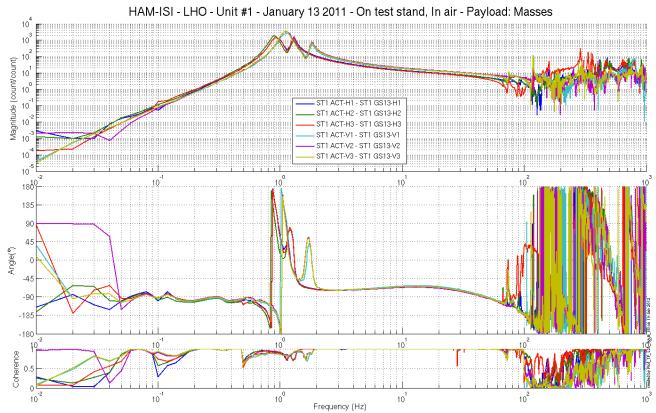


Figure - Local to Local Measurements - Inertial sensors - GS13 Doors partially bolted/torqued

These mistakes were corrected, however, the resonances observed only disappeared when Viton pads were added under the ISI's Top Mass.



Figure – Top Mass and Viton pads checker



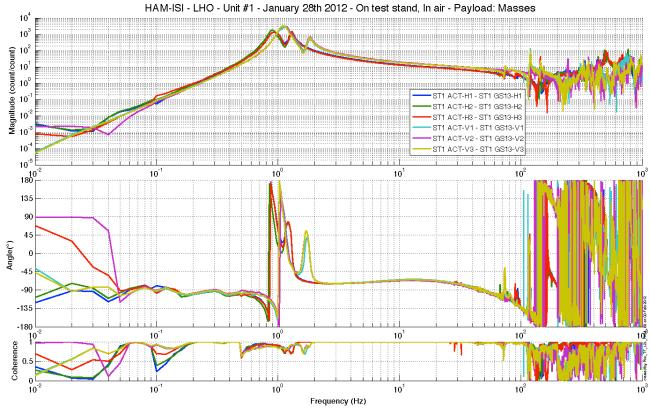


Figure - Local to Local Measurements - Inertial sensors - GS13 Doors fully bolted/torqued

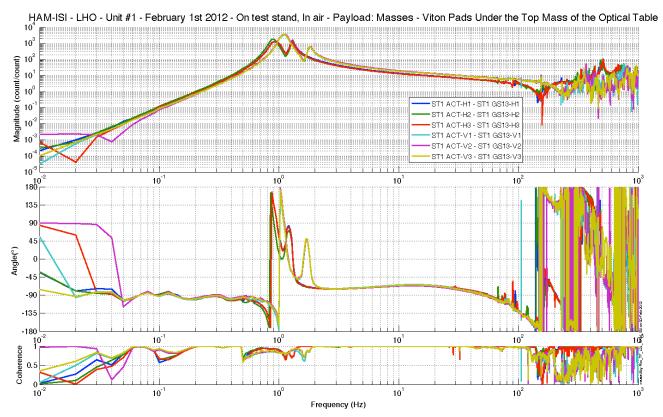


Figure - Local to Local Measurements - Inertial sensors - Top Mass on Viton pads



It is possible that the top mass/optical table boundary conditions were not constraining enough for the top mass, allowing the it to ring and perturbate measurements.

However, we wanted to make sure that the resonances were not reduced by the couple "Viton+Top mass" behaving as a mass damper.

Transfer functions were then taken on HAM-ISI Unit #1 with its top mass sitting on a kinematic mounting. The unusual high Q resonances observed above 100Hz were also gone under this configuration. This result tends to confirm that the resonances observed came from the contact between the top mass and the optical table, and not from the ISI itself.

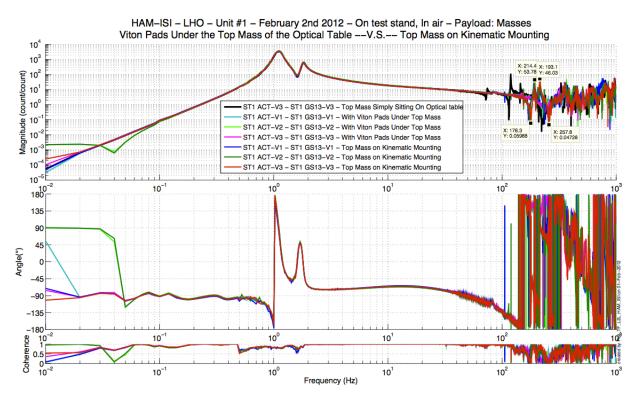


Figure - Comparison of *Top Mass* configurations, vertical motion.



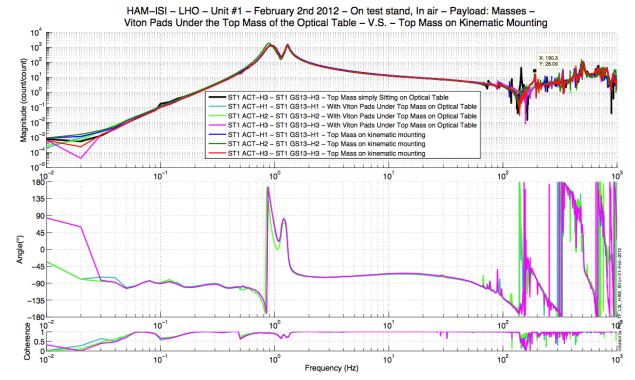


Figure - Comparison of *Top Mass* configurations, horizontal motion.

Resonances appeared between 170 and 260Hz when switching to kinematic mounting. They are mostly visible on vertical measurements. These resonances were not here initially, when the top mass was directly sitting on the optical table. They are caused by the changes applied on the boundary conditions of the Top Mass and shall not be associated with the ISI's mechanical response.

Furthermore all the transfer functions presented in this report, including LZMP, were taken with the ISI top mass sitting on a kinematic mounting.

Concatenated TF data can be found under the SVN at:

SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Data/Transfer\_Functions/Simulations/Undamped/

- GS13 doors partially bolted/torqued:
  - o LHO ISI Unit 1 TF L2L Raw 2012 01 13.mat
- GS13 doors fully bolted/torqued
  - o LHO ISI Unit 1 TF L2L Raw 2012 01 28.mat
- Viton pads under top mass
  - o LHO ISI Unit 1 TF L2L Raw 2012 02 01 With Viton Pads Under Top Mass.mat
- Top mass on kinematic mounting
  - o LHO ISI Unit 1 TF L2L Raw 2012 02 02 With 3 Washers Under Top Mass.mat



### Step 16.1 - Local to local measurements

FREQ. RANGE			DRIVE		MEAS. TIME		
Min	Max	Freq. Res. (Hz)	Н	V	Time for 1 Rep. (s)	Number of Reps	Time (min)
0.01	0.1	0.01	10500	10500	620.0	4	41.3
0.1	0.5	0.02	600	600	320.0	8	42.7
0.5	5	0.025	35	35	260.0	16	69.3
5	200	0.1	300	300	80.0	40	53.3
200	1000	0.2	135	135	50.0	90	75.0
					Total Mea	ıs. Time(h)	4.7

Table - Transfer function settings, by frequency band

#### Data files in SVN at:

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Data/Transfer Functions/Measurements/Undamped/

- LHO ISI HAM Unit 1 Data TF L2L 200Hz 1000Hz 20120201-174407.mat
- LHO ISI HAM Unit 1 Data TF L2L 5Hz 200Hz 20120201-183140.mat
- LHO ISI HAM Unit 1 Data TF L2L 500mHz 5Hz 20120201-191513.mat
- LHO ISI HAM Unit 1 Data TF L2L 100mHz 500mHz 20120201-202848.mat
- LHO ISI HAM Unit 1 Data TF L2L 10mHz 100mHz 20120201-212025.mat

#### **Data collection script files:**

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/Common//Transfer Function Scripts/

- Run\_TF\_L2L\_10mHz\_100mHz.m
- Run TF L2L 100mHz 500mHz.m
- Run TF L2L 500mHz 5Hz.m
- Run TF L2L 5Hz 100Hz.m
- Run TF L2L 100Hz 1000Hz.m

#### Scripts files for processing and plotting in SVN at:

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Scripts/Control Scripts/

Step 1 Plot TF L2L HAM Testing.m

#### Figures in SVN at:

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Data/ Figures/Transfer\_Functions/Measurements/Undamped/

- LHO\_ISI\_Unit\_1\_TF\_L2L\_Raw\_from\_ACT\_to\_CPS\_2012\_02\_02\_With\_3\_Washers\_Under Top Mass.fig
- LHO\_ISI\_Unit\_1\_TF\_L2L\_Raw\_from\_ACT\_to\_GS13\_2012\_02\_02\_With\_3\_Washers\_Under Top Mass.fig

#### Storage of measured transfer functions in the SVN at:

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Data/Transfer functions/ Simulations/Undamped/

- LHO ISI Unit 1 TF L2L Raw 2012 02 02 With 3 Washers Under Top Mass.mat

The local to local transfer functions are presented below.



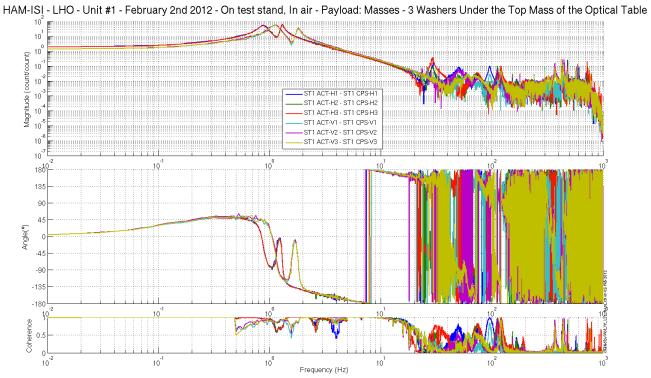


Figure - Local to Local Measurements - Capacitive sensors

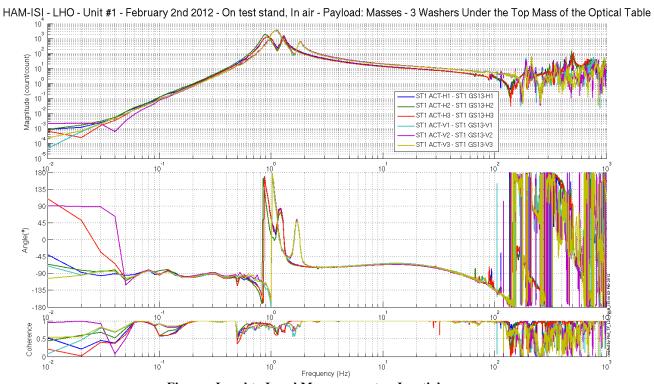


Figure - Local to Local Measurements - Inertial sensors



# Step 16.2 - Cartesian to Cartesian measurements

FREQ. RANGE			DRIVE					MEAS. TIME			
Min	Max	Freq. Res. (Hz)	Х	Υ	RZ	Z	RX	RY	Time for 1 Rep. (s)	Number of Reps	Time (min)
0.01	0.1	0.01	7000	7000	7000	7000	7000	7000	620.0	10	103.3
0.1	0.5	0.02	740	740	740	740	740	740	320.0	30	160.0
0.5	5	0.025	30	30	35	45	12	12	260.0	55	238.3
5	100	0.1	680	680	450	1200	560	450	80.0	50	66.7
100	1000	0.2	300	300	360	525	225	200	50.0	150	125.0
				•	•		•	•	Total Mea	as. time(h)	11.6

Table - Transfer function settings, by frequency band

#### Data files in SVN at:

SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Data/Transfer\_Functions/Measurements/Undamped/

- LHO\_ISI\_HAM\_Unit\_1\_Data\_TF\_C2C\_100Hz\_1000Hz\_20120202-201119.mat
- LHO ISI HAM Unit 1 Data TF C2C 5Hz 100Hz 20120202-212852.mat
- LHO ISI HAM Unit 1 Data TF C2C 500mHz 5Hz 20120202-222227.mat
- LHO ISI HAM Unit 1 Data TF C2C 100mHz 500mHz 20120203-021207.mat
- LHO ISI HAM Unit 1 Data TF C2C 10mHz 100mHz 20120203-045347.mat

### **Data collection script files:**

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/Common//Transfer Function Scripts/

- Run TF C2C 10mHz 100mHz.m
- Run TF C2C 100mHz 500mHz.m
- Run TF C2C 500mHz 5Hz.m
- Run TF C2C 5Hz 100Hz.m
- Run TF C2C 100Hz 1000Hz.m

#### Scripts files for processing and plotting in SVN at:

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Scripts/Control Scripts/

- Step 1 Plot TF C2C HAM Testing.m

#### Figures in SVN at:

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Data/ Figures/Transfer Functions/Measurements/Undamped/

- LHO ISI Unit 1 TF C2C Raw from ACT to CPS 2012 02 03.fig
- LHO ISI Unit 1 TF C2 Raw from ACT to GS13 2012 02 03.fig

#### Storage of measured transfer functions in the SVN at:

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Data/Transfer functions/ Simulations/Undamped/

- LHO ISI Unit 1 TF C2C Raw 2012 02 03.mat

The Cartesian to Cartesian transfer functions are presented below:



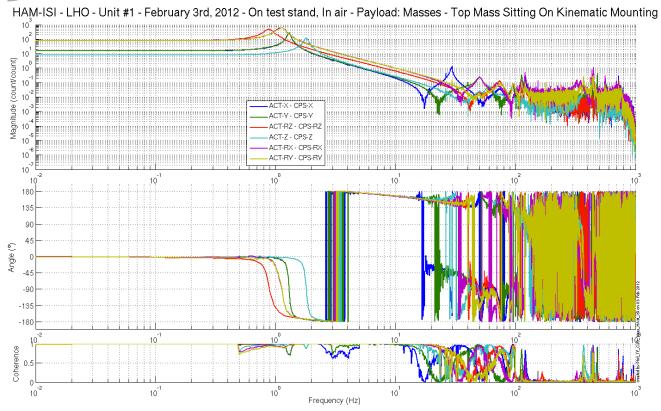


Figure - Cartesian to Cartesian Measurements - Capacitive sensors

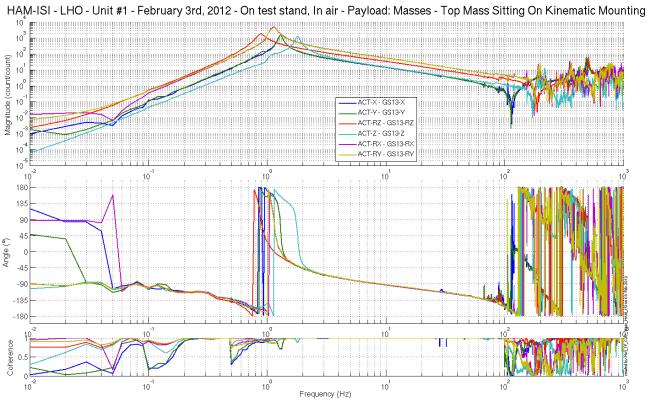


Figure - Cartesian to Cartesian Measurements - Inertial sensors



Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:

- ➤ Local to Local measurement:
  - Filters engaged on CPSs:
    - None
  - Filters engaged on GS13s:
    - None
  - Filters engaged on Actuators:
    - Comp
- > Cartesian measurement
  - Filters engaged on CPSs:
    - Cal
  - Filters engaged on GS13s
    - Cal
    - Gain
    - DWT
  - Filters engaged Actuators:
    - Comp

Phase on GS13-H3 and GS13-V2 is at 90° below 0.05Hz. This feature also appears on Unit #3 measurements (see Step 17).

## Acceptance criteria:

- Local to local measurements
  - o On CPS, the phase must be 0° at DC
  - o On Geophones, the phase must be -90° at DC
  - o Identical shape in each corner
- Cartesian to Cartesian measurements
  - o On CPS, the phase must be 0° at DC
  - o On Geophones, the phase must be -90° at DC
  - o Identical shape X/Y and RX/RY

Test result:	Passed: X	Failed:



- Step 17 Transfer function comparison with Reference
- Step 17.1 Local to local Comparison with Reference

# Scripts files for processing and plotting in SVN at:

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Scripts/Control Scripts/

- Step\_1\_Plot\_TF\_L2L\_HAM\_Testing.m

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/Common/Testing Functions HAM ISI/

- Plot TF L2L HAM Testing With Reference.m

## Local to local figures in SVN at:

/SeiSVN/seismic/ HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Data/

Figures/Transfer Functions/Measurements/Comparisons/L2L/

- LHO\_ISI\_Unit\_1\_TF\_L2L\_Raw\_from\_ACT\_H\_to\_GS13\_H\_vs\_UNIT\_3\_2012\_02\_02\_With 3 Washers Under Top Mass.fig
- LHO\_ISI\_Unit\_1\_TF\_L2L\_Raw\_from\_ACT\_H\_to\_CPS\_H\_vs\_UNIT\_3\_2012\_02\_02\_With\_3\_Washers\_Under\_Top\_Mass.fig
- LHO\_ISI\_Unit\_1\_TF\_L2L\_Raw\_from\_ACT\_V\_to\_GS13\_V\_vs\_UNIT\_3\_2012\_02\_02\_With \_3\_Washers\_Under\_Top\_Mass.fig
- LHO\_ISI\_Unit\_1\_TF\_L2L\_Raw\_from\_ACT\_V\_to\_CPS\_V\_vs\_UNIT\_3\_2012\_02\_02\_With\_3\_Washers\_Under\_Top\_Mass.fig

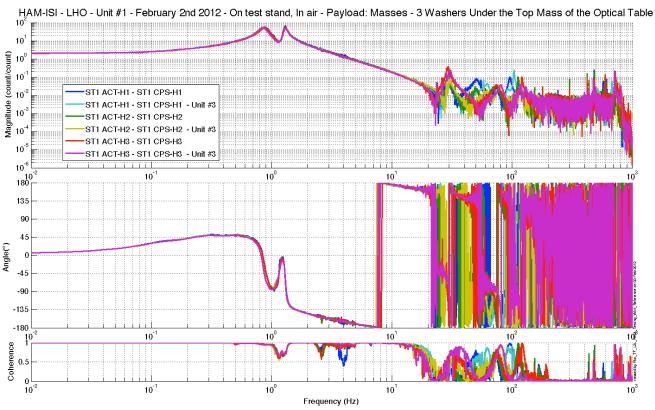


Figure – Local to Local measurements, comparison with Unit #3 reference Capacitive Position Sensors - Horizontal motion



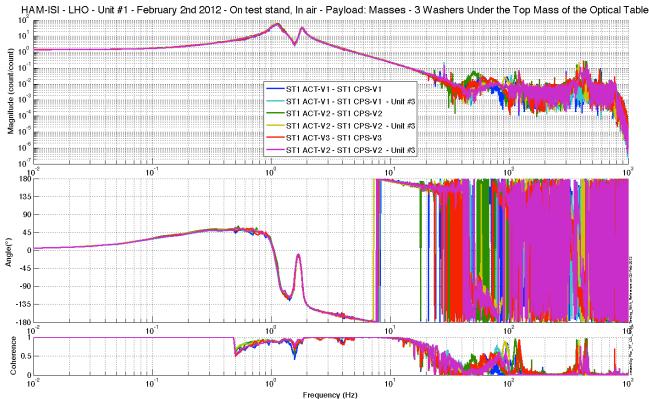


Figure – Local to Local measurements, comparison with Unit #3 reference Capacitive Position Sensors - Vertical motion

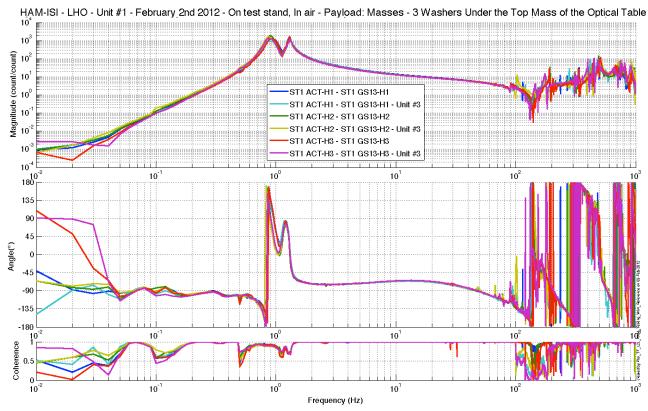


Figure – Local to Local measurements, comparison with Unit #3 (HAM10)reference Inertial Sensors - Horizontal motion



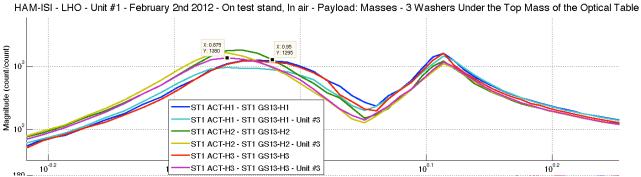


Figure – Local to Local measurements, comparison with Unit #3 (HAM10)reference Inertial Sensors - Horizontal motion - Zoomed

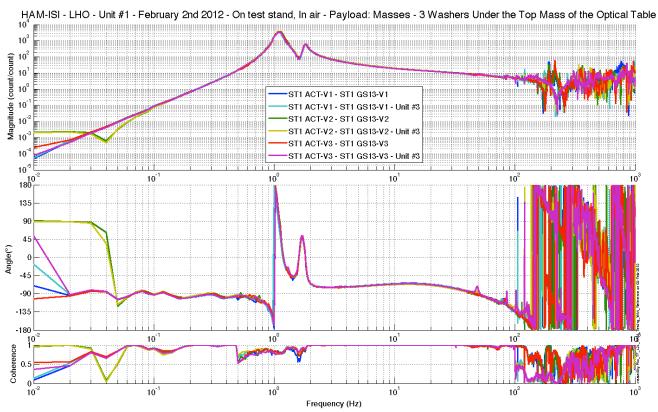


Figure – Local to Local measurements, comparison with Unit #3 reference Inertial Sensors - Vertical motion



# Step 17.2 - Cartesian to Cartesian - Comparison with Reference

## Scripts files for processing and plotting in SVN at:

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Scripts/Control Scripts/

- Step\_3\_Plot\_TF\_C2C\_HAM\_Testing.m

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/Common/Testing Functions HAM ISI/

- Plot\_TF\_C2C\_HAM\_Testing\_With\_Reference.m

### Cartesian to Cartesian figures in SVN at:

/SeiSVN/seismic/ HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Data/

Figures/Transfer\_Functions/Measurements/Comparisons/C2C/

- LHO\_ISI\_Unit\_1\_TF\_C2C\_Raw\_from\_ACT\_H\_to\_CPS\_H\_vs\_Unit\_3\_2012\_02\_03.fig
- LHO ISI Unit 1 TF C2C Raw from ACT V to CPS V vs Unit 3 2012 02 03.fig
- LHO ISI Unit 1 TF C2C Raw from ACT H to GS13 H vs Unit 3 2012 02 03.fig
- LHO\_ISI\_Unit\_1\_TF\_C2C\_Raw\_from\_ACT\_V\_to\_GS13\_V\_vs\_Unit\_3\_2012\_02\_03.fig

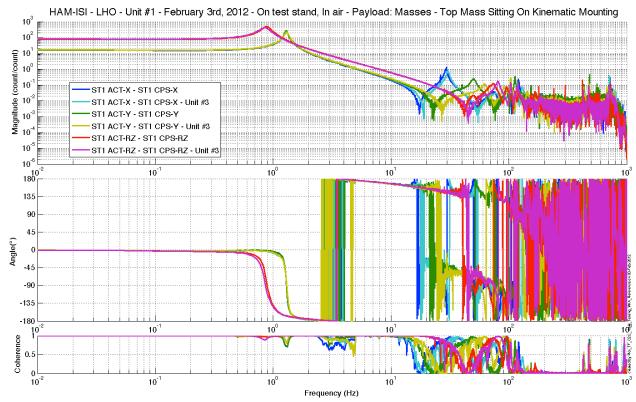


Figure – Cartesian to Cartesian measurements, comparison with Unit #3 reference Capacitive Position Sensors - Horizontal motion



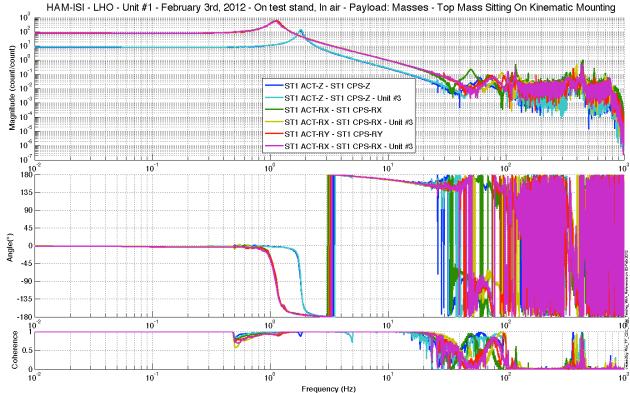


Figure – Cartesian to Cartesian measurements, comparison with Unit #3 (HAM10)reference Capacitive Position Sensors - Vertical motion

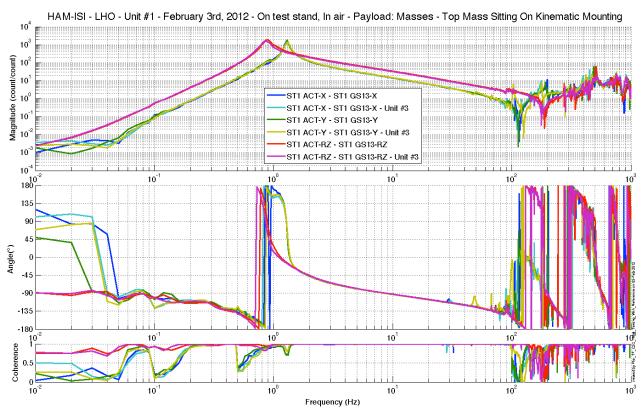


Figure – Cartesian to Cartesian measurements, comparison with Unit #3reference – Inertial Sensors Horizontal motion



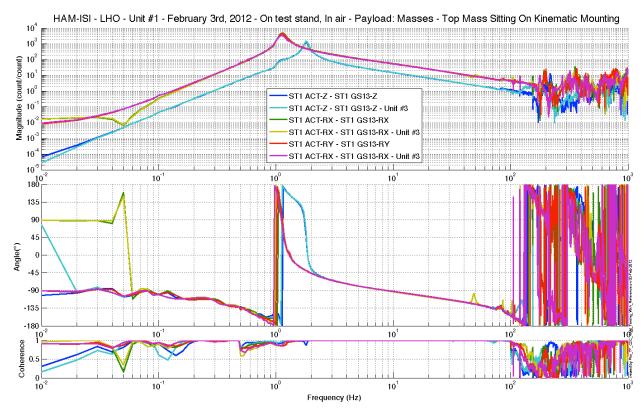


Figure – Cartesian to Cartesian measurements, comparison with Unit #3reference Inertial Sensors - Vertical motion

## "Post-processing":

- The gain of the CPS calibration filters have been changed since Unit #3 measurements. Unit #3 Cartesian measurements have been updated (multiplied by a gain of 0.625) to be compared with the current unit.
- Unit #3 Cartesian measurement was made with the excitation channel's (Damp) gain set to -1. A gain of -1 was re-applied to these measurement to compensate for that mistake.

### Acceptance criteria:

- No difference with the reference transfer functions (SVN)
  - Phase less than 10° In Phase Out of Phase
  - o Damping (fit by eye with Reference transfer functions)
  - o DC gain
  - o Eigen frequencies shift less than 10%

Test result·	Passed· X	Failed:
Lest result.	Passen: x	Raneu:



## Step 18 - Lower Zero Moment Plane

## **Data collection script files:**

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/Common/Transfer\_Function\_Scripts/

- Run TF C2C 10mHz 100mHz LZMP HAM ISI.m

#### Data files in SVN at:

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Data/Transfer Functions/Measurements/Undamped/

- LHO\_ISI\_HAM\_Unit\_1\_Data\_TF\_C2C\_10mHz\_100mHz\_LZMP\_20120201-222206.mat

## Scripts files for processing and plotting in SVN at:

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/Common/Testing Functions HAM ISI/

- LZMP HAM ISI.m

## Figures in SVN at:

/SeiSVN/seismic/HAM-ISI/X1/HAMX/Data/ Figures/Transfer Functions/Measurements/Undamped/

- LHO ISI UNIT 1 LZMP 20120201.fig

## Issues/difficulties/comments regarding this test:

LZMP test results improved to meet requirements after centering and installing the top mass on a kinematic mounting.

#### X & Y offsets:

X offset (mm)	1.322
Y offset (mm)	0.29293

Table - Offset of the Lower Zero Moment Plane

The results from two measurements are presented on the figure below:

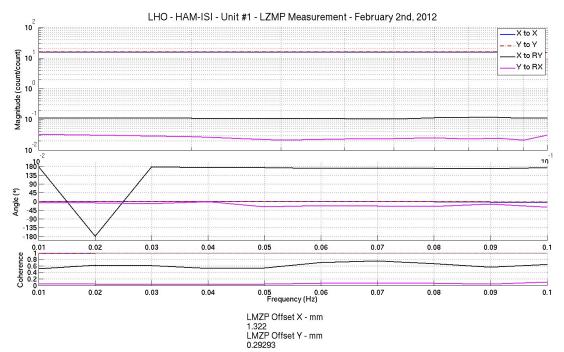


Figure - Lower Zero Moment Plane - Main and cross couplings at low frequency



# Acceptance criteria:

- X offset must be less than 2 mm
- Y offset must be less than 2 mm

Passed: X	Failed:
Passed: X	Failed:



# IV. HAM-ISI Unit #1 testing summary

HAM-ISI unit #1 was built and tested in February 2011. Faulty part replacement implied the need of disassembling and reassembling the unit. Once reassembled, the unit had to be re-tested. Tests presented here were performed between January 10<sup>th</sup> and February 3<sup>rd</sup> 2012. Tests were performed in accordance with E1000309-V9 procedure.

#### Particularities:

Test versions of the GS13 were used. Permanent GS13 will replace them when received from LLO. L4Cs were not installed for this first phase of testing. They will not be needed if the unit is installed in HAM8 chamber as planned.

## Evolution from initial testing (prior to disassembly/reassembly):

Mass budget is now lower of 2.63kg in comparison with the mass budget measured prior to disassembly/reassembly.

### Evolution from previous report version:

- GS13 doors and associated brackets are fully bolted and torqued down. The mass budget is 6.949kg lower now. This is mostly due to the mass added on the unit by the blots.
- Vertical CPSs zero has been reset.
- The top mass was sitting directly on the optical table of the ISI. It is now sitting on a kinematic mounting.

## **Complementary inquiries:**

Investigation of the effect of top mass' boundary conditions on HAM-ISI's TF. Top mass contact with the ISI's optical table appeared to be critical. The comparison of Direct contact, Viton pads checker and Kinematic mounting under the top mass shown that kinematic mounting should be preferred for testing.

### FAILED AND WAIVED TESTS

# • List of tests that failed and don't need to be redone:

**Step II.5:** Blade spring profile slightly out of requirements on corner 1. However, it did not appear to seriously affect the response of the ISI.

**Step II.7**: Level of stage 0 was out of requirements, but good enough for this phase of testing.

**Step II.8**: Same comments for the leveling of stage 1 (was out of spec also because stage 0 was not leveled)

**Step II.11:** Locker D adjustment is borderline. However all the ranges of motions measured remain within acceptance criteria and step III.4 shows that CPSs record very little difference (lower than 0.002") between locked and unlocked positions.

**Step III.2**: Excessive standard deviation are associated to ground motion. Sensor noise is acceptable.

# ■ Tests that failed and need to be done during phase II

**Step I.2:** It must be checked that final GS13 have already been tested at LLO and that their Inspection/Pod Assembly is described in document D047810.

**Step III.6:** GS13 ASDs locked/Unlocked out of spec in HF. Tests GS13 are used. Test should be performed again once final GS13s are installed



**Step III.7:** ASDs with table tilted are borderline. However the geophones will be replaced. **Step III.14**: Deviation from average slope is out of spec. However this is associated with cable length. Make sure that linearity test results correlate with the final filed cables.

 List of test that were skipped and that we will not do because they are not essential

**Step III.3**: Sensor gap measurement with a jig. Waved to avoid scratching targets. Distance between sensor and target has also been checked during the assembly while adjusting target distance.

• List of test that were skipped and need to be done during phase II:

Step III.19: Damping loops
Step III.19.1: Transfer functions – Simulation
Step III.19.2: Powerspectra – Experimental