

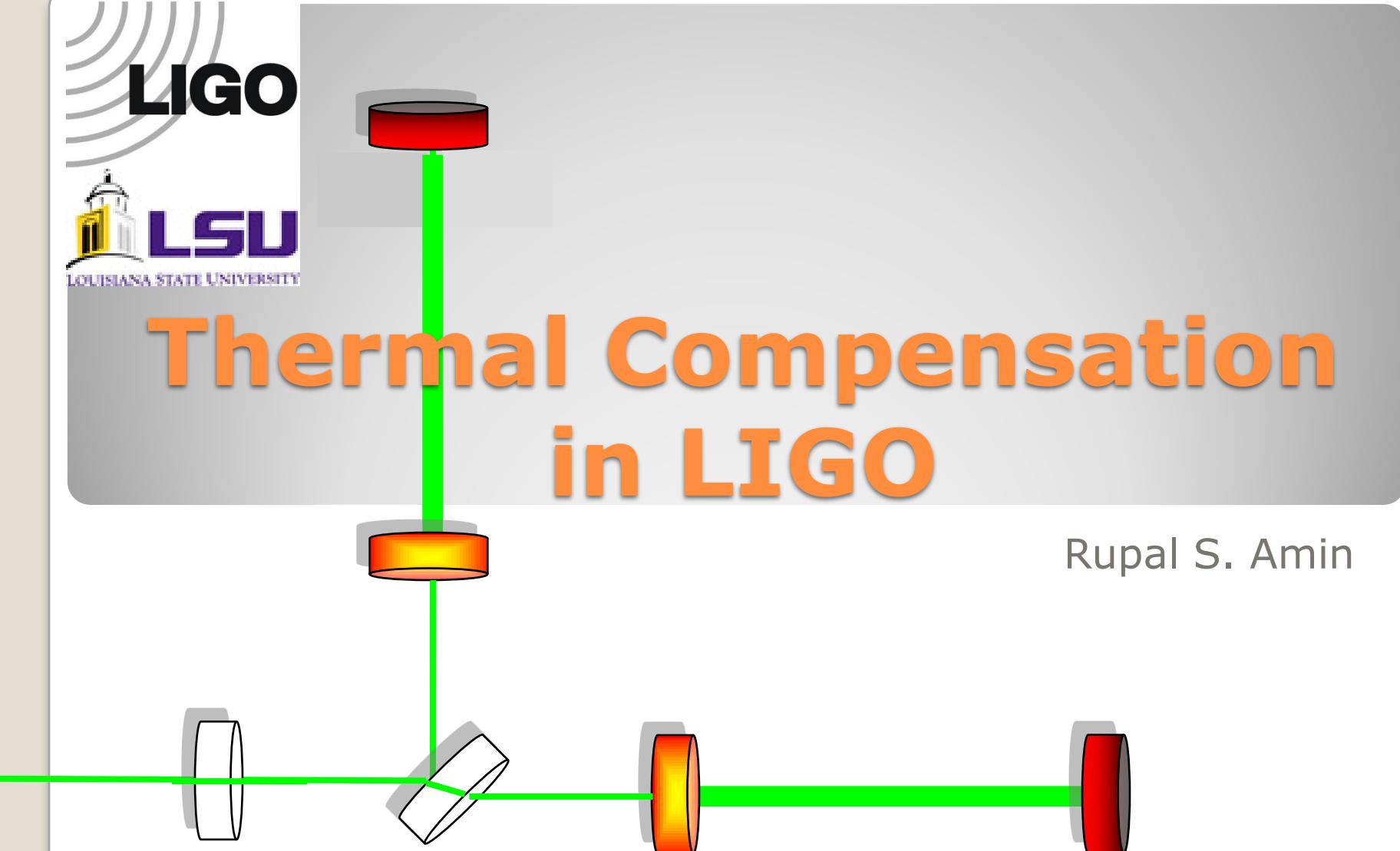


**LIGO**



# Thermal Compensation in LIGO

Rupal S. Amin



- LIGO Layout
- Thermal Aberrations
- Thermal Issues
- Compensation Systems
- Model
- Closing Remarks

# Outline

**LIGO**



LOUISIANA STATE UNIVERSITY

**Power  
Recycled  
Michelson**

ETMy

- Carrier
- Resonant Sideband pair
- Non-resonant sideband pair

ITMy

**Fabry-Perot  
Cavity**

RM

BS

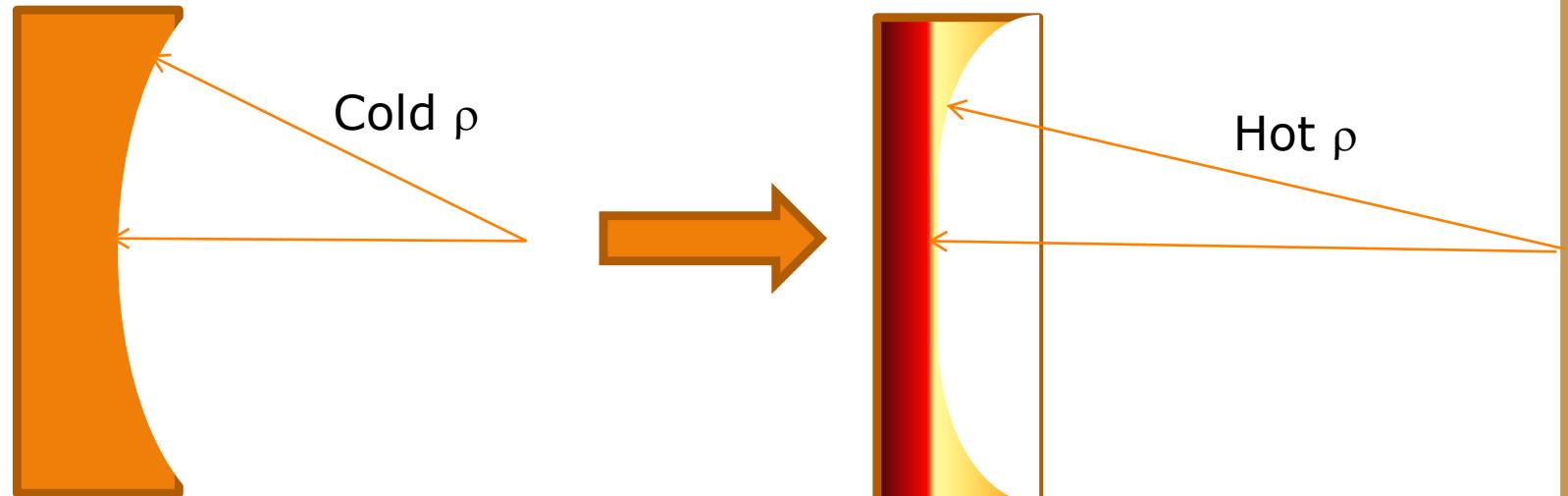
ITMx

ETMx

# Optical Layout

- Causes
- HEAT GRADIENT
  - Thermal Lensing
  - Thermal Expansion

- Effects
  - Differential Expansion



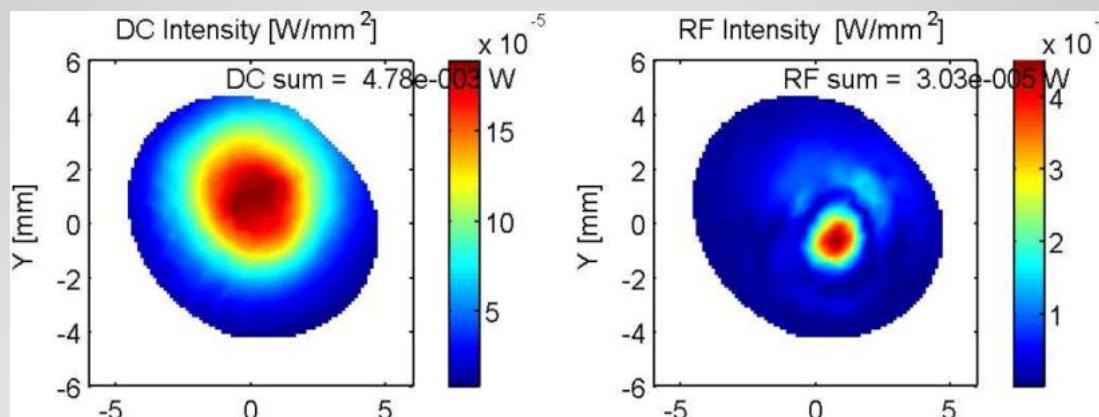
## Thermal Aberrations

- PRM Stability Issues

- Not stable for RSB
- Cavity g-factor > 1
- No containment in cold state

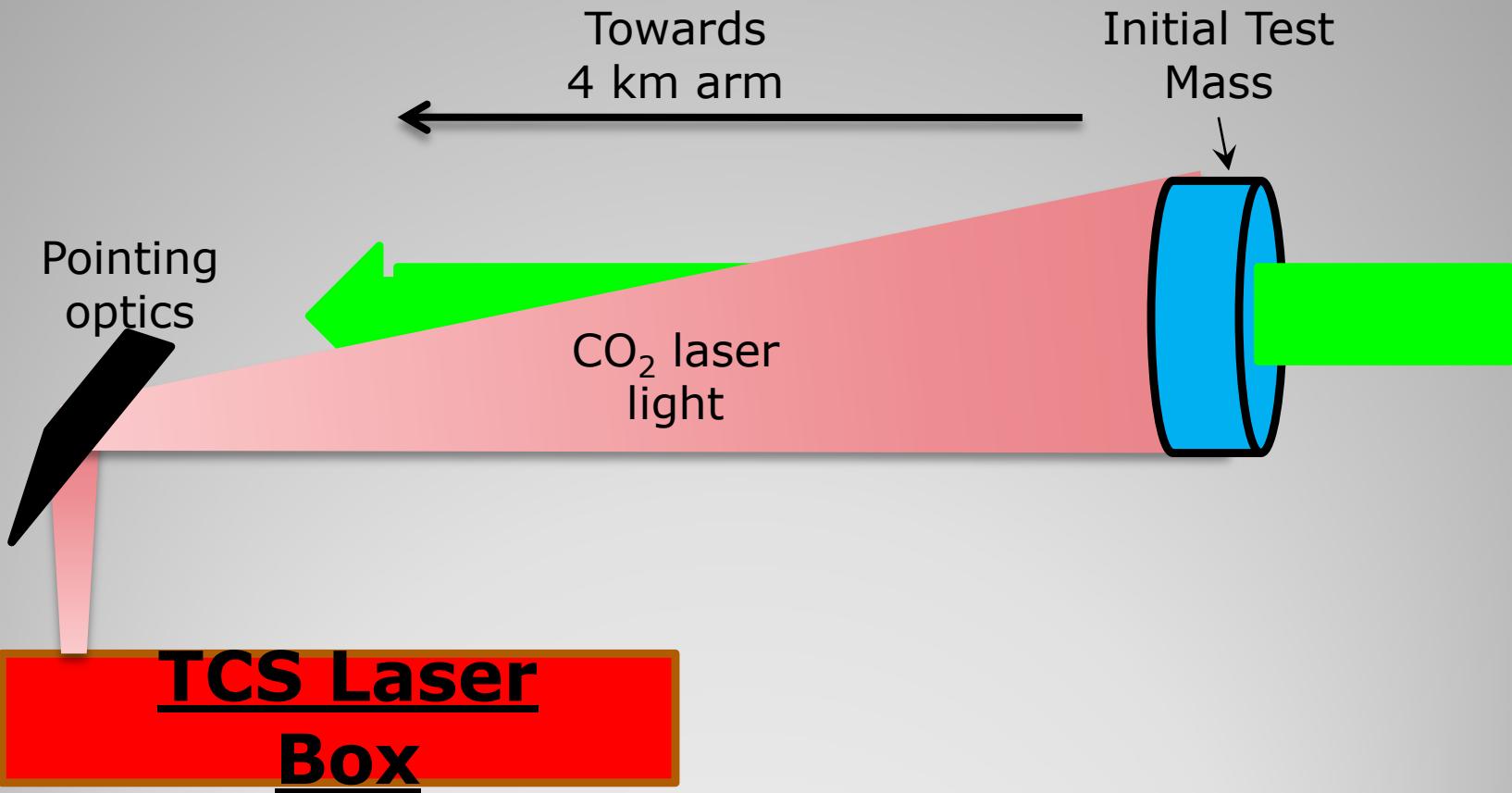
- Contrast Defect

- Imbalanced thermal lenses increases junk light output



## Thermal Issues: eLIGO





# Thermal Compensation System

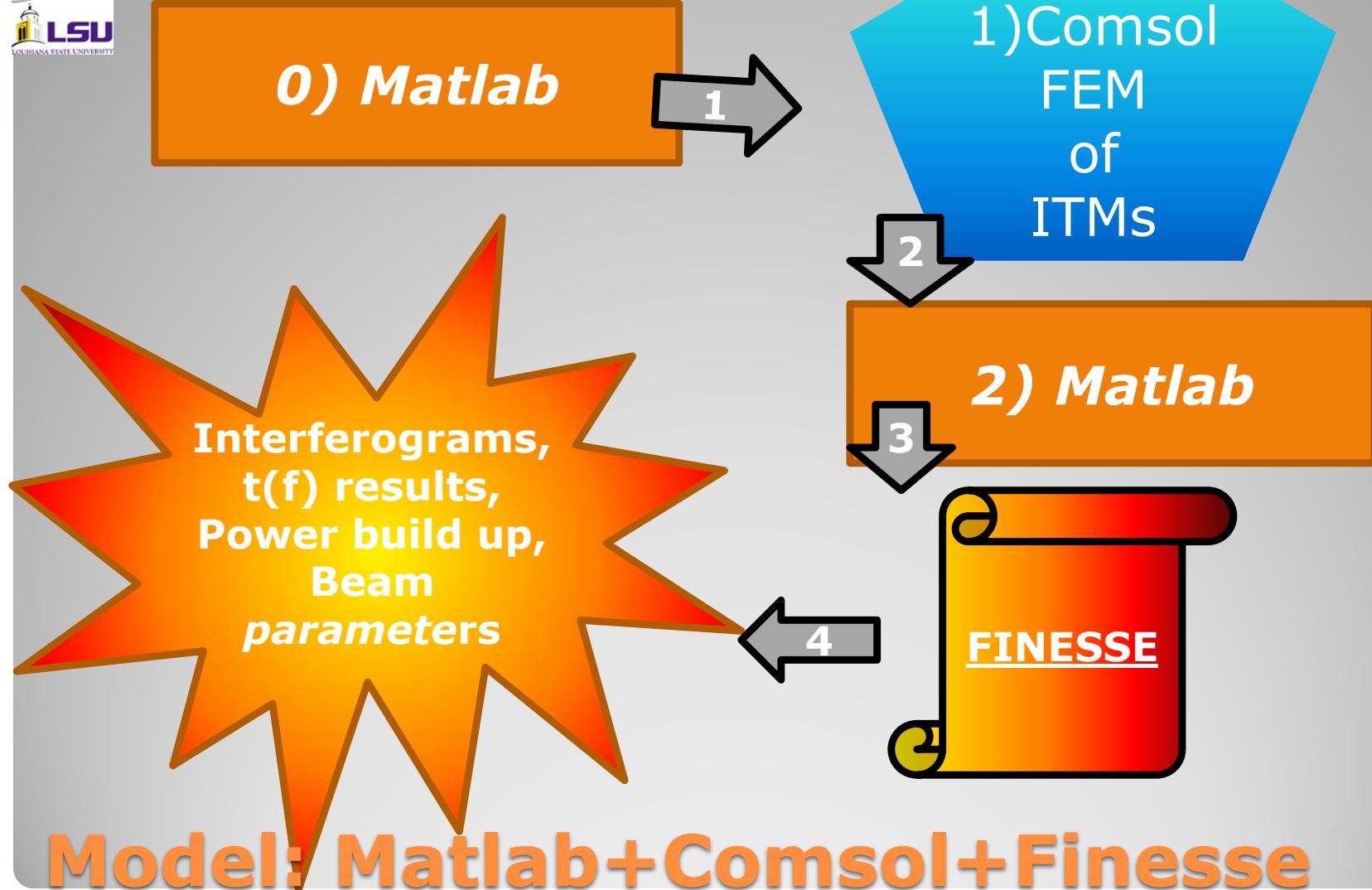


# TCS Hardware

*Need a thermal  
model  
of the  
**INTERFEROMETER***

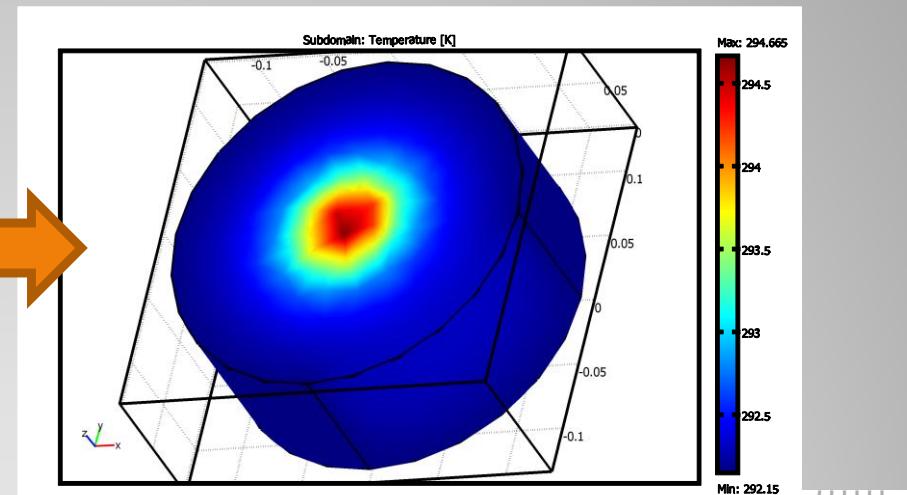
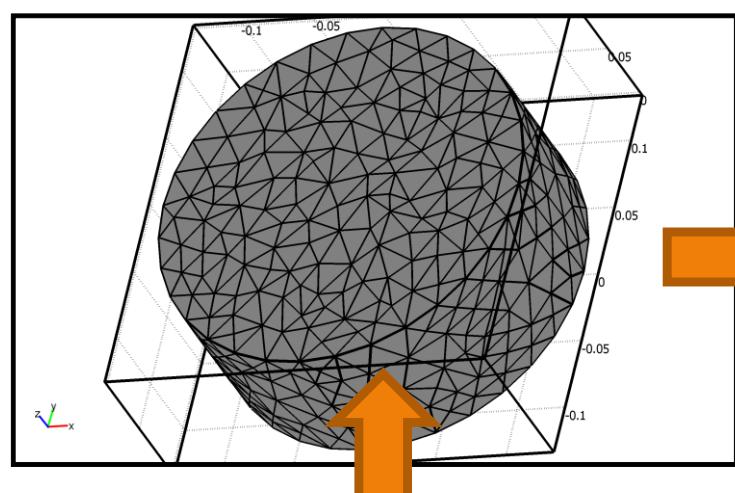
(Dramatic music)

**Solution for eLIGO**



- Comsol Finite Element Analysis

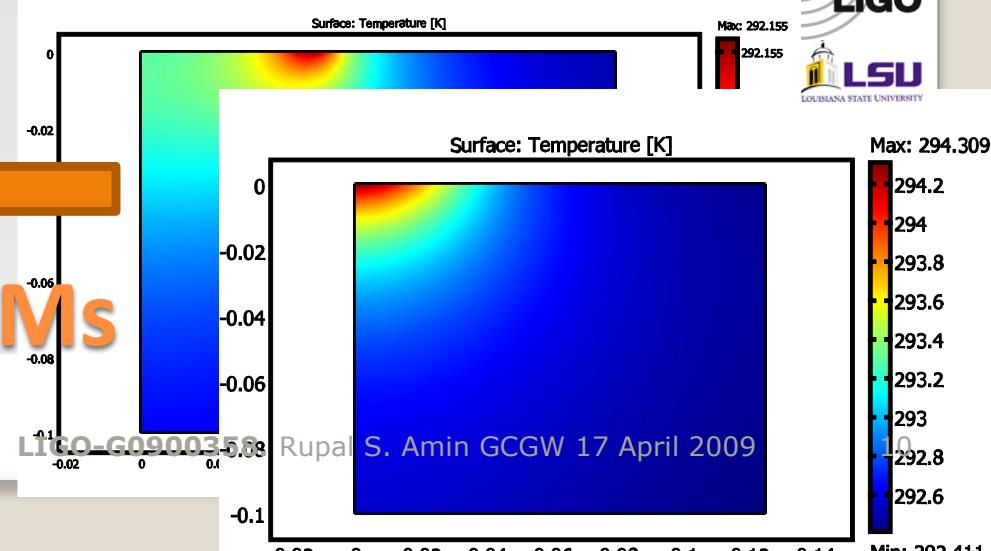
- Simulate mirror heating patterns with and without TCS



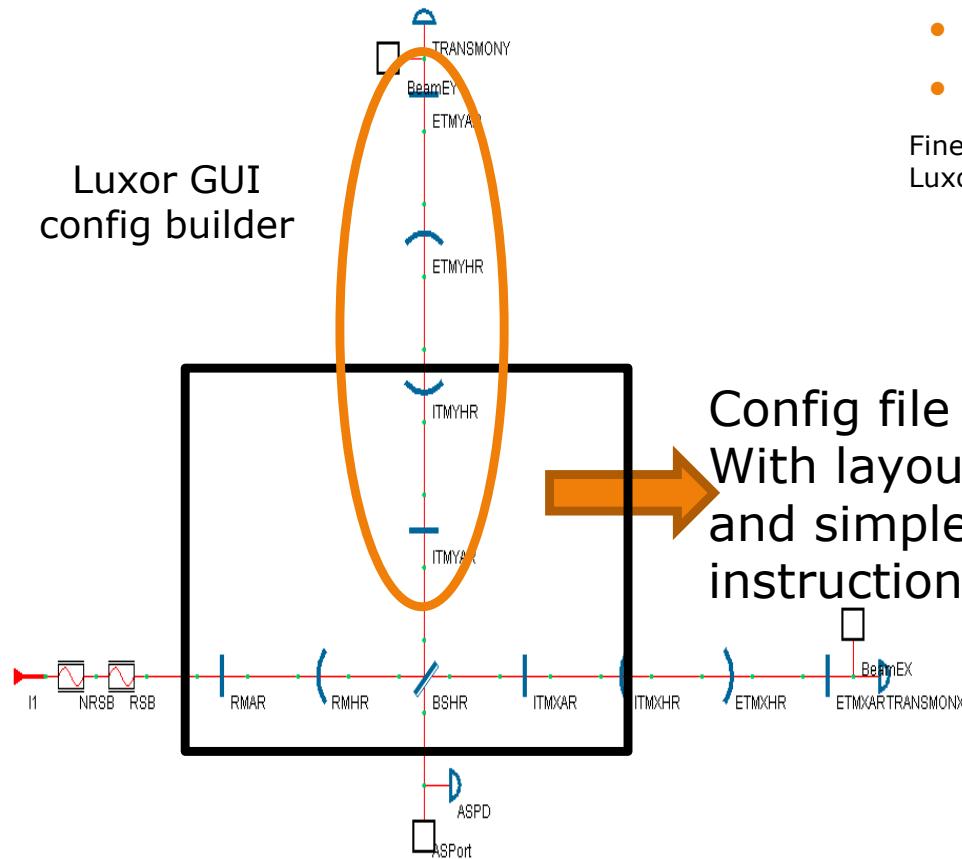
Inputs: Boundary Conditions  
Substrate Materials

Outputs: Deformed Surface  
Thermally Dependent  $n$

## Step 1: FEM of ITMs

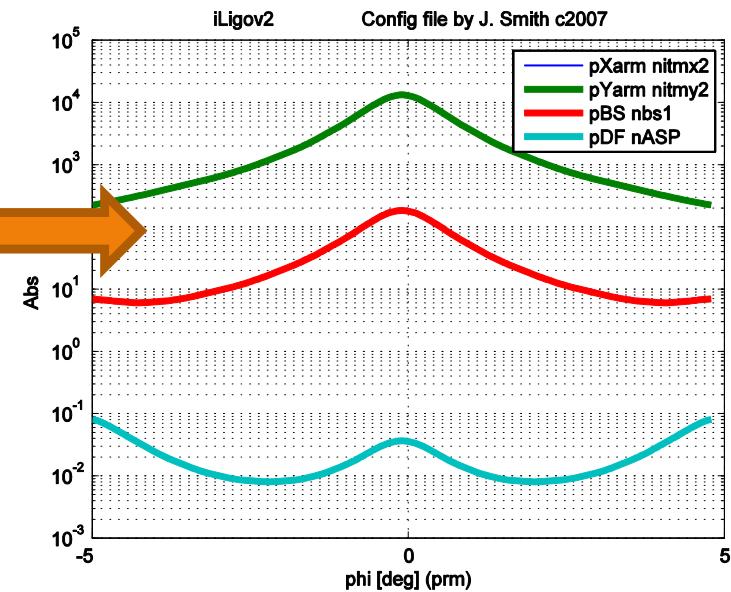


## Luxor GUI config builder

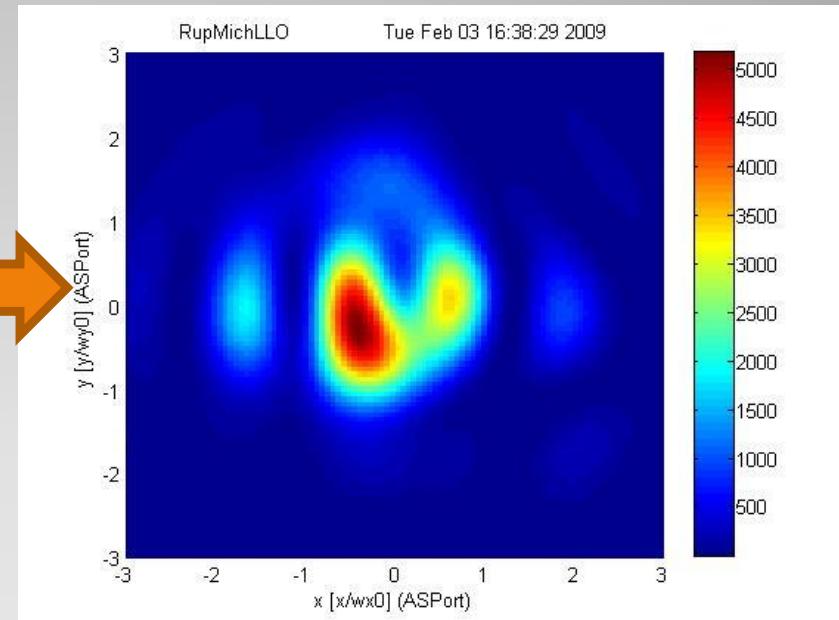
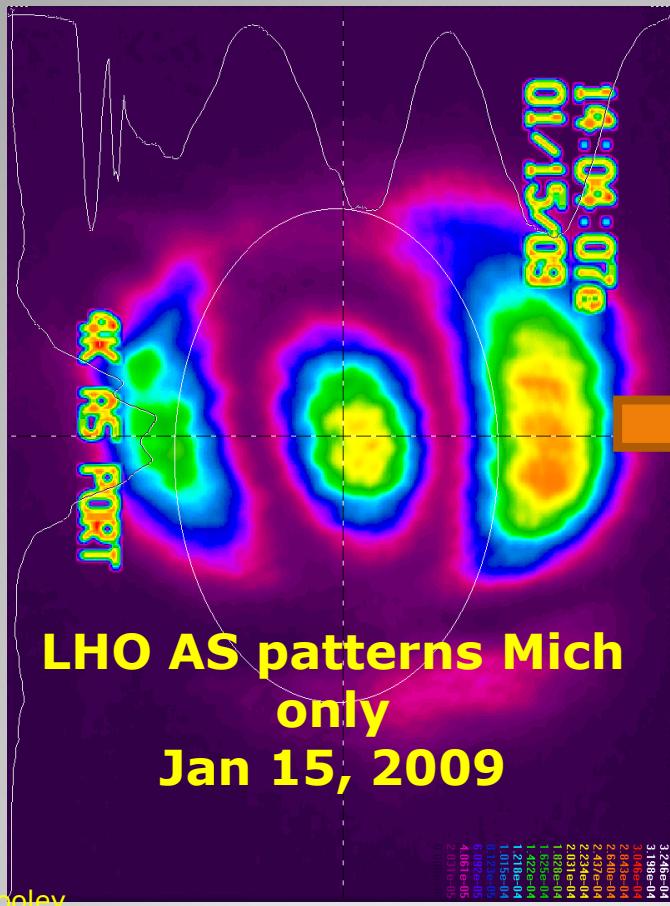


- Optical interaction only
- No mechanical interactions
- No radiation pressure

Finesse: <http://www.rzg.mpg.de/~adf/>  
 Luxor: <http://www.aei.mpg.de/~jah/luxor.html>



## Step 2: In-house sim. code



Simulated Interferogram

## Step 3: FEM + Simulation

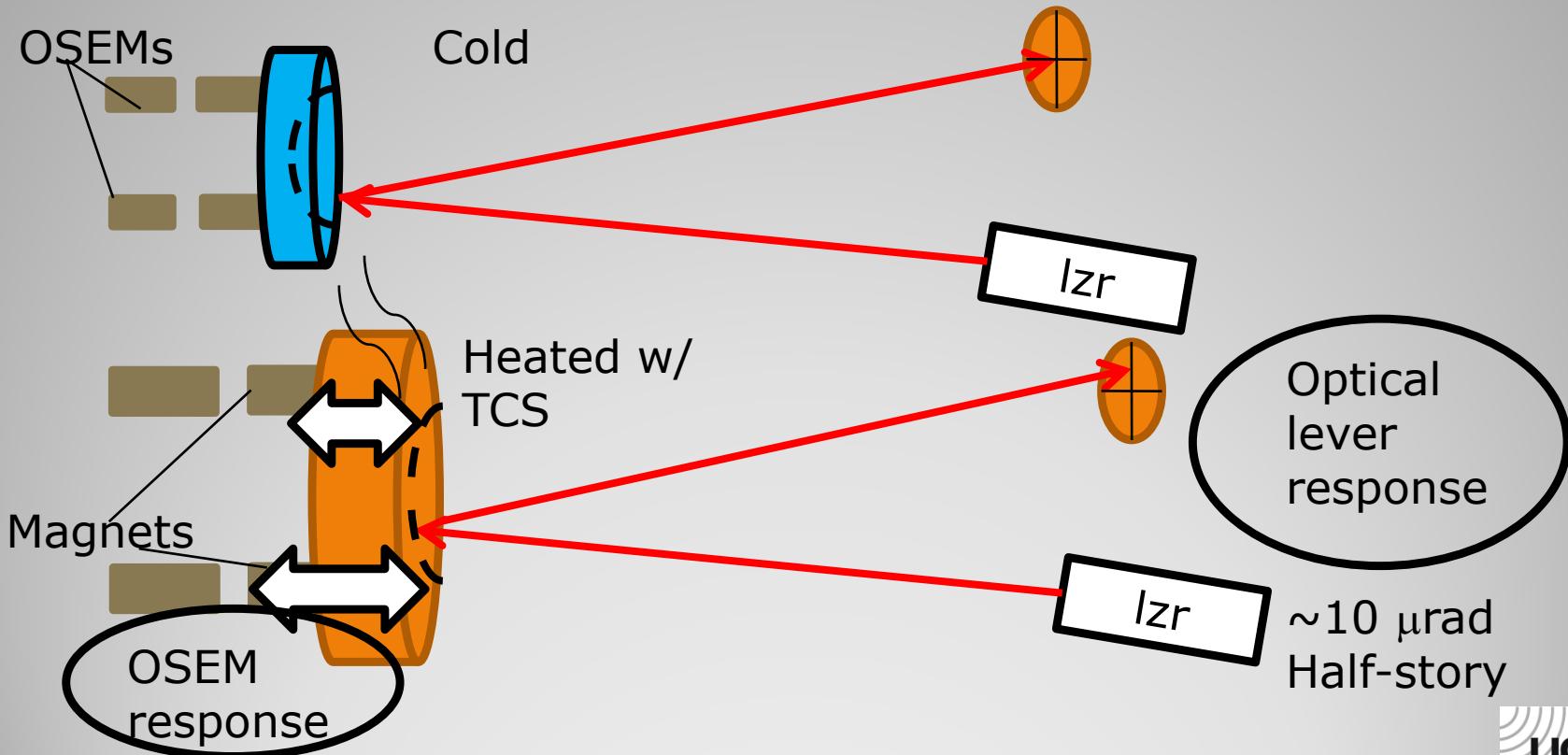
- Interferometers require thermal compensation to maintain stability at high power
- Thermal model construction in progress
- Sensible control signals are needed
- Cannot assume that new TCS behave exactly like old TCS

## Closing

- Special Thanks to
- J. Giaime LSU Associate Prof. of Physics
- Phil Willems TCS Group Leader CIT
- Aidan Brooks
- Cheryl Vorvick
- Carl Adams
- Viginio Sannibale
- Mohana Mageswaran
  - NSF grant number:
    - NSF-PHY-0605496

**Thanks to...**

- Unexpected TCS induced ASC signals
  - Due to surface expansion and mirror expansion



## Problems with cut and paste

# Common Differential

**iLIGO**

Sideband  
power  
build-up

AS\_I  
In-phase  
demodulation

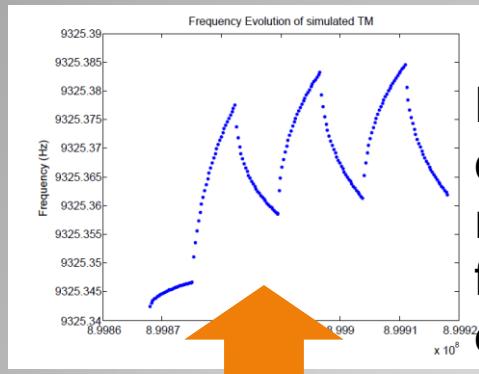
**eLIGO**

Sideband  
power  
build-up?

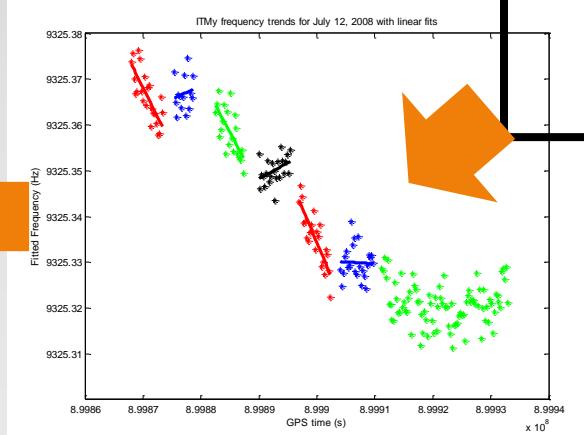
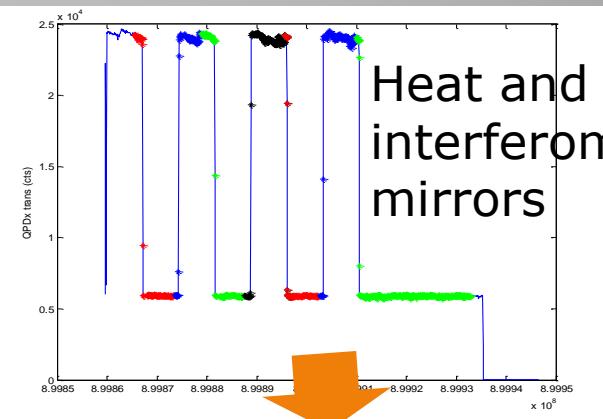
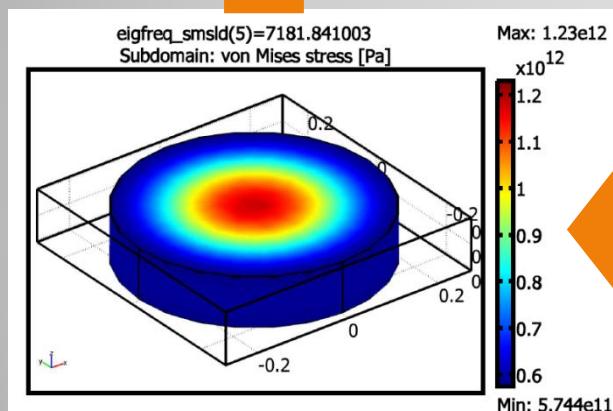
**Working  
on it**

## **Problems with cut and paste**

- Need to measure mirror absorption ratios



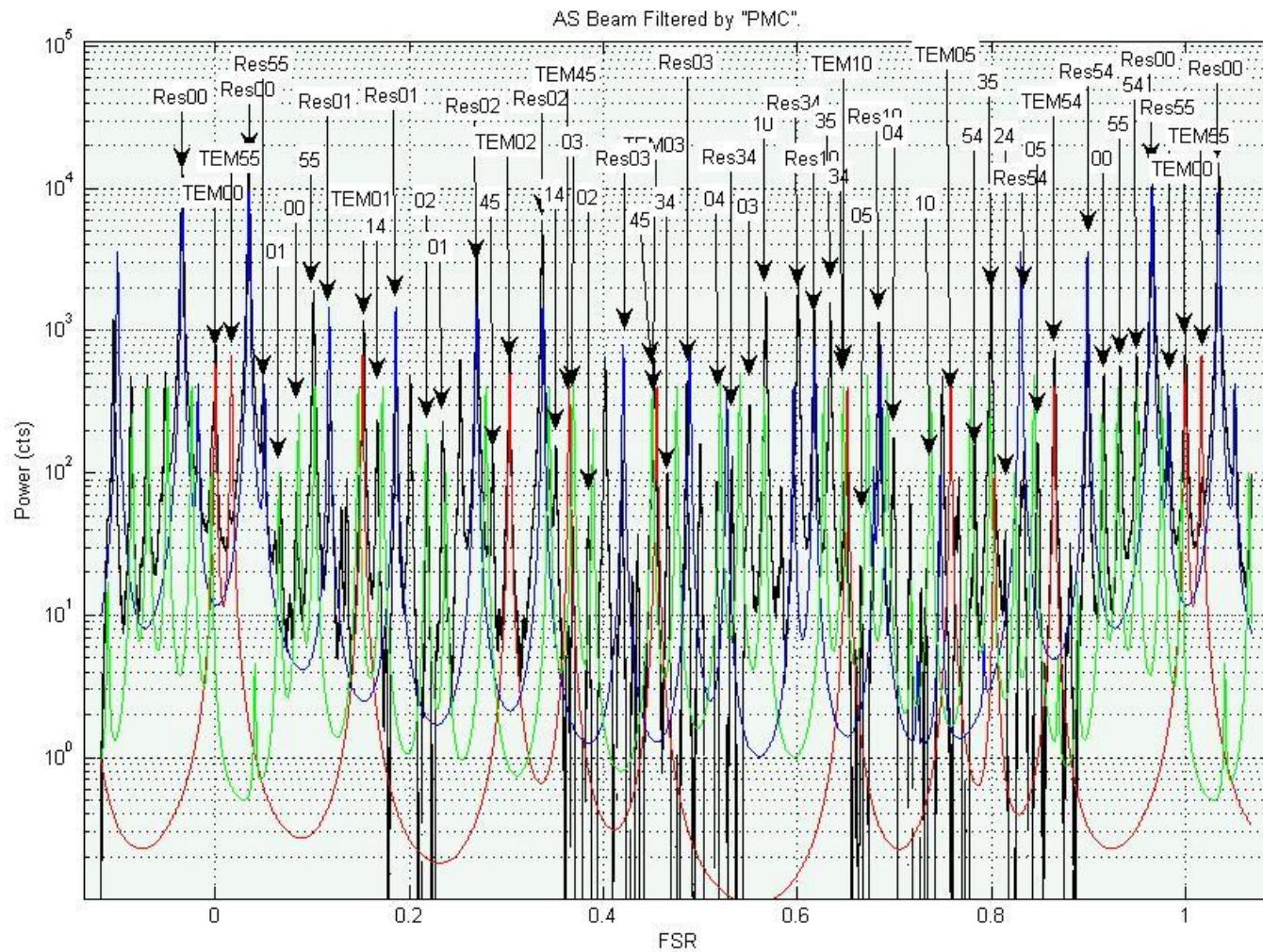
FEM of  
drumhead  
mode  
freq.  
evolution



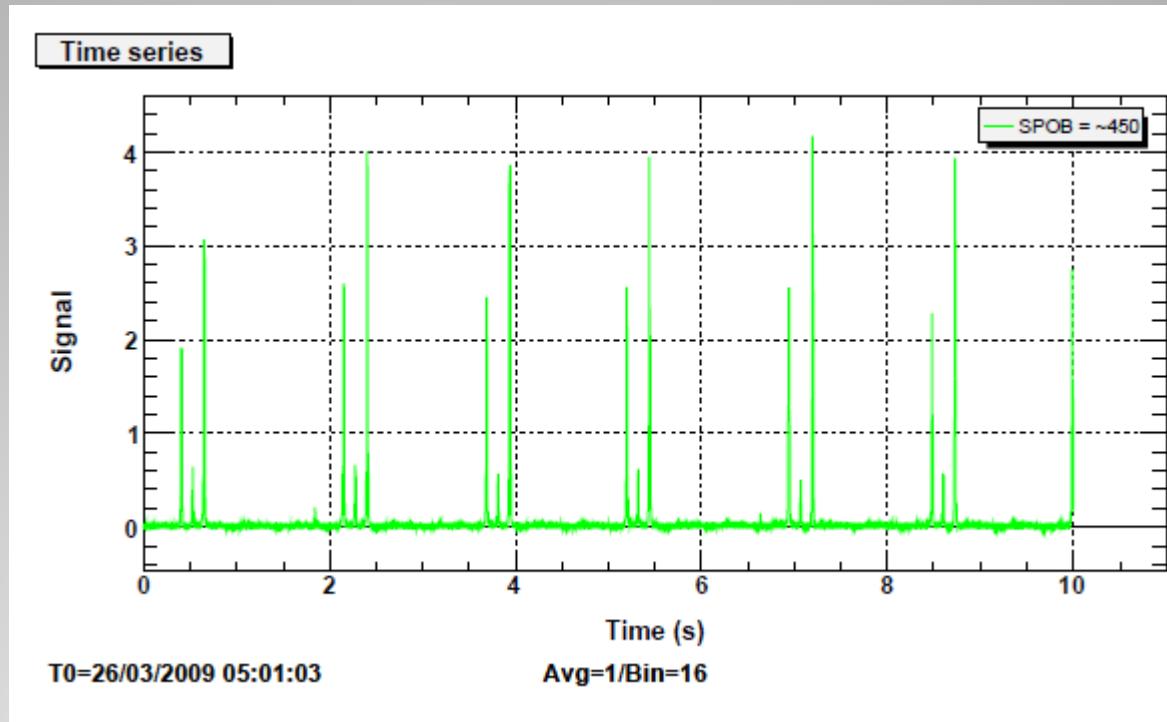
$f_0$        $f_{\text{hot}}$

Results in  
frequency shifts

# Step 1: Model actual heating



# Thermal issues: eLIGO

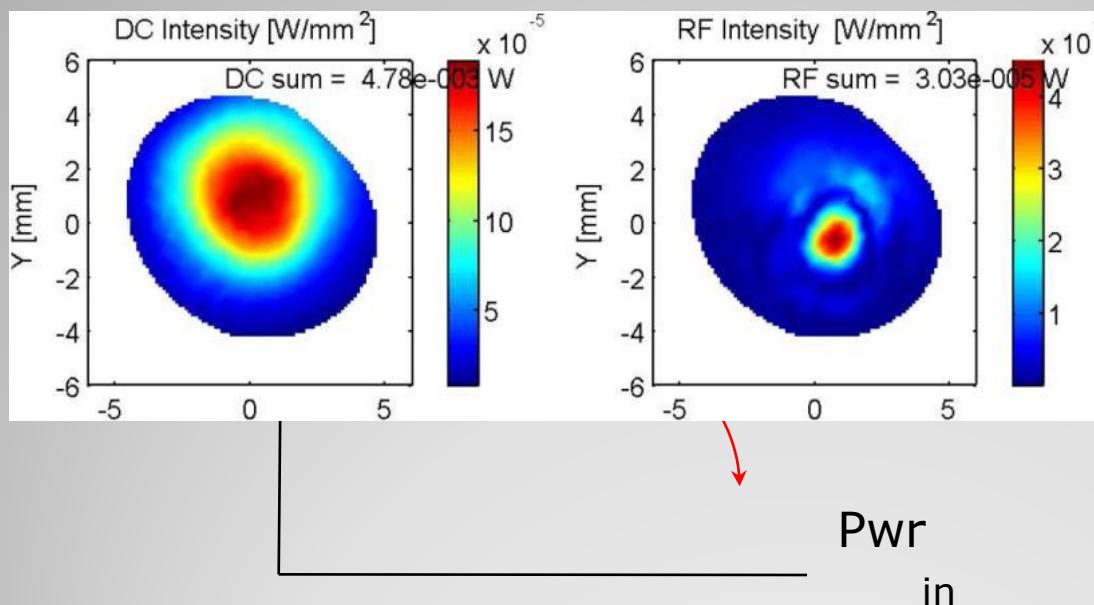


Resonant Sideband Imbalance Still Here

# Problems with cut and paste

# Resonant Sideband Build-up

- 2003-2004 LHO ilog
- Indicate poor power build-up PRIOR to mirror replacement
- Due to excessive thermal lensing  
Sideband overlap and imbalance NOT controlled  
-LLO Phase Cam. (A. Gretarsson LLO ilog 2004)



S. Ballmer (MIT thesis, 2006)

## Thermal Issues: iLIGO

## Effects on Strain Sensitivity

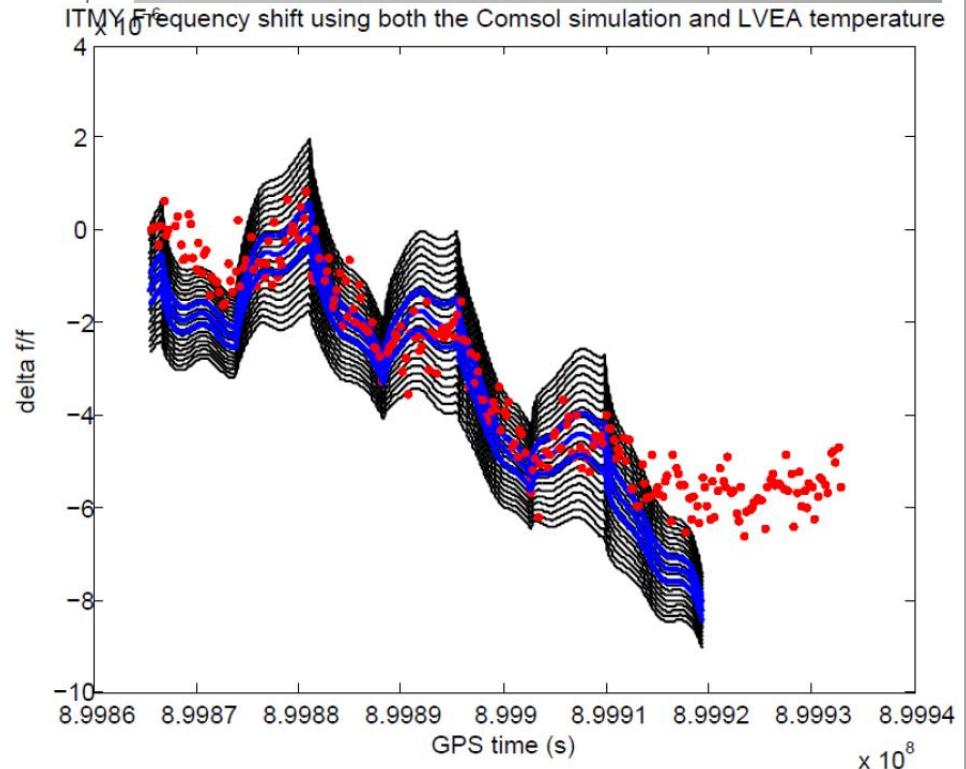
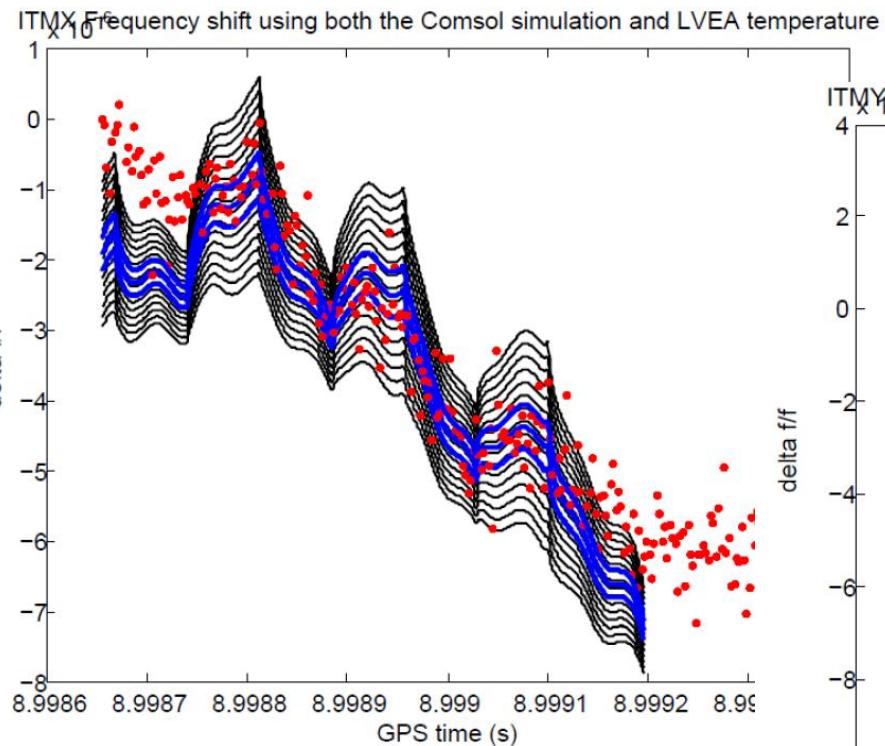
- Decrease arm cavity gain → Arm length sensing
- Decrease PRM carrier gain → Shot noise
- **Decrease PRM SB gain → Locking and alignment precision**
- Increase total carrier contrast defect → Shot noise

R. Lawrence (MIT Thesis, 2003)

## Thermal issues: iLIGO

- Objective
- Control thermal aberrations with auxiliary lasers
  - Reduce optical noise
  - Improve high frequency sensitivity
  - Reduce down time with pre-heating

## Thermal Compensation System



Result:

Absorption ratio for ITMX = 3.5 ppm  
ITMY = 5 ppm +/- 10%

# Step 1: Result